

**PROSPECTUS dated 25 May 2022**  
**pursuant to article 2 of Italian Law No. 130 of 30 April 1999**

**GOLDEN BAR (SECURITISATION) S.R.L.**

(incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Republic of Italy)

**€ 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044**

Issue price: 100 per cent.

**€ 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044**

Issue price: 100 per cent.

This prospectus (the “**Prospectus**”) contains information relating to the issue by Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l., a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, with registered office at Via Principe Amedeo, 11, 10123 Turin, Italy, fiscal code and enrolment with the companies’ register of Turin no. 13232920150, quota capital of Euro 10,000 fully paid-up, enrolled with the register of the special purpose vehicles held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to the Bank of Italy’s regulation dated 7 June 2017 under no. 32474.9 (the “**Issuer**”), having as its sole corporate object the realisation of securitisation transactions pursuant to Italian Law no. 130 of 30 April 1999, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time (the “**Securitisation Law**”), of the € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class A Notes**” or the “**Senior Notes**”), the € 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class B Notes**” or the “**Mezzanine Notes**” and, together with the Class A Notes, the “**Rated Notes**”) and the € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class Z Notes**” or the “**Junior Notes**” and, together with the Rated Notes, the “**Notes**”).

Application has been made to the *Commission de Surveillance du secteur financier* (“**CSSF**”), in its capacity as competent authority under the Luxembourg Act dated 16 July 2019 relating to prospectuses for securities (the “**Luxembourg Act**”), for the approval of this Prospectus for the purposes of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 (as subsequently amended, the “**Prospectus Regulation**”), relevant implementing measures in Luxembourg and Article 6(4) of the Luxembourg Act. By approving this Prospectus, in accordance with Article 20 of the Prospectus Regulation, the CSSF does not engage in respect of the economic or financial opportunity of the Securitisation or the quality and solvency of the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of Article 6(4) of the Luxembourg Act. Application has also been made to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange for the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes to be admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trading on the regulated market “Bourse de Luxembourg”, which is a regulated market for the purposes of the Market in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU. **By approving this Prospectus, the CSSF shall give no undertaking as to the economic or financial opportuneness of the transaction or the quality and solvency of the Issuer. Any information in this Prospectus regarding the Junior Notes is not subject to the CSSF’s approval.** The Junior Notes are not being offered pursuant to this Prospectus and no application has been or will be made to list the Junior Notes on any stock exchange.

**This Prospectus has been approved by the CSSF as the competent authority under the Prospectus Regulation. The CSSF only approves this Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by the Prospectus Regulation. Such approval should not be considered as an endorsement of the Issuer or of the quality of the Notes that are the subject of this Prospectus.**

**Investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the Notes.**

This Prospectus constitutes a “*prospetto informativo*” for the Notes for the purposes of article 2, paragraph 3 of the Securitisation Law and a “*prospectus*” for the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes for the purposes of Article 6, paragraph 3 of the Prospectus Regulation. This Prospectus will be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu)) and will remain available for inspection on such website for at least 10 (ten) years.

Pursuant to Articles 12(1) and 21(8) of the Prospectus Regulation, this Prospectus will remain valid until the expiry of 12 (twelve) months from the date on which it will obtain the CSSF’s approval (i.e. 25 May 2022). Consequently, the obligation to supplement this Prospectus in the event of significant new factors, material mistakes or material inaccuracies will not apply once this Prospectus is no longer valid.

**Capitalised words and expressions in this Prospectus shall, except otherwise specified or so far as the context otherwise requires, have the meanings set out herein and in the section entitled “Glossary of Terms” below.**

**Information available at any website referred to throughout this Prospectus does not form part of this Prospectus and has been neither scrutinised nor approved by the CSSF, unless it is clearly stated that any such information is incorporated by reference.**

The Notes will be issued on 30 May 2022 (the “**Issue Date**”) on a variable funding basis, in accordance with the terms of Condition 2 (*Variable Funding Notes*) and of the Transaction Documents. As a consequence thereof: (i) on the Issue Date, the Subscriber shall make the Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Notes; and (ii) during the Programme Period, each of the Noteholders may be requested by the Issuer, to make Additional Subscription Payments up to the Programme Limit in accordance with the Relevant Percentage, in order to fund (in whole or in part) the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio, pursuant to the terms of Condition 2 (*Variable Funding Notes*) and of the Transaction Documents, and the Noteholders will have the option to accept or refuse such request in their sole and absolute discretion and with their unanimous consent.

This Prospectus constitutes a *Prospetto Informativo* for all Notes for the purposes of article 2, sub-section 3 of the Securitisation Law and a prospectus for the purposes of article 5.3 of the Prospectus Directive. The Junior Notes are not being offered pursuant to this Prospectus.

**Capitalised words and expressions in this Prospectus shall, except otherwise specified or so far as the context otherwise requires, have the meanings set out herein and in the section entitled “Glossary of Terms” below.**

The principal source of funds available to the Issuer for the payment of amounts due on the Notes will be Collections and Recoveries received in respect of the Claims arising from the Loans granted to certain Debtors and owed to Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. (“**Santander Consumer Bank**” or the “**Seller**”). The Claims have been purchased and will be purchased by the Issuer from Santander Consumer Bank pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement. The Loans are all Salary Assignment Loans and Delegation of Payment Loans. The key features of the Claims, the Loans and the Debtors are described in the section entitled “*The Aggregate Portfolio*” below.

The Initial Portfolio was assigned and transferred by Santander Consumer Bank to the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement on the Initial Execution Date, and the relevant Purchase Price will be funded through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

During the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, Santander Consumer Bank may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall purchase from the Santander Consumer Bank, Subsequent Portfolios of Claims, the Purchase Price of which will be funded through (i) the Issuer Available Funds which will be available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and/or (ii) any Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on any Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio of Claims will be entirely funded through the Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent.

By virtue of the operation of Article 3 of the Securitisation Law and the Transaction Documents, the Issuer’s rights, title and interest in and to the Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections will be segregated from all other assets of the Issuer (including any other receivables purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, any cash-flow deriving therefrom (to the extent identifiable) will be exclusively available, both prior to and following a winding up of the Issuer, to satisfy the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders, to the Other Issuer Creditors and to any other creditors of the Issuer in respect of any costs, fees and expenses in relation to the Securitisation.

Interest in respect of the Notes will accrue on a daily basis and will be payable in Euro in arrears on each Payment Date in respect of the Interest Period ending immediately prior thereto, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments. The Payment Dates will be the twenty-fifth calendar day of each month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day). The First Payment Date will be 25 July 2022.

The rate of interest applicable to the Class A Notes for each Interest Period will be equal to 2 per cent. *per annum*.

The rate of interest applicable to the Class B Notes for each Interest Period will be equal to 3 per cent. *per annum*.

The rate of interest applicable to the Junior Notes for each Interest Period will be equal to 1 per cent. *per annum*.

The Class A Notes are expected to be rated on the Issue Date “A (sf)” by DBRS and “Aa3 (sf)” by Moody’s and the Class B Notes are expected to be rated on the Issue Date “A low (sf)” by DBRS and “Baa2 (sf)” by Moody’s. The Junior Notes will not be assigned any credit rating.

**A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation.**

In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as subsequently amended (the “**EU CRA Regulation**”), unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union but is endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union which is certified under the EU CRA Regulation. In general, UK regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under EU CRA Regulation, as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK CRA Regulation**”), unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK but is endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK which is certified under the UK CRA Regulation. As at the date of this Prospectus, each of the Rating Agencies is established in the European Union and is registered under the CRA Regulation, as evidenced in the latest update of the list published by the ESMA on its website (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.esma.europa.eu](http://www.esma.europa.eu)).

The Class A Notes have been structured in a manner so as to allow Eurosystem eligibility. However, this does not necessarily mean that the Class A Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life.

Before the relevant maturity date, the Notes will be subject to mandatory and/or optional redemption in whole or in part in certain circumstances provided for by Condition 8 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation*). Unless previously redeemed in full or cancelled in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Notes will be redeemed on the Final Maturity Date, being the Payment Date falling in December 2044. Save as provided in the Terms and Conditions, the Notes will start to amortise on any Payment Date, subject to there being sufficient Issuer Available Funds available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments. The Notes, to the extent not redeemed in full by the Cancellation Date, shall be cancelled on such date.

As at the date of this Prospectus, all payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes will be made free and clear of any withholding or deduction for or on account of Italian taxes, unless such a withholding or deduction is required to be made by Italian Decree No. 239 or otherwise by applicable law. If any withholding or deduction for or on account of tax is made in respect of any payment under the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any other person shall have any obligation to pay any additional amount(s) to any holder of the Notes. For further details, see the section entitled “*Taxation*”.

The Notes will be limited recourse obligations solely of the Issuer. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations or responsibilities of, or guaranteed by, the Seller, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Computation Agent, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Expenses Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Quotaholders, the Subscriber or the Sole Arranger. Furthermore, none of such persons accepts any liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to make payment of any amount due on the Notes.

The Notes will be issued in bearer form and held in dematerialised form on behalf of the beneficial owners, until redemption

or cancellation thereof, by Monte Titoli for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holders. The Notes will at all times be in book entry form and title to the Notes will be evidenced by book entry in accordance with the provisions of (i) article 83 *bis* of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act; and (ii) Regulation 13 August 2018. No physical document of title will be issued in respect of the Notes.

**IMPORTANT - EEA RETAIL INVESTORS** - The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For these purposes, a “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of article 4 (1) of MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (UE) no. 2016/97 (“**IMD**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the Prospectus Regulation. Accordingly, none of the Issuer or the Sole Arranger expects to be required to prepare, and none of them has prepared, or will prepare, a “key information document” in respect of the Notes for the purposes of Regulation (EU) no. 1286/2014 of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (the “**PRIIPs Regulation**”) and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

**IMPORTANT - UK RETAIL INVESTORS** - The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (the “**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of article 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020) (“**EUWA**”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK Prospectus Regulation**”). Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

**MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / TARGET MARKET** - Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturers’ target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturers’ target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

**UK MIFIR PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / TARGET MARKET** - Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook (“**COBS**”), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (“**UK MIFIR**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer’s target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MIFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer’s target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

**EU SECURITISATION REGULATION** - Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Seller pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation, will: (i) retain, on an on-going basis, a material net economic interest of not less than 5 (five) per cent. in the Securitisation, in accordance with option (d) of article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (ii) not change the manner in which the material net economic interest is held, unless expressly permitted by article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (iii) procure that any change to the manner in which such material net economic interest is held in accordance with paragraph (ii) above will be notified to the Computation Agent to be disclosed in the EU Sec Reg Investors Report; and (iv) comply with the disclosure obligations imposed on originators under article 7(1)(e)(iii) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards, subject always to any requirement of law. In addition, the Seller has undertaken that the material net economic interest held by it shall not be split amongst different types of retainers and shall not be subject to any credit-risk mitigation or hedging, in accordance with article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

**UK SECURITISATION REGULATION** - From 1 January 2021, relevant UK-established or UK-regulated persons are subject to the EU Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of the domestic law of the UK as “retained EU law” by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended (the “**EUWA**”), and as amended by the Securitisation (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (the “**Securitisation EU Exit Regulations**”), and as may be further amended, the “**UK Securitisation Regulation**”). Article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation places certain conditions on investments in a “securitisation” (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation) (the “**UK Due Diligence Requirements**”) by an “institutional investor” (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation). The UK Due Diligence Requirements also apply to investments by certain consolidated affiliates, wherever established or located, of such institutional investors which are CRR firms (as defined by article 4(1)(2A) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, as it forms part of the domestic law of the UK by virtue of the EUWA) (such affiliates, together with all such institutional investors, “**UK Affected Investors**”). The application of the UK Securitisation Regulation is also subject to the temporary transitional relief being available in certain areas. The UK Securitisation Regulation regime is currently subject to a review, which is likely to result in further changes being introduced in the UK in due course. Therefore, some divergence between EU and UK regimes exists already and the risk of more divergence in the future between EU and UK regimes cannot be ruled out. Neither the Seller nor any other party to the transaction described in this Prospectus will retain or commit to retain a 5 per cent. material net economic interest with respect to the Securitisation in accordance with the UK Securitisation Regulation or makes or

intends to make any representation or agreement that it or any other party is undertaking or will undertake to take or refrain from taking any action to facilitate or enable the compliance by UK Affected Investors with the UK Due Diligence Requirements, or to comply with the requirements of any other law or regulation now or hereafter in effect in the UK in relation to risk retention, due diligence and monitoring, credit granting standards or any other conditions with respect to investments in securitisation transactions by UK Affected Investors. Failure by a UK Affected Investor to comply with the UK Due Diligence Requirements with respect to an investment in the Notes offered by this Prospectus may result in regulatory sanctions being imposed by the competent authority of such UK Affected Investor (including the imposition of a higher regulatory capital charges on that investment). Prospective UK Affected Investors are themselves responsible for analysing their own regulatory position, and should consult their own advisers in this respect and should consider (and where appropriate, take independent advice on) the application of the UK Securitisation Regulation or other applicable regulations and the suitability of the Notes for investment. The Sole Arranger is not responsible for any obligation of the Seller or the Issuer for compliance with the requirements (including existing or ongoing reporting requirements) of the EU Securitisation Regulation or any corresponding national measures which may be relevant or the UK Securitisation Regulation.

**U.S. RISK RETENTION RULES** - The Seller does not intend to retain at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the Issuer for the purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, but rather intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section \_\_.20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions. Such non-U.S. transactions must meet certain requirements, including that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the securities are issued) of all classes of securities issued in the securitization transaction are sold or transferred to U.S. persons (in each case, as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and referred to in this Prospectus as Risk Retention U.S. Persons); (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer is organised under U.S. law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-U.S. entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

The Notes have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), or the securities laws of any state of the U.S. or other jurisdiction and the securities may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, "U.S. persons" (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act ("**Regulation S**")), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state or local securities laws.

This Prospectus has been approved as of 25 May 2022.

**For a discussion of certain risks and other factors that should be considered in connection with an investment in the Notes, see the section entitled "*Risk Factors*".**

**SOLE ARRANGER**

**CRÉDIT AGRICOLE CORPORATE & INVESTMENT BANK, MILAN BRANCH**

## **Responsibility statements**

*None of the Issuer, the Reporting Entity, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Computation Agent, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Expenses Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Quotaholders, the Subscriber, the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents other than the Seller has undertaken or will undertake any investigation, search or other action to verify the details of the Claims, the Loan Agreements or to establish the creditworthiness of the Debtors. In the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has given certain representations and warranties in favour of the Issuer in relation to, inter alia, the Claims, the Loan Agreements and the Debtors.*

*The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect the import of such information. The Issuer, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirms that this Prospectus contains or incorporates all information which is material in the context of the issuance of the Notes, that the information contained or incorporated in this Prospectus is true and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading, that the opinions and intentions expressed in this Prospectus are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which would make this Prospectus or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading. The Issuer accepts responsibility accordingly.*

*Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Seller, Subordinated Loan Provider, Reporting Entity and Servicer, has provided the information included in this Prospectus under the sections entitled "Santander Consumer Bank", "The Credit and Collection Policies" and any other information contained in this Prospectus relating to itself, the Santander Consumer Bank banking group, the collection and underwriting procedures relating to the Aggregate Portfolio, the relevant Claims and Loans and, together with the Issuer, accepts responsibility for such information. Santander Consumer Bank has also provided the historical data used as assumptions to make the calculations contained in the section entitled "Estimated weighted average life of the Rated Notes and assumptions" on the basis of which the information and assumptions contained in the same section have been extrapolated and, together with the Issuer, accepts responsibility for such historical data. The Issuer accepts responsibility for the other information and assumptions contained in such section as described above. To the best of the knowledge of Santander Consumer Bank (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information and data in relation to which it is responsible as described above are in accordance with the facts and do not contain any omission likely to affect the import of such information and data.*

*Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch, in its capacity as Collection Account Bank and Reserve Account Bank, has provided the information included in this Prospectus under the section entitled "The Santander Group" and, together with the Issuer, accepts responsibility for the information contained in that section, and to the best of the knowledge and belief of Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch, (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), such information is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.*

*The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Milan Branch ("**BNYM, Milan Branch**"), in its capacity as Paying Agent and Expenses Account Bank, The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch ("**BNYM, Luxembourg Branch**"), in its capacity as Listing Agent, and The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch ("**BNYM, London Branch**") in its capacity as Computation Agent, respectively, have provided the information included in this Prospectus under the section headed "The BNYM Group" and, together with the Issuer, accept responsibility for the information contained in that section, and to the best of the knowledge and belief of each of BNYM, Milan Branch, BNYM, Luxembourg Branch and/or BNYM, London Branch (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), such information is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.*

*Zenith Service S.p.A., in its capacity as Representative of the Noteholders, has provided the*

information included in this Prospectus under the section entitled “The Representative of the Noteholders” and, together with the Issuer, accept responsibility for the information contained in that section, and to the best of the knowledge and belief of Zenith Service S.p.A. (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), such information is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

Santander Consumer Finance S.A., in its capacity as Back-up Servicer Facilitator, has provided the information included in this Prospectus under the section entitled “The Santander Group” and, together with the Issuer, accepts responsibility for the information contained in that section, and to the best of the knowledge and belief of Santander Consumer Finance S.A., (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), such information is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in this Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by or on behalf of Santander Consumer Bank (in any capacity), the Representative of the Noteholders, the Computation Agent, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Expenses Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Quotaholders, the Subscriber, the Sole Arranger or any other party. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale or allotment made in connection with the offering of any of the Notes shall, under any circumstances, constitute a representation or imply that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or the Seller or in the information contained herein since the date hereof or that the information contained herein is correct as at any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Save for the parties accepting responsibility for the information included in this Prospectus as stated above, no other party to the Transaction Documents accepts responsibility for such information.

#### **Interest material to the offer**

Save as described under the section entitled “Subscription and Sale” and in the sections describing the Transaction Documents, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Rated Notes has an interest material to the offer.

#### **Representations about the Rated Notes**

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in this Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by or on behalf of the Issuer, Santander Consumer Bank (in any capacity), the Sole Arranger, the Representative of the Noteholders or any other party to the Transaction Documents. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Rated Notes shall in any circumstances constitute a representation or create any implication that there has been no change, or any event reasonably likely to involve any change, in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the Issuer or Santander Consumer Bank or in the information contained herein since the date of this Prospectus or that the information contained herein is correct as at any time subsequent to the date hereof.

#### **Limited recourse**

The Notes constitute direct, secured, limited recourse obligations of the Issuer. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations or responsibilities of, or guaranteed by, Santander Consumer Bank (in any capacity), the Debtors, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Computation Agent, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Expenses Account Bank, the Paying Agent, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Quotaholders, the Subscriber, the Sole Arranger or any other party. Furthermore, none of such persons accepts any liability whatsoever in respect of any failure

by the Issuer to make payment of any amount due on the Rated Notes.

By virtue of the operation of Article 3 of the Securitisation Law and the Transaction Documents, the Issuer's rights, title and interest in and to the Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections will be segregated from all other assets of the Issuer (including any other receivables purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, any cash-flow deriving therefrom (to the extent identifiable) will be exclusively available, both prior to and following a winding up of the Issuer, to satisfy the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders, to the Other Issuer Creditors and to any other creditors of the Issuer in respect of any costs, fees and expenses in relation to the Securitisation.

The Noteholders will agree that the Issuer Available Funds will be applied by the Issuer in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

### **Other business relations**

In addition to the interests described in this Prospectus, prospective noteholders should be aware that the Sole Arranger and its respective related entities, associates, officers or employees (each a "**Relevant Entity**") may be involved in a broad range of transactions including, without limitation, banking, dealing in financial products, credit, derivative and liquidity transactions, investment management, corporate and investment banking and research in various capacities in respect of the Notes, the Issuer or any party to the Transaction Documents, both on their own account and for the account of other persons. As such, each Relevant Entity may have various potential and actual conflicts of interest arising in the ordinary course of its business. For example, a Relevant Entity's dealings with respect to the Notes, the Issuer or any other party to the Transaction Documents may affect the value of the Notes as the interests of this Relevant Entity may conflict with the interests of a Noteholder, and that Noteholder may suffer loss as a result. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, no Relevant Entity is restricted from entering into, performing or enforcing its rights in respect of the Transaction Documents or the interests described above and may continue or take steps to further or protect any of those interests and its business even where to do so may be in conflict with the interests of Noteholders. The Relevant Entities may in so doing act without notice to, and without regard to, the interests of the Noteholders or any other person.

### **Selling Restrictions**

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offer, sale and delivery of the Rated Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus (or any part of it) comes are required by the Issuer, Santander Consumer Bank and the Subscriber to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. Neither this Prospectus nor any part of it constitutes an offer (and this Prospectus may not be used for the purpose of an offer to sell any of the Rated Notes) nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Rated Notes, by anyone in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or is unlawful.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**") or any other state securities laws and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, the Notes may not be offered or sold within the United States or for the benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the securities registration requirements of the Securities Act. The Notes are in dematerialised form and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. The Notes are being offered for sale outside the United States in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act (see the section headed "Subscription and Sale").

The Notes may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly, and neither this Prospectus nor any other prospectus or any form of application, advertisement, other offering material or other

information relating to the Issuer or the Notes may be issued, distributed or published in any country or jurisdiction (including the Republic of Italy, the United Kingdom and the United States), except under circumstances that will result in compliance with all applicable laws, orders, rules and regulations. For a further description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes and the distribution of this Prospectus, see the section headed "Subscription and Sale".

The Rated Notes are complex instruments which involve a high degree of risk and are suitable for purchase only by sophisticated investors which are capable of understanding the risk involved. In particular the Rated Notes should not be purchased by or sold to individuals and other non-expert investors.

Neither this Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the issue of the Rated Notes should be considered as a recommendation or an invitation or an offer by the Issuer, Santander Consumer Bank, the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents that any recipient of this Prospectus, or of any other information supplied in connection with the issue of the Rated Notes, should purchase any of the Rated Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any of the Rated Notes must make its own independent investigation and appraisal of the financial condition and affairs of the Issuer. To the fullest extent permitted by law, each of the Sole Arranger does not accept any responsibility whatsoever for the contents of this Prospectus or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by the Sole Arranger or on its behalf, in connection with the Issuer, the Seller, any other party to the Transaction Documents or the issue and offering of the Notes. The Sole Arranger accordingly disclaims all and any liability, whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise, which they might otherwise have in respect of this Prospectus or any such statement.

The Sole Arranger does not make any representation, recommendation or warranty, express or implied, regarding the accuracy, adequacy, reasonableness or completeness of the information contained herein or in any further information, notice or other document which may at any time be supplied by the Issuer in connection with the Notes and accordingly, the Sole Arranger does not accept any responsibility or liability therefore.

For a further description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of the Rated Notes and the distribution of this Prospectus, see the section entitled "Subscription and Sale".

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Prospectus contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Words such as "believes", "anticipates", "expects", "estimates", "intends", "plans", "will", "may", "should" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. These statements include those regarding the intent, belief or current expectation of the Seller and its officers with respect to, among other things: (a) the financial condition of the Seller and the characteristics of its strategy, products or services; (b) the Seller's plans, objectives or goals, including those related to products or services; (c) statements of future economic performance and (d) assumptions underlying those statements.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Accordingly, prospective purchasers of the Rated Notes should not rely on such forward-looking statements. The information in this Prospectus, including the information set out in the section entitled "Risk Factors", "The Aggregate Portfolio" and "Santander Consumer Bank" identifies important factors that could cause such differences including, inter alia, a change in the overall economic conditions in Italy, change in the Seller's financial condition and the effect of new legislation or government regulations (or new interpretation of existing legislation or government regulations) in Italy. Such forward-looking statements speak only as at the date of this Prospectus. Accordingly, no party to the Transaction Documents undertakes any obligation to update or revise any of them whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. No party to the Transaction Documents makes any representation, warranty or prediction that the results anticipated by such forward-looking statements will be achieved and such forward-looking

statements represent, in each case, only one of the many possible scenarios and should not be viewed as the most likely standard scenario. Moreover, no assurance can be given that any of the historical information, trends or practices mentioned and described in the Prospectus are indicative of future results or events.

### **PRIIPs / EEA Retail Investors**

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For these purposes, a “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of article 4 (1) of MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (UE) no. 2016/97 (“**IMD**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the Prospectus Regulation. Accordingly, none of the Issuer or the Sole Arranger expects to be required to prepare, and none of them has prepared, or will prepare, a “key information document” in respect of the Notes for the purposes of Regulation (EU) no. 1286/2014 of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (the “**PRIIPs Regulation**”) and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

### **UK Retail Investors**

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (the “**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of article 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020) (“**EUWA**”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK Prospectus Regulation**”). Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

### **MIFID II product governance / Professional investors and ECPs only target market**

Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturers’ target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturers’ target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

### **UK MiFIR product governance / target market**

Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook (“**COBS**”), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (“**UK MiFIR**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution

of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer’s target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer’s target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

### **Interpretation**

The language of the Prospectus is English. Certain legislative references and technical terms have been cited in their original language in order that the correct technical meaning may be ascribed to them under applicable law. Words and expressions in this Prospectus shall, except so far as the context otherwise requires, have the same meanings as those set out in the section headed “Glossary of Terms”. These and other terms used in this Prospectus are subject to the definitions of such terms set out in the Transaction Documents, as they may be amended from time to time.

Certain monetary amounts and currency translations included in this Prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments; accordingly, figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures which preceded them.

All references in this Prospectus to “Euro”, “€” and “cents” are to the single currency introduced in the member states of the European Community which adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty of Rome of 25 March 1957, as amended.

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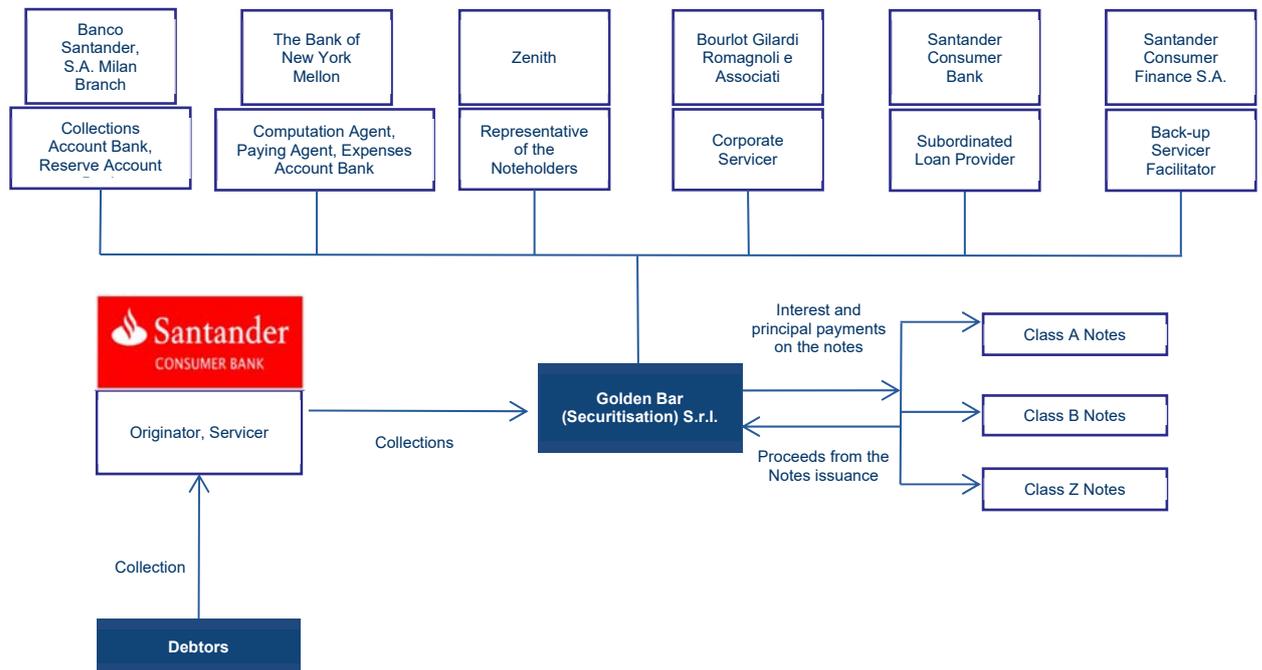
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## TRANSACTION OVERVIEW

The following information is an overview of certain aspects of the transaction, the parties thereto, the assets underlying the Notes and the related documents and does not purport to be complete. Therefore, it should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the more detailed information presented elsewhere in this Prospectus and in the Transaction Documents. Prospective investors should base their decisions on this Prospectus as a whole.

Capitalised words and expressions in this Transaction Overview shall, except otherwise specified or so far as the context otherwise requires, have the meanings set out herein and in the section entitled “Glossary of Terms” below.

### 1. TRANSACTION DIAGRAM



### 2. PRINCIPAL PARTIES

<b>Issuer</b>	Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l.  The Issuer has an issued quota capital of € 10,000, which is entirely held by the Quotaholders.
<b>Seller</b>	Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A.
<b>Servicer</b>	Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. The Servicer will act as such pursuant to the Servicing Agreement. The Servicer will be the “ <i>soggetto incaricato della riscossione dei crediti ceduti e dei servizi di cassa e pagamento</i> ” pursuant to article 2, paragraph 3(c) of the Securitisation Law.
<b>Representative of the Noteholders</b>	Zenith Service S.p.A. The Representative of the

	<p>Noteholders will act as such pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement and the Conditions.</p>
<b>Subordinated Loan Provider</b>	<p>Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. The Subordinated Loan Provider will act as such pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement.</p>
<b>Collection Account Bank</b>	<p>Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch. The Collection Account Bank will act as such pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.</p>
<b>Reserve Account Bank</b>	<p>Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch. The Reserve Account Bank will act as such pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.</p>
<b>Expenses Account Bank</b>	<p>The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Milan Branch (“<b>BNYM, Milan Branch</b>”). The Expenses Account Bank will act as such pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.</p>
<b>Paying Agent</b>	<p>BNYM, Milan Branch. The Paying Agent will act as such pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.</p>
<b>Listing Agent</b>	<p>The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch (“<b>BNYM, Luxembourg Branch</b>”).</p>
<b>Computation Agent</b>	<p>The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch (“<b>BNYM, London Branch</b>”). The Computation Agent will act as such pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.</p>
<b>Corporate Services Provider</b>	<p>Bourlot Gilardi Romagnoli e Associati. The Corporate Services Provider will act as such pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement.</p>
<b>Back-up Servicer Facilitator</b>	<p>Santander Consumer Finance S.A.. The Back-up Servicer Facilitator will act as such pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement.</p>
<b>Quotaholders</b>	<p>Stichting Turin and Stichting Po River.</p>
<b>Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider</b>	<p>Wilmington Trust. The Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider will act as such pursuant to the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement.</p>
<b>Reporting Entity</b>	<p>Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A.</p>
<b>Sole Arranger</b>	<p>Crédit Agricole Corporate &amp; Investment Bank, Milan Branch.</p>

**Subscriber** Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A.

### 3. PRINCIPAL FEATURES OF THE NOTES

**The Notes** The Notes will be issued by the Issuer on the Issue Date in the following classes:

**The Rated Notes** € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044;

€ 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044; and

**The Junior Notes** € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

**Issue Price** The Notes will be issued at 100 per cent. of their principal amount.

**Interest on the Notes** The Class A Notes will bear interest on their Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Issue Date at a rate equal to 2 per cent. *per annum*.

The Class B Notes will bear interest on their Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Issue Date at a rate equal to 3 per cent. *per annum*.

The Junior Notes will bear interest on their Principal Amount Outstanding from and including the Issue Date at a rate equal to 1 per cent. *per annum*.

Interest in respect of the Notes will accrue on a daily basis and will be payable in Euro in arrears on each Payment Date in respect of the Interest Period ending immediately prior thereto, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments. The Payment Dates will be the twenty-fifth calendar day of each month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day). The First Payment Date will be 25 July 2022.

**Variable Funding Notes** Upon issue and subscription of the Notes, the Subscriber shall make the Initial Subscription Payments in respect of the Notes.

During the Programme Period, upon request of the Issuer and subject to the terms and conditions of the Transaction Documents, the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, may make Additional

Subscription Payments up to the Programme Limit in accordance with the Relevant Percentage, in order to fund in whole or in part, as the case may be, the Purchase Price of Subsequent Portfolios offered by the Seller to the Issuer, as set out in Condition 2 (*Variable Funding Notes*).

As a consequence of the variable funding nature of the Notes, their Principal Amount Outstanding shall be, on any given date, as follows:

- (a) in relation to a Note, the nominal principal amount of such Note upon issue following the Initial Subscription Payment, as increased as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment made up to any such given date, less the aggregate amount of all Principal Payments that have been made in respect of that Note up to any such given date; and
- (b) in relation to all the Notes outstanding at any time, the aggregate of the amounts set out in paragraph (a) in respect of all such Notes outstanding.

### **Form and Denomination**

The Notes will be issued in bearer form and held in dematerialised form on behalf of the beneficial owners, until redemption or cancellation thereof, by Monte Titoli for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holders. The expression Monte Titoli Account Holders means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of their customers with Monte Titoli and includes any depository banks appointed by Clearstream and Euroclear. The Notes will be accepted for clearance by Monte Titoli with effect from the Issue Date. The Notes will at all times be in book entry form and title to the Notes will be evidenced by book entry in accordance with the provisions of (i) article 83-*bis* of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act; and (ii) Regulation 13 August 2018. No physical document of title will be issued in respect of the Notes.

The Notes will be issued in the denomination of € 100,000 and integral multiples of € 1,000 in excess thereof.

### **Status and Subordination**

In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority

amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;

- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to repay principal on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest and repay principal on the Notes after the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

#### **Withholding on the Notes**

As at the date of this Prospectus, payments of interest and other proceeds under the Notes may be subject to a Decree 239 Deduction. Upon the

occurrence of any withholding or deduction for or on account of tax from any payment under the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any other person shall have any obligation to pay any additional amount(s) to any holder of the Notes on account of such withholding or deduction. For further details, see the section entitled “*Taxation*”.

### **Mandatory Redemption**

The Notes of each Class will be subject to mandatory redemption in full (or in part *pro rata*) on each Payment Date, in accordance with Condition 8.2 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Mandatory Redemption*), if and to the extent that on each such Payment Dates there will be sufficient Issuer Available Funds which may be applied towards redemption of the Notes pursuant to the applicable Priority of Payments.

### **Optional Redemption**

Unless previously redeemed in full, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days’ prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the relevant Noteholders’ consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, in accordance with Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), starting from the Payment Date (and on each Payment Date thereafter) on which the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount is equal to, or less than, 10% of the lower of (a) the Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount and (b) the Aggregate Portfolio Purchase Price.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), the Issuer may sell the Aggregate Portfolio to the Seller pursuant to the Call Option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement. For further details, see the section entitled

*“Description of the Master Transfer Agreement”.*

**Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness**

Prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days' prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the relevant Noteholders' consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, in accordance with Condition 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation – Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*), on any Payment Date falling after the date on which the Issuer has produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that:

- (a) the assets of the Issuer in respect of the Securitisation (including the Claims, the Collections and the other material Issuer's Rights) become subject to taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political sub-division thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction; or
- (b) either the Issuer or any paying agent appointed in respect of the Rated Notes or any custodian of the Rated Notes is required to deduct or withhold any amount (other than in respect of a Decree 239 Deduction) in respect of such Rated Notes, from any payment of principal or interest on or after such Payment Date for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political sub-division thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any other applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction and *provided that* such deduction or withholding may not be avoided by appointing a replacement paying agent or custodian in respect of the Rated Notes before the Payment Date following a change in law or the interpretation or administration thereof; or

- (c) any amounts of interest payable to the Issuer in respect of the Loans are required to be deducted or withheld from the Issuer for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political subdivision thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any other applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction; or
- (d) it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with Condition 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*), the Issuer may, or the Representative of the Noteholders may (or shall if so requested by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders) direct the Issuer to, sell the Aggregate Portfolio or any part thereof, subject to the terms and conditions of the Intercreditor Agreement. Moreover, pursuant to such agreement, in any such case, Santander Consumer Bank shall have a pre-emption right for the purchase of the Aggregate Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof to be sold). For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Intercreditor Agreement*".

#### **Redemption for Regulatory Change Event**

Unless previously redeemed in full, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days' prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the relevant

Noteholders' consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, in accordance with Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), starting from the Payment Date (and on each Payment Date thereafter) falling on or after the occurrence of a Regulatory Change Event.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), the Issuer may sell the Aggregate Portfolio to the Seller pursuant to the Call Option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement. For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Master Transfer Agreement*".

**Final Maturity Date**

Unless previously redeemed in full or cancelled in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Notes are due to be repaid in full at their respective Principal Amount Outstanding (together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon) on the Final Maturity Date, being the Payment Date falling in December 2044.

**Cancellation Date**

The Notes shall be cancelled on the Cancellation Date, being the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which the Notes have been redeemed in full;
- (ii) the Final Maturity Date; and
- (iii) the date on which the Servicer gives notice to the Issuer and the Noteholders that it has determined that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio being available to the Issuer or, if any Noteholder objects such Servicer's determination for reasonably grounded reasons within 30

days from notice thereof, the date on which such determination in respect thereof is made by an independent third party in accordance with Condition 9.2 (iii).

On the Cancellation Date any amount outstanding, whether in respect of interest, principal or other amounts in respect of the Notes, shall be finally and definitively cancelled. Upon cancellation, the Notes may not be resold or re-issued.

### **Source of Payment of the Notes**

The principal source of payment of interest and of repayment of principal on the Notes will be Collections and Recoveries received in respect of the Claims arising from the Loans. The Claims have been purchased and will be purchased by the Issuer from Santander Consumer Bank pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement. The Loans are all Salary Assignment Loans and Delegation of Payment Loans.

The Initial Portfolio was assigned and transferred by Santander Consumer Bank to the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement on the Initial Execution Date and the relevant Purchase Price will be funded through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

During the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall purchase from the Seller, Subsequent Portfolios of Claims, the Purchase Price of which will be funded through (i) the Issuer Available Funds which will be available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and/or (ii) any Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on any Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio of Claims will be entirely funded through the Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent. For further details on the Claims, the Aggregate Portfolio and the Debtors, see the section entitled "*The Aggregate Portfolio*".

## **Segregation of the Aggregate Portfolio**

By virtue of the operation of Article 3 of the Securitisation Law and the Transaction Documents, the Issuer's rights, title and interest in and to the Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections will be segregated from all other assets of the Issuer (including any other receivables purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, any cash-flow deriving therefrom (to the extent identifiable) will be exclusively available, both prior to and following a winding up of the Issuer, to satisfy the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders, to the Other Issuer Creditors and to any other creditors of the Issuer in respect of any costs, fees and expenses in relation to the Securitisation.

The Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections may not be seized or attached in any form by creditors of the Issuer other than the Noteholders, until full discharge by the Issuer of its payment obligations under the Notes or cancellation of the Notes. Pursuant to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement and the Mandate Agreement, the Issuer has empowered the Representative of the Noteholders, following the service of a Trigger Notice or upon failure by the Issuer to promptly exercise its rights under the Transaction Documents, to exercise the Issuer's Rights, powers and discretion under the Transaction Documents taking such action in the name and on behalf of the Issuer as the Representative of the Noteholders may deem necessary to protect the interests of the Issuer, the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio and the Issuer's Rights. Italian law governs the delegation of such power.

## **Limited recourse**

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Transaction Documents, all obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders are limited in recourse as set out below:

- (i) each Noteholder will have a claim only in respect of the Issuer Available Funds and at all times only in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and will not have any claim, by operation of law or otherwise, against, or recourse to, the Issuer's other assets or its contributed capital;

- (ii) sums payable to each Noteholder in respect of the Issuer's obligations to such Noteholder shall be limited to the lesser of (a) the aggregate amount of all sums due and payable to such Noteholder; and (b) the Issuer Available Funds, net of any sums which are payable by the Issuer in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments in priority to or *pari passu* with such sums payable to such Noteholder; and
- (iii) upon the Representative of the Noteholders giving notice in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*) that it has determined, in its sole opinion, that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio which would be available to pay unpaid amounts outstanding under the Transaction Documents and the Servicer having confirmed the same in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders, the Noteholders shall have no further claim against the Issuer in respect of any such unpaid amounts and such unpaid amounts shall be cancelled and discharged in full.

### **Non Petition**

Only the Representative of the Noteholders may pursue the remedies available under general law or under the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of the obligations of the Issuer deriving from any of the Transaction Documents; no Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to obtain payment of such obligations, save as provided in the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders. In particular no Noteholder:

- (i) shall, save as expressly permitted by the Transaction Documents, have the right to take or join any person in taking any steps against the Issuer for the purpose of obtaining payment of any amount due from the Issuer to it;
- (ii) shall be entitled, until the date falling one year and one day after the date on which the Notes and any other notes issued in the context of any Previous Transaction and Further Securitisation by the Issuer have been redeemed in full or cancelled in accordance with their terms and conditions, to cause, initiate or join any person in initiating an Insolvency Event in relation to the Issuer; and

- (iii) shall be entitled to take or join in the taking of any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step which would result in the Priority of Payments not being complied with.

## **Listing and admission to trading**

Application has been made to the CSSF, in its capacity as competent authority under the Luxembourg Act dated 16 July 2019 relating to prospectuses for securities (the “**Luxembourg Act**”), for the approval of this Prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Regulation and the relevant implementing measures in Luxembourg. Application has also been made to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange for the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes to be admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trading on the regulated market “Bourse de Luxembourg”, which is a regulated market for the purposes of the Market in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU.

**By approving this Prospectus, the CSSF shall give no undertaking as to the economic or financial opportuneness of the operation or the quality or solvency of the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of article 6, paragraph 4 of the Luxembourg Act.**

Any information in this Prospectus regarding the Junior Notes is not subject to the CSSF’s approval. The Junior Notes are not being offered pursuant to this Prospectus and no application has been made or will be made to list the Junior Notes on any stock exchange.

This Prospectus will be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu)) and will remain available for inspection on such website for at least 10 (ten) years.

## **Rating**

The Rated Notes are expected to be assigned the following ratings on the Issue Date:

	<b>DBRS</b>	<b>Moody’s</b>
Class A	“A (sf)”	“Aa3 (sf)”
Class B	“A low (sf)”	“Baa2 (sf)”

With reference to the ratings specified above to be assigned by DBRS, in accordance with DBRS definitions available as at the date of this Prospectus on the website <https://www.dbrs.com/understanding-ratings/#about-ratings>:

- (i) “A (sf)” means debt obligations of good credit quality; and
- (ii) “A low (sf)” means debt obligations of good credit quality.

With reference to the ratings specified above to be assigned by Moody’s, in accordance with Moody’s definitions available as at the date of this Prospectus on the website [https://www.moodys.com/researchdocumentcontentpage.aspx?docid=PBC\\_79004](https://www.moodys.com/researchdocumentcontentpage.aspx?docid=PBC_79004):

- (i) “Aa3 (sf)” means debt obligations of high quality and subject to very low credit risk; and
- (ii) “Baa2 (sf)” means debt obligations judged to be medium-grade and subject to moderate credit risk and as such may possess certain speculative characteristics; modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking.

The Junior Notes are not expected to be assigned any credit rating.

**A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation.**

In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as subsequently amended (the “**EU CRA Regulation**”), unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union but is endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union which is certified under the EU CRA Regulation. In general, UK regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under EU CRA Regulation, as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK CRA Regulation**”), unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK but is endorsed by a credit rating agency

established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK which is certified under the UK CRA Regulation. As of the date of this Prospectus, each of the Rating Agencies is established in the European Union and is registered under the EU CRA Regulation, as evidenced in the latest update of the list published by the ESMA on its website (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.esma.europa.eu](http://www.esma.europa.eu)).

## **EU Securitisation Regulation**

Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Seller pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation, will: (i) retain, on an on-going basis, a material net economic interest of not less than 5 (five) per cent. in the Securitisation, in accordance with option (d) of article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (ii) not change the manner in which the material net economic interest is held, unless expressly permitted by article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (iii) procure that any change to the manner in which such material net economic interest is held in accordance with paragraph (ii) above will be notified to the Computation Agent to be disclosed in the EU Sec Reg Investors Report; and (iv) comply with the disclosure obligations imposed on originators under article 7(1)(e)(iii) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards, subject always to any requirement of law. In addition, the Seller has undertaken that the material net economic interest held by it shall not be split amongst different types of retainers and shall not be subject to any credit-risk mitigation or hedging, in accordance with article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

## **UK Securitisation Regulation**

From 1 January 2021, relevant UK-established or UK-regulated persons are subject to the EU Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of the domestic law of the UK as “retained EU law” by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended (the “**EUWA**”), and as amended by the Securitisation (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (the “**Securitisation EU Exit Regulations**”, and as may be further amended, the “**UK Securitisation Regulation**”). Article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation places certain conditions on investments in a “securitisation” (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation) (the “**UK Due Diligence Requirements**”) by an “institutional investor” (as defined in the UK Securitisation

Regulation). The UK Due Diligence Requirements also apply to CRR firms (as defined by Article 4(1)(2A) of the CRR, as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA) and their relevant consolidated affiliates, wherever established or located, of such institutional investors (such affiliates, together with all such institutional investors, "**UK Affected Investors**"). The application of the UK Securitisation Regulation is also subject to the temporary transitional relief being available in certain areas. The UK Securitisation Regulation regime is currently subject to a review, which is likely to result in further changes being introduced in the UK in due course. Therefore, some divergence between EU and UK regimes exists already and the risk of more divergence in the future between EU and UK regimes cannot be ruled out. Neither the Seller nor any other party to the transaction described in this Prospectus will retain or commit to retain a 5 per cent. material net economic interest with respect to the Securitisation in accordance with the UK Securitisation Regulation or makes or intends to make any representation or agreement that it or any other party is undertaking or will undertake to take or refrain from taking any action to facilitate or enable the compliance by UK Affected Investors with the UK Due Diligence Requirements, or to comply with the requirements of any other law or regulation now or hereafter in effect in the UK in relation to risk retention, due diligence and monitoring, credit granting standards or any other conditions with respect to investments in securitisation transactions by UK Affected Investors. Failure by a UK Affected Investor to comply with the UK Due Diligence Requirements with respect to an investment in the Notes offered by this Prospectus may result in regulatory sanctions being imposed by the competent authority of such UK Affected Investor (including the imposition of a higher regulatory capital charges on that investment). Prospective UK Affected Investors are themselves responsible for analysing their own regulatory position, and should consult their own advisers in this respect and should consider (and where appropriate, take independent advice on) the application of the UK Securitisation Regulation or other applicable regulations and the suitability of the Notes for investment. The Sole Arranger is not responsible for any obligation of the Seller or the Issuer for compliance with the requirements (including existing or ongoing reporting requirements) of the EU Securitisation Regulation or any corresponding national

measures which may be relevant or the UK Securitisation Regulation.

## **U.S. Risk Retention Rules**

The Seller does not intend to retain at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the Issuer for the purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, but rather intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section \_\_.20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions. Such non-U.S. transactions must meet certain requirements, including that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the securities are issued) of all classes of securities issued in the securitization transaction are sold or transferred to U.S. persons (in each case, as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and referred to in this Prospectus as Risk Retention U.S. Persons); (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer is organised under U.S. law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-U.S. entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

The Notes have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), or the securities laws of any state of the U.S. or other jurisdiction and the securities may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, “U.S. persons” (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act (“**Regulation S**”)), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state or local securities laws.

## **Purchase of the Notes**

The Issuer may not purchase any Notes at any time.

## **Governing Law**

The Notes will be governed by Italian law.

## **4. ACCOUNTS**

### **Accounts with the Account Banks**

The Issuer has established

- (i) the Cash Reserve Account with the Reserve Account Bank;
- (ii) the Collection Account with the Collection Account Bank; and

- (iii) the Expenses Account with the Expenses Account Bank.

#### **Other Accounts**

The Issuer has also established

- (i) the Payments Account with the Paying Agent; and
- (ii) the Quota Capital Account with Santander Consumer Bank.

In addition, the Issuer may, at any time prior to the Cancellation Date

- (i) and shall, upon the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, open the Set-Off Reserve Account with the Reserves Account Bank; and
- (ii) open the Eligible Investments Securities Account with an Eligible Institution.

#### **Collection Account**

The Collection Account will be the Account for the deposit of all the Collections and Recoveries received and recovered by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, as well as any other amounts received by the Issuer from any party to a Transaction Document, but excluding the amounts advanced by the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

#### **Cash Reserve Account**

The Cash Reserve Account will be the Account into which the Cash Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The amounts of the Cash Reserve will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date as part of the Issuer Available Funds to meet its payment obligations under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments in respect of the interests due in respect of the Rated Notes (as well as in respect of any amount required to be paid under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith). The Cash Reserve Account will be funded up to the Target Cash Reserve Amount on the Issue Date out of the funds of the Subordinated Loan advanced to the Issuer by the Subordinated Loan Provider on such date. Thereafter, on each Payment Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice the Issuer will credit into the Cash Reserve Account available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, so as to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Target Cash Reserve Amount. In addition, each time

there would be an increase of the Target Cash Reserve Amount as result of any new Additional Subscription Payment to be made by the Noteholders (and the consequent increase of the Total Subscription Payment Amount), then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Cash Reserve.

For further details, see the sections entitled “*The Accounts*” and “*Description of the Subordinated Loan Agreement*”.

### **Set-Off Reserve Account**

The Set-Off Reserve Account will be the Account into which the Set-Off Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The amounts of the Set-Off Reserve will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event as part of the Issuer Available Funds so as to provide limited protection in respect of the risks connected with the Undue Amounts and the risk of exercise of set-off by the Debtors against the Seller. To this extent, if a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event occurs, then (i) the Servicer (or failing that, the Representative of the Noteholders) shall serve a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event Notice to the Issuer and the Seller and, following such notice, (ii) the Issuer shall open the Set-Off Reserve Account with the Reserves Account Bank (to the extent not already opened), (iii) the Subordinated Loan Provider will make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer in an amount equal to the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount and (iv) the Issuer shall immediately deposit such funds into the Set-Off Reserve Account. Thereafter, on each Payment Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice the Issuer will credit into the Set-Off Reserve Account available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, so as to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount. Furthermore, each time following the occurrence of Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event there would be an increase of the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount as a result of the purchase of any Subsequent Portfolio by the Issuer and any increase of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure, then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to

provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Set-Off Reserve.

For further details, see the sections entitled “*The Accounts*”, “*Description of the Master Transfer Agreement*” and “*Description of the Subordinated Loan Agreement*”.

### **Expenses Account**

The Expenses Account will be the Account for the deposit of the Retention Amount aimed at funding during each Interest Period all fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The Expenses Account will be funded, on the Issue Date out of the Subordinated Loan. In the event that on any Payment Date the balance of the Expenses Account is lower than the Retention Amount, then the Issuer will credit available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments, into the Expenses Account to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Retention Amount.

For further details, see the section entitled “*The Accounts*”.

### **Payments Account**

The Payments Account will be the Account into which, (i) two Business Days prior to each Payment Date the amounts standing to the credit of, *inter alios*, the Collection Account, the Cash Reserve Account (and, following the delivery of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice, the Set-Off Reserve Account) shall be transferred so as to be applied to make the payments due by the Issuer on such Payment Date, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

For further details, see the section entitled “*The Accounts*”.

### **Eligible Investments Securities Account**

Following the directions of the Representative of the Noteholders, as instructed by the Noteholders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer may, at any time prior to the Cancellation Date, open an Eligible Investments Securities Account with an Eligible Institution for the purpose of depositing any security and other financial instruments being Eligible Investments, from time to time purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer. The Eligible Institution holding the Eligible

Investments Securities Account shall be appointed as Custodian Bank pursuant to the terms of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

#### **Quota Capital Account**

The quota capital of the Issuer, equal to € 10,000, is deposited into the Quota Capital Account held with Santander Consumer Bank.

### **5. CREDIT STRUCTURE**

#### **Issuer Available Funds**

The Issuer Available Funds shall comprise, in respect of any Calculation Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate amount of:

- (i) any Collections and Recoveries received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ii) any purchase price received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the sale of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio made in accordance with the Transaction Documents during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (iii) without duplication with items (i) and (ii) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (iv) the balance of the Cash Reserve Account;
- (v) without duplication with item (iv) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Cash Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (vi) the Set-Off Reserve (if any);

- (vii) without duplication with item (vi) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Set-Off Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (viii) without duplication with items (iii), (v) and (vii) above, all amounts of interest (if any) accrued and paid on the Accounts (other than the Expenses Account) during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ix) any payments made to the Issuer by any other party to the Transaction Documents and paid into the Accounts during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, including any payments made by the Seller pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement and/or the Master Transfer Agreement in respect of indemnities or damages for breach of representations or warranties;
- (x) any Revenue Eligible Investments Amount realised on the preceding Liquidation Date, if any;
- (xi) any other amount standing to the credit of the Collection Account as at the end of the Collection Period immediately preceding the relevant Calculation Date;
- (xii) the amounts actually credited to and/or retained in, on the immediately preceding Payment Date, the Collection Account under item (viii), letter (B) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, if any;
- (xiii) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Cancellation Date, the balance standing to the credit of the Expenses Account at such date.

**Post-Trigger Available Funds**

The Post-Trigger Available Funds shall comprise, in respect of any Calculation Date after the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate of the amounts received or recovered by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders in respect of the Claims and the Issuer's Rights under the Transaction Documents.

**Trigger Events**

The Terms and Conditions provide the following

Trigger Events:

- (i) *Non payment:*
  - A) the Issuer defaults in the payment of any amount of interest due in respect of the Most Senior Class of Notes and such default is not remedied within a period of five Business Days from the due date thereof; or
  - B) the Issuer defaults in the payment of any amount of principal due and payable in respect of any of the Class of Notes and such default is not remedied within a period of five Business Days from the due date thereof; or
- (ii) *Breach of other obligations:* the Issuer defaults in the performance or observance of any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party (other than any obligation specified in paragraph (i) above) which is in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders and such default remains unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer requiring the same to be remedied (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such default is not capable of remedy, in which case no notice requiring remedy will have to be given); or
- (iii) *Breach of representations and warranties by the Issuer:* any of the representations and warranties given by the Issuer under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party is, or proves to have been, incorrect or erroneous in any material respect when made, or deemed to be made, or at any time thereafter, unless it has been remedied within fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has served notice requiring remedy (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, the breach of the relevant representation is not capable of remedy in which case no notice requiring remedy will have to be given); or

- (iv) *Insolvency of the Issuer*: an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Issuer; or
- (v) *Unlawfulness*: it is or will become unlawful (in any respect deemed by the Representative of the Noteholders to be material) for the Issuer to perform or comply with any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, when compliance with such obligations is deemed by the Representative of the Noteholders to be material.

Upon the occurrence of a Trigger Event, the Representative of the Noteholders may at its sole discretion or shall, if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders, serve a Trigger Notice to the Issuer. Upon the service of a Trigger Notice, the Post-Trigger Available Funds shall be applied in accordance with Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments – Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

#### **Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments**

Prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer Available Funds, as calculated on each Calculation Date, will be applied by the Issuer on the Payment Date immediately following such Calculation Date in making payments or provisions in the following order of priority but, in each case, only if and to the extent that payments or provisions of a higher priority have been made in full:

- (i) *first*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding taxes due and payable by the Issuer in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such taxes and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
- (ii) *second*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of:
  - (A) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer, to maintain it in good standing, to comply with applicable legislation

and to fulfil obligations to third parties (not being Other Issuer Creditors) incurred in the course of the Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);

- (B) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and expenses required to be paid in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
  - (C) any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Noteholders or any appointee thereof; and
  - (D) the amount necessary to replenish the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount;
- (iii) *third*, in or towards satisfaction, pro rata and pari passu, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of any and all other amounts due and payable to the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Account Banks and any further Other Issuer Creditors, each pursuant to the terms of the Transaction Document(s) (save as otherwise provided under other items of this priority of payments);
- (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Servicer pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement,

other than the amounts due to the Servicer in respect of (a) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement and (b) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;

- (v) *fifth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of interest due and payable on the Class A Notes;
- (vi) *sixth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of interest due and payable on the Class B Notes;
- (vii) *seventh*, to credit the Cash Reserve Account with the amount required such that the Cash Reserve equals the Target Cash Reserve Amount;
- (viii) *eighth*, during the Programme Period,
  - (A) in or towards payment to the Seller of the amount due as Purchase Price Amount in respect of the Subsequent Portfolios purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement, *provided that* the portion of the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio to be paid out of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller outside of (and without applying) the applicable Priority of Payments; and
  - (B) thereafter, to the extent that (on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Payment Date) the Purchase Shortfall Amount is lower than Euro 5,000,000, to credit such amount to the Collection Account;
- (ix) *ninth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class A Redemption Amount;
- (x) *tenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class B Redemption Amount;
- (xi) *eleventh*, after the delivery of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice, to credit the Set-Off Reserve Account with the amount required such that the Set-Off Reserve

equals the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount;

- (xii) *twelfth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts due and payable to the Subscriber and the Sole Arranger under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to Santander Consumer Bank in respect of the Seller's Claims (if any) under the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;
- (xiv) *fourteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to the Servicer in respect of:
  - (A) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement; and
  - (B) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;
- (xv) *fifteenth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of interest due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xvi) *sixteenth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of principal due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xvii) *seventeenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid to fulfil obligations to any Other Issuer Creditor incurred in the course of the Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (other than amounts already provided for in this Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments);
- (xviii) *eighteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of

interest due and payable on the Junior Notes;

- (xix) *nineteenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class Z Redemption Amount until the Principal Amount Outstanding of such Junior Notes is equal to € 30,000;
- (xx) *twentieth*, on the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until such Junior Notes are repaid in full; and
- (xxi) *twenty-first*, up to, but excluding, the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu* of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) due and payable on the Junior Notes.

From time to time, during an Interest Period, the Issuer shall, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, be entitled to apply amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account in respect of certain monies which properly belong to third parties, other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors, in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, and in payment of sums due to third parties, other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors, under obligations incurred in the course of the Issuer's business.

#### **Post-Trigger Priority of Payments**

Following the service of a Trigger Notice, or, in the event that the Issuer opts for the early redemption of the Notes issued under the Securitisation under Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), Condition 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*) or Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), the Post-Trigger Available Funds, as calculated on each Calculation Date, will be applied by or on behalf of the Representative of the Noteholders on the Payment Date immediately following such Calculation Date in making payments or provisions in the following order of priority but, in each case, only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full:

- (i) *first*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata*

and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding taxes due and payable by the Issuer in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such taxes and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);

(ii) *second*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of:

(A) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer, to maintain it in good standing, to comply with applicable legislation and to fulfil obligations to third parties (not being Other Issuer Creditors) incurred in the course of the Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);

(B) any and all outstanding fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);

(C) any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Noteholders or any appointee thereof; and

- (D) the amount necessary to replenish the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount;
- (iii) *third*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of any and all other amounts due and payable to the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Account Banks, the Servicer and any further Other Issuer Creditors, each pursuant to the terms of the the Transaction Document(s) (save as otherwise provided under other items of this priority of payments);
- (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Class A Notes at such date;
- (v) *fifth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes until the Class A Notes are repaid in full;
- (vi) *sixth*, upon repayment in full of the Class A Notes, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Class B Notes at such date;
- (vii) *seventh*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes until the Class B Notes are repaid in full;
- (viii) *eighth*, upon repayment in full of the Class B Notes, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts due and payable to the Subscriber and the Sole Arranger under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement;
- (ix) *ninth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to Santander Consumer Bank in respect of the Seller's Claims (if any) under the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;

- (x) *tenth*, in or towards satisfaction *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to the Servicer in respect of:
  - (A) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement; and
  - (B) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;
- (xi) *eleventh*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of: interest due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xii) *twelfth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of principal due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, upon repayment in full of the Class B Notes, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Junior Notes at such date;
- (xiv) *fourteenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until the Principal Amount Outstanding of such Junior Notes is equal to € 30,000;
- (xv) *fifteenth*, on the Cancellation Date, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until the Junior Notes are redeemed in full; and
- (xvi) *sixteenth*, up to, but excluding, the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu* of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) due and payable on the Junior Notes,

*provided that*, if the amount of the monies at any time available to the Issuer or to the Representative of the Noteholders for the payments above shall be less than 10% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes, the

Representative of the Noteholders may decide that such monies shall be invested in Eligible investments in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The Representative of the Noteholders at its discretion may vary such investments and may accumulate such investments and the resulting income until the immediately following Accumulation Date.

## **6. TRANSFER AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE AGGREGATE PORTFOLIO**

### **Transfer of the Aggregate Portfolio**

Under the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller and the Issuer have agreed the terms and conditions for the assignment and transfer from the Seller to the Issuer of the Portfolios of the Claims arising out of the Loan Agreements owed to the Seller by the Debtors thereunder.

Under the Master Transfer Agreement the Seller (i) has assigned and transferred to the Issuer, and the Issuer has purchased from the Seller, the Initial Portfolio on the Initial Execution Date and (ii) may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall purchase from the Seller, Subsequent Portfolios on a monthly basis during the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions thereunder.

The Initial Portfolio has been and each Subsequent Portfolio will be assigned and transferred without recourse (*pro soluto*) and pursuant to articles 1 and 4 of the Securitisation Law.

The Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio have been identified on the basis of the Initial Criteria and the Claims which will be comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio shall be identified on the basis of the Subsequent Criteria.

As consideration for the purchase of the Claims comprised in each Portfolio, the Issuer shall pay to the Seller the Purchase Price, being equal to the aggregate sum of the Individual Purchase Prices of all the Claims comprised in the relevant Portfolio, rounded down as agreed between the Seller and the Issuer in connection with the relevant assignment. The Individual Purchase Price of the Claims relating to each Loan is equal to the relevant Outstanding Principal, calculated as of the relevant Valuation Date. The Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio is equal to the aggregate sum of the Individual Purchase Prices of all the Claims comprised thereunder, rounded down as agreed between the Issuer and the Seller. Such Purchase Price is equal to € 246,670,982.54. Subject to the terms and

conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller on the Issue Date through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price of each Subsequent Portfolio will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller through: (i) the Issuer Available Funds which will be available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and/or (ii) any Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on any Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio of Claims will be entirely funded through the Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent.

For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Master Transfer Agreement*".

#### **Purchase Termination Events**

The Terms and Conditions provide the following Purchase Termination Events:

- (i) *Breach of obligations by the Seller*: the Seller defaults in the performance or observance of any of its obligations under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party which is in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders and such default remains unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer and the Seller declaring that such default is in its opinion materially prejudicial to the interest of the Rated Noteholders (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such default is not capable of remedy, in which case no term of fifteen days will be given); or
- (ii) *Breach of representations and warranties by the Seller*: any of the representations and warranties given by the Seller under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party is or

proves to have been incorrect or misleading when made, or deemed to be made, in any respect which is deemed material in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion when made or repeated, and such breach has remained unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer and the Seller declaring that such default is in its opinion materially prejudicial to the interest of the Rated Noteholders; or

- (iii) *Breach of ratios:*
  - (a) the Cumulative Default Ratio, calculated as at the relevant Calculation Date, is higher than the Relevant Default Trigger; or
  - (b) the Arrear Ratio for the 3 (three) immediately preceding Collection Periods is higher than 7%; or
  - (c) the Uncleared Principal Event, calculated as at the relevant Calculation Date, has been reached; or
- (iv) *Collections:* the Collections relating to the Claims are not transferred irrevocably and in cleared funds, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Servicing Agreement, by the Servicer into the Collection Account; or
- (v) *Servicer Report:* other than as a result of force majeure, notwithstanding the occurrence of which the Servicer has used its reasonable endeavours to deliver the Servicer Report in the circumstances, the Servicer fails to deliver a Servicer Report on the due date therefor in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and such failure continues for a period of seven Business Days; or
- (vi) *Subsequent Portfolios:* the Seller fails, during the Programme Period, to offer for sale to the Issuer Subsequent Portfolios for three consecutive Offer Dates; or
- (vii) *Servicer Termination Event:* a Servicer Termination Event has occurred; or

- (viii) *Insolvency of the Seller*: an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Seller.

Upon occurrence of a Purchase Termination Event during the Programme Period, the Representative of the Noteholders shall serve a Purchase Termination Notice to the Issuer and the Seller. Upon the service of a Purchase Termination Notice, the Issuer may no longer purchase any Subsequent Portfolios.

#### **Warranty and Indemnity Agreement**

Pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has given certain representations and warranties in favour of the Issuer in relation to, *inter alia*, itself, the Claims, the Loan Agreements and the Debtors and has agreed to indemnify the Issuer in respect of certain liabilities of the Issuer incurred in connection with the purchase and ownership of the Aggregate Portfolio.

For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement*".

#### **Servicing Agreement**

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer has agreed to administer and service on behalf of the Issuer the Aggregate Portfolio and, in particular, to (i) collect and recover amounts due in respect of the Claims; (ii) administer relationships with the Debtors; and (iii) carry out certain activities in relation to the Claims in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and the Collection Policies.

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer will act as the "*soggetto incaricato della riscossione dei crediti ceduti e dei servizi di cassa e pagamento*" in accordance with the Securitisation Law. In such capacity, the Servicer shall also be responsible for verifying that the operations comply with the law and this Prospectus pursuant to article 2, paragraph 3(c) and article 2, paragraph 6 of the Securitisation Law.

For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Servicing Agreement*".

### **7. OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS**

#### **Intercreditor Agreement**

Pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement, the Issuer and the Other Issuer Creditors have agreed to, *inter alia*, (i) the application of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the Priority of Payments; (ii) the limited recourse nature of the obligations of the Issuer; and (iii) the circumstances in which the Representative

of the Noteholders will be entitled to exercise certain rights in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio.

For further details, see the section entitled *“Description of the Intercreditor Agreement”*.

### **Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement**

Pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Servicer, the Computation Agent, the Account Banks and the Paying Agent have agreed to provide the Issuer with certain agency services and certain calculation, notification and reporting services, together with account handling and investment services in relation to monies and securities from time to time standing to the credit of the Accounts. The Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement also contains provisions for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes.

For further details, see the section entitled *“Description of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement”*.

### **Mandate Agreement**

Pursuant to the Mandate Agreement, the Representative of the Noteholders will be authorised, subject to a Trigger Notice being served or following failure by the Issuer to exercise its rights under the Transaction Documents, to exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Issuer, all the Issuer’s non-monetary rights arising out of the Transaction Documents to which the Issuer is a party.

For further details, see the section entitled *“Description of the Mandate Agreement”*.

### **Shareholders Agreement**

Pursuant to the Shareholders Agreement, the Quotaholders have given certain undertakings in relation to the management of the Issuer and the exercise of its rights as quotaholders of the Issuer.

For further details, see the section entitled *“Description of the Shareholders Agreement”*.

### **Corporate Services Agreement**

Pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement, the Corporate Services Provider has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain corporate administrative services including the maintenance of corporate books and of accounting and tax registers, in compliance with reporting requirements relating to the Claims and with other regulatory requirements imposed on the Issuer.

For further details, see the section entitled “*Description of the Corporate Services Agreement*”.

### **Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement**

Pursuant to the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider has agreed to provide the Quotaholders with a number of services including, *inter alia*, the provision of accounting and financial services and the management and administration of the Quotaholders.

For further details, see the section entitled “*Description of the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement*”.

### **Subordinated Loan Agreement**

Pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Provider has agreed to grant to the Issuer the Subordinated Loan on the Issue Date in an amount of € 4,013,736.37 for the purpose of establishing on such date the Cash Reserve up to the Target Cash Reserve Amount, as well as funding the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount. In addition, upon the service of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice (following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event) the Subordinated Loan Provider will advance further funds to the Issuer which will be used by the latter in order to establish the Set-Off Reserve up to the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount.

Furthermore, in the event that:

- (i) there would be an increase of the Target Cash Reserve Amount as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment to be made by the Noteholders (and the consequent increase of the Total Subscription Payment Amount), then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Cash Reserve;
- (ii) there would be an increase of the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount as a result of the purchase of any Subsequent Portfolio by the Issuer and any increase of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure, then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Set-Off Reserve.

The Issuer shall repay the outstanding principal amount under the Subordinated Loan, subject to the terms and conditions of the Subordinated Loan Agreement. Such repayment will be made on each Payment Date out and within the limits of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

The commitment assumed by the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement is an amount equal to Euro 67,000,000, as such amount will be automatically increased from time to time, in accordance with (and subject to the occurrence of the conditions provided under) the Subordinated Loan Agreement (the "**Commitment**").

For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Subordinated Loan Agreement*".

## **RISK FACTORS**

*Investing in the Notes involves certain risks. Moreover, the Notes are complex instruments which involve a high degree of risk and are suitable for purchase only by sophisticated investors which are capable of understanding the risk involved. In particular the Notes should not be purchased by or sold to individuals and other non-expert investors. As such, investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the securities.*

*The Issuer believes that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes. All of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring. Factors which the Issuer believes may be material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with the Notes are also described below.*

*The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Notes, but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Notes may, exclusively or concurrently, occur for other unknown reasons at the date of this Prospectus. While the various structural elements described in this Prospectus are intended to lessen some of these risks for the Noteholders, there can be no assurance that these measures will be sufficient or effective to ensure payment of interest and repayment of principal on the Notes on a timely basis or at all. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Issuer or that it currently believes to be immaterial could also have a material impact on its business operations.*

*The following is a description of certain aspects of the issue of the Notes of which prospective Noteholders should be aware. Prospective Noteholders should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Prospectus and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.*

### **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 1: RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE ISSUER**

#### **Issuer's ability to meet its obligations under the Rated Notes**

The ability of the Issuer to meet its obligations in respect of the Rated Notes will be dependent on the receipt by the Issuer of (i) Collections and Recoveries made on its behalf by the Servicer in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio; (ii) the support provided by the Cash Reserve and (iii) any other amounts required to be paid to the Issuer by the various agents and counterparts of the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the relevant Transaction Documents. The performance by such parties of their respective obligations under the relevant Transaction Documents is dependent on the solvency of each relevant party. Consequently, there is no assurance that, over the life of the Rated Notes or at the redemption date of the Rated Notes (whether on the Final Maturity Date, upon redemption by acceleration of maturity following the service of a Trigger Notice or otherwise), there will be sufficient funds to enable the Issuer to pay interest on the Rated Notes or to repay the Rated Notes in full.

#### **Liquidity and Credit Risk**

The Issuer is subject to the risk of delay arising between the receipt of payments due from the Debtors and each Scheduled Instalment Date. This risk is mitigated, in respect of the Rated Notes, through the establishment of the Cash Reserve. Furthermore, the Issuer is also subject to the risk of, *inter alia*, default in payment by the Debtors and failure by the Servicer to collect or to recover sufficient funds in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio in order to enable the Issuer to discharge all amounts payable under the Rated Notes when due. With respect to the Rated Notes, this risk is mitigated by the credit support provided by the Junior Notes and the establishment of the Cash Reserve.

However, in each case, there can be no assurance that the levels of Collections and Recoveries

received from the Aggregate Portfolio will be adequate to ensure timely and full receipt of amounts due under the Rated Notes.

### **No independent investigation in relation to the Claims**

None of the Issuer, the Sole Arranger or the Subscriber nor any other party to the Transaction Documents (other than the Seller) have carried out any due diligence in respect of the Loan Agreements, nor have any of them undertaken or will undertake any investigation, search or other action to verify the details of the Claims assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer, nor has any of such persons undertaken, nor will any of them undertake, any investigation, search or other action to establish the creditworthiness of any of the Debtors. There can be no assurance that the assumptions used in modelling the cash flows of the Claims and the Aggregate Portfolio accurately reflect the status of the underlying Loan Agreements.

The Issuer will rely instead on the representations and warranties given by the Seller in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement. The only remedies of the Issuer in respect of the occurrence of a breach of a representation and warranty which materially and adversely affects the value of the Claims relating to any Loan will be the requirement that the Seller repurchases such Claims and/or indemnifies the Issuer for the damage deriving therefrom, in both cases, subject to the terms and conditions of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement. There can be no assurance, however, that the Seller will have the financial resources to honour such obligations. For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement*".

### **Commingling Risk**

The Issuer is subject to the risk that, in the event of insolvency of the Servicer, the Collections and the Recoveries held by the Servicer are lost or frozen.

Such risk is mitigated through the provision of the Servicing Agreement pursuant to which all Collections and Recoveries received by the Servicer are to be transferred to the Collection Account within one Business Day from the day of receipt (for value such day of receipt) by the Servicer, *provided that*, in the case of exceptional circumstances causing an operational delay in the transfer, the relevant Collections and Recoveries will be transferred in any case into the Collection Account within three Business Days of receipt. For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Servicing Agreement*".

### **Credit Risk on the Seller and the other parties to the Transaction Documents**

The ability of the Issuer to make payments in respect of the Rated Notes will depend to a significant extent upon the due performance by the Seller and the other parties to the Transaction Documents of their respective various obligations under the Transaction Documents to which they are a party. In particular, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the timely payment of amounts due on the Rated Notes will depend on the ability of the Servicer to service the Aggregate Portfolio and to recover the amounts relating to Defaulted Claims (if any). In addition, the ability of the Issuer to make payments under the Rated Notes may depend to an extent upon the due performance by the Seller of its obligations under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio. The performance by such parties of their respective obligations under the relevant Transaction Documents may be influenced on the solvency of each relevant party.

It is not certain that a suitable alternative servicer could be found to service the Aggregate Portfolio in the event that the Servicer becomes insolvent or its appointment under the Servicing Agreement is otherwise terminated. If such an alternative servicer is found it is not certain whether such alternative servicer would service the Aggregate Portfolio on the same terms as those provided for in the Servicing Agreement. Such risk is mitigated by the provision of the Servicing Agreement pursuant to which, if the Servicer's Owner's long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations ceases to be rated at least "Baa3" by Moody's, then within the following 10 Business Days, the Issuer shall appoint a Back-Up Servicer willing to replace the Servicer should

the Servicing Agreement be terminated for any reason. The Back-up Servicer will, *inter alia*:

- (a) need to satisfy the requirements of a successor servicer provided for by the Servicing Agreement;
- (b) undertake to enter into a back-up servicing agreement substantially in the form of the Servicing Agreement; and
- (c) assume all the duties and obligations applicable to it as provided for by the Transaction Documents.

Moreover, under the Intercreditor Agreement, Santander Consumer Finance S.A. has undertaken to act as Back-up Servicer Facilitator with the task of selecting the Back-Up Servicer on behalf of the Issuer. For further details, see the section entitled "*Description of the Intercreditor Agreement*".

### **Claims of unsecured creditors of the Issuer**

By virtue of the operation of Article 3 of the Securitisation Law and the Transaction Documents, the Issuer's rights, title and interest in and to the Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections will be segregated from all other assets of the Issuer (including any other receivables purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, any cash-flow deriving therefrom (to the extent identifiable) will be exclusively available, both prior to and following a winding up of the Issuer, to satisfy the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders, to the Other Issuer Creditors and to any other creditors of the Issuer in respect of any costs, fees and expenses in relation to the Securitisation. However, under Italian law, any other creditor of the Issuer would be able to commence insolvency or winding up proceedings against the Issuer in respect of any unpaid debt.

Under Italian law, *prima facie*, any creditor of the Issuer who has a valid and unsatisfied claim may file a petition for the bankruptcy of the Issuer, although no creditors other than the Representative of the Noteholders on behalf of the Noteholders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions and the Other Issuer Creditors would have the right to claim in respect of the Claims, even in the event of bankruptcy of the Issuer.

The Issuer is unlikely to have a large number of creditors unrelated to the Securitisation or any Further Securitisations because (i) the corporate object of the Issuer, as contained in its by-laws (*statuto*) is very limited, and (ii) under the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer has undertaken to the Noteholders, *inter alia*, not to engage in any activity whatsoever which is not incidental to or necessary in connection with any Further Securitisation or with any of the activities in which the Transaction Documents provide and envisage that the Issuer will engage. The Issuer must comply with certain covenants provided for by the Terms and Conditions which contain restrictions on the activities which the Issuer may carry out (including incurring further substantial debt), with the result that the Issuer may only carry out limited transactions in connection with the Securitisation and, subject to the satisfaction of Condition 4.2 (*Covenants – Further securitisations and corporate existence*), future securitisations. Accordingly, the Issuer is less likely to have creditors who would claim against it other than the ones related to the Further Securitisations, if any, the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors (all of whom have agreed to non-petition provisions contained in the Transaction Documents) and the other third parties creditors in respect of any taxes, costs, fees or expenses incurred in relation to such securitisations and in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer, to maintain it in good standing and to comply with applicable legislation. For further details, see the following paragraph entitled "*Further Securitisations*" of this section entitled "*Risk Factors*".

To the extent that the Issuer incurs any ongoing taxes, costs, fees and expenses (whether or not related to the Securitisation), the Issuer has established the Expenses Account, to which the Retention Amount shall be credited on the Issue Date and refilled on each Payment Date in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and out of which payments of the

aforementioned taxes, costs, fees and expenses shall be paid during any Interest Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, there can be no assurance that if any bankruptcy proceedings were to be commenced against the Issuer, the Issuer would be able to meet all of its obligations under the Rated Notes.

### **Enforcement of certain Issuer's rights may be prevented by statute of limitations**

Certain rights of the Issuer under the Transaction Documents may become barred under statutes of limitation by operation of law. In particular, there is a possibility that the 1 (one) year statute of limitation period set out in article 1495 of the Italian civil code could be held to apply to some or all of the representations and warranties given by the Seller in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, on the ground that such provisions may not be derogated from by the parties to a sale contract (*contratto di compravendita*) (such as the Master Transfer Agreement and, with respect to each Subsequent Portfolio, the relevant Transfer Agreement).

However, under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement the Seller and the Issuer have acknowledged and agreed that the provisions of article 1495 of the Italian civil code shall not apply to the representations and warranties given by the Seller thereunder.

### **Further Securitisations**

The Issuer may carry out Further Securitisations in addition to the Securitisation described in this Prospectus, *provided that* the Issuer confirms in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders – or the Representative of the Noteholders is otherwise satisfied – that certain conditions set out in the Terms and Conditions (Condition 5.2 (*Covenants – Further securitisations and corporate existence*)) are satisfied.

Under the terms of article 3 of the Securitisation Law, the assets relating to each securitisation transaction will by operation of law and of the Transaction Documents be segregated for all purposes from all other assets of the company that purchases the relevant claims. On a winding up of such a company such assets will only be available to the holders of the notes issued to finance the acquisition of the relevant claims and to certain creditors claiming payment of debts incurred by the company in connection with the securitisation of the relevant assets. In addition, the assets relating to a particular transaction will not be available to the holders of notes issued to finance any other securitisation transaction or to general creditors of the issuer company.

Only the Representative of the Noteholders may pursue the remedies available under general law or under the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of the obligations of the Issuer deriving from any of the Transaction Documents and no Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to obtain payment of such obligations, save as provided by the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

### **The Securitisation Law has a limited application**

As at the date of this Prospectus, limited interpretation of the application of the Securitisation Law has been issued by any Italian governmental or regulatory authority. Consequently, it is possible that such authorities may issue further regulations relating to the Securitisation Law or to the interpretation thereof, the impact of which cannot be predicted by the Issuer or any other party as at the date of this Prospectus.

## **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 2: RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE RATED NOTES**

### **Suitability**

Structured securities, such as the Rated Notes, are sophisticated instruments, which can involve a significant degree of risk. Prospective investors in the Rated Notes should ensure that they

understand the nature of the Rated Notes and the extent of their exposure to the relevant risks. Such prospective investors should also ensure that they have sufficient knowledge, experience and access to professional advice to make their own legal, tax, accounting and financial evaluation of the merits and risks of an investment in the Rated Notes and that they consider the suitability of the Rated Notes as an investment in light of their own circumstances and financial condition and upon advice from such advisers as they may deem necessary.

Prospective investors in the Rated Notes should make their own independent decision whether to invest in the Rated Notes and whether an investment in the Rated Notes is appropriate or proper for them, based upon their own judgement and upon advice from such advisers as they may deem necessary.

Prospective investors in the Rated Notes should not rely on or construe any communication (written or oral) of the Issuer, the Seller, the Sole Arranger or the Subscriber as investment advice or as a recommendation to invest in the Rated Notes, it being understood that information and explanations related to the Terms and Conditions shall not be considered to be investment advice or a recommendation to invest in the Rated Notes.

No communication (written or oral) received from the Issuer, the Seller, the Sole Arranger or the Subscriber or from any other person shall be deemed to be an assurance or guarantee as to the expected results of an investment in the Rated Notes.

**Noteholders cannot rely on any person other than the Issuer to make payments to Noteholders on the Notes**

The Notes will be limited recourse obligations solely of the Issuer and will not be the responsibility of, or be guaranteed by, any other entity. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations or responsibilities of or guaranteed by any of the Seller, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents. None of such parties, other than the Issuer, will accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to make any payment of any amount due under the Notes.

**Source of Payments to Noteholders**

The Rated Notes will be limited recourse obligations solely of the Issuer and will not be the responsibility of, or be guaranteed by, any other entity. In particular, the Rated Notes will not be obligations or responsibilities of or guaranteed by any of the Seller, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Sole Arranger or any of the further Other Issuer Creditors. None of such parties, other than the Issuer, will accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to make any payment of any amount due under the Rated Notes.

The Issuer will not as at the Issue Date have any significant assets for the purpose of meeting its obligations under the Securitisation, other than the Aggregate Portfolio, any amounts and/or securities standing to the credit of the Accounts and its rights under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party. Consequently, there is a risk that, over the life of the Rated Notes or at the redemption date of the Rated Notes (whether on the Final Maturity Date, upon redemption by acceleration of maturity following the service of a Trigger Notice or otherwise), the funds available to the Issuer may be insufficient to pay interest on the Rated Notes or to repay the Rated Notes in full.

**Limited Recourse Nature of the Rated Notes**

The Rated Notes will be limited recourse obligations solely of the Issuer. The Noteholders will receive payment in respect of principal and interest on the Rated Notes only if and to the extent that the Issuer will have sufficient Issuer Available Funds to make such payment in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments. If there are not sufficient Issuer Available Funds to pay in full all principal and interest and other amounts due in respect of the Rated Notes, then the

Noteholders will have no further claims against the Issuer in respect of any such unpaid amounts. Following the service of a Trigger Notice, the only remedy available to the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors is the exercise by the Representative of the Noteholders of the Issuer's Rights.

### **Yield and Prepayment Considerations**

The yield to maturity of the Rated Notes will depend on, *inter alia*, the amount and timing of repayment of principal on the Claims (including prepayments and sale proceeds arising on enforcement of a Loan) and on the actual date (if any) of exercise of the optional redemption of the notes provided for by Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*). Such yield may be adversely affected by higher or lower than anticipated rates of prepayment, delinquency and default of the Claims.

Italian Legislative Decree n. 141 of 13 August 2010, as subsequently amended ("**Legislative Decree 141**"), has introduced in the Banking Act a new article 120-*quater*, which provides for certain measures for the protection of consumers' rights and the promotion of the competition in, *inter alia*, the Italian loan market. Legislative Decree 141 repealed article 8 (except for paragraphs 4-*bis*, 4-*ter* and 4-*quater*) of Italian Law Decree number 7 of 31 January 2007, as converted into law by Italian Law number 40 of 2 April 2007 (the "**Bersani Decree**"), replicating though, with some additions, such repealed provisions. The purpose of article 120-*quater* of the Banking Act is to facilitate the exercise by the borrowers (in respect of loans disbursed by banks or financial intermediaries) of their right of prepayment of the loan (the "**Prepayment**") and/or subrogation of a new lender into the rights of their creditors in accordance with article 1202 (*surrogazione per volontà del debitore*) of the Italian Civil Code (the "**Subrogation**"). In particular, with respect to the Prepayment, under article 125-*sexies* of the Banking Act, a consumer (as qualified pursuant to article 121, paragraph 1, letter b), of the Banking Act) is entitled to prepay the relevant Loan, in whole or in part, at any time, with a prepayment fee not higher than 1 per cent. of the principal amount which is early repaid (if the loan has a residual life of more than one year), and not higher than 0.5% of the same amount (if the loan has a residual life shorter than one year).

Pursuant to article 125-*sexies* of the Banking Act, in case of Prepayment of any Loan, the relevant Debtor is entitled to the reduction - proportionally to the residual life of the underlying agreement - of all interests and of all costs included in the aggregate cost of the financing (*costo totale del credito*) (the "**Residual Recurring Costs**"). As a result of such reduction, the Seller would be under the obligation to repay to the Issuer a portion of the Individual Purchase Price of the relevant Claims relating to the relevant prepaid Loan in an amount equal to the relevant Undue Amounts. Under the Master Transfer Agreement it has been agreed that such repayment obligation shall be discharged through the payment by the Seller in favour of the Issuer of an amount equal to any Undue Amounts which arise upon any Prepayment.

Moreover, following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, the risks connected with the Undue Amounts will be mitigated by the Set-Off Reserve to be created in the Set-Off Reserve Account. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

The rate of prepayment of Loans cannot be predicted and is influenced by a wide variety of economic, social and other factors, including prevailing consumer and ordinary loans market interest rates and margins offered by the banking system, the availability of alternative financing and local and regional economic conditions. Therefore, no assurance can be given as to the level of prepayments that the Loans will experience.

With respect to the Subrogation, article 120-*quater* of the Banking Act provides for that, in respect of a loan, overdraft facility or any other financing granted by a bank or financial intermediary, the relevant borrower can exercise the Subrogation, even if the borrower's debt towards the lender is not due and payable or a term for repayment has been agreed for the benefit of the creditor. If the Subrogation is exercised by the borrower, a new lender will succeed to the former lender also as beneficiary of all existing ancillary security interests and guarantees. Any provision of the relevant loan agreement (or separately agreed) aimed at preventing the borrower from exercising

such Subrogation or at rendering the exercise of such right more cumbersome for the borrower is void. The borrower shall not bear any expenses or commissions in connection with the Subrogation. Furthermore, paragraph 7 of article 120-*quater* of the Banking Act provides that, in case the Subrogation is not perfected within 30 working days from the date on which the original lender has been requested to cooperate for the conclusion of the Subrogation, the original lender shall indemnify the borrower for an amount equal to 1% of the loan or facility granted, for each month or fraction of month of delay. The original lender has the right to ask for indemnification from the subrogating lender, in case the latter is to be held liable for the delay in the conclusion of the Subrogation.

The stream of principal payments received by a Rated Noteholder may not be uniform or consistent. No assurance can be given as to the yield to maturity which will be experienced by a holder of any Rated Notes. For further details, see the section entitled “*Estimated weighted average life of the Rated Notes and assumptions*”.

### **Subordination**

Payments of interest and repayment of principal under the Notes are subject to certain subordination and ranking provisions.

In particular, in respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to repay principal on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest and repay principal on the Notes after the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

As a result, to the extent that any losses are suffered by any of the Noteholders, such losses will

be borne in the first instance by the Junior Noteholders and then (to the extent that the Rated Notes have not been redeemed) by the Rated Noteholders.

As long as the Rated Notes are outstanding, the Rated Noteholders shall be entitled to determine the remedies to be exercised in connection with the outstanding Notes.

### **Individual Noteholders have limited enforcement rights**

The protection and exercise of the Noteholders' rights against the Issuer and the preservation and enforcement of the security under the Notes is one of the duties of the Representative of the Noteholders to the extent provided by the Transaction Documents. The Terms and Conditions and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders limit the ability of each individual Noteholder to bring individual actions against the Issuer.

Only the Representative of the Noteholders may pursue the remedies available under the general law or under the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of any obligation of the Issuer deriving from any of the Transaction Documents and no Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to obtain payment of any such obligation, save as provided by the Transaction Documents and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

### **Ranking and Conflict between Other Issuer Creditors and Noteholders**

The Terms and Conditions, the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders and the Intercreditor Agreement contain provisions applicable where, as regards the exercise and performance of all powers, authorities, duties and discretion of the Representative of the Noteholders, there is a conflict between (i) the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors or (ii) the Other Issuer Creditors or (iii) the holders of each Class of Notes.

In particular, the Transaction Documents provide that the Representative of the Noteholders, as regards the exercise and performance of all powers, authorities, duties and discretion of the Representative of the Noteholders under such Transaction Documents (except where expressly provided otherwise), shall have regard to the interests of both the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors *provided that* if, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, there is a conflict between the interests of the Noteholders and of the Other Issuer Creditors, the Representative of the Noteholders shall have regard solely to the interests of the Noteholders.

In addition, if at any time there is, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, a conflict between the interests of the Other Issuer Creditors, then the Representative of the Noteholders shall have regard to the interests of whichever of the Other Issuer Creditors ranks higher in the applicable Priority of Payments for the payment of the amounts therein specified.

Finally, if there is, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, a conflict between the interests of the holders of different Classes of Notes, then the Representative of the Noteholders shall have regard only to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders.

### **Limited secondary market**

There is not at present an active and liquid secondary market for the Notes. The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and will be subject to significant restrictions on resale in the United States.

Although an application has been made to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange for the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes to be admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trading on the regulated market "Bourse de Luxembourg", there can be no assurance that a secondary market for any of the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes will develop or, if a secondary market does develop in respect of any of the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes, that it will provide the holders of such Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes with liquidity of

investments or that it will continue until the final redemption or cancellation of such Senior Notes and Mezzanine Notes. Consequently, any purchaser of Senior Notes or Mezzanine Notes may be unable to sell such Senior Notes or Mezzanine Notes to any third party and it may therefore have to hold the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes until final redemption or cancellation thereof.

Limited liquidity in the secondary market may continue to have an adverse effect on the market value of the asset backed securities, especially those securities that are more sensitive to prepayment, credit or interest rate risk and those securities that have been structured to meet the requirements of limited categories of investors. Consequently, whilst these market conditions persist, an investor in the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes may not be able to sell or acquire credit protection on its Senior Notes and Mezzanine Notes readily and market values of the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes are likely to fluctuate. Any of these fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to an investor.

#### **Limited nature of credit ratings assigned to the Rated Notes and effect on the market value of the Rated Notes of reduction or withdrawal of the assigned ratings**

Each credit rating expected to be assigned on the Issue Date to the Rated Notes will reflect the relevant Rating Agencies' assessment only of the likelihood that interest will be paid on each Payment Date and principal will be paid by the Final Maturity Date, not that it will be paid when expected or scheduled. These ratings will be based, among other things, on the reliability of the payments on the Aggregate Portfolio and the availability of credit enhancement.

The ratings do not address, *inter alia*, the following:

- (a) the likelihood that the principal will be redeemed on the Rated Notes, as expected, on the Final Maturity Date;
- (b) the possibility of the imposition of Italian or European withholding tax;
- (c) the marketability of the Rated Notes, or any market price for the Rated Notes; or
- (d) whether an investment in the Rated Notes is a suitable investment for the relevant Noteholder.

Future events such as any deterioration of the Aggregate Portfolio, the unavailability or the delay in the delivery of information, the failure by the parties to the Transaction Documents to perform their obligations under the Transaction Documents and the revision, suspension or withdrawal of the unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt rating of third parties involved in the Securitisation could have an adverse impact on the credit ratings of the Rated Notes, which may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning Rating Agency. In addition, in the event of downgrading of the unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt rating of third parties involved in the Securitisation, there is no guarantee that the Issuer will be in a position to secure a replacement for the relevant third party or there may be a significant delay in securing such a replacement and, consequently, the rating of the Rated Notes may be affected.

A rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Rated Notes. In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation, unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union but is endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the EU CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the European Union which is certified under the EU CRA Regulation. In general, UK regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation, unless such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK but

is endorsed by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation or such rating is provided by a credit rating agency not established in the UK which is certified under the UK CRA Regulation. As at the date of this Prospectus, each of the Rating Agencies is established in the European Union and is registered under the EU CRA Regulation, as evidenced in the latest update of the list published by ESMA on its website (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.esma.europa.eu](http://www.esma.europa.eu)).

Any Rating Agency may lower its ratings or withdraw its ratings if, in the sole judgement of that Rating Agency, the credit quality of the Rated Notes has declined or is in question. If any rating assigned to the Rated Notes is lowered or withdrawn, the market value of the Rated Notes may be affected.

#### **Assignment of unsolicited ratings may affect the market value of the Rated Notes**

The Issuer has not requested a rating of the Rated Notes by any rating agency other than the Rating Agencies.

However, credit rating agencies other than the Rating Agencies could seek to rate the Rated Notes and, if such unsolicited ratings are lower than the comparable ratings assigned to the Rated Notes by the Rating Agencies, those shadow ratings could have an adverse effect on the market value of the Rated Notes. For the avoidance of doubt and unless the context otherwise requires, any references to “ratings” or “rating” in this Prospectus are to ratings assigned by the specified Rating Agencies only.

#### **No certainty as to recognition of the Class A Notes as eligible collateral for ECB liquidity and/or open market transactions**

The Class A Notes have been structured in a manner so as to allow Eurosystem eligibility. However, this does not necessarily mean that the Class A Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria and, in accordance with its policies, will not be given prior to issue of the Class A Notes. If the Class A Notes are accepted for such purposes, Eurosystem may amend or withdraw any such approval in relation to the Class A Notes at any time.

In the event that the Class A Notes are not recognised (or cease to be recognised) as an eligible collateral for Eurosystem operations, the holders of the Class A Notes would not be able to access the ECB funding. In such case, there is no assurance that the holders of the Class A Notes will find alternative sources of funding or, should such alternative sources be found, these will be at equivalent economic terms compared to those applied by the ECB. In the absence of suitable sources of funding, the holders of the Class A Notes may ultimately suffer a lack of liquidity.

Neither the Issuer nor the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents (i) gives any representation or warranty as to whether Eurosystem will ultimately confirm that the Class A Notes are eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem for such purpose; and (ii) will have any liability or obligation in relation thereto if the Class A Notes are at any time deemed ineligible for such purposes.

#### **Regulatory initiatives may result in increased regulatory capital requirements and/or decreased liquidity in respect of the Notes**

In Europe, the U.S. and elsewhere there is increased political and regulatory scrutiny of the asset-backed securities industry. This has resulted in a raft of measures for increased regulation which are currently at various stages of implementation and which may have an adverse impact on the regulatory capital charge to certain investors in securitisation exposures and/or the incentives for certain investors to hold asset-backed securities, and may thereby affect the liquidity of such

securities. Investors in the Notes are responsible for analysing their own regulatory position and none of the Issuer, the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes regarding the regulatory capital treatment of their investment in the Notes on the Issue Date or at any time in the future.

In particular, prospective investors should note that the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (“**BCBS**”) has approved significant changes to the Basel regulatory capital and liquidity framework (such changes being commonly referred to as “**Basel III**”), including certain revisions to the securitisation framework. Basel III provides for a substantial strengthening of existing prudential rules, including new requirements intended to reinforce capital standards (with heightened requirements for global systemically important banks) and to establish a leverage ratio “backstop” for financial institutions and certain minimum liquidity standards (referred to as the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (“**LCR**”) and the Net Stable Funding Ratio (“**NSFR**”). BCBS member countries agreed to implement Basel III from 1 January 2013, subject to transitional and phase-in arrangements for certain requirements (e.g. the LCR requirements refer to implementation from the start of 2015, with full implementation by January 2019, and the NSFR requirements refer to implementation from January 2018). As implementation of any changes to the Basel framework (including those made via Basel III) requires national legislation, the final rules and the timetable for its implementation in each jurisdiction, as well as the treatment of asset-backed securities (e.g. as LCR eligible assets or not), may be subject to some level of national variation. It should also be noted that changes to regulatory capital requirements have been made for insurance and reinsurance undertakings through participating jurisdiction initiatives, such as the Solvency II framework in Europe.

In addition, prospective investors should be aware that certain EU regulations provide for certain retention and due diligence requirements which shall be applied, or are expected to be applied in the future, with respect to various type of regulated investors (including, *inter alia*, credit institutions, investment firms or other financial institutions, authorised alternative investment fund managers, insurance and reinsurance companies and UCITS funds) which intend to invest in a securitisation transaction. Among other things, such requirements restrict a relevant investor from investing in asset-backed securities unless (i) that relevant investor is able to demonstrate that it has undertaken certain due diligence in respect of various matters including its note position, the underlying assets and (in the case of certain types of investors) the relevant sponsor or originator and (ii) the originator, sponsor or original lender in respect of the relevant securitisation has explicitly disclosed to the investor that it will retain, on an on-going basis, a net economic interest of not less than 5 (five) per cent in respect of certain specified credit risk tranches or asset exposures. Failure to comply with one or more of the requirements may result in various penalties including, in the case of those investors subject to regulatory capital requirements, the imposition of a proportional additional risk weight on the notes acquired by the relevant investor. The retention and due diligence requirements hereby described apply, or are expected to apply, in respect of the Notes. Relevant investors are required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described above for the purposes of complying with any relevant requirements and none of the Issuer, the Representative of Noteholders, Santander Consumer Bank (in any capacity), the Sole Arranger or any other party involved in the Securitisation makes any representation that the information described above is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.

Prospective investors in the Notes who are uncertain as to the requirements that will need to be complied with in order to avoid the additional regulatory charges for non-compliance with the applicable provisions and any implementing rules in a relevant jurisdiction should seek guidance from their regulator.

On December 2017, the European Parliament and the Council have adopted the EU Securitisation and the CRR Amendment Regulation which applied in general from 1 January 2019. Amongst other things, such regulations include provisions intended to implement the revised securitisation framework developed by BCBS (with adjustments) and provisions intended to harmonise and replace the risk retention and due diligence requirements (including the corresponding guidance provided through technical standards) applicable to certain EU regulated

investors. There are material differences between the new requirements and the previous requirements including with respect to certain matters to be verified under the due diligence requirements, as well as with respect to the application approach under the retention requirements and the originator entities eligible to retain the required interest. Further differences arise under the corresponding guidance which will apply under the new risk retention requirements, which guidance will be made through new technical standards. In general, the new regulations (including the retention and due diligence requirements) apply to securitisations the securities of which are issued on or after the application date of 1 January 2019, including securitisations established prior to the date where further securities are issued on or after 1 January 2019. Accordingly, the new requirements apply in respect of the Notes.

Relevant investors are required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described above for the purposes of complying with any relevant requirements and none of the Issuer, the Representative of Noteholders, the Seller, the Sole Arranger or any other party to the Transaction Documents makes any representation that the information described above is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.

Prospective investors in the Notes who are uncertain as to the requirements that will need to be complied with in order to avoid the additional regulatory charges for non-compliance with the applicable provisions and any implementing rules in a relevant jurisdiction should seek guidance from their regulator.

Prospective investors should make themselves aware of the changes and requirements described above (and any corresponding implementing rules of their regulator), where applicable to them, in addition to any other applicable regulatory requirements with respect to their investment in the Notes. The matters described above and any other changes to the regulation or regulatory treatment of the Notes for some or all investors may negatively impact the regulatory position of individual investors and, in addition, have a negative impact on the price and liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market. For further details, see the risk factors headed "*Investors have to comply with the due diligence requirements under the EU Securitisation Regulation*" below.

### **Investors have to comply with due diligence requirements under the EU Securitisation Regulation**

Investors should be aware of the due diligence requirements under article 5 of the EU Securitisation Regulation that apply to institutional investors with an EU nexus (including credit institutions, authorised alternative investment fund managers, investment firms, insurance and reinsurance undertakings, institutions for occupational retirement provision and UCITS funds). Amongst other things, such requirements restrict an institutional investor (other than the originator, sponsor or original lender within the meaning of the EU Securitisation Regulation) from investing in securitisation positions unless, prior to holding the securitisation position:

- i. that institutional investor has verified that:
  - (i) for certain originators, certain credit-granting standards were met in relation to the origination of the underlying exposures;
  - (ii) the risk retention requirements set out in article 6 of the EU Securitisation Regulation are being complied with; and
  - (iii) information required by article 7 of the EU Securitisation Regulation has been made available; and
- (b) that institutional investor has carried out a due diligence assessment which enables it to assess the risks involved, which shall include at least (among other things) the risk characteristics of its securitisation position and the underlying exposures of the

securitisation, and all the structural features of the transaction that can materially impact the performance of its securitisation position.

In addition, under article 5(4) of the EU Securitisation Regulation, an institutional investor (other than the originator, sponsor or original lender) holding a securitisation position shall at least establish appropriate written procedures that are proportionate to the risk profile of the securitisation position and, where relevant, to the institutional investor's trading and non-trading book, in order to monitor, on an ongoing basis, compliance with its due diligence requirements and the performance of the securitisation position and of the underlying exposures.

Depending on the approach in the relevant EU Member State, failure to comply with one or more of the due diligence requirements may result in penalties including fines, other administrative sanctions and possibly criminal sanctions. In the case of those institutional investors subject to regulatory capital requirements, penal capital charges may also be imposed on the securitisation position (i.e., notes) acquired by the relevant institutional investor.

The institutional investor due diligence requirements described above apply in respect of the Notes. Relevant institutional investors are required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information contained in this Prospectus for the purposes of complying with article 5 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and any corresponding national measures which may be relevant to investors.

Aspects of the requirements and what is or will be required to demonstrate compliance to national regulators remain unclear and are still evolving. Prospective investors who are uncertain as to the requirements that will need to be complied with in order to avoid the consequences of the non-compliance should seek guidance from their regulator.

### **Selling restrictions**

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law and by the Transaction Documents, in particular, as provided by and described in the Subscription Agreements. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus (or any part of it) comes are required by the Issuer to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. Neither this Prospectus nor any part of it constitutes an offer, and may not be used for the purpose of an offer, to sell any of the Notes, or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Notes, by anyone in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or is unlawful.

This Prospectus is not intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer that any recipient of this Prospectus should purchase any of the Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing Notes should make its own independent investigation of the Portfolio and of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Sole Arranger does not accept any responsibility whatsoever for the contents of this Prospectus or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by the Sole Arranger or on its behalf, in connection with the Issuer or Santander Consumer Bank or the issue and offering of the Notes. The Sole Arranger accordingly disclaim all and any liability, whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise, which they might otherwise have in respect of this Prospectus or any such statement.

The Notes may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly, and neither this Prospectus nor any other prospectus, form of application, advertisement, other offering material or other information relating to the Issuer or the Notes may be issued, distributed or published in any country or jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with all applicable laws, orders, rules and regulations. For a further description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes and the distribution of this Prospectus, see the section headed "*Subscription and Sale*".

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) and subject to certain exceptions, may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act). The Notes are in bearer and dematerialised form and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. The Notes are being offered for sale outside the United States in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act (see the section headed “*Subscription and Sale*”).

Solely for the purposes of each manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturers’ target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturers’ target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For these purposes, a “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of article 4 (1) of MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (UE) 2016/97 (“**IMD**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the Prospectus Regulation. Accordingly, none of the Issuer or the Sole Arranger expects to be required to prepare, and none of them has prepared, or will prepare, a “key information document” in respect of the Notes for the purposes of Regulation (EU) no. 1286/2014 of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (the “**PRIPs Regulation**”) and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area may be unlawful under the PRIPs Regulation.

### **The Seller intends to rely on an exemption from U.S. Risk Retention requirements**

Section 941 of the Dodd-Frank Act amended the Exchange Act to generally require the “securitizer” of a “securitization transaction” to retain at least 5 per cent. of the “credit risk” of “securitized assets”, as such terms are defined for purposes of that statute, and generally prohibit a securitizer from directly or indirectly eliminating or reducing its credit exposure by hedging or otherwise transferring the credit risk that the securitizer is required to retain. Final rules implementing the statute (the “**U.S. Risk Retention Rules**”) came into effect on 24 December 2016 with respect to non-RMBS securitisations. The U.S. Risk Retention Rules provide that the securitiser of an asset backed securitisation is its sponsor. The U.S. Risk Retention Rules also provide for certain exemptions from the risk retention obligation that they generally impose.

The Seller (originator of the securitised Receivables) does not intend to retain at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the Issuer for the purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and the issuance of the Notes was not designed to comply with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, the Seller intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section \_\_.20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions. Such non-U.S. transactions must meet certain requirements, including that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the securities are issued) of all classes of securities issued in the securitisation transaction are sold or transferred to U.S. persons (in each case, as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and referred to in this Prospectus as Risk Retention U.S. Persons); (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer is organised under U.S. law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-U.S. entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

The Seller has advised the Issuer that it has not acquired, and it does not intend to acquire more than 25 per cent. of the assets from an affiliate or branch of the Seller or the Issuer that is organised or located in the United States.

Prospective investors should note that the definition of “U.S. person” in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules is different from the definition of “U.S. person” under Regulation S. The definition of U.S. person in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules is excerpted below. Particular attention should be paid to clauses (b) and (h), which are different than comparable provisions from Regulation S.

Under the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, and subject to limited exceptions, “U.S. person” means any of the following:

- (a) any natural person resident in the United States;
- (b) any partnership or corporation organised or incorporated under the laws of the United States;
- (c) any estate of which any executor or administrator is a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (d) any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (e) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the United States;
- (f) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a U.S. person (as defined under any other clause of this definition);
- (g) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated, or (if an individual) resident in the United States; and
- (h) any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other organisation or entity if:  
organised or incorporated under the laws of any foreign jurisdiction; and

formed by a U.S. person principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the Securities Act, unless it is organised or incorporated, and owned, by accredited investors (as defined in 17 CFR 230.501(a)) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.

Consequently, the Notes may not be purchased by any person except for persons that are not Risk Retention U.S. Persons and where such purchase falls within the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules. Each holder of a Note or a beneficial interest acquired in the initial syndication of the Notes, by its acquisition of a Note or a beneficial interest in a Note, will be deemed to and, in certain circumstances, will be required to, represent to the Issuer, the Seller and the Sole Arranger that it (1) is not a Risk Retention U.S. Person, (2) is acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein for its own account and not with a view to distribute such Note and (3) is not acquiring such Note or a beneficial interest therein as part of a scheme to evade the requirements of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules (including acquiring such Note through a non-Risk Retention U.S. Person, rather than a Risk Retention U.S. Person, as part of a scheme to evade the 10 per cent. Risk Retention U.S. Person limitation in the exemption provided for in Section 20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules described herein).

Failure on the part of the Seller to comply with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules (regardless of the reason for such failure to comply) could give rise to regulatory action against the Seller which may adversely affect the Notes and the ability of the Seller to perform its obligations under the

Transaction Documents. Furthermore, a failure by the Seller to comply with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules could negatively affect the value and secondary market liquidity of the Notes.

None of the Sole Arranger, the Seller, the Issuer or any of their affiliates makes any representation to any prospective investor or purchaser of the Notes as to whether the transactions described in this Prospectus comply as a matter of fact with the U.S. Risk Retention Rules on the Issue Date or at any time in the future. Investors should consult their own advisors as to the U.S. Risk Retention Rules. No predictions can be made as to the precise effects of such matters on any investor or otherwise.

### **The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive may apply to some parties to the Transaction Documents**

The directive providing for the establishment of a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (Directive 2014/59/EU) (the “**BRRD**”) entered into force on 2 July 2014.

The BRRD is designed to provide authorities with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution’s critical financial and economic functions, while minimising the impact of an institution’s failure on the economy and financial system.

The BRRD contains four resolution tools and powers which may be used alone or in combination where the relevant resolution authority considers that (a) an institution is failing or likely to fail, (b) there is no reasonable prospect that any alternative private sector measures would prevent the failure of such institution within a reasonable timeframe, and (c) a resolution action is in the public interest: (i) sale of business, which enables resolution authorities to direct the sale of the firm or the whole or part of its business on commercial terms; (ii) bridge institution, which enables resolution authorities to transfer all or part of the business of the firm to a “bridge institution” (an entity created for this purpose that is wholly or partially in public control); (iii) asset separation, which enables resolution authorities to transfer impaired or problem assets to one or more publicly owned asset management vehicles to allow them to be managed with a view to maximising their value through eventual sale or orderly wind-down (this can be used together with another resolution tool only); and (iv) bail-in, which gives resolution authorities the power to write down certain claims of unsecured creditors of a failing institution and to convert certain unsecured debt claims to equity.

The BRRD also provides for a Member State as a last resort, after having assessed and exploited the above resolution tools to the maximum extent possible whilst maintaining financial stability, to be able to provide extraordinary public financial support through additional financial stabilisation tools. These consist of the public equity support and temporary public ownership tools. Any such extraordinary financial support must be provided in accordance with the EU state aid framework.

The BRRD applies, *inter alia*, to (i) credit institutions, (ii) investment firms, and (iii) financial institutions that are established in the European Union when the financial institution is a subsidiary of a credit institution or investment firm and is covered by the supervision of the parent undertaking on a consolidated basis.

The BRRD provides that it shall be applied by Member States from 1 January 2015, except for the general bail-in tool which is to be applied from 1 January 2016. The BRRD has been implemented in Italy through the adoption of two Legislative Decrees by the Italian Government, namely, Legislative Decrees no. 180/2015 and 181/2015 (together, the “**BRRD Decrees**”), both of which were published in the Italian Official Gazette (*Gazzetta Ufficiale*) on 16 November 2015. Legislative Decree no. 180/2015 is a stand-alone law which implements the provisions of BRRD relating to resolution actions, while Legislative Decree no. 181/2015 amends the existing Banking Act and deals principally with recovery plans, early intervention and changes to the creditor hierarchy. The BRRD Decrees entered into force on the date of publication on the Italian Official Gazette (i.e. 16 November 2015), save that: (i) the general bail-in tool applied from 1 January

2016; and (ii) a “depositor preference” granted for deposits other than those protected by the deposit guarantee scheme and excess deposits of individuals and SME’s will apply from 1 January 2019.

The BRRD may apply to some parties to the Transaction Documents. It should thus be noted that the powers set out in the BRRD may impact how credit institutions and investment firms are managed as well as, in certain circumstances, the rights of creditors. As the BRRD has only recently been implemented in Italy and other Member States, there is material uncertainty as to the effects of any application of it in practice.

### **Volcker Rule may restrict the ability of relevant individual prospective purchaser to invest in the Notes**

The Issuer is being structured so as not to constitute a “covered fund” for purposes of the regulations adopted to implement Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Act (such statutory provision together with such implementing regulations, the “**Volcker Rule**”).

The Volcker Rule generally prohibits “banking entities” broadly defined to include U.S. banks, bank holding companies and foreign banking organisations, together with their respective subsidiaries and other affiliates) from (i) engaging in proprietary trading in financial instruments, (ii) acquiring or retaining any “ownership interest” in, or in “sponsoring” a “covered fund” and (iii) entering into certain transactions with such funds subject to certain exemptions and exclusions.

An “ownership interest” is defined widely and may arise through a holder’s exposure to the profits and losses of the “covered fund”, as well as through certain rights of the holder to participate in the selection or removal of an investment advisor, investment manager, or general partner, trustee, or member of the board of directors of the “covered fund”. A “covered fund” is defined widely, and includes any issuer which would be an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “**ICA**”) but is exempt from registration solely in reliance on section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of that Act, subject to certain exemptions found in the Volcker Rule’s implementing regulations.

Not all investment vehicles or funds, however, fall within the definition of a “covered fund” for the purposes of the Volcker Rule. For example, for most non-U.S. banking entities, a non-U.S. issuer that offers its securities only to non-U.S. persons may be considered not to be a “covered fund. Additionally, the Issuer should not be a “covered fund” for the purposes of the regulations adopted to implement Section 619 of the Volcker Rule, and also should be able to rely on an exemption from the definition of investment company under Section 3(c)(5)(A) of the Investment Company Act, although there may be additional exclusions or exemptions available to the Issuer. However, if the Issuer is deemed to be a “covered fund”, the provisions of the Volcker Rule and its related regulatory provisions, will severely limit the ability of “banking entities” to hold an “ownership interest” in the Issuer or enter into certain credit related financial transactions with the Issuer and this could adversely impact the ability of the banking entity to enter into new transactions with the Issuer and may require amendments to certain existing transactions and arrangements. “Ownership interest” is defined to include, among other things, interests arising through a holder’s exposure to profits and losses in the covered fund or through any right of the holder to participate in the selection of an investment manager or advisor or the board of directors of such covered fund.

The Volcker Rule and any similar measures introduced in another relevant jurisdiction may restrict the ability of relevant individual prospective purchasers to invest in the Notes and, in addition, may have a negative impact on the price and liquidity of the Notes in the secondary market. There is limited interpretive guidance regarding the Volcker Rule, and implementation of the regulatory framework for the Volcker Rule is still evolving. The Volcker Rule’s prohibitions and lack of interpretive guidance could negatively impact the liquidity and value of the Notes. Any entity that is a “banking entity” as defined under the Volcker Rule and is considering an investment in “ownership interests” of the Issuer should consult its own legal advisors and consider the potential impact of the Volcker Rule in respect of such investment and on its portfolio generally. Each

investor must determine for itself whether it is a “banking entity” subject to regulation under the Volcker Rule. If investment by “banking entities” in the Notes of any Class is prohibited or restricted by the Volcker Rule, this could impair the marketability and liquidity of such Notes. None of the Issuer, the Sole Arranger, the Subscriber or any other party to the Transaction Documents makes any representation regarding (i) the status of the Issuer under the Volcker Rule or (ii) the ability of any purchaser to acquire or hold the Notes, now or at any time in the future.

### **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 3: RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE UNDERLYING ASSETS**

#### **Performance of the Aggregate Portfolio**

The Initial Portfolio comprises, and each Subsequent Portfolio will comprise, Claims deriving from Loans classified as performing (*crediti in bonis*) by the Seller in accordance with the Bank of Italy’s guidelines as at the relevant Valuation Date. For further details, see the section entitled “*The Aggregate Portfolio*”. There can be no guarantee that (i) the Debtors will not default under such Loans or that they will continue to perform thereunder; (ii) the Employer and/or Pension Entity will continue to perform under the Salary Assignments and the Delegations of Payment; or (iii) the Insurance Companies will perform their obligations under the Insurance Policies. It should be noted that adverse changes in economic conditions may affect the ability of the Debtors to repay the Loans.

The recovery of overdue amounts in respect of the Loans will be affected by the length of enforcement proceedings in respect of the Loans, which in the Republic of Italy can take a considerable amount of time depending on the type of action required and where such action is taken. Factors which can have a significant effect on the length of the proceedings include the following: (i) certain courts may take longer than the national average to enforce the Loans and (ii) more time will be required for the proceedings if it is necessary first to obtain a payment injunction (*decreto ingiuntivo*) or if any Debtor raises a defence or counterclaim to the proceedings.

#### **Recoveries under the Loans**

Following default by a Debtor under a Loan, the Servicer will be required to take steps to recover the sums due under the Loan in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement. In principle, the Loan’s contracts provide that, if a Claim qualifies as an Arrear Claim, the Seller is entitled to take steps to terminate its agreement with the relevant Debtor under the Loan and to require immediate repayment of all amounts advanced and/or due under the relevant Loan in accordance with its terms. For further details, see the sections entitled “*Description of the Servicing Agreement*” and “*The Credit and Collection Policies*” below.

The Servicer may take steps to recover the deficiency from any Debtor. Such steps could include an out-of-court settlement; however, legal proceedings may be taken against the relevant Debtor if the Servicer is of the view that the potential recovery would exceed the costs of the enforcement measures. In such event, due to the complexity of and the time involved in carrying out legal or insolvency proceedings against the Debtor and the possibility for challenges, defences and appeals by the Debtor, there can be no assurance that any such proceedings would result in the payment in full of outstanding amounts under the relevant Loan.

In the Republic of Italy, a lender which has received a judgment against a debtor in default may enforce the judgment through a forced sale of the debtor’s (or guarantor’s) goods (*pignoramento mobiliare*) or real estate assets (*pignoramento immobiliare*), if the lender has previously been granted a court order or injunction to pay amounts in respect of any outstanding debt or unperformed obligation.

Forced sale proceedings are directed against the debtor’s properties following notification of an *atto di precetto* to the relevant debtor together with a *titolo esecutivo*, i.e. an instrument evidencing the nature of the claims and having certain characteristics.

The average length of time for a forced sale of a debtor's goods, from the court order or injunction of payment to the final sharing-out, is about three years. The average length of time for a forced sale of a debtor's real estate asset, from the court order or injunction of payment to the final sharing-out, is between six and seven years. In the medium-sized central and northern Italian cities it can be significantly less, whereas in major cities or in southern Italy the duration of the procedure can significantly exceed the average.

Attachment proceedings may also be commenced on due and payable claims of a borrower (such as bank accounts, salary, etc.) or on a borrower's moveable property which is located on a third party's premises.

### **Delegations of Payment and bankruptcy of the Servicer**

The Delegations of Payment relating to the Aggregate Portfolio have been issued in favour of the Seller. Upon occurrence of any of the circumstances indicated in the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer shall be substituted. Such substitution could give rise to the termination of the relevant Delegations of Payment. As a result, in order for the Issuer to be entitled to receive the relevant quotas of the wages or salaries from the Employers of the relevant Debtors in discharge of the payment obligations under the Claims, it would be necessary that (i) the Debtors issue new Delegations of Payment in favour of the Issuer or the successor Servicer and (ii) the Employers accept such new Delegations of Payment, subject to the requirements and limits provided for by general law provisions and by the applicable Circulars of the Minister of Treasury. In this respect, it has to be noted that the Debtors and the Employers are under no obligation to execute a new Delegations of Payment and accept it, respectively.

### **Italian consumer protection legislation**

The Initial Portfolio comprises, and each Subsequent Portfolio will comprise, Claims deriving from Loans qualifying as consumer loans, i.e. loans extended to individuals (the "consumers") acting outside the scope of their entrepreneurial, commercial, craft or professional activities.

In Italy, consumer loans are regulated by, *inter alia*: (a) articles 121 to 126 of the Banking Act and (b) regulation of the Bank of Italy dated 29 July 2009, entitled "*Trasparenza delle operazioni e dei servizi bancari e finanziari. Correttezza delle relazioni tra intermediari e clienti*" (as amended from time to time, the "**Transparency Regulation**"). Under the current legislation, consumer loans are only those granted for amounts respectively lower and higher than the maximum and minimum levels set by sub-section 1 of article 122 of the Banking Act, such levels being currently set at € 75,000 and € 200, respectively.

The following risks, *inter alia*, could arise in relation to a consumer loan contract:

- (i) pursuant to sub-sections 1 and 2 of article 125-*quinquies* of the Banking Act, borrowers under consumer loan contracts linked to supply contracts have the right to terminate the relevant contract with the lender following a default by the supplier, *provided that* (i) they have previously and unsuccessfully made the *costituzione in mora* of the supplier and (ii) such default meets the conditions set out in article 1455 of the Italian Civil Code. In the case of termination of the consumer loan contract, the lender must reimburse all instalments and sums paid by the consumer. However, the lender has the right to claim these payments from the relevant defaulting supplier. Pursuant to sub-section 4 of article 125-*quinquies* of the Banking Act, borrowers are entitled to exercise against the assignee of any lender under such consumer loan contracts any of the defences mentioned under sub-sections 1 to 3 of the same article, which they had against the original lender;
- (ii) pursuant to sub-section 1 of article 125-*sexies* of the Banking Act, borrowers under consumer loan contracts have the right to prepay any consumer loan without penalty and with the additional right to a *pro rata* reduction in the aggregate costs and interests of the loan. It should, however, be noted that, in the event of prepayment by the borrower, the lender, under certain circumstances, is entitled to a compensation equal to 1% of the

prepaid amount of the consumer loan if the residual duration of the consumer loan is longer than one year, and equal to 0.5% of the same amount, if shorter; in any case, no prepayment penalty shall be due:

- (a) if the repayment has been made under an insurance contract intended to provide a credit repayment guarantee; or
  - (b) in the case of overdraft facilities; or
  - (c) if the repayment falls within a period for which the borrowing rate is not a fixed rate; or
  - (d) the prepaid sum is equal to the total outstanding amount of the relevant consumer loan and is equal or less than €10,000;
- (iii) pursuant to article 125-sexies, paragraph 1, of the Banking Act, borrowers under consumer loan contracts have the right to prepay any consumer loan without penalty and with the additional right to a *pro rata* reduction in the aggregate costs and interest of the loan. It should, however, be noted that, in the event of prepayment by the borrower, the lender, under certain circumstances, is entitled to a compensation equal to 1 per cent. of the prepaid amount of the consumer loan if the residual duration of the consumer loan is longer than one year, or equal to 0.5 per cent. of the same amount, if shorter; in any case, no prepayment penalty shall be due (i) if the repayment has been made under an insurance contract intended to provide a credit repayment guarantee; or (ii) in the case of overdraft facilities; or (iii) if the repayment falls within a period for which the borrowing rate is not a fixed rate; or (iv) if the prepaid sum is equal to the total outstanding amount of the relevant consumer loan and is equal to or less than Euro 10,000. The provisions of article 125-sexies of the Banking Act have been recently amended by Law Decree no. 73 of 25 May 2021, as converted into Law no. 106 of 23 July 2021 (the so-called “**Sostegni-bis Decree**”). Pursuant to the Sostegni-bis Decree, the consumer loan agreements shall clearly indicate the criteria applicable for such interest and cost reduction, being a linear proportional reduction or a reduction based on the loan amortised cost. Unless otherwise specified in the relevant consumer loan agreement, a reduction based on the loan amortised cost would apply. Save for any different agreement between the lenders and the relevant credit intermediaries, the lenders would have a recourse against such credit intermediaries for the recovery of an amount equivalent to the portion of the credit intermediaries’ fees reimbursed to the borrowers as a result of the prepayment. The amendments to article 125-sexies of the Banking Act introduced by the Sostegni-bis Decree would apply to the consumer loan agreements executed after the entry into force of conversion law. Any prepayment relating to consumer loan agreements entered into prior to such date would continue to be governed by the previous provisions of article 125-sexies of the Banking Act, as well as by the Bank of Italy’s regulations applicable at the time of the relevant prepayment. In order to mitigate such risk of set-off, the Initial Portfolio has been selected, and each Subsequent Portfolio will be selected, on the basis of the relevant Eligibility Criteria. Under such Eligibility Criteria, the Claims included in the Initial Portfolio and in each Subsequent Portfolio may not include claims that - as of the relevant Valuation Date - arise from loans granted to borrowers that have any type of account opened with the Seller. Furthermore, under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has given certain representations and warranties and undertaken certain indemnity obligations aimed at addressing and protecting the Issuer from such set-off risk. For further details, see the section entitled “*Description of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement*”. Moreover, following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, the risk of any shortfall due to the exercise of set-off rights by the Debtors against the Seller’s and the latter’s inability to comply with the aforementioned indemnity obligations provided for by the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement is further mitigated by the Set-Off Reserve to be created in the Set-Off Reserve Account. For further details, see the section entitled “*The Accounts*”; and

- (iv) pursuant to sub-section 2 of article 125-*septies* of the Banking Act, there is no obligation to inform the consumer of the assignment of the rights of the lender under a consumer loan contract when the original lender maintains the servicing of the relevant claims. In addition, the Transparency Regulation provides that notices of assignment shall be made in accordance with, respectively, article 58 of the Banking Act with respect to the assignment of claims to be carried out in accordance with article 58 of the Banking Act and article 4 of the Securitisation Law with respect to the securitisation transaction of claims. Prior notice of the purchase of the Claims under the Master Transfer Agreement was not, and will not be, given to the Debtors as the Seller will continue to service the relevant Claims and the Debtors' payment procedure will not be subject to change. Since no individual notice of the assignment of the Claims to the Issuer is being given there is a risk that Debtors who qualify as a "consumer" pursuant to the Banking Act could raise a defence in any enforcement action taken by the Issuer in respect of the relevant Loans qualifying as "consumer loans" extended to them that the assignment of the Claims cannot be enforced against them if the Seller does not continue to service the relevant Claims and the Debtors' payment procedure are subject to change, until they receive formal notice of the assignment.

The Loans, being disbursed to Debtors qualifying as a "consumer" pursuant to the Banking Act, are regulated, *inter alia*, by article 1469 *bis* of the Italian Civil Code and by the legislative decree 6 September 2005, No. 206 ("*Codice del consumo, a norma dell'articolo 7 della legge 29 luglio 2003, n. 229*") (the "**Consumer Code**"), which implement EC Directive 93/13/CEE on unfair terms in consumer contracts, and provide that any clause in a consumer contract which contains a material imbalance between the rights and obligations of the consumer under the contract, is deemed to be unfair and is not enforceable against the consumer whether or not the consumer's counterparty acted in good faith.

Article 33 of the Consumer Code identifies clauses which, if included in consumer contracts, are deemed to be *prima facie* unfair but which are binding on the consumer if it can be shown that such clauses were actually individually negotiated or that they can be considered fair in the circumstances of the relevant consumer contract. Such clauses include, *inter alia*, clauses which give the right to the non-consumer contracting party (the "**Supplier**") to (a) terminate the contract without reasonable cause (*giusta causa*) or (b) modify the conditions of the contract without a valid reason (*giustificato motivo*) previously stated in such contract. However, with regard to financial contracts, if there is a valid reason, the Supplier is empowered to modify the economic terms subject to prior notice to the consumer. In this case, the consumer has the right to terminate the contract.

Pursuant to article 36 of the Consumer Code, the following clauses, *inter alia*, are considered null and void as a matter of law and are not enforceable: (a) any clause which has the effect of excluding or limiting the remedies of the consumers in case of total or partial failure by the Suppliers to perform their obligations under the consumer contract; and (b) any clause which has the effect of making the consumer parties bound by clauses they have not had any opportunity to consider and evaluate before entering into the consumer contract.

Santander Consumer Bank has represented and warranted in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement that the Loans comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

### **Servicing of the Aggregate Portfolio**

The Initial Portfolio has been, and each Subsequent Portfolio will be, serviced by the Servicer starting from the relevant Transfer Date pursuant to the Servicing Agreement. Previously, each Portfolio was or will have been (as the case may be) always serviced by Santander Consumer Bank as owner of the such Portfolio. The net cash flows deriving from the Aggregate Portfolio may be affected by decisions made, actions taken and collection procedures adopted by the Servicer pursuant to the provisions of the Servicing Agreement.

The Servicer has undertaken to prepare and submit to the Issuer periodic reports in the form set out in the Servicing Agreement, containing information as to, *inter alia*, the Collections made in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

### **Claw-back of the sales of the Receivables**

Assignments of receivables made under the Securitisation Law are subject to claw-back (*revocatoria fallimentare*) (i) pursuant to article 67, paragraph 1, of the Italian Bankruptcy Law, if the adjudication of bankruptcy of the relevant seller is made within 6 (six) months from the purchase of the relevant portfolio of receivables, provided that the purchase price of the receivables exceeds the value of the receivables for more than 25 (twenty-five) per cent. and the issuer is not able to demonstrate that it was not aware of the insolvency of the seller, or (ii) pursuant to article 67, paragraph 2, of the Italian Bankruptcy Law, if the adjudication of bankruptcy of the relevant seller is made within 3 (three) months from the purchase of the relevant portfolio of receivables, provided that the purchase price of the receivables does not exceed the value of the receivables for more than 25 (twenty-five) per cent. and the insolvency receiver of the seller is able to demonstrate that the Issuer was aware of the insolvency of the seller.

Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller, in respect of the Initial Portfolio, has provided or, in respect of each Subsequent Portfolio, will provide the Issuer with (i) a solvency certificate signed by an authorised officer of the Seller; and (ii) a good standing certificate issued by the competent companies' register (*certificato di iscrizione nella sezione ordinaria della Camera di Commercio, Industria, Artigianato ed Agricoltura*) stating that the Seller is not subject to any insolvency proceeding. Furthermore, under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has represented that it was solvent as at the date thereof and such representation shall be deemed to be repeated on the Issue Date (with respect to the Initial Portfolio) and, in relation to each Subsequent Portfolio, as at each relevant Offer Date, as at each relevant Transfer Date as well as each date on which the Purchase Price for the relevant Subsequent Portfolio is paid.

In addition, in case of repurchase by the Seller of the Aggregate Portfolio in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement, or disposal of the Aggregate Portfolio following the service of a Trigger Notice or in case of redemption of the Notes in accordance with Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*) and Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), the payment of the relevant purchase price may be subject to claw-back pursuant to article 67, paragraph 1 or 2, of the Italian civil code. Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller shall provide the Issuer with (i) a solvency certificate (*certificato di iscrizione nella sezione ordinaria*) signed by a director or other authorised officer of the Seller; and (ii) a good standing certificate issued by the competent companies' register (*certificato di iscrizione nella sezione ordinaria della Camera di Commercio, Industria, Artigianato ed Agricoltura*) and dated not more than 30 (thirty) Business Days prior to the date of payment of the relevant repurchase price.

### **Claw-back of other payments made to the Issuer**

According to article 4, paragraph 3, of the Securitisation Law, payments made by a Debtor to the Issuer are not subject to any claw-back (*revocatoria fallimentare*) according to article 67 of the Italian Bankruptcy Law, nor to any declaration of ineffectiveness (*declaratoria di inefficacia*) pursuant to article 65 of the Italian Bankruptcy Law.

Save for what described above, all other payments made to the Issuer by any party to the Transaction Documents in the 1 (one) year or 6 (six) month suspect period, as applicable, prior to the date on which such party has been declared bankrupt or has been admitted to compulsory liquidation, may be subject to claw-back (*revocatoria fallimentare*) according to article 67 of the Italian Bankruptcy Law (or any equivalent rules under the applicable jurisdiction of incorporation of such party). In case of application of article 67, paragraph 1, of the Italian Bankruptcy Law, the relevant payment will be set aside and clawed back if the Issuer does not give evidence that it did not have knowledge of the state of insolvency of the relevant party when the payments were

made, whereas, in case of application of article 67, paragraph 2, of the Italian Bankruptcy Law, the relevant payment will be set aside and clawed back if the receiver gives evidence that the Issuer had knowledge of the state of insolvency of the relevant party. The question as to whether or not the Issuer had actual or constructive knowledge of the state of insolvency at the time of the payment is a question of fact with respect to which a court in its discretion may consider all relevant circumstances.

#### **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 4: RISKS RELATED TO OTHER LEGAL CONCERNS**

##### **Italian Usury Law**

Italian Law No. 108 of 7 March 1996 (as amended and supplemented from time to time, the “**Usury Law**”) introduced legislation preventing lenders from applying interest rates equal to or higher than the threshold rates - *tassi soglia* - (the “**Usury Rates**”) set every three months by a decree issued by the Italian Treasury (the latest of these decrees having been entered into in force on 1 April 2022 and being applicable for the quarterly period from April 2022 to June 2022).

In addition, even where the applicable Usury Rates are not exceeded, interest and other advantages and/or remuneration may be held to be usurious if: (a) they are disproportionate to the amount lent (taking into account the specific circumstances of the transaction and the average rate usually applied for similar transactions) and (b) the person who paid or agreed to pay was in financial and economic difficulties. The provision of usurious interest, advantages or remuneration has the same consequences as non-compliance with the Usury Rates.

In some judgements issued during 2000, the Italian Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*) ruled that the Usury Law applied both to loans advanced prior to and after the entry into force of the Usury Law. Moreover, according to a certain interpretation of the Usury Law (which was generally considered, in the Italian legal community, to have been accepted in the above mentioned rulings of the *Corte di Cassazione*), if at any point in time the rate of interest payable on a loan (including a loan entered into before the entry into force of the Usury Law which, when entered into, was in compliance with the Usury Law) exceeded the then applicable Usury Rate, the contractual provision providing for the debtor’s obligation to pay interest on the relevant loan would become null and void in its entirety.

The Italian Government has intervened in this situation with Law Decree No. 394 of 29 December 2000 (the “**Usury Law Decree**”), converted into Law No. 24 by the Italian Parliament on 28 February 2001, which provides, *inter alia*, that interest is to be deemed usurious only if the interest rate agreed by the parties exceeds the Usury Rate applicable at the time the relevant agreement is reached, regardless of the time at which interest is repaid by the borrower. However, it should be noted that few commentators and some lower court decisions have held that, irrespective of the principle set out in the Usury Law Decree, if an interest originally agreed at a rate falling below the then applicable usury limit were, at a later date, to exceed the usury limit from time to time in force, such interest should nonetheless be reduced to the then applicable usury limit. Such opinion seems confirmed by the Italian Supreme Court, who recently stated (Cass. Sez. I, 11 January 2013, No. 602 and Cass. Sez. I, 11 January 2013, No. 603) that a reduction of the interest rate to the Usury Rates applicable from time to time, shall automatically apply.

The Usury Law Decree has also provided that, as an extraordinary measure due to the exceptional fall in interest rates in the years 1998 and 1999, interest rates due on instalments payable after 2 January 2001 on loans already entered into on the date on which the Usury Law Decree came into force (namely 31 December 2000) are to be substituted with a lower interest rate fixed in accordance with parameters fixed by the Usury Law Decree. The validity of the Usury Law Decree has been challenged before the Italian Constitutional Court by certain consumers’ associations claiming that the Usury Law Decree does not comply with the principles set out in the Italian Constitution.

By decision No. 29 of 14 February 2002, the Italian Constitutional Court has stated, *inter alia*, that the Usury Law Decree complies with the principles set out in the Italian Constitution except for

such provisions of the Usury Law Decree providing that the interest rates due on instalments payable after 2 January 2001 on loans are to be substituted with lower interest rates fixed in accordance with the Usury Law Decree. By such decision the Italian Constitutional Court has established that the lower interest rates fixed in accordance with the Usury Law Decree are to be substituted on instalments payable from the date on which such Decree came into force (31 December 2000) and not on instalments payable after 2 January 2001.

The Italian Supreme Court, under decision no. 350/2013, as recently confirmed by decision no. 23192/17, has clarified that the default interest rates are relevant and must be taken into account when calculating the aggregate remuneration of any given financing for the purposes of determining its compliance with the applicable Usury Rates. Such interpretation is in contradiction with the current methodology for determining the Usury Rates, considering that the relevant surveys aimed at calculating the applicable average rate never took into account the default interest rates.

Prospective Noteholders should note that whilst Santander Consumer Bank has undertaken in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement to indemnify the Issuer in respect of any damages, losses, claims, costs and expenses that may be incurred by the Issuer in connection with any loss or reduction in any interest accrued on the relevant Loan as a result of the application of the Usury Law or of the Usury Law Decree, the ability of the Issuer to maintain scheduled payments of interest and principal on the Rated Notes may be adversely affected as a result of a Loan being found to be in contravention with the Usury Law, thus allowing the relevant Debtor to claim relief on any interest previously paid and obliging the Issuer in the future to accept a reduced rate of interest, or potentially no interest, payable on such Loan.

The Seller has represented in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement that the interest rates applicable under the Loan Agreements are in compliance with the then applicable Usury Rate.

### **Settlement of the crisis (*sovraindebitamento*) pursuant to Law No. 3 of 27 January 2012**

Following the enactment of Law No. 3 of 27 January 2012, as amended from time to time ("**Law No. 3**"), a debtor who is neither subject nor eligible to be subject to ordinary insolvency proceedings in accordance with the Bankruptcy Law is entitled to enter into a restructuring arrangement with his/her creditors.

Law No. 3 applies to debtors who are not eligible to be adjudicated bankrupt under the Bankruptcy Law and who are in a state of over indebtedness, being a situation where there is a continuing imbalance between the debtor's obligations and his/her highly liquid assets which causes a considerable difficulty in fulfilling his/her obligations, or a definitive incapacity to duly perform his/her obligations. In addition, Law No. 3 also contemplates a specific type of restructuring procedure and restructuring plan for consumers.

A debtor in a state of over indebtedness is entitled to submit to his/her creditors, with the assistance of a competent body (*O.C.C. - Organismo per la Composizione della Crisi*), a draft restructuring arrangement which shall ensure, *inter alia*, the regular payment of creditors having certain claims which cannot be attached (*impignorabili*) in accordance with article 545 of the Italian Civil Code.

Such draft restructuring arrangement will set out, among others, the revised terms for payments due to the creditors, the security interests which may be created to secure such payments and the conditions for the dismissal of the debtor's assets. If the debtor's assets and income are not sufficient to ensure the implementation of the draft restructuring arrangement, the debtor's obligations under the draft restructuring arrangement must be endorsed by one or more third parties who undertake to provide, also by way of security, additional assets or income.

Subject to certain conditions, the draft restructuring arrangement can provide for a (up to a one-year period) moratorium on payments due to creditors benefiting from pledges, mortgages or privileges, except in the case that the draft restructuring arrangement provide for the liquidation

of the assets subject to security.

Upon filing of the draft restructuring arrangement and the supporting documents with the competent court, the judge appointed for the procedure is entitled to order an hearing to the extent that the relevant arrangement meets the requirements provided for by the applicable law. The draft restructuring arrangement and the court decision need to be published and notified to the creditors. During the hearing, the judge may award an automatic stay up to the certification (*omologazione*) with respect to the enforcement actions over the assets of the relevant debtor. The automatic stay however will not apply to those creditors having title to receivables which cannot be attached.

A favourable vote of creditors representing at least 60% of the relevant claims is required for the approval of the draft restructuring arrangement (the silence of creditors being considered as a consent to the proposed draft).

Once the draft restructuring arrangement is approved, the competent body shall deliver to all creditors a report on the approval procedure attaching the restructuring arrangement and the relevant creditors may challenge such arrangement within 10 days of receipt of such report.

Upon expiry of such term the competent body will deliver the relevant report (including any challenge received and a feasibility assessment of the draft restructuring arrangement) to the competent judge who will be entitled, subject to appropriate final verification, to certify the restructuring arrangement.

Differently from the restructuring arrangement, the restructuring plan which can be proposed by the consumer (Articles 12-*bis* and 12-*ter* of Law No. 3) is not submitted to the approval of the creditors but only to the competent Court which shall evaluate the feasibility and suitability of the plan, also taking into account the consumer conduct.

The competent body will be in charge to supervise the due performance of the obligations arising from the relevant restructuring arrangement. Such arrangement, however, remains subject to termination or may be declared null and void in specific circumstances provided for by applicable law.

It is worth noting that such new legislation provides also for a liquidation procedure alternative to the restructuring arrangement: the judge appointed for the procedure is entitled to appoint a liquidator and to award an automatic stay up to the closing of the procedure with respect to the enforcement actions over the assets of the relevant debtor. The liquidator has the administration of the assets of the debtor, and has the task of determining the profits and losses of the latter. In case of disputes in respect of this determination, the judge is entitled to settle them. Following the closing of the procedure, and subject to certain conditions, the debtor is entitled to obtain the cancellation of the remaining debts (*esdebitazione*).

Should any Debtor enter into a proceeding set out by Law No. 3, the Issuer could be subject to the risk of having the payments due by the relevant Debtor suspended or part of its debts released. Such circumstance may adversely and materially affect the ability of the Servicer to recover the overdue amounts in respect of the Claims owed by such Debtor. However, given the recent enactment of this new legislation, the impact thereof on the cash-flows deriving from the Portfolio and, as a consequence, on the amortisation of the Notes may not be predicted as at the date of this Prospectus.

### **Compounding of Interest (*Anatocismo*)**

According to article 1283 of the Italian Civil Code, in respect of a monetary claim or receivable, accrued interest can be capitalised after a period of not less than six months *provided that* the capitalisation has been agreed after the date on which it has become due and payable or from the date when the relevant legal proceedings are commenced in respect of that monetary claim

or receivable. According to article 1283 of the Italian Civil Code, such provision may be derogated from only in the event that there are recognised customary practices (*usi*) to the contrary. Traditionally, capitalisation of interest (including the capitalisation of interest on bonds and other debt instruments) in Italy is a common market practice on the grounds that such practice should be characterised as a customary rule (*uso normativo*). According to certain judgements from Italian Supreme Court (*Corte di Cassazione*) (including judgements No. 2374/1999, No. 2593/2003 and No. 21095/2004 as recently confirmed by judgment No. 24418/2010 of the same Court), such practice has been re-characterised as an agreed clause (*uso negoziale*) and as such, has been deemed not to permit derogation from the aforementioned provisions of the Italian Civil Code.

In this respect, it should be noted that article 25, paragraph 3, of Legislative Decree No. 342 of 4 August 1999 (“**Law No. 342**”) enacted by the Italian Government under a delegation granted pursuant to Law No. 142 of 19 February 1992 (the “**Legge Delega**”) has considered the capitalisation of accrued interest (*anatocismo*) made by banks prior to the date on which it came into force (19 October 1999) to be valid. After such date, the capitalisation of accrued interest will still be possible upon the terms established by a resolution of the Interministerial Committee of Credit and Saving (C.I.C.R.) dated 9 February 2000 and published on 22 February 2000. Law No. 342 was challenged, however, before the Italian Constitutional Court on the grounds that it falls outside the scope of the legislative powers delegated under the Legge Delega. By decision No. 425 dated 9 October 2000, the Italian Constitutional Court declared as unconstitutional on these grounds such article 25, paragraph 3, of Law No. 342.

According to a ruling of the Tribunal of Bari dated 29 October 2008 the amortisation plans known as “French amortisation plans” (applied to certain type of loans in Italy) are not valid, being in breach of articles 1283 and 1284 of the Italian Civil Code. The rationale behind such ruling seems to be, *inter alia*, that the French amortisation plans would *per se* lead to apply to the relevant loan an interest rate higher than the interest rate contractually agreed between the lender and the borrower and, therefore, to increase the cost of the financing for the borrower. According to such ruling, banks which use in their loans the French amortisation plan would be in breach of article 1283 and 1284 as the relevant rate of interest and the cost of the financing would not be clearly indicated in the relevant loan agreement. As a result, the relevant contractual interest rate may be challenged by the relevant borrower and the legal interest rate may apply.

It should be noted that paragraph 2 of article 120 of the Banking Act, concerning compounding of interest accrued in the context of banking transactions, has been amended by article 17-bis of Law Decree no. 18 of 14 February 2016 (as converted into law by Law no. 49 of 8 April 2016), providing that interest (other than defaulted interest) shall not accrue on capitalised interest. Paragraph 2 of article 120 of the Banking Act also requires the Comitato Interministeriale per il Credito e il Risparmio (“**CICR**”) to establish the methods and criteria for the compounding of interest. Decree no. 343 of 3 August 2016 of the CICR, implementing paragraph 2 of article 120 of the Banking Act, has been published in the Official Gazette no. 212 of 10 September 2016. Given the absence of any jurisprudential interpretation, the impact of such new legislation may not be predicted as at the date of this Prospectus.

Prospective Noteholders should note that under the terms of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has represented that all the Loan Agreements have been executed and performed in compliance with all applicable laws, provisions and regulations including, *inter alia*, all the applicable banking laws and regulations, the Usury Law and the provisions of article 1283 of the Italian Civil Code.

## **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 5: RISK FACTORS RELATED TO TAX MATTERS**

### **Tax treatment of the Issuer is based on the current interpretation of the Securitisation Law**

Taxable income of the Issuer is determined in accordance with Italian Presidential Decree no. 917 of 22 December 1986. Pursuant to the regulations issued by the Bank of Italy on 15 December 2015 (the “**2015 Bank of Italy Provision**”) (*Istruzioni per la redazione dei bilanci e dei rendiconti*

*degli Intermediari finanziari, degli Istituti di pagamento, degli Istituti di Moneta Elettronica, delle SGR e delle SIM*), the assets, liabilities, costs and revenues of the Issuer in relation to the securitisation of the Receivables will be treated as off-balance sheet assets, liabilities, costs and revenues. As of 2016 the Bank of Italy has issued new regulations, as amended from time to time (*Il bilancio degli intermediari IFRS diversi dagli intermediari bancari*) in which all the references to the special purpose vehicles incorporated for the purposes of carrying out securitisation transactions have been deleted in accordance with a general principle that special purpose vehicles should not be subject to regulatory supervision. In the lack of any specific accounting provisions and any clarification by the Bank of Italy, the market operators have nonetheless continued applying the 2015 Bank of Italy Provision, treating the assets, liabilities, costs and revenues of special purpose vehicles incorporated pursuant to the Securitisation Law as off-balance sheet items.

Based on the general rules applicable to the calculation of net taxable income of a company, such taxable income should be calculated on the basis of the accounting, i.e. on-balance sheet, earnings, subject to such adjustments as specifically provided for by applicable income tax rules and regulations. On this basis, no taxable income should accrue to the Issuer in the context of the transfer to the Issuer of the relevant Portfolio and the Securitisation. This opinion has been expressed by scholars and tax specialists and has been confirmed by the tax authority (Circular no. 8/E issued by *Agenzia delle Entrate per la Lombardia* on 6 February 2003, Ruling no. 222 of 5 December 2003 Ruling no. 77/E of 4 August 2010 and Ruling No. 132 of March 2, 2021) on the grounds that the net proceeds generated by the Receivables may not be considered as legally available to the Issuer - insofar as any and all amounts deriving from the underlying assets of each of the securitisations are specifically destined to satisfy the obligations of such Issuer to the holders of the notes issued in the context of each such securitisation, to the other creditors of the Issuer and certain third party creditors in respect of each such securitisation in compliance with applicable law.

It is, however, possible that the Ministry of Finance or another competent authority may issue further regulations, letters or rulings relating to the Securitisation Law which might alter or affect the tax position of the Issuer as described above in respect of all or certain of its revenues and/or items of income also through the non-deduction of costs and expenses.

As confirmed by the tax authority (Ruling no. 222 issued by *Agenzia delle Entrate* on 5 December 2003), the interest accrued on the accounts held in the name of the Issuer with the Account Bank will be subject to withholding tax on account of corporate income tax. As of the date of this Prospectus, such withholding tax is levied at the rate of 26 per cent. and is to be imposed at the time of payment.

The above constitutes a risk given that new regulations, letters or rulings relating to the Securitisation Law possibly issued by the Ministry of Finance and/or other competent authorities may affect the tax position of the Issuer and thus ultimately the operation of and/or the return expected on the transaction.

#### **No gross-up will be made by the Issuer in case withholding tax applies on the Notes**

Payments of interest under the Notes may in certain circumstances be subject to withholding for or on account of tax. For example, according to Decree 239, any non-Italian resident beneficial owner of an interest payment relating to the Notes who is (a) either not resident, for tax purposes, in a country which recognises the Italian fiscal authorities' right to an adequate exchange of information or (b), even if resident in a country which recognises the Italian fiscal authorities' right to an adequate exchange of information, does not timely comply with the requirements set forth in Decree 239 and the relevant application rules in order to benefit from the exemption from substitute tax will receive amounts of interest payable on the Notes net of Italian withholding tax or substitute tax. As at the date of this Prospectus such substitute tax is levied at the rate of 26 per cent., or such lower rate as may be applicable under the relevant double taxation treaty. For further details, see the section headed "*Taxation in the Republic of Italy*".

In the event that substitute tax is imposed in respect of payments to the Noteholders of amounts due pursuant to the Notes, the Issuer will not be obliged to gross-up or otherwise compensate the Noteholders for the lesser amounts the Noteholders will receive as a result of the imposition of substitute tax.

#### **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 6: OTHER RISKS**

##### **Risks connected with the political and economic decisions of EU and Euro-zone countries and the United Kingdom leaving the European Union (Brexit) may affect the performance of the Securitisation**

Concerns relating to credit risk (including that of sovereigns and of those entities which have exposure to sovereigns) persist, in particular with respect to current economic, monetary and political conditions in the Euro-zone. If such conditions further deteriorate (including as may be demonstrated by any relevant credit rating agency action, any default or restructuring of indebtedness by one or more states or institutions and/or any exit(s) by any member state(s) from the European Union and/or any changes to the Euro-zone), then these matters may cause further severe stress in the financial system generally and/or may adversely affect the Issuer, any of the other Transaction Parties and/or the Debtors.

Pursuant to a referendum held in June 2016, the UK has voted to leave the European Union (“EU”) and, on 29 March 2017, the UK Government invoked article 50 of the Lisbon Treaty and officially notified the European Union of its decision to withdraw from the European Union. This commenced the formal two-year process of negotiations regarding the terms of the withdrawal and the framework of the future relationship between the UK and the European Union (the “**Article 50 Withdrawal Agreement**”). On 31 January 2020 the UK and the European Union finalised and ratified the Article 50 Withdrawal Agreement. Part Four of the Article 50 Withdrawal Agreement provided for a transition period which ended on 31 December 2020. The UK left the EU on 31 January 2020 at 11pm, and the transition period has ended on 31 December 2020 at 11pm. As a result, the Treaty on the European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union have ceased to apply to the UK. The UK is also no longer part of the European Economic Area. The EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement (the “**Trade and Cooperation Agreement**”) which governs the relations between the EU and the UK following the end of the transition period and which had provisional application pending completion of ratification procedures, entered into force on 1 May 2021.

The European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020) and secondary legislation made under powers provided in this Act ensure that there is a functioning statute book in the UK. While the UK introduced a temporary permission regime to allow EEA firms to continue to do business in the UK for a limited period of time, once the passporting regime fell away, the majority of EEA states have not introduced similar transitional regimes. The Trade and Cooperation Agreement is only part of the overall package of agreements reached on 24 December 2020. Other supplementing agreements included a series of joint declarations on a range of important issues where further cooperation is foreseen, including financial services. The declarations state that the EU and the UK will discuss how to move forward with equivalence determinations in relation to financial services. It should be noted that even if equivalence arrangements for certain sectors of the financial services industry are agreed, market access is unlikely to be as comprehensive as the market access that the UK enjoyed through its EU membership.

The exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union, and the possibility that other European Union countries could hold similar referendums to the one held in the United Kingdom and/or call into question their membership of the European Union or prolonged periods of uncertainty connected to these eventualities could have significant negative impacts on global economic conditions and the stability of international financial markets. These could include further falls in equity markets, a further fall in the value of the pound and, more in general, increase in financial markets volatility, reduction of global markets liquidities. Should any of these circumstances occur, the performance of the Aggregate Portfolio may deteriorate and as result the amounts

payable under the Notes might be affected.

### **Covid-19 pandemic and possible similar future outbreaks may affect the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the Notes**

The Covid-19 outbreak has had, and continues to have, a material impact on businesses around the world and the economic environments in which they operate. There are a number of factors associated with the outbreak and its impact on global economies that could have a material adverse effect on (among other things) the profitability, valuation and/or marketability of the Notes. The Covid-19 outbreak has caused disruption to a number of jurisdictions, including Italy, which have implemented certain restrictions with a resultant significant impact on economic activity in those jurisdictions. These restrictions are being determined by the governments of individual jurisdictions (including through the implementation of emergency powers) and impacts (including the timing of implementation and any subsequent lifting of restrictions) may vary from time to time. It remains unclear how this will evolve through 2022 and thereafter and, therefore, a Noteholder bears the risk that the market price of the Notes falls as a result of the general development of the market or that the Issuer will not be able to satisfy its obligations under the Notes such that the Noteholder may bear a loss in respect of its initial investment.

### **Impact of Russia-Ukraine war**

The Russia-Ukraine war started in February 2022 with the attack and invasion of Ukraine by Russia. The extent of the consequences of this war with regard to energy price increases and inflation as a whole on the one hand and trade restrictions and sanctions on the other hand, but also counter-reactions and the duration of such a conflict are not foreseeable at this time. This conflict could have significant adverse effects on European economy, the inflation and the stability of international financial markets. Should any of these circumstances occur, the performance of the Aggregate Portfolio may deteriorate and, as result, the amounts payable under the Notes might be affected.

### **Change of Law may impact the Securitisation**

The structure of the Securitisation, the issue of the Notes and the ratings expected to be assigned to the Rated Notes on the Issue Date are based on Italian law, tax and administrative practice in effect at the date hereof, and having due regard to the expected tax treatment of all relevant entities under such law and practice.

No assurance can be given that Italian law, tax or administrative practice will not change after the Issue Date or that such change will not adversely impact the structure of the Securitisation and the treatment of the Notes.

### **Historical Information**

The historical financial and other information set out in the sections headed "*Santander Consumer Bank*", "*Credit and Collection Policies*" and "*The Aggregate Portfolio*", including in respect of the default rates, represents the historical experience of Santander Consumer Bank, which accepts responsibility for the fairness and accuracy of these sections. However, there can be no assurance that the future experience and performance of Santander Consumer Bank as Servicer will be similar to the experience shown in this Prospectus.

### **Political and economic developments in the Republic of Italy and in the European Union**

The performance of the Italian economy has a significant impact on Santander Consumer Bank as its activities are principally concentrated in the Republic of Italy. A severe or extended downturn in the Republic of Italy's economy would adversely affect the results of operations of the Seller and the financial condition of both the Debtors and the Seller which could in turn affect the ability of the latter to perform its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party.

## **Projections, forecasts and estimates**

Forward-looking statements, including estimates, any other projections, forecasts and estimates in this Prospectus, are necessarily speculative and subjective in nature and some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections may not materialise or may vary significantly from actual results.

Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Prospectus and are based on assumptions that may prove to be inaccurate. No one undertakes any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this Prospectus to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Prospectus.

## **CATEGORY OF RISK FACTORS 7: COMBINATION OF MULTIPLE RISK FACTORS**

### **Combination or “layering” of multiple risk factors may significantly increase risk of loss**

Although the various risks discussed in this Prospectus are generally described separately, prospective investors in the Notes should consider the potential effects of the interplay of multiple risk factors. Where more than one significant risk factor is present, the risk of loss to an investor may be significantly increased. There are many circumstances in which layering of multiple risks with respect to the Aggregate Portfolio and the Notes may magnify the effect of those risks.

*The Issuer believes that the risks described above are the principal risks inherent in the transaction for holders of the Rated Notes but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest or repay principal on the Rated Notes may occur for other reasons. While the various structural elements described in this Prospectus are intended to lessen some of these risks for holders of the Rated Notes, there can be no assurance that these measures will be sufficient or effective to ensure payment to the holders of the Rated Notes of interest or principal on such Rated Notes on a timely basis or at all.*

## THE AGGREGATE PORTFOLIO

### Introduction

The Aggregate Portfolio consists of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio purchased by the Issuer from the Seller pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement and in the Subsequent Portfolios to be purchased thereunder.

The Initial Portfolio, purchased by the Issuer from the Seller on the Initial Execution Date (with economic effects from the Initial Valuation Date, being 12.00 a.m. of 5 May 2022), comprised debt obligations owed by 12,701 Debtors, under 13,144 Loan Agreements. The Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio as at the Initial Valuation Date was € 246,670,982.54.

The Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio will be funded through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

During the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall purchase from the Seller, Subsequent Portfolios of Claims having substantially the same characteristics as the Loans comprised in the Initial Portfolio (save that, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the Seller may include in the Subsequent Portfolios offered for sale to the Issuer, subject to certain conditions, also Claims which have been originated by third parties (for further details, see the following section entitled “*Subsequent Portfolios including claims originated by other banks or entities*”). The Purchase Price of each Subsequent Portfolio will be funded through (i) the Issuer Available Funds available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and/or (ii) any Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on any Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, provided that the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio of Claims will be entirely funded through the Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent.

All the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arise and will arise out of the Loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank to certain Debtors classified as performing (*crediti in bonis*) by the Seller in accordance with the Bank of Italy’s guidelines as at the relevant Valuation Date. The Aggregate Portfolio will contain Salary Assignment Loans and Delegation of Payment Loans and the composition of the Aggregate Portfolio could vary during the Programme Period within certain limits provided for by the Transaction Documents (for further details, see the following paragraph entitled “*Other features of the Claims*” of this Section entitled “*The Aggregate Portfolio*”).

### Eligibility Criteria of the Initial Portfolio

All the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio assigned to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement arise out of Loans satisfying all the following Initial Criteria, as of the Initial Valuation Date (unless otherwise specified below):

- (a) loans governed by Italian law;
- (b) loans entered into and fully advanced by Santander Consumer Bank;
- (c) loans providing for the repayment of the relevant principal in several instalments determined at the relevant date of disbursement, payable on a monthly basis;
- (d) loans granted to borrowers which as at the execution date of the relevant loan agreement are individuals (*persone fisiche*) residing in Italy and were included in one of the following categories:
  - (i) employees, including temporary, of public administration and, in general, of

entities or companies provided for by Article 1 of Presidential Decree No. 180 of January 1950, as subsequently amended and supplemented, and subsequent measures (the “DPR 180”); or

- (ii) employees pursuant to Article 409, paragraph 3, of the code of civil procedure with entities and administrations referred to in Article 1, paragraph 1, of DPR 180; or
  - (iii) holders of pension benefits disbursed by public or private entities, for reasons of age or for other reasons pursuant to law, to those who ended their working activity, or due to disability, inability, survivor or other pension benefits;
- (e) loans granted and denominated in Euro;
  - (f) loans secured by insurance policies covering the death risk and/or the work-related risks of the relevant debtor;
  - (g) loans providing a fixed rate of interest;
  - (h) loans having at least one instalment, including a principal component and an interest component, which has already fallen due and been duly paid;
  - (i) loans having a principal outstanding amount which does not exceed € 90,340.48;
  - (j) loans having all their instalments falling due by 31 March 2032 or, if such date is not a Business Day, on the immediately following Business Day; and
  - (k) loans disbursed in the period between (and including) 1 September 2012 and (and including) 1 April 2022.

Among the claims deriving from loans satisfying all the criteria set out in paragraphs from (a) to (k) above, those which as at 5 May 2022 (except where otherwise specified) satisfied also at least one of the following criteria have not been assigned to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement:

- (a) loans having more than two instalments, even if not consecutively, that were overdue (meaning an instalment that fell due and was not fully paid on the due payment date and that remained unpaid for at least one calendar month as of such date);
- (b) loans which, following the execution of the relevant loan agreement, have had at any time simultaneously more than five, even if not consecutively, overdue instalments (meaning instalments that fell due and were not fully paid on the relevant due payment date and that remained unpaid for at least one calendar month as of that date);
- (c) loans requiring the specific consent of the borrower for the transfer of the relevant claims pursuant to the relevant loan agreement or other contractual documentation applicable;
- (d) facilitated loans or loans benefiting from financial contributions, related to principal and/or interest quota, of any kind according to any law, rule or regulation, granted by a third party to the relevant debtor; or
- (e) loans granted to borrowers that have any type of account opened with the Seller.

### **Eligibility Criteria of the Subsequent Portfolios**

#### Common Criteria of the Subsequent Portfolios

All the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio assigned to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement shall arise out of Loans satisfying all the following Common Criteria, as of the relevant Valuation Date (unless otherwise specified below):

- (a) loans governed by Italian law;
- (b) loans entered into and fully advanced by Santander Consumer Bank;
- (c) loans providing for the repayment of the relevant principal in several instalments determined at the relevant date of disbursement, payable on a monthly basis;
- (d) loans granted to debtors which are included in one of the following categories:
  - (i) employees, including temporary, of public administration and, in general, of entities or companies provided for by Article 1 of Presidential Decree No. 180 of January 1950, as subsequently amended and supplemented, and subsequent measures (the “DPR 180”); or
  - (ii) employees pursuant to Article 409, paragraph 3, of the code of civil procedure with entities and administrations referred to in Article 1, paragraph 1, of DPR 180; or
  - (iii) holders of pension benefits disbursed by public or private entities, for reasons of age or for other reasons pursuant to law, to those who ended their working activity, or due to disability, inability, survivor or other pension benefits.
- (e) loans granted to debtors which, as at the execution date of the relevant loan agreement, are individuals (*persone fisiche*) residing in Italy;
- (f) loans granted and denominated in Euros;
- (g) loans secured by insurance policies covering the death risk and/or the work-related risks of the relevant debtor;
- (h) loans providing a fixed rate of interest;
- (i) loans having at least one instalment, including a principal component and an interest component, which has already fallen due and been duly paid.

Among the claims deriving from loans satisfying all the criteria set out above, those arising from loans satisfying also at least one of the following criteria will not be assigned to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement:

- (a) loans having more than two instalments, even if not consecutively, that were overdue (meaning an instalment that fell due and was not fully paid on the due payment date and that remained unpaid for at least one calendar month as of such date);
- (b) loans which, following the execution of the relevant loan agreement, have had at any time simultaneously more than five, even if not consecutively, overdue instalments (meaning instalments that fell due and were not fully paid on the relevant due payment date and that remained unpaid for at least one calendar month as of that date);
- (c) loans requiring the specific consent of the debtor for the transfer of the relevant claims pursuant to the relevant loan agreement or other contractual documentation applicable;
- (d) facilitated loans or loans benefiting from financial contributions, related to principal and/or interest quota, of any kind according to any law, rule or regulation, granted by a third party to the relevant debtor; or
- (e) loans granted to borrowers that have any type of account opened with the Seller.

Specific Criteria of the Subsequent Portfolios

All the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio which will be assigned to the Issuer

pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement shall arise out of Loans satisfying also the following Specific Criteria, as of the relevant Valuation Date (unless otherwise specified below):

- (a) loans having a principal outstanding amount which does not exceed € - *number to be set out in the relevant offer to sell* -;
- (b) loans having all their instalments falling due by - *number to be set out in the relevant offer to sell and falling not later than 31 May 2034* - or, if such date is not a business day, on the immediately following business day;
- (c) loans disbursed in the period between (and including) - *number to be set out in the relevant offer to sell* - and (and including) - *number to be set out in the relevant offer to sell* -.

#### **Other features of the Claims**

The Seller has represented and warranted in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement that, as at the Initial Valuation Date:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans granted in favour of Debtors residing in Southern Italy is lower than 60% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (ii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans granted in favour of Debtors who are employees of private companies is lower than 25% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (iii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by CQPs is lower than 50% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (iv) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Delegations of Payment is lower than 20% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (v) the weighted average T.A.N. is higher than 5%;
- (vi) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignments or Delegations of Payment in respect of the Employer (other than a public Employer) or Pension Entity (other than INPS) having the highest aggregate debt exposure towards the Seller is lower than 2% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (vii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignments or Delegations of Payment in respect of the 5 Employers (other than public Employers) or Pension Entities (other than INPS) having the higher aggregate debt exposures towards the Seller is lower than 5% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (viii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignments or Delegations of Payment in respect of the 10 Employers (other than public Employers) or Pension Entities (other than INPS) having the higher aggregate debt exposures towards the Seller is lower than 8% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (ix) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by Insurance Policies issued by Insurance Companies, which are not Approved Insurance Companies or Rated Insurance Companies is lower than, in aggregate, 3% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;

- (x) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by CF Life S.p.A. is lower than 40% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (xi) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by CF Assicurazioni S.p.A. is lower than 40% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio;
- (xii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by Net Insurance Life S.p.A. is lower than 30% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio; and
- (xiii) the Outstanding Principal of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by Net Insurance S.p.A. is lower than 30% of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio.

In addition to the above, the Seller has undertaken in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement to offer for sale to the Issuer Subsequent Portfolios having features so that, following the purchase of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio, the Aggregate Portfolio (for the purposes of this section, to be considered inclusive of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio and net of any Defaulted Claims) will meet the following requirements as at the relevant Valuation Date of such Subsequent Portfolio:

- (i) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans granted in favour of Debtors residing in Southern Italy is lower than 60% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (ii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans granted in favour of Debtors who are employees of private companies is lower than 25% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (iii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by CQPs is lower than 50% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (iv) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Delegations of Payment is lower than 20% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (v) the weighted average T.A.N. is not lower than 5%;
- (vi) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignments or Delegations of Payment in respect of the Employer (other than a public Employer) or Pension Entity (other than INPS) having the highest aggregate debt exposure towards the Seller is lower than 2% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (vii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignment or Delegations of Payment in respect of the 5 Employers (other than public Employers) or Pension Entities (other than INPS) having the highest aggregate debt exposure towards the Seller is lower than 5% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (viii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans collateralised by Salary Assignments or Delegations of Payment in respect of the 10 Employers (other than public Employers) or Pension Entities (other than INPS) having the higher aggregate debt exposures towards the Seller is lower than 8% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (ix) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate

Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by Insurance Policies issued by Insurance Companies, which are not Approved Insurance Companies or Rated Insurance Companies is in aggregate lower than 3% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;

- (x) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by CF Life S.p.A. is lower than 40% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (xi) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by CF Assicurazioni S.p.A. is lower than 40% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (xii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by Net Insurance Life S.p.A. is lower than 30% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (xiii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio arising from Loans that are assisted by the Insurance Policy issued by Net Insurance S.p.A. is lower than 30% of the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Aggregate Portfolio;
- (xiv) the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio arising from Loans that have 2 (two) Unpaid Instalments are lower than 3% of Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of the Claims comprised in the relevant Subsequent Portfolio.

For the purpose of the calculations to be made for verifying the compliance with the above requirements, at the relevant Offer Date, the relevant parties will be entitled to assume that no change has occurred from the last day of the preceding Collection Period, till the relevant Valuation Date.

### **Initial Portfolio**

The following tables set out statistical information representative of the characteristics of the Initial Portfolio. The tables are derived from information supplied by the Seller in connection with the acquisition of the Initial Portfolio by the Issuer on the Initial Execution Date. The information in the tables reflects the position as at the Initial Valuation Date and amounts, where relevant, are in euro.

### **Overview**

The primary characteristics of the Initial Portfolio as of the Initial Valuation Date are as follows:

Summary	Total
Current Outstanding	€ 246,670,982.54
Original Amount of transferred loans	€ 271,215,327.22
Average Residual Life (months)	99.61
Weighted Average Seasoning (months)	7.49
Weighted Average Interest Rate	5.62%
Average Current Outstanding	€ 18,766.81
Average Initial Outstanding	€ 20,634.15

### Original principal

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans comprised in the Initial Portfolio by original principal amount.

Outstanding Principal (€)	CQP			CQS			DP			No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)			
0-5000	138	548,422	0.52%	144	598,736	0.43%	11	42,318	0.17%	293	1,189,477	0.44%
10000-20000	2,430	35,303,482	33.51%	1,514	22,552,828	16.07%	480	7,071,926	27.74%	4,424	64,928,236	23.94%
20000-30000	1,410	34,515,341	32.76%	2,355	59,035,578	42.06%	432	10,681,332	41.90%	4,197	104,232,251	38.43%
30000-40000	564	19,190,911	18.22%	1,276	43,215,863	30.79%	166	5,548,835	21.77%	2,006	67,955,609	25.06%
40000-50000	121	5,296,823	5.03%	159	6,816,023	4.86%	11	469,060	1.84%	291	12,581,906	4.64%
5000-10000	966	7,258,202	6.89%	671	5,048,236	3.60%	189	1,467,259	5.76%	1,826	13,773,697	5.08%
50000-60000	27	1,475,289	1.40%	23	1,243,358	0.89%	4	212,468	0.83%	54	2,931,115	1.08%
60000-70000	19	1,226,539	1.16%	17	1,096,305	0.78%	-	-	0.00%	36	2,322,844	0.86%
70000-80000	6	445,797	0.42%	8	586,919	0.42%	-	-	0.00%	14	1,032,716	0.38%
90000-100000	1	86,324	0.08%	1	81,208	0.06%	-	-	0.00%	2	167,532	0.06%
10000-110000	-	-	0.00%	1	99,945	0.07%	-	-	0.00%	1	99,945	0.04%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>105,347,129</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>140,375,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>25,493,198</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>271,215,327</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Outstanding principal amount

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by outstanding principal amount.

Outstanding Principal (€)	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
0-5000	328	1,282,688	1.35%	241	941,785	0.73%	35	140,984	0.61%	604	2,365,457	0.96%
10000-20000	2,373	34,598,694	36.52%	1,674	25,421,864	19.73%	503	7,449,082	32.27%	4,550	67,469,640	27.35%
20000-30000	1,285	31,217,483	32.95%	2,430	60,114,951	46.66%	401	9,809,007	42.49%	4,116	101,141,441	41.00%
30000-40000	399	13,402,846	14.15%	912	30,566,459	23.72%	104	3,448,027	14.94%	1,415	47,417,331	19.22%
40000-50000	64	2,784,884	2.94%	83	3,575,434	2.78%	7	305,356	1.32%	154	6,665,673	2.70%
5000-10000	1,193	9,117,222	9.62%	790	5,893,882	4.57%	242	1,878,616	8.14%	2,225	16,889,720	6.85%
50000-60000	25	1,367,661	1.44%	23	1,256,822	0.98%	1	55,452	0.24%	49	2,679,935	1.09%
60000-70000	12	759,717	0.80%	12	769,577	0.60%	-	-	0.00%	24	1,529,295	0.62%
70000-80000	3	211,190	0.22%	3	210,961	0.16%	-	-	0.00%	6	422,150	0.17%
90000-100000	-	-	0.00%	1	90,340	0.07%	-	-	0.00%	1	90,340	0.04%
10000-110000	-	-	0	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Geographical distribution

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans comprised in the Initial Portfolio by location of the branch through which the relevant Loan was disbursed.

Customer Area	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
North	1,622	23,979,659	25.31%	2,071	35,929,899	27.89%	332	5,238,237	22.69%	4,025	65,147,795	26.41%
Center	1,341	22,963,372	24.24%	1,382	29,442,120	22.85%	241	4,114,314	17.82%	2,964	56,519,805	22.91%
South	2,719	47,799,355	50.45%	2,716	63,470,055	49.26%	720	13,733,972	59.49%	6,155	125,003,382	50.68%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Year of origination

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by year of origination.

Origination Year	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
2011	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%
2012	-	-	0.00%	1	1,222	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	1	1,222	0.00%
2013	-	-	0.00%	1	3,749	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	1	3,749	0.00%
2014	3	8,686	0.01%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	3	8,686	0.00%
2015	14	58,522	0.06%	2	14,030	0.01%	2	11,990	0.05%	18	84,541	0.03%
2016	2	8,229	0.01%	3	33,304	0.03%	1	10,180	0.04%	6	51,713	0.02%
2017	-	-	0.00%	1	12,740	0.01%	-	-	0.00%	1	12,740	0.01%
2018	1	6,935	0.01%	2	33,868	0.03%	-	-	0.00%	3	40,803	0.02%
2019	6	100,260	0.11%	7	140,133	0.11%	-	-	0.00%	13	240,393	0.10%
2020	1,341	22,298,388	23.54%	1,641	32,108,945	24.92%	390	6,481,055	28.07%	3,372	60,888,388	24.68%
2021	3,655	61,065,564	64.45%	3,557	75,149,205	58.33%	707	12,693,830	54.98%	7,919	148,908,599	60.37%
2022	660	11,195,802	11.82%	954	21,344,879	16.57%	193	3,889,468	16.85%	1,807	36,430,149	14.77%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Current term to maturity

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by current term to maturity.

Remaining Term months	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
0-12	5	13,360	0,01%	3	7,956	0,01%	2	4,663	0,02%	10	25,979	0.01%
12-24	37	171,568	0,18%	22	104,341	0,08%	6	31,945	0,14%	65	307,853	0.12%
24-36	151	1,017,645	1,07%	100	646,506	0,50%	30	253,682	1,10%	281	1,917,833	0.78%
36-48	386	3,037,574	3,21%	403	2,989,506	2,32%	89	880,920	3,82%	878	6,908,000	2.80%
48-60	582	5,420,163	5,72%	524	4,882,201	3,79%	143	1,650,681	7,15%	1,249	11,953,045	4.85%
60-72	246	2,812,962	2,97%	234	2,857,197	2,22%	106	1,608,153	6,97%	586	7,278,313	2.95%
72-84	310	4,177,419	4,41%	226	3,814,923	2,96%	110	1,780,007	7,71%	646	9,772,348	3.96%
84-96	320	5,240,624	5,53%	243	4,523,610	3,51%	93	1,849,370	8,01%	656	11,613,603	4.71%
96-108	2,052	39,746,900	41,95%	2,185	51,647,111	40,09%	406	8,084,391	35,02%	4,643	99,478,402	40.33%
108-120	1,593	33,104,171	34,94%	2,229	57,368,725	44,53%	308	6,942,709	30,07%	4,130	97,415,605	39.49%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Interest rate

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by T.A.N., annual nominal rate of return (*tasso nominale annuo*).

TAN (%)	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
2-3	-	-	0.00%	46	1,324,280	1.03%	-	-	0.00%	46	1,324,280	0.54%
3-4	179	3,815,849	4.03%	1,984	52,959,171	41.10%	24	607,475	2.63%	2,187	57,382,496	23.26%
4-5	1,848	39,265,801	41.44%	1,018	23,534,791	18.27%	548	11,321,208	49.04%	3,414	74,121,801	30.05%
5-6	1,008	13,336,237	14.08%	597	12,997,744	10.09%	270	4,836,340	20.95%	1,875	31,170,322	12.64%
6-7	599	10,310,727	10.88%	612	12,609,116	9.79%	111	1,936,440	8.39%	1,322	24,856,284	10.08%
7-8	469	8,285,928	8.75%	680	10,738,439	8.33%	97	1,454,213	6.30%	1,246	20,478,580	8.30%
8-9	393	5,526,511	5.83%	658	8,636,669	6.70%	84	1,053,620	4.56%	1,135	15,216,800	6.17%
9-10	391	4,344,223	4.59%	350	3,981,465	3.09%	84	1,063,389	4.61%	825	9,389,078	3.81%
10-11	262	3,696,660	3.90%	149	1,439,255	1.12%	48	503,434	2.18%	459	5,639,350	2.29%
11-12	167	2,348,316	2.48%	56	467,137	0.36%	20	250,807	1.09%	243	3,066,260	1.24%
12-13	124	1,339,796	1.41%	16	126,544	0.10%	6	52,115	0.23%	146	1,518,455	0.62%
13-14	142	1,459,965	1.54%	3	27,462	0.02%	1	7,481	0.03%	146	1,494,909	0.61%
14-15	85	880,410	0.93%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	85	880,410	0.36%
15-16	14	128,130	0.14%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	14	128,130	0.05%
OVER16	1	3,831	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	1	3,831	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Job risk Insurance Companies

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by Insurance Companies covering job risks.

Job Insurer	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
NO INSURANCE	5,681	94,739,155	100.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	5,681	94,739,155	38.41%
CF ASSICURAZIONI SPA	1	3,230	0.00%	2,641	56,839,129	44.12%	161	2,317,659	10.04%	2,803	59,160,018	23.98%
AXA FRANCE IARD/ INTER PARTNER	-	-	0.00%	1,155	19,782,864	15.35%	140	2,618,632	11.34%	1,295	22,401,496	9.08%
NET INSURANCE SPA	-	-	0.00%	1,108	21,847,155	16.96%	250	4,618,735	20.01%	1,358	26,465,890	10.73%
GREAT AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL	-	-	0.00%	1,265	30,372,928	23.57%	742	13,531,496	58.61%	2,007	43,904,424	17.80%
INTER HANNOVER LTD	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Life risk Insurance Companies

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by Insurance Companies covering life risk.

Life Insurer	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
CF LIFE COMP. ASS. VITA SPA	181	2,378,627	2.51%	2,638	56,825,897	44.11%	161	2,317,659	10.04%	2,980	61,522,183	24.94%
METLIFE EUROPE D.A.C.	214	5,621,613	5.93%	1,265	30,372,928	23.57%	742	13,531,496	58.61%	2,221	49,526,036	20.08%
AXA FRANCE VIE	1,368	22,721,281	23.98%	1,155	19,782,864	15.35%	140	2,618,632	11.34%	2,663	45,122,777	18.29%
NET INSURANCE LIFE SPA	1,053	18,276,174	19.29%	1,108	21,847,155	16.96%	250	4,618,735	20.01%	2,411	44,742,063	18.14%
CNP VITA ASSICURAZIONE SPA	2,861	45,723,735	48.26%	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	2,861	45,723,735	18.54%
CARDIF ASSICURAZIONI SPA	5	20,956	0.02%	2	12,009	0.01%	-	-	0.00%	7	32,965	0.01%
ERGO ASSICURAZIONI SPA	-	-	0.00%	1	1,222	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	1	1,222	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### Employer type

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by Employer type.

Employer type	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
PARAPUBLIC	-	-	0.00%	349	7,203,157	5.59%	101	1,456,018	6.31%	450	8,659,175	3.51%
PRIVATE	1	3,230	0.00%	2,474	37,448,789	29.07%	285	3,664,074	15.87%	2,760	41,116,093	16.67%
PUBLIC	5,681	94,739,155	100.00%	3,346	84,190,129	65.34%	907	17,966,430	77.82%	9,934	196,895,714	79.82%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,682</b>	<b>94,742,386</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>6,169</b>	<b>128,842,075</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,293</b>	<b>23,086,522</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>13,144</b>	<b>246,670,983</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Rank	Employer	Current Balance	Pct (%)	Cumulated Pct (%)
1	Employer 1	761,111	0.31%	0.31%
2	Employer 2	618,820	0.25%	0.56%
3	Employer 3	585,442	0.24%	0.80%
4	Employer 4	568,989	0.23%	1.03%
5	Employer 5	432,388	0.18%	1.20%
6	Employer 6	398,941	0.16%	1.36%
7	Employer 7	385,471	0.16%	1.52%
8	Employer 8	352,311	0.14%	1.66%
9	Employer 9	318,483	0.13%	1.79%
10	Employer 10	311,787	0.13%	1.92%
11	Employer 11	290,044	0.12%	2.04%
12	Employer 12	285,388	0.12%	2.15%
13	Employer 13	268,666	0.11%	2.26%
14	Employer 14	234,497	0.10%	2.36%
15	Employer 15	194,562	0.08%	2.44%
16	Employer 16	187,005	0.08%	2.51%
17	Employer 17	176,349	0.07%	2.58%
18	Employer 18	171,423	0.07%	2.65%
19	Employer 19	163,013	0.07%	2.72%
20	Employer 20	158,896	0.06%	2.78%
	Others	239,807,396	97.22%	100.00%
Total:		246,670,983	100.00%	

*Top 20 Employers Ranking - The table represents a view of the Initial Portfolio that ranks the top 20 Employers based on their exposure.*

### Unpaid Instalments

The following table shows the breakdown of Loans in the Initial Portfolio by the Unpaid Instalments.

Unpaid Instalments	CQP			CQS			DP			Total		
	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)	No.	Current Balance	Pct (%)
0	5,640	93,959,728	99.17%	1,284	26,278,996	20.40%	254	4,345,203	18.82%	7,178	124,583,926	50.51%
1	42	782,658	0.83%	4,718	99,370,706	77.13%	997	18,005,713	77.99%	5,757	118,159,077	47.90%
2	-	-	0.00%	167	3,192,373	2.48%	42	735,606	3.19%	209	3,927,979	1.59%
Total:	5,682	94,742,386	100%	6,169	128,842,075	100.00%	1,293	23,086,522	100.00%	13,144	246,670,983	100.00%

### Capacity to produce funds

In light of the above, and subject to the risks set out in the section entitled “Risk Factors”, the Claims backing the Notes have characteristics that (taken together with the structural features of the Securitisation and the arrangements entered into or to be entered into in accordance with the Transaction Documents) demonstrate capacity to produce funds to service any payments due and payable on the Notes in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

## SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK

Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. (the “**Seller**”) is a bank organised as a joint stock company incorporated under the Italian law, registered in the Turin Companies’ Register under Registration No. 05634190010, company belonging to the Santander Consumer Bank VAT Group - VAT Number 12357110019 and with the register of banks (*Albo delle banche*) held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of Italian legislative decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993 under Registration No. 5496.

The Seller is the parent company of the Italian banking group named “Gruppo Bancario Santander Consumer Bank” registered with the register of banking groups (*Albo dei gruppi bancari*) held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 64 of the Banking Act under number 3191.4.

The Seller’s business is based exclusively in Italy. Its primary activities are related to the provision of the following products: consumer credits, personal loans, salary and pension assignment, payment delegations, car leases, credit cards, insurance, deposits accounts and wholesales products.

### (a) Historical background and general information

The Seller was established on 16 November 1988 as a financial intermediary (*intermediario finanziario*) and was registered in the special register held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 107 of the Banking Act. The Seller’s shareholders have varied significantly over the last decade. In particular, in 1993, Istituto Bancario S. Paolo di Torino (now known as Intesa San Paolo S.p.A. (“**Intesa**”)) purchased a 20% stake in the Seller. By late 1993, the shareholders of the Seller were:

<b>Shareholders</b>	<b>Percentage of shareholdings</b>
Banca di Credito del Piemonte S.p.A.	20%
Fincab S.p.A. (CAB Group)	20%
Insel (Banca Sella Group) S.r.l.	20%
Istituto Bancario S. Paolo di Torino S.p.A.	20%
Reale Mutua Assicurazioni S.p.A.	20%

In 1997, Istituto Bancario S. Paolo di Torino increased its shareholding to 50% while the other shareholders sold their shares to CC-Holding GmbH (“**CC-Holding**”), a German holding company indirectly owned by Santander Central Hispano (“**SCH**”). CC-Holding also controlled CC-Bank AG, a German bank managing SCH consumer finance business in Germany and in several other European countries. In March 2003, the Seller’s two remaining shareholders (Sanpaolo IMI and SCH) announced that an agreement had been reached for the sale of the 50% stake in the bank owned by Intesa to the Santander Central Hispano Group (the “**SCH Group**”). The agreement involved the initial purchase of a 20% stake.

In May 2006, the Seller changed its name from Finconsumo Banca S.p.A. to Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A., completing the process of integration within the Banco Santander Group.

Santander Consumer Unifin, an intermediary specialized in Salary Assignment, was merged into Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. in 2015.

In 2016, the Seller acquires 50% of the JV Banca PSA Italia.

In 2019, the Seller signed an agreement with TIM S.p.A. with the aim to form a joint venture that will offer consumer finance services to TIM’s clients in Italy.

In 2019 Santander Consumer Bank SpA and TIM SpA signed an agreement to form a joint venture, which will offer consumer credit services to TIM's customers in Italy. The initial objective is to offer loans for the purchase of terminals through instalments loans and, at a later stage, other consumer credit and insurance products.

In 2020 the joint venture between Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. (51%) and TIM S.p.A. (49%), have been established. In 2021 the joint venture TIMFin S.p.A. starts its operation.

As at the date of this Prospectus, the Seller is wholly owned by Santander Consumer Finance S.A. and Santander Consumer Finance S.A. is in turn wholly owned by Banco Santander, S.A

The authorised and paid-up share capital of the Seller as at 31 December 2021 is € 573,000,000, divided into 573,000 ordinary shares having a face value of € 1,000 each. All issued share capital is fully paid up.

The registered office of the Seller is located in Corso Massimo D'Azeglio 33/E, 10126 Turin, Italy.

As at 31 December 2021, the Seller employed 704 people.

The Seller holds a banking licence from the Bank of Italy authorising it to carry on all permitted types of banking activities in Italy with particular focus on consumer credit services.

#### *General*

Giving continuity to the strategic directions of the previous years, the Seller's management has continued to improve the quality of the portfolio by strengthening the systems of risk management.

The strategic choices, aimed at the development of the business, have been implemented based on the evaluation of the profitability systems by channel / product: in a market still affected by a situation of economic stagnation, tools to control profitability and systems to anticipate the occurrence of risk situations have undergone a remarkable development.

The Seller has consolidated its organizational structure focusing both on indirect (Retail Distributors – *Convenzionati* –, centralized platform for at distance sell and brokers) and direct channel (21 branches all over Italy, all with a specific office fully dedicated to direct loans, and agent network).

“Captive agreements” are strategic for the Seller business: the two main guidelines are: strengthening the partnership with the carmakers and increase the share of retail penetration on sales through an intensive development of new financial products and continuous support to dealer networks.

The brokers are under the control of the nearest branch of the Seller with which they maintain a close working relationship; each broker must conduct its affairs in accordance with rules and regulations set out by the Seller.

Commonly, brokers main tasks include the development of commercial relationships with Retail Distributors (*Convenzionati*) and customers and the collection of documentation relating to finalise loan applications.

Any application, is left to the decision of the central approval structure.

#### *The commercial network*

The commercial network for the distribution of SCB products is composed of:

Branches: this channel provides personal loans and salary assignments to the customer on site,

provides direct support for the dealers (\*) (affiliated) and performs collection activities (deposits).

**Dedicated Captive Network:** specialized sales forces, dedicated to Captive agreements dealers. The Seller has in place agreements with some of the main car and motorcycle manufacturers. These counterparts enter into the partnership agreements to promote sales by offering, through the Seller, financial services (i.e. consumer credit, Leasing and Stock Financing) to their retail customers or dealers. In some cases, Santander Consumer Bank acts like a real “Captive” partner and develops tailored products/operations and campaigns in order to fit the needs of the Manufacturers.

**Agents:** through this channel, characterized by agents in single-mandate, which ensure continuity of cooperation and compliance with high standards in the process of product placement, are granted personal loans and salary assignment loans / delegation of payment. This channel provides also direct support for the dealers (affiliated). Salary assignment loans / delegation of payment are sold also through financial intermediaries authorized under art. 106 of the Banking Act.

**Special agreements:** This category includes the production by third parties turned to SCB Group under the terms of agreements concluded at national level with the aforementioned companies. Credit requests are generated through third-party channels.

**Internet:** through the SCB website and some selected specialized sites, this channel provides personal loans and collection activities (deposits).

(\*) Dealers (affiliated): this channel facilitates the purchase of goods by the customer. Only for special-purpose loans, car loans, and consumer car leasing.

## **(b) Management**

The management of the Seller is carried out by the Board of Directors.

The current composition of the Board of Directors is the following:

<b><i>Position</i></b>	<b><i>Name</i></b>
Chairman	Ettore Gotti Tedeschi
Director	Antonella Tornavacca
Director	Pedro De Elejabeitia Rodriguez
Independent Director	Adelheid Sailer-Schuster
Independent Director	Silvia Fidanza
Director	Pedro Miguel Agüero Cagigas
Director	Rafael Moral Salarich
Managing Director/General Manager	Alberto Merchiori
Director	Ramon J.G. Billordo

The Board of Directors has been appointed for a three-years period (2021-2023). The Board of Directors is vested with powers for the Seller’s ordinary and extraordinary management, and may perform all required actions for the implementation and achievement of corporate objects, excluding those actions reserved by law to the Seller’s shareholders’ meeting. Therefore, it carries

out all the Gruppo Bancario Santander Consumer Bank's strategic policies, as well as the control and monitoring of the Seller's results. Furthermore, it is in charge of the definition, compliance and implementation of the corporate governance rules of the Seller.

The Board of Directors' meeting are called at least nine times a year. In carrying out its mandate, the Board of Directors addresses and takes decisions concerning vital aspects of the bank's business, always in accordance with the strategic policies and stances of the Gruppo Bancario Santander Consumer Bank. In particular, it:

- determines short-term and medium-term management policies and approves strategic projects as well as corporate policies (strategic plan, operating plans, projects);
- identifies the bank's willingness to accept various types of risk according to expected business returns;
- approves capital allocation methods and the macro-criteria to be adopted in applying investment strategies;
- approves the budget and supervises general management policies;
- prepares the periodic reports on operations and the annual accounts, with the related proposals for allocation of the net income for the subsequent shareholders' meeting;
- examines and approves transactions with a major impact on operations, capital, cash flow and risk;
- reports to shareholders' meetings;
- approves the organizational structure and related regulations and supervises suitability in terms of business;
- approves the system of powers of attorney; and
- approves the audit plan and examining the results of the most significant actions.

According to the Seller's by-laws the Board of Directors is empowered to delegate, as permitted by law, some of its powers to a Managing Director/General Manager. The Chairman of the Board and, if appointed, the Deputy Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director/General Manager act as the company's legal representatives. The current top-management level of the Seller is described below:

<b>Position</b>	<b>Name</b>
Managing Director	Alberto Merchiori
Responsible for IT & Operations	Flavio Glorio
Responsible for Planning and Administration	Miguel Silva
Responsible for Marketing	Letizia Alviano
Responsible for Sales Network	Andrea Antonio Mastellarò
Responsible for Risk	Antonella Tornavacca

Responsible for CBU	Ida Lo Pomo
Responsible for Legal and Compliance	Davide Spreafico
Responsible for Human Resources	Guido Piacenza
Responsible for Financial Management and Funding	Luis Ignacio Oleaga Gascue
Responsible for Internal Audit	Giovanni Anastasio

The above-mentioned top managers are members of the Management Committee. The General Management carries out the following activities:

- liaising with the bodies of the Santander Group and of Santander Consumer Finance S.A. in drafting the strategic plan to be submitted to the approval of the competent bodies, as well as in relation to all major management issues or for studies and projects of high strategic value;
- monitoring of performance and issues regarding the various executive activities and supervision of global strategies application as resolved by the Board of Directors, verifying compliance of company operations with policies regarding investments and adoption of organisational resources and empowerment of personnel;
- identification and definition, according to the strategic guidelines defined by the Board of Directors, of repositioning of the organisational and governance model and of major projects to be submitted to the approval of the related administrative bodies and supervising application of these;
- formulation of preliminary analysis in order to define the risk management and performance targets of the various business activities;
- supervision of relationships and contacts with the markets and institutional investors; and
- promotion of actions able to reinforce corporate ethics as a mainstay of the internal and external conduct of the bank.

In particular, the Managing Director/General Manager, who participates at the meetings of the Corporate Bodies, is also responsible for taking the decisions regarding credit and, pursuant to the powers granted to him, represents the bank in legal actions and proceedings, liaises directly with the Statutory Auditors, the Independent Auditors and the Bank of Italy and orders routine inspections and administrative inquiries in accordance with the audit plan or as proposed by the competent authorities.

The appointment or revocation of the internal Committees, as well as their members, is determined by the Board of Directors. The Committee's Members operate jointly by co-operating and keeping themselves mutually informed on any important matter concerning their respective operating areas; the Managing Director/General Manager attends all the internal Committees.

Pursuant to Italian law, the Shareholders have to appoint a Board of Statutory Auditors (*Collegio Sindacale*) which consists of three standing Statutory Auditors and two substitute Statutory Auditors.

The current composition of the Statutory Auditors is the following:

<b>Position</b>	<b>Name</b>
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Chairman	Walter Bruno
Standing Auditor	Maurizio Giorgi
Standing Auditor	Franco Riccomagno
Substitute Auditor	Marta Montalbano
Substitute Auditor	Luisa Giroto

According to the Seller's by-laws, the main tasks of the Board of Statutory Auditors include checking formal and substantial correctness of administrative activities; the Board is also entitled to liaise with the Supervisory Authorities and the Independent Auditors. The Board of Statutory Auditors performs its functions through direct audits and also by acquiring information from members of the Corporate Bodies and from representatives of the Independent Auditors.

In particular, the main activities of the Board of the Statutory Auditors include:

- supervising compliance with laws and the by-laws in accordance with the principles of correct administration;
- verifying the adequacy of the organisation model, with specific reference to efficiency and correct functioning of the internal control system;
- investigating major problems and issues highlighted during auditing and monitoring of the related corrective actions.

The Statutory Auditors are responsible for overseeing management and for the verification of compliance in accordance with applicable Italian law and the Seller's by-laws. They are also responsible for ensuring that the Seller's organisation, internal auditing and accounting systems are adequate and reliable. The Statutory Auditors has been appointed for a three-years period (2021-2023). They have to meet on a quarterly basis each year and are required by law to attend each Board of Directors' meeting. In accordance with applicable Italian regulations, the accounts of the Seller must be audited by external auditors appointed by the shareholders. The appointment has to be proposed by the Statutory Auditors. PricewaterhouseCoopers S.p.A. has been appointed for a nine-years period (2016-2024) to audit the financial statements of the Seller.

### **(c) Business and market approach**

Products currently offered by the Seller may be classified under the following main categories:

- automotive and durables loans;
- direct loans;
- salary and pension assignment and payment delegations;
- vehicles financial leasing;
- credit cards;
- insurance;
- deposits accounts and wholesales products.

*Automotive and durables loans*

Consumer credit represents loans granted to finance the purchase of goods and/or services. This category includes auto loans and purpose loans. Auto loans are granted to finance the purchase of cars and other kind of vehicles, being new or used, through the network of retail distributors. The financed amount is addressed directly to the retail distributor. Purpose loans are granted to finance the purchase of goods (other than vehicles) and/or services, subscribed through the retail distributors. Over the last decade, the Seller has gradually enlarged its product base in relation to these loans to be able to keep in line with its competitors' standards.

All loans have monthly instalments with payments due on the 1st or the 15th of each month. Middle-class families with medium to medium-low monthly incomes are the typical target of consumer credit services. The duration and average amount lent on loans of this nature depend on the products being financed.

Consumer credit loans may also be insured by the relevant debtor against the risk of death and temporary disability through primary insurance companies.

#### *Direct loans*

As at 31 December 2021, personal loans represented approximately 15,7% of the Santander Consumer Bank's new business volume.

Regarding the personal loans product, the bank, with a substantially constant perimeter, due to effective commercial, risk and process strategies has achieved satisfactory results in terms of volumes and profitability of the new business.

From a commercial point of view, a series of initiatives have been undertaken aimed at increasing market share mainly based on the definition of a new and important commercial partnership with a leading Italian company.

The bank strategy is focused on the customer: the distribution model adopted by the Santander Group is one of the most complete in the market and meets the current needs of customers, who may request a personal loan through various channels, ranging from classic direct to web channels.

#### *Salary and pension assignment and payment delegation*

Salary assignment (including, for the avoidance of doubts, also payment delegation products) is a specific consumer loan for which the monthly instalment is paid to the lender directly by the employer, that deducts an amount that cannot exceed one fifth from the customer's salary or pension. For payment delegations, in some cases the deduction cannot exceed a half of the salary or pension. The main feature of salary assignment products is a double mandatory insurance covering life risk and unemployment risk. In addition, the loan is also backed by the "Trattamento di fine rapporto", where applicable.

Since December 2015, Santander Consumer Bank offers salary assignment products directly.

In respect of the new business breakdown by customer type, the public sector accounts for 30%; pensioners accounts for 52%, para-public sector for 3% and private sector for 15%.

#### *Vehicles financial leasing*

The Seller provides finance for car purchasing through its finance lease activity to both companies / self- employees and private customers. The average maturity ranges from a minimum of 24 months up to a maximum of 60 months for new cars and new commercial vehicles.

Lease loans may also be insured by the relevant debtor in favor of the Seller against the risk of death and temporary disability through primary insurance companies.

During the last years, the Seller has continued to strengthen all the process of the leasing product in order to obtain more efficiency with great attention to IT infrastructures with particular reference to tools and instruments for the calculation of vehicle's buyback amount.

#### *Credit cards*

The Santander Group has implemented a strategy based on the maintenance of the existing portfolio and has managed the product offer only through the branch network.

In 2021, the number of the cards in circulation has been stable compared to the previous year.

#### *Insurance*

The Seller established an insurance department in September 2010 in order to focus on and promote its activities as an insurance intermediary.

As at 31 December 2021, the Seller's insurance intermediary activities account for approximately € 30,9 million in terms of net insurance commission.

Mainly offered products in 2021 were Creditor Protector Insurance (auto loans and personal loans), Motor Insurance (linked to auto loans), and ancillaries products (mainly linked to auto loan).

#### *Deposits accounts and wholesales products*

As at 31 December 2021, there were 18,366 active Sight Deposit with total deposits of approximately € 616 million.

Santander Consumer Bank's term deposits products, which offer various rates of return to customers who make deposits for a pre-determined and fixed period of time (12, 24, 36 months) stood at 10,441 accounts as at 31 December 2021 with total deposits of around € 562 million.

If compared to 2020 the number of customers has generally increased.

Current accounts are used to support the dealer network, as at 31 December 2021, the Seller had almost 235 active stock financing accounts and credit lines representing approximately € 291,05 million.

#### *On line channels*

During the year, the Seller is focusing on enhancing the digital customer experience developing effective online platforms following the Digital Strategy:

- Defining a personalized, contextual and multichannel customer journey, through a Customer-centric approach where analytics play a fundamental role marking off the one-to-one interactions between Bank and customers
  - more value for existing customers that who have a new private area with an easier and quicker onboarding for personal loans;
  - a project for the realization of a brand-new customers APP that is the result of a cross collaboration between different Seller's Dpts (IT, Marketing After Sales, etc) that allows an easier relationship between the Seller and its customers
- Intercepting users who browse in the digital world drawing new potential customers towards the digital interfaces

- Defining a new scenario in which digital engagement leads to a physical or a digital interaction with the customer in an integrated multichannel vision Developing partnership models with important digital realities to increase ever more the Bank visibility.

The phygital approach is the crucial focus for the development of a fully end to end system for SCB dealers for the proposal and selling of financial services combined to goods (i.e. cars, electronic appliance, bikes, etc.).

The system allows SCB dealers to simplify the sale process both on digital front end and on showroom with a paperless approach.

#### (d) Guarantees and securities

Contracts in respect of personal loans and purpose loans are mostly executed by the customer with one or more relatives (spouse and/or parents) or third parties acting as co-obligors. Sometimes the customer is required to sign a number of bills of exchange in favour of the Seller for a maximum agreed amount. Bills of exchange constitute title (*titolo esecutivo*) to commence proceedings directly against the client, without having to obtain a previous court order. Purpose loans financing the purchase of cars or other vehicles might be secured by mortgages (*ipoteca su beni mobili registrati* - mortgage over registered movable property) which can benefit from a mandate to register such mortgages in the public registers executed by the customer in favour of the Seller.

#### (e) Financial Information

The following table shows a summary of various aspects of the business of the Seller:

Outstanding (€/000)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Auto Loans	1,962,276	2,090,053	2,323,278	2,712,028	3,038,866	3,132,229	3,368,978
Purpose Loans	28,256	29,301	217,697	299,491	367,378	392,732	397,32
Personal Loans	1,133,180	901,585	722,247	551,048	498,572	451,849	454,314
Cards	19,346	12,247	7,706	5,931	4,998,	4,194	3,479
Stock	130,619	198,465	324,589	457,320	358,150	330,598	80,738
Salary Assignment	1,677,930	1,668,888	1,623,823	1,510,356	1,357,561	1,179,796	1,107,912
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,951,607</b>	<b>4,900,539</b>	<b>5,219,340</b>	<b>5,536,174</b>	<b>5,631,678</b>	<b>5,491,398</b>	<b>5,412,741</b>

The following financial information has been extracted from the Seller's, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 unaudited unconsolidated annual internal management reports, with proper allocation of results coming from the securitised portfolios.

#### (f) New Loans breakdown by business area

New Business (€/000)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Auto Loans	929,225	993,911	1,100,813	1,268,521	1,376,676	1,141,557	1,432,541
Purpose Loans	7,804	18,201	241,660	218,168	270,171	246,482	258,408

Personal Loans	150,492	159,874	163,003	177,561	190,188	134,883	195,429
Cards	7,462	6,667	6,132	5,635	4,991	4,116	3,694
Salary Assignment	423,697	334,645	298,368	246,948	223,131	156,926	194,387
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,518,681</b>	<b>1,513,298</b>	<b>1,809,976</b>	<b>1,916,833</b>	<b>2,071,368</b>	<b>1,683,965</b>	<b>2,084,460</b>

***The information contained in this section of this Prospectus relates to and has been obtained from Banco Santander and Santander Consumer Bank respectively. The delivery of this Prospectus shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Banco Santander and Santander Consumer Bank since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section of this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.***

## THE CREDIT AND COLLECTION POLICIES

### CREDIT POLICIES FOR SALARY ASSIGNMENT

#### Origination sources

Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. operates through a broker's sales network.

The Agents generate new business (salary assignment or delegation of payment contracts) by dealing with final customers (public or private employees, pensioners).

#### Loan application

The applicant is required to provide the following information/documents:

- personal identification data: any document admitted under Presidential Decree no. 445 dated 28 December 2000, such as an ID card, a passport for particular products, or a driving licence;
- fiscal code;
- income certifications:
  - latest payslip for employees;
  - latest pension slip for pensioners;
  - annual salary certification "CUD" (requested for some type of products);
  - Others documents requested to employer:
- employment certificate "*certificato di stipendio o attestato di servizio*" for employees;
- statement of instalment to be assigned "*dichiarazione quota cedibile*" for pensioners;

A financial simulation is proposed to the customer. The output of this simulation is a printed document (SECCI-PREV) including all the relevant information on the loan that the customer is applying for: amount, term, interest rates, etc. The loan contract is signed with Santander Consumer Bank.

Each loan is secured against death and job loss (mandatory by law) by insurance companies (mandatory by law).

#### Loan evaluation process

The data entry is made by the brokers through a FEE.Vo, web page of the SCB internal IT system (AS 400). Then Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. Salary Assignment Operations Dept. makes manual cross-check of data entry and related documentations attached.

The evaluation process is automatic. Each application receive an automatic evaluation (internal score) in a very short time using the tools used by SCB for its own products (decision engine "AAAP").

Searches in internal (SCB portfolio) are also allowed while it is planned an access to external data base (Experian, Crif, CTC).

The advantages of this admission flow are:

- ✓ Automation of the process;
- ✓ Reduction of decision period;
- ✓ No discretion in decision process.

### **COLLECTION POLICIES FOR SALARY ASSIGNMENT**

The CBU CQS Department is a dedicated team specialized in Collection activities on Salary Assignment business. Its main missions are the following:

- the extrajudicial and judicial debt collection management of credits arising from salary assignment contracts;
- the management of the permanent claims.

CBU CQS, through external recovery companies and internal key accounts, manages the recovery, claims and legal portfolio.

Salary assignment, furthermore, generates some additional and complementary activities to those previously mentioned, that are entrusted to the After Sales Department and to the Legal Department. These activities are essentially summarized in following typologies:

#### After Sales Department:

- Replacements
- Temporary claims

#### Legal Department:

- Customer complaints and passive arraignment notified by customers

### **COLLECTION MANAGEMENT**

The practices are sort and assigned to external companies monthly. The management of the recovery portfolio is divided into three phases according to the number of unpaid instalments entrusted:

### **Arrears phase**

It refers to the initial phase of the recovery process, which includes all contracts that presents two and three unpaid installments.

In this first phase the request occurs through different activities:

- phone collection, which is typically carried out by telephone reminder activities aimed at the recovery of the credit towards both the ATC and the customers;
- sending of mail/letters/fax to ATC and customers;
- if necessary, commercial agents/key account support.

### **Pre-termination phase**

Inside the 4-6 stage is included all the residual outstanding not recovered from the previous external providers (competitor) of the phase 2-3 and what returns from the next step  $\geq 7$ , as a result of partial payments.

Unlike treatment adopted in the phase 2-3, in which we tend to communicate to the customer/ATC, the situation of insolvency conducting containment activities of delinquency entry, in phase 4-6 the solicit is more marked in order to reduce the delinquency.

In this phase the reminder occurs through different activities:

- phone collection, which is typically carried out by telephone reminder activities aimed at the recovery of credit/delinquency reduction towards both the ATC and the customer;
- sending of formal notice of default (*lettera di messa in mora*) to ATC and customer;
- certified company registration requests to verify possible bankruptcy of the ATC;
- inspections on customer's employment in order to highlight any claim's events and probable frauds;
- sending mail/certified mail (PEC) / letters / fax;
- if necessary, commercial agents/key account support;
- possible advice for injunction or legal action.

### **Termination phase**

At this stage is managed the residual credit not recovered under previous phase. During this phase recovery activities are intensified in order to solve any problems faced under previous phases.

External company, after having taken over the collection management, starts the collection activities supported by the following actions:

- sending mail/certified mail (PEC) / letters / fax on assigned portfolio;
- sending mail/certified mail (PEC) / letters / fax formal notice of default;
- if necessary, commercial agents / key account support;
- request of information form for cases that results untraceable.

Researches and checks already carried out in previous phases are integrated and performed thoroughly.

### **Specifics campaigns**

There are extraordinary management activities compared to the standard recovery process:

- no-start management: positions on which the amortization plans did not start, mainly due to some technical problem;
- campaign one installment management: the object is to reduce the stock of positions on which there is only an unpaid installment.

### **PERMANENT CLAIMS MANAGEMENT**

The permanent claims occurs when there is a termination of the employment relationship between the customer and the employer underwriter of the act of consent, being it a public or private company. In this case the debtor company, from now on called ATC (*Amministrazione terza ceduta*), having interrupted the employment relationship with the assignor will no longer operate any deduction in favor of the Bank.

These events can occur in cases of:

- ▶ retirement;
- ▶ dismissal;
- ▶ decease of the customer.

In the case of **retirement** of an employee of a **private ATC**, it will be activated to cover the loan:

- the severance pay (TFR) accrued by the customer;
- the re-notification on the Pension Fund.

In the event of the **retirement** of an employee of a **public ATC**, it will be asked to the social security institution the failure to installment (messa in quota).

In the event of the **dismissal** of an employee of a **private ATC**, two guarantees will be activated to cover the loan:

- the severance pay (TFR) accrued by the customer;
- and in the event of failure to relocate, the insurance policy required by law to guarantee the loan.

In the event of the **dismissal** of an employee of a **public ATC**, the insurance policy required by law to guarantee the loan will be activated in the event of non-relocation.

In the event of **death**, the insurance coverage required by law to guarantee the loan will be activated.

The notice of dismissal / retirement / death is forwarded to the External Companies which will verify the document transmitted and will proceed to the opening of the claim with subsequent generation on the statement of account of the amount corresponding to the early repayment (with the exception of public pensioners for which this amount is not generated).

## **LEGAL MANAGEMENT**

The main functions of the CBU CQS for legal activities are as follows:

- ▶ provide for the definition of suitable strategies to guarantee the achievement of the objectives set;
- ▶ define in detail the legal actions;
- ▶ to guarantee, through collaboration with law firms, the correct management of legal activities;
- ▶ installment recovery;
- ▶ recovery of severance indemnity (TFR) and failure to installment (*mancata messa in quota*);
- ▶ bankruptcy procedures;
- ▶ frauds;
- ▶ mediations.

## THE ISSUER

### Introduction

Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l. (the “**Issuer**”) is a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated in the Republic of Italy under article 3 of the Securitisation Law on 12 September 2000. The Issuer operates under Italian law and, in accordance with the Issuer’s by-laws, the corporate duration of the Issuer is limited to 31 December 2050 and may be extended by shareholders’ resolution. The Issuer is registered with the companies’ register of Turin under no. 13232920150 and with the register of the special purpose vehicles held by the Bank of Italy (*albo delle società veicolo tenuto dalla Banca d’Italia ai sensi del Provvedimento del Governatore della Banca d’Italia del 7 giugno 2017*) under no. 32474.9 and its tax identification number (*codice fiscale*) is 13232920150.

The legal and commercial name of the Issuer is Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l.

The registered office of the Issuer is at via Principe Amedeo, 11, 10123 Turin, Italy. The Issuer has no principal office different from the registered office. The telephone number of its registered office is +39 011 812 6939. The Issuer has no employees. The Issuer is a special purpose vehicle established for the purposes of issuing asset-backed securities pursuant to the Securitisation Law and, accordingly, it may carry out other securitisation transactions in addition to the one contemplated in this Prospectus, subject to certain conditions.

Any information on the Issuer can be obtained at the following webpage: <https://www.santanderconsumer.it/footer/investor-relations/cartolarizzazioni>.

Information available at any of the following websites:

- (i) [www.santander.com](http://www.santander.com); or
- (ii) [www.santanderconsumer.com](http://www.santanderconsumer.com); or
- (iii) [www.santanderconsumer.it](http://www.santanderconsumer.it); or
- (iv) [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu),

does not form part of this Prospectus, unless it is clearly stated that any such information is incorporated by reference.

### Previous securitisation transactions

In accordance with the Securitisation Law, the Issuer has already engaged in:

- (a) a first securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law, completed on 22 December 2000 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of consumer loans acquired on a revolving basis from Santander Consumer Bank (formerly Finconsumo Banca S.p.A.) and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 361,540,000;
- (b) a second securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 28 June 2001 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of consumer loans acquired on a revolving basis from Santander Consumer Bank (formerly Finconsumo Banca S.p.A.) and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 258,300,000;
- (c) a securitisation transaction named “€ 2,500,000,000 Euro Medium Term Asset-Backed Notes Programme” structured in the form of a programme and established by the Issuer

in accordance with the Securitisation Law in March 2004. In the context of such programme, the Issuer has issued the following notes:

- (I) on 17 March 2004, € 188,000,000 Series 1 2004 -Class A Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2020, € 8,000,000 Series 1 2004 -Class B Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2020, € 3,000,000 Series 1-2004 -Class C Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2020 and € 1,000,000 Series 1-2004 -Class D Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2020, for an aggregate amount of € 200,000,000;
  - (II) on 9 December 2004, € 470,000,000 Series 2 2004 -Class A Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2021, € 20,000,000 Series 2 2004 -Class B Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2021, € 7,500,000 Series 2 2004 -Class C Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2021 and € 2,500,000 Series 2 2004 -Class D Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2021, for an aggregate amount of € 500,000,000;
  - (III) on 8 February 2006, € 658,000,000 Series 3 2006 -Class A Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2022, € 28,000,000 Series 3 2006 -Class B Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2022, € 10,500,000 Series 3 2006 -Class C Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2022, € 3,500,000 Series 3 2006 -Class D Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2022, for an aggregate amount of € 700,000,000; and
  - (IV) on 31 January 2007, € 658,000,000 Series 4 2007 -Class A Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2023, € 28,000,000 Series 4 2007 -Class B Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2023, € 10,500,000 Series 4 2007 -Class C Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2023 and € 3,500,000 Series 4 2007 -Class D Limited Recourse Asset-Backed Notes due 2023, for an aggregate amount of € 700,000,000.
- (d) a securitisation transaction named “€ 2,500,000,000 Euro Medium Term Asset-Backed Notes Programme” structured in the form of a programme and established by the Issuer in accordance with the Securitisation Law in March 2008. In the context of such programme, the Issuer has issued asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 700,000,000;
  - (e) a securitisation transaction named “€ 2,500,000,000 Euro Medium Term Asset-Backed Notes Programme” structured in the form of a programme and established by the Issuer in accordance with the Securitisation Law in December 2008. In the context of such programme, the Issuer has issued asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 750,000,000;
  - (f) a securitisation transaction named “€ 2,500,000,000 Euro Medium Term Asset-Backed Notes Programme” structured in the form of a programme and established by the Issuer in accordance with the Securitisation Law in December 2009. In the context of such programme, the Issuer has issued asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 800,000,000;
  - (g) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 31 March 2011 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of auto loans acquired on a revolving basis from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 600,000,000;
  - (h) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 12 October 2011 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of consumer loans acquired on a

revolving basis from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 900,000,000;

- (i) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 21 November 2011 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of auto loans acquired on a revolving basis from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 710,058,000;
- (j) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed in 23 July 2012 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing loans consisting of purpose loans and personal loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank and the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of €735,100,000;
- (k) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 31 October 2012 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing loans consisting of salary assignment loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank and originated through the activity of Unifin S.p.A. and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of €1,209,317,000. Under such transaction, the Issuer have also completed on 25 June 2014 (iii) the acquisition of an additional portfolio of performing loans consisting of salary assignment loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank and originated through the activity of Unifin S.p.A. and (iv) the issue of a second series of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 266,850,000;
- (l) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 18 November 2013 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing loans consisting of auto loans, purpose loans and personal loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed variable funding notes in an aggregate amount of €1,000,000,000;
- (m) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on 20 November 2013 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing loans consisting of salary assignment loans granted by Santander Consumer Bank and originated through the activity of Unifin S.p.A. and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 254,820,000;
- (n) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed on June 2014 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing consumer loans directed to purchase automobiles acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of €752,000,000;
- (o) a securitisation transaction carried out in accordance with the Securitisation Law completed in October 2015 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing consumer loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of €1,000,000,000.

All the notes set out above have been fully reimbursed by the Issuer and the relevant securitisation transactions have been unwound.

### **Previous Securitisation 2016-1**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 2 August 2016 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing salary assignment loans and delegation of payment loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 1,300,000,000: € 1,066,000,000 Class A-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040, € 32,500,000 Class B-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040, € 45,500,000 Class C-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040, € 65,000,000 Class D-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040, € 90,870,000 Class E-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040, € 130,000 Class F-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2016-1**”). In connection with the issuance of the Previous Securitisation 2016-1, a subordinated loan was extended to the Issuer for an aggregate amount of € 49,530,000 under a subordinated loan agreement entered into between the Issuer and Santander Consumer Bank as subordinated loan provider on 2 August 2016. The subordinated loan above as of end of December 2020 has no amount outstanding.

### **Previous Securitisation 2018-1**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 27 April 2018 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing consumer loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 395,700,000 Class A-2018-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due March 2037 and € 82,750,000 Class B-2018-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate and Variable Return Notes due March 2037 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2018-1**”). In connection with the issuance of the Previous Securitisation 2018-1, a subordinated loan was extended to the Issuer for an aggregate amount of € 3,987,000 under a subordinated loan agreement entered into between the Issuer and Santander Consumer Bank as subordinated loan provider on 24 April 2018. The subordinated loan above as of end of December 2020 has no amount outstanding.

Pursuant to the Securitisation Law, the assets relating to each securitisation transaction will constitute assets segregated for all purposes from assets of the Issuer and from the assets relating to other securitisation transactions. The assets relating to a particular securitisation transaction will not be available to the holders of notes issued to finance any other securitisation transaction or to the general creditors of the Issuer.

### **Previous Securitisation 2019-1**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 25 June 2019 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing auto loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 525,400,000 Class A-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039, € 18,000,000 Class B-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039, € 45,100,000 Class C-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due July 2039, and € 12,000,000 Class D-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed and Variable Return Notes due July 2039 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2019-1**”).

### **Previous Securitisation 2020-1**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 27 February 2020 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing consumer loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 629,000,000 Class A-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044, €50,000,000 Class B-2020-1 Asset-

Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044, and € 67,498,000 Class Z-2020-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2044 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2020-1**”).

#### **Previous Securitisation 2020-2**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 30 July 2020 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing auto loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 648,750,000 Class A-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042, € 50,625,000 Class B-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042, and € 50,625,000 Class Z-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding and Variable Return Notes due July 2042 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2020-2**”).

#### **Previous Securitisation 2021-1**

The Issuer has also already engaged in a transaction completed in 30 September 2021 and involving (i) the acquisition of monetary receivables and other connected rights arising from a portfolio of performing auto loans acquired from Santander Consumer Bank and (ii) the issue of the following asset-backed notes in an aggregate amount of € 451,500,000 Class A-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041, € 15,000,000 Class B-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041, € 10,000,000 Class C-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041, € 7,500,000 Class D-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041, € 16,000,000 Class E-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041, € 5,000,000 Class F-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041 and € 100,000 Class Z-2021-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2041 (the “**Previous Securitisation 2021-1**”).

Pursuant to the Securitisation Law, the assets relating to each securitisation transaction will constitute assets segregated for all purposes from assets of the Issuer and from the assets relating to other securitisation transactions. The assets relating to a particular securitisation transaction will not be available to the holders of notes issued to finance any other securitisation transaction or to the general creditors of the Issuer.

#### **Quotaholders**

The authorised equity capital of the Issuer is € 10,000. The issued and paid-up equity capital of the Issuer is € 10,000. No other amount of equity capital has been agreed to be issued. The quotaholders of the Issuer (the “**Quotaholders**”) and their equity interests are as follows:

<b>Quotaholders</b>	<b>Quota holding in the Issuer expressed in €</b>
Stichting Po River	7,000
Stichting Turin	3,000

To the best of its knowledge, the Issuer is not aware of direct or indirect ownership or control apart from its Quotaholders. Italian company law combined with the holding structure of the Issuer and the covenants made by the Issuer and its Quotaholders in the Transaction Documents are together intended to prevent any abuse of control of the Issuer.

#### **Accounting treatment of the Receivables**

Pursuant to Bank of Italy regulations, the accounting information relating to the securitisation of the Receivables will be contained in the explanatory notes to the Issuer’s accounts (*nota integrativa*). The explanatory notes, together with the balance sheet and the profit and loss

statements, form part of the financial statements of Italian limited liability companies (*società a responsabilità limitata*).

### Accounts of the Issuer

The fiscal year of the Issuer begins on 1 January of each calendar year and ends on 31 December of the same calendar year with the exception of the first fiscal year which started on 12 September 2000 and ended on 31 December 2000. The last accounts are those relating to the fiscal year ended in December 2021 and approved on the 20<sup>th</sup> April 2022.

### The Issuer's Auditor

The Issuer's auditor is PriceWaterhouseCoopers S.p.A. with offices in Piazza Tre Torri, 2, 20145 - Milan, Italy, belonging to ASSIREVI - *Associazione Italiana Revisori Contabili* and registered in the special register (*albo speciale*) for auditing companies (*società di revisione*) provided for by article 161 of legislative decree No. 58 of 1998 (repealed by article 43 of Italian legislative decree No. 39 of 27 January 2010 but still in force, pursuant to the latter decree, until the entry into force of the implementing regulations to be issued by the Ministry of Economy and Finance pursuant to such decree).

### Principal activities

The principal corporate objectives of the Issuer, as set out in article 4 of its by-laws (*statuto*), include the acquisition of monetary receivables for the purposes of securitisation transactions and the issuance of asset-backed securities or the obtaining of loans.

So long as any of the Notes remain outstanding, the Issuer shall not, without the consent of the Representative of the Noteholders and as provided in the Terms and Conditions and the Transaction Documents, incur any other indebtedness for borrowed monies, engage in any activities except pursuant to the Transaction Documents, pay any dividends, repay or otherwise return any equity capital, have any subsidiaries, employees or premises, consolidate or merge with any other person, convey or transfer its property or assets to any person, or increase its equity capital.

The Issuer will covenant to observe, *inter alia*, those restrictions which are detailed in Condition 5 (*Covenants*).

### Directors and statutory auditors of the Issuer

The current sole director (*amministratore unico*) of the Issuer is:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Principal activities</i>
Mr. Tito Musso <i>Sole director</i>	Corso Giolitti, 8 12100 Cuneo (CN) Republic of Italy	Sole director <i>(Amministratore Unico)</i>

Mr. Tito Musso was appointed on 12 September 2000 for an undetermined period of time.

The current sole statutory auditor (*sindaco unico*) of the Issuer is:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Principal activities</i>
Mrs. Daniela Bainotti <i>Sole Statutory Auditor</i>	Via Principe Amedeo, 11 10123 Torino (TO) Republic of Italy	Sole statutory auditor <i>(Sindaco Unico)</i>

Mrs. Daniela Bainotti was appointed on the 20<sup>th</sup> April 2022 until the approval of financial statement as of 31 December 2024.

## Capitalisation and indebtedness statement

The capitalisation and indebtedness of the Issuer as at the date of this Prospectus, adjusted for the issue of the Notes, are as follows:

	<b>Euro</b>
<b>Issued equity capital</b>	
€10,000 fully paid up	10,000
	<hr/> 10,000
<b>Indebtedness</b>	
<u>Notes issued under the Previous Securitisation 2016-1</u>	
€ 1,066,000,000 Class A-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	266,635,004. 80
€ 32,500,000 Class B-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	27,500,000
€ 45,500,000 Class C-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	38,500,000
€ 65,000,000 Class D-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	55,000,000
€ 90,870,000 Class E-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	76,890,000
€ 130,000 Class F-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040	110,000
<u>Subordinated loans granted to the Issuer in the context of the Previous Securitisation 2016-1</u>	
€45,530,000 subordinated loan	0
<u>Notes issued under the Previous Securitisation 2018-1</u>	
€ 395,700,000 Class A-2018-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due March 2037	76,693,684
€ 82,750,000 Class B-2018-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate and Variable Return Notes due March 2037	82,750,000
<u>Subordinated loans granted to the Issuer in the context of the Previous Securitisation 2018-1</u>	
€3,987,000 subordinated loan	0
<u>Notes issued under the Previous Securitisation 2019-1</u>	

€ 525,400,000 Class A-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039	197,419,545
€ 18,000,000 Class B-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039	14,566,312
€ 45,100,000 Class C-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due July 2039	36,496,704
€ 12,000,000 Class D-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate and Variable Return Notes due July 2039	12,000,000
<i><u>Notes issued under the Previous Securitisation 2020-1</u></i>	
€ 629,000,000 Class A-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044	629,000,000
€ 50,000,000 Class B-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044	50,000,000
€ 67,498,000 Class Z-2020-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2044	67,498,000
<i>Subordinated loans granted to the Issuer in the context of the Previous Securitisation 2020-1</i>	
€ 8,530,000 subordinated loan	0
<i><u>Notes issued under the Securitisation 2020-2</u></i>	
€ 648,750,000 Class A-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042	483,540,000
€ 50,625,000 Class B-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042	37,737,000
€ 50,625,000 Class Z-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding and Variable Return Notes due July 2042	37,737,000
<i>Subordinated loans granted to the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation 2020-2</i>	
€ 5,242,800 subordinated loan	0
<i><u>Notes issued under the Securitisation 2021-1</u></i>	
€ 451,500,000 Class A-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041	451,500,000
€ 15,000,000 Class B-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041	15,000,000
€ 10,000,000 Class C-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041	10,000,000

€ 7,500,000 Class D-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041 7,500,000

€ 16,000,000 Class E-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041 16,000,000

€ 5,000,000 Class F-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041 4,000,000

€ 100,000 Class Z-2021-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2041 100,000

*Subordinated loan granted to the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation 2021-1*

€ 2,614,000 subordinated loan 0

Notes issued under the Securitisation 2022-1

€ 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due December 2044 720,000,000

€ 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due December 2044 40,000,000

€ 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due December 2044 40,000,000

*Subordinated loans granted to the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation 2022-1*

€ 4,013,736.37 subordinated loan 4,013,736.37

**Total notes and subordinated loans outstanding € 3,498,186,986.36**

Save for the foregoing and the Issuer's costs and expenses of incorporation and operation that have been incurred by the Issuer to date, as at the Issue Date, the Issuer will not have borrowings or indebtedness in the nature of borrowings (including loan capital issued or created but unissued), term loans, liabilities under acceptances or acceptance credits, mortgages, charges or guarantees, or other contingent liabilities.

**Financial information relating to the Issuer as at 31 December 2019, 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021**

The information below is taken from the audited balance sheets of the Issuer for the years 2019, 2020 and 2021. Any amount is expressed in Euro.

**Balance Sheet**

Balance Sheet (€)	2019	2020	2021
Due from banks	10,609	10,509	10,409
Tax assets	27,174	12,723	12,396
Other assets	116,468	104,807	95,076

<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>154,251</b>	<b>128,039</b>	<b>117,881</b>
Tax liabilities	16,180	8,132	3,418
Other liabilities	127,945	109,781	104,337
Quotaholders' equity	10,000	10,000	10,000
Legal reserve	126	126	126
Net income (losses)	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND QUOTAHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>154,251</b>	<b>128,039</b>	<b>117,881</b>

### Profit and Loss

Profit and Loss (€)	2019	2020	2021
Interest income and similar revenues	0	0	0
Other operating expenses/income	153,818	176,327	166,219
Administrative costs	-157,431	-171,785	-163,839
<b>INCOME FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>3,613</b>	<b>4,542</b>	<b>2,380</b>
Income taxes	-3,613	-4,542	-2,380
<b>NET INCOME (LOSSES) FOR THE YEAR</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

## THE SANTANDER GROUP

### **Banco Santander, S.A.**

Banco Santander, S.A. is the parent bank of Grupo Santander. It was established on 21 March 1857 and incorporated in its present form by a public deed executed in Santander, Spain, on 14 January 1875. Banco Santander, S.A. and its consolidated subsidiaries are a financial group operating through a network of offices and subsidiaries across Spain, the United Kingdom and other European countries, Brazil and other Latin American countries and the US, offering wide range of financial products. In Latin America, Santander Group have majority shareholdings in banks in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Mexico, Peru and Uruguay.

Banco Santander, S.A. has a long-term credit rating of “A- (Senior A)” by Fitch (as of December 2021), “A+” by Standard & Poor’s (as of March 2022), “A2” by Moody’s (as of July 2021) and “A (High)” by DBRS (as of December 2021).

Additional information is available in the website [www.santander.com](http://www.santander.com), which does not form part of this Prospectus.

### **Santander Consumer Finance S.A.**

Santander Consumer Finance S.A. is part of the Santander Group (as described above), the parent entity of which (Banco Santander, S.A.) had a 100 per cent. direct and indirect ownership interest in the share capital of the Seller as at 31 December 2021. The Consumer Group’s primary activity is related to automobile financing, personal loan and credit card businesses. However, it also works at attracting customer funds.

The Consumer Group is located throughout Europe in Spain, UK, Germany, Poland, Italy, Austria, France, the Netherlands, Norway, Finland, Denmark, Sweden, Switzerland and Portugal, and engages in finance leasing, financing of third party purchases of consumer goods of any kind, full-service leasing (“renting”) and other activities. Santander Consumer Finance business has been profitable and resilient, including during the global financial crisis and ensuing years, and as the European market has recovered, we have continued to gain market share.

As of 31 December 2021, its attributable profits reached € 1.230,356 million, with € 118 billion of loans and receivables and about 18 million customers.

Additional information is available in the website [www.santanderconsumer.com](http://www.santanderconsumer.com), which does not form part of this Prospectus.

***The information contained in this section of this Prospectus relates to and has been obtained from Banco Santander, S.A. and Santander Consumer Finance S.A.. The delivery of this Prospectus shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Banco Santander, S.A. and Santander Consumer Finance S.A. since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section of this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.***

## THE BNYM GROUP

### **The Bank of New York Mellon**

The Bank of New York Mellon, a wholly owned subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, is incorporated, with limited liability by Charter, under the Laws of the State of New York by special act of the New York State Legislature, Chapter 616 of the Laws of 1871, with its Head Office situate at One Wall Street, New York, NY 10286, USA and having a branch registered in England & Wales with FC No 005522 and BR No 000818 with its principal office in the United Kingdom situated at One Canada Square, London E14 5AL.

In the context of this Securitisation, BNYM, London Branch acts as Computation Agent.

### **The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV**

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV is a Belgian limited liability company established 30 September 2008 under the form of a Société Anonyme/Naamloze Vennootschap. It was granted its banking licence by the former CBFA on 10 March 2009. It has its headquarters and main establishment at 46 rue Montoyerstraat, 1000 Brussels. The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV is a subsidiary of BNY Mellon (BNYM), the main banking subsidiary of The BNY Mellon Corporation. It is under the prudential supervision of the European Central Bank and the National Bank of Belgium and regulated by the Belgian Financial Services and Markets Authority in respect of conduct of business. The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV engages in servicing, global collateral management, global markets, corporate trust and depositary receipts. The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV operates from locations in Belgium, The Netherlands, Germany, the United Kingdom, Luxembourg, Italy, France and Ireland.

BNYM, Milan Branch acts as account bank, paying agent and representative of the noteholders in several structured finance deals. In the context of this Securitisation, BNYM, Milan Branch acts as Expenses Account Bank and Paying Agent.

In the context of this Securitisation, BNYM, Luxembourg Branch acts as Listing Agent.

***The information contained in this section of this Prospectus relates to and has been obtained from BNYM, Milan Branch, BNYM, Luxembourg Branch and BNYM, London Branch, respectively. The delivery of this Prospectus shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of BNYM, Milan Branch, BNYM, Luxembourg Branch and BNYM, London Branch since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section of this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.***

## THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOTEHOLDERS

Zenith Service S.p.A. is a joint stock company (*società per azioni*) incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Italy, with registered office at Via Vittorio Betteloni 2, 20131 Milan, Italy, fully paid share capital of Euro 2,000,000, fiscal code and enrolment with the Companies' Register of Milan-Monza-Brianza-Lodi under No. 02200990980 - VAT Group No. 11407600961, enrolled in the albo unico degli intermediari finanziari held by Bank of Italy pursuant to Article 106 of the Banking Act under No. 30 - ABI Code 32590.2 ("**Zenith**").

Zenith acts as representative of the noteholders, master servicer and calculation agent in several structured finance deals.

In the context of this Securitisation, Zenith acts as Representative of the Noteholders.

***The information contained in this section of this Prospectus relates to and has been obtained from Zenith. The delivery of this Prospectus shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Zenith since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section of this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.***

## USE OF PROCEEDS

The estimated net funds available to the Issuer on the Issue Date consisting of the amount to be drawn down by the Issuer under the Subordinated Loan Agreement, in an amount equal to € 4,013,736.37, will be applied by the Issuer on the Issue Date:

- (a) to credit € 30,000.00 to the Expenses Account; and
- (b) to credit € 3,983,736.37 to the Cash Reserve Account.

Pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, the proceeds from the issue of the Notes arising from the Initial Subscription Payment, in an amount equal to € 246,670,982.55, will be offset against the Purchase Price, equal to € 246,670,982.54, payable by the Issuer to Santander Consumer Bank on the Issue Date as consideration for the purchase of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

The Initial Subscription Payment and the Additional Subscription Payments which will be made in favour of the Issuer by the Subscriber and the Noteholders, respectively, will be applied in order to fund the Purchase Price of the Portfolios purchased by the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement.

Pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, the Issuer and Santander Consumer Bank (in its capacity as Subscriber and Seller) have agreed to offset on the Issue Date (i) the Initial Subscription Payment to be made in respect of the Notes by Santander Consumer Bank (as Subscriber) to the Issuer with (ii) the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio payable by the Issuer to Santander Consumer Bank (as Seller). As result on the Issue Date no proceeds will arise in respect of the Initial Subscription Payment of the Notes.

The aforementioned set-off arrangements will apply also in relation to Additional Subscription Payments and the Purchase of the Subsequent Portfolios insofar as Santander Consumer Bank will continue to hold the Notes (in full or in part).

## DESCRIPTION OF THE MASTER TRANSFER AGREEMENT

*The description of the Master Transfer Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of the agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Master Transfer Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Master Transfer Agreement upon request at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### General

On the Initial Execution Date the Seller and the Issuer entered into the Master Transfer Agreement under which they agreed the terms and conditions for the assignment and transfer from the Seller to the Issuer of the Portfolios of the Claims owed to the Seller by the Debtors thereunder, pursuant to the relevant Loan Agreements entered into between the Seller and such Debtors.

Each assignment and transfer of Claims under the Master Transfer Agreement was made (in case of the Initial Portfolio) and will be made (in case of each Subsequent Portfolio) without recourse (*pro soluto*) and in accordance with the Securitisation Law.

### Initial Portfolio and Subsequent Portfolios

Under the Master Transfer Agreement the Seller (i) assigned and transferred to the Issuer, and the Issuer has purchased from the Seller, the Initial Portfolio on the Initial Execution Date and (ii) may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer may purchase from the Seller, Subsequent Portfolios on a monthly basis during the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions thereunder.

In accordance with the provisions of articles 1 and 4 of the Securitisation Law, the assignment and transfer of the Initial Portfolio to the Issuer has been regulated by article 58 of the Banking Act. As a result, such assignment has been perfected and made enforceable through the performance of the following perfection formalities:

- (a) the publication of a notice of the assignment in the Official Gazette (i.e. No. 56, Part II, of 14 May 2022); and
- (b) the registration of such assignment in the Companies Register of Turin made on 18 May 2022.

Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, the assignment of the Subsequent Portfolios to the Issuer will normally be regulated by Article 58 of the Banking Act, as described above. However, the Seller and the Issuer may also agree that any Subsequent Portfolio will be assigned by applying article 5 of the Italian Factoring Law, as currently permitted by the Securitisation Law (as an alternative to article 58 of the Banking Act). In such case the assignment will be perfected upon simple payment (in full or in part) to the Seller of the purchase price of the relevant Claims.

For further details, see the Section entitled “*Selected aspects of Italian law*”.

If any of the Purchase Termination Events occurs and, thereafter, a Purchase Termination Notice is served by the Representative of the Noteholders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, then the Programme Period will be early terminated and, accordingly, the Seller may not assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall not purchase from the Seller, any further Subsequent Portfolios.

For further details, see Condition 15 (*Purchase Termination Events*) of the section entitled “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”.

### Purchase Price

As consideration for the purchase of the Claims comprised in each Portfolio, the Issuer shall pay to the Seller the Purchase Price, being equal to the aggregate sum of the Individual Purchase Prices of all the Claims comprised in the relevant Portfolio, rounded down as agreed between the Seller and the Issuer in connection with the relevant assignment.

The Individual Purchase Price of the Claims relating to each Loan is equal to the relevant Outstanding Principal, calculated as of the relevant Valuation Date.

The Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio is equal to the aggregate sum of the Individual Purchase Prices of all the Claims comprised thereunder. Such Purchase Price is equal to € 246,670,982.54. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller on the Issue Date through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, the Purchase Price of each Subsequent Portfolio will be funded through the Collections and the other Issuer Available Funds which will be available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and, if applicable, through Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes by the Noteholders on any Additional Subscription Payment Date.

No interest shall accrue on any amount due as Purchase Price in respect of any of the Portfolios assigned and transferred to the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement.

### **Eligibility Criteria**

The Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio have been identified on the basis of the Initial Criteria and the Claims which will be comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio shall be identified on the basis of the Subsequent Criteria. For further details, see the section “*The Aggregate Portfolio*”.

In accordance with such provisions, the Master Transfer Agreement provides that:

- (a) if, after the assignment and transfer of a Portfolio, it transpires that any claim included in the Initial Portfolio (or a Subsequent Portfolio, as the case may be) did not meet the relevant Eligibility Criteria as of the relevant Valuation Date (with the exception of the case set forth therein), then any such claim will be deemed not to have been assigned and transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement; and
- (b) if, after assignment and transfer of a Portfolio regulated by article 58 of the Banking Act, it transpires that any Claim meeting the relevant Eligibility Criteria as of the relevant Valuation Date has not been included in the Initial Portfolio (or in a Subsequent Portfolio, as the case may be), then any such Claim will be deemed to have been assigned and transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

The Purchase Price of the relevant Portfolio shall be then adjusted, in accordance with the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement, *provided that* any amounts due and payable by the Issuer to the Seller, as Purchase Price’ adjustment, will be paid out of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

### **Undue Amounts**

Pursuant to article 125-*sexies* of the Banking Act, in case of Prepayment of any Loan the relevant Debtor is entitled to the reduction - proportionally to the residual life of the underlying agreement - of all interests and of all costs included in the aggregate cost of the financing (*costo totale del credito*) (the “**Residual Recurring Costs**”). As a result of such reduction, the Seller would be under the obligation to repay to the Issuer a portion of the Individual Purchase Price of the relevant Claims relating to the relevant prepaid Loan in an amount equal to the relevant Undue Amounts.

Under the Master Transfer Agreement it has been agreed that such repayment obligation shall be discharged through the payment by the Seller in favour of the Issuer of an amount equal to any Undue Amounts which arise upon any Prepayment.

### **Undertakings**

The Master Transfer Agreement also contains a number of undertakings by the Seller in respect of its activities relating to the Claims. The Seller undertakes, *inter alia*, not to assign or transfer the Claims to any third party or to create any security interest, charge, lien or encumbrance or other right in favour of any third party in respect of the Claims, in whole or in part during the period comprised between (i) the Initial Execution Date, as per the Initial Portfolio, and the relevant offer date as per each Subsequent Portfolio and (ii) the date on which the relevant publication in the Official Gazette and registration in the Issuer's Companies Register have been made.

### **Call Option in respect of all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio**

Under the Master Transfer Agreement the Issuer granted to the Seller the Call Option pursuant to which, the Seller may repurchase from the Issuer (in whole but not in part) all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio not already collected as of the date of exercise of such option, starting from the earlier of the following dates:

- (i) the date on which the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount is equal to, or less than, 10% of the lower of (a) the Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount and (b) the Aggregate Portfolio Purchase Price; and
- (ii) the date on which a Regulatory Change Event has occurred.

### **Call option in respect of single Claims**

Under the Master Transfer Agreement the Issuer granted to the Seller a call option pursuant to which, the Seller may repurchase from the Issuer single Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio, throughout a relevant communication to be sent to the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders 5 (five) Business Days before the legal effect of such repurchase.

The above call option cannot be exercised by the Seller is subject to the following limitation:

- (a) the above call option cannot be exercised if the Outstanding Principal of the Claims (other than Defaulted Claims) repurchased by the Seller starting from the transfer date of the Initial Portfolio (calculated as of the relevant Valuation Date) is higher than 15% of the Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount; and
- (b) the above call option cannot be exercised if the Outstanding Principal of the Claims (other than Defaulted Claims) repurchased by the Seller during each calendar year (calculated as of the relevant Valuation Date) is higher than 10% of the Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount.

### **Governing Law**

The Master Transfer Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SERVICING AGREEMENT

*The description of the Servicing Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and it is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Servicing Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Servicing Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### General

On the Initial Execution Date the Issuer and Santander Consumer Bank entered into the Servicing Agreement, pursuant to which the Issuer appointed Santander Consumer Bank as Servicer of the Claims and the Servicer has agreed to administer and service the Aggregate Portfolio on behalf of the Issuer and, in particular, to (i) collect and recover amounts due in respect of the Claims; (ii) administer relationships with the Debtors; and (iii) carry out certain activities in relation to the Claims, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement.

The Servicer will also be responsible for carrying out, on behalf of the Issuer, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and the Collections Policy certain activities related to the management of the Defaulted Claims, including activities in connection with the enforcement and recovery of such Defaulted Claims.

### Obligations of the Servicer

The Servicer is responsible for the receipt of cash collections in respect of the Loans and Claims and for cash and payment services (*soggetto incaricato della riscossione dei crediti ceduti e dei servizi di cassa e pagamento*) pursuant to the Securitisation Law. Within the limits of article 2, paragraph 6-bis, of the Securitisation Law, the Servicer is also responsible for ensuring that such activities comply with the provisions and regulations of Italian law. The Servicer has undertaken in relation to each of the Loans and related Claims to perform, *inter alia*, the following activities:

- (a) collect the Collections and to credit them to the Collection Account within one Business Day of the day of receipt (for value such day of receipt) by the Servicer, *provided that*, in the case of exceptional circumstances causing an operational delay in the transfer, the relevant Collections will be transferred in any case into the Collection Account within three Business Days of the day of receipt;
- (b) strictly comply with the Servicing Agreement and the Collection Policies;
- (c) carry out the administration and management of such Claims and initiate and to manage any possible judicial proceedings and bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings regarding the Debtors in accordance with the best professional standards (*massima diligenza e correttezza professionale*);
- (d) comply with the laws and regulations applicable in the Republic of Italy in carrying out activities under the Servicing Agreement;
- (e) maintain effective accounting and auditing procedures so as to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Servicing Agreement;
- (f) save where otherwise provided for in the Collection Policies or other than in certain limited circumstances specified in the Servicing Agreement (as, for example, in the case of out-of-court settlements), not to consent to any waiver or cancellation of or other change prejudicial to the Issuer's interests in or to the Claims and any other real or personal security or remedy under or with respect to such Loan unless it is ordered to do so by an order of a competent judicial or other authority or authorised to do so by the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders.

Furthermore, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer is responsible for interpreting, considering and managing autonomously the issues arising out of the application of the Usury Law, by using professional due diligence. Likewise, the Servicer, in the performance of the relative collection and recovery activities, must not breach the Usury Law.

### **Amendments to the Collection Policies**

The Servicer may amend the Collection Policies without any prior authorisation (i) *provided that* such amendments are required as consequence of mergers or restructuring transactions relating to the Servicer as part of the Santander Group. Such amendments must be submitted in advance to the Issuer, DBRS, Moody's and the Representative of Noteholders; and (ii) in respect of limited amendments required to comply with the current procedures adopted by the Servicer and for the benefit of the Issuer with the only purpose of speed up the collections procedures and the recovery of the Claims *provided that* such amendments do not affect the ratings of the Notes. The Servicer has undertaken to submit such amendments made during the previous Collection Period to the Issuer, the Representative of Noteholders and DBRS and Moody's.

### **Inspections**

The Issuer has the right to inspect and take copies of the documentation and records relating to the Claims in order to verify the activities undertaken by the Servicer, *provided that* the Servicer has been informed reasonably in advance of any such inspection.

### **No recourse**

The Servicer has acknowledged and accepted that, pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, it will not have any recourse against the Issuer for any damages, claims, liabilities or costs incurred by it as a result of the performance of its activities under the Servicing Agreement, except as may result from the Issuer's wilful default (*dolo*) or gross negligence (*colpa grave*).

### **Sale of Defaulted Claims**

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the parties agree that for the benefit of the Noteholders and *provided that* the conditions set forth in the Servicing Agreement are met, the Servicer may sell to third parties, on behalf and in the name of the Issuer, Defaulted Claims in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions of the Servicing Agreement.

### **Delegation of activities**

The Servicer is entitled to delegate, to one or more companies fulfilling the prerequisites set forth in the Servicing Agreement, certain activities entrusted to it as Servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, as far as Defaulted Claims and Arrear Claims are concerned. The Servicer will remain directly responsible for the performance of all duties and obligations delegated to any such company and will be liable for the conduct of all of them.

### **Reporting requirements**

The Servicer has undertaken to prepare and submit the Servicer Report to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholder, the Subscriber, DBRS, Moody's, the Sole Arranger, the Account Banks and the Computation Agent on each Servicer Report Date. The Servicer Reports will contain information as to the Aggregate Portfolio and the Claims comprised thereunder.

Moreover, the Servicer has undertaken to furnish to the Issuer, DBRS, Moody's, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent such further information as any of them may reasonably request with respect to the relevant Claims and/or the related Proceedings.

## Remuneration of the Servicer

In return for the services provided by the Servicer in relation to the on-going management of the Portfolio and as reimbursement of expenses, on each Payment Date and in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments, the Issuer will pay the Servicer the following amounts:

- (a) a periodic fee to be calculated according to the following formula:  $F = ((PAOC / 100) * (0.125 / 12) * P)$

Where:

- “F” means the amount of the fee.
- “PAOC” means the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Claims (net of the Defaulted Claims) calculated as at the commencement of the relevant Collection Period.
- “P” means 1.

The above amounts are inclusive of VAT and shall be indicated in the Servicer Report.

- (b) a periodic fee equal to 0.20% (inclusive of VAT, where applicable) of the Collections deriving from the Claims classified as Defaulted Claims (excluding any purchase price received in relation to the sale of any Defaulted Claims) during the immediately preceding Collection Period, according to the information contained in the Servicer Report; and
- (c) an annual fee of € 13,000 plus VAT (to the extent applicable) payable by the Issuer on the first Payment Date of each year in connection with certain compliance and consultancy services provided by the Servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement.

## Termination and resignation of the Servicer and withdrawal of the Issuer

The Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Servicer (*revocare il mandato*), pursuant to article 1725 of the Italian Civil Code, or withdraw from the Servicing Agreement (*recesso unilaterale*), pursuant to article 1373 of the Italian Civil Code, upon the occurrence of, *inter alia*, any of the following events:

- (a) the Bank of Italy has proposed to the Minister of Economy and Finance to admit the Servicer to any insolvency proceeding or a request for the judicial assessment of the insolvency of the Servicer has been filed with the competent office or the Servicer has been admitted to the procedures set out in articles 74 and 76 of the Banking Act, or a resolution is passed by the Servicer with the intention of applying for such proceedings to be initiated;
- (b) failure on the part of the Servicer to deliver and pay any amount due under the Servicing Agreement within five Business Days of the date on which such amount became due and payable;
- (c) failure on the part of Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Servicer or otherwise, once a, respectively,
- (i) 10-Business Day notice period, with respect to the termination and/or withdrawal from the Servicing Agreement, or
  - (ii) five-Business Day notice period, with respect to the right of the Issuer to rescind (*risolvere*) the Servicing Agreement,

has elapsed, to observe or perform in any respect any of its obligations under the Servicing Agreement, the relevant Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement or any of the Transaction Documents to which Santander Consumer Bank is a party, which could jeopardise the fiduciary relationship between the Servicer and the Issuer;

- (d) a representation given by Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Servicer or otherwise, pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, is verified to be inaccurate, and this could have a substantial negative effect on the Issuer and/or the Securitisation;
- (e) the Servicer's Owner ceases to be the sole shareholder of Santander Consumer Bank acting as Servicer;
- (f) the Servicer's Owner ceases to be rated by any of DBRS or Moody's or the Servicer's Owner's long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations cease to be rated at least "Ba1" by Moody's;
- (g) the Servicer changes significantly the departments and/or the resources dedicated to the recovery of the Claims and the management of the Proceedings and such change, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders and the Issuer, leads to the belief that the fiduciary relationship between the Servicer and the Issuer concerning the possibility or ability of the Servicer to perform the obligations it has assumed under the Servicing Agreement has been terminated; or
- (h) the Servicer does not meet the requirements provided by law or by the Bank of Italy for the entities appointed as servicer in a securitisation transaction or the Servicer does not meet any further requirement which may be requested in the future by either the Bank of Italy or any other competent authority.

Upon the occurrence of the events listed under (b), (c) or (d) above, the Issuer is also entitled to rescind (*risolvere*) the Servicing Agreement in accordance with article 1456 of the Italian Civil Code.

The termination of the appointment of a Servicer, prior to being communicated to the Servicer, shall be communicated by the Issuer in writing to DBRS, Moody's and the Representative of the Noteholders.

Moreover, the Servicer is entitled to withdraw from the Servicing Agreement, at any time after 12 months of the Initial Execution Date, by giving at least 12 months' prior written notice to that effect to the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, DBRS and Moody's. Following the withdrawal of the Servicer, the Issuer shall promptly commence procedures necessary to appoint a substitute servicer.

The termination and the withdrawal of the Servicer shall be deemed to have become effective after 10 days have elapsed from the date specified in the notice of the termination or of the withdrawal or from the date falling on the day after a 12-month period has elapsed since the notice given by the Servicer to the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, DBRS and Moody's to resign from the servicing agreement, or from the date, if later, of the appointment of the substitute servicer, *provided that*, in all cases, it shall be effective from the date of efficacy of the appointment of the Substitute Servicer, if this occurs afterwards, except where Santander Consumer Bank (where applicable) during this period rectifies the situation of default and *provided that* the Representative of Noteholders notifies the Parties its written consent that Santander Consumer Bank continues acting as Servicer.

The Issuer may appoint a successor servicer only with the prior written approval of the Representative of the Noteholders and the Servicer, *provided that* the Issuer notifies DBRS and Moody's of such appointment. In this respect, the Servicer, within 10 Business Days, is held to

grant its approval in respect of at least one candidate successor servicer between at least three eligible candidates as successor servicer proposed by the Issuer.

The successor servicer is required to have the following characteristics:

- (1) it must be a bank that has been operating in the Republic of Italy for at least three years and having one or more branches in the territory of the Republic of Italy and proven experience in the Republic of Italy in the management of loans similar to the Loans; or
- (2) it must be a financial intermediary registered pursuant to article 106 of the Banking Act which has:
  - (i) proven experience in the Republic of Italy in the management of loans similar to the Loans;
  - (ii) software that is compatible with that used by the replaced Servicer; and
  - (iii) the financial capability to perform the role of servicer; or
  - (iv) the Back-up Servicer (as defined below).

#### **Back-up Servicer**

Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, in the event that the Servicer's Owner's long-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations ceases to be rated at least "Baa3" by Moody's, then within the following 10 Business Days, the Issuer shall appoint a Back-Up Servicer willing to replace the Servicer should the Servicing Agreement be terminated for any reason. The Back-up Servicer will, *inter alia*:

- (a) need to satisfy the requirements set out under points (1) and (2) of the preceding paragraph entitled "Termination and resignation of the Servicer and withdrawal of the Issuer";
- (b) undertake to enter into a back-up servicing agreement substantially in the form of the Servicing Agreement; and
- (c) assume all the duties and obligations applicable to it as provided for by the Transaction Documents.

The Issuer shall notify the Representative of the Noteholders, DBRS and Moody's of such appointment.

Under the Intercreditor Agreement, Santander Consumer Finance S.A. has undertaken to act as Back-up Servicer Facilitator with the task of selecting the Back-Up Servicer on behalf of the Issuer. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Description of the Intercreditor Agreement*".

#### **Governing Law**

The Servicing Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE WARRANTY AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

*The description of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement upon request at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### General

On the Initial Execution Date, the Seller and the Issuer entered into the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement (as amended and supplemented on or about the Issue Date), pursuant to which the Seller (i) gave certain representations and warranties in favour of the Issuer in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio and (ii) agreed to indemnify the Issuer in respect of certain liabilities of the Issuer incurred in connection with the purchase and ownership of the Aggregate Portfolio.

The Warranty and Indemnity Agreement contains representations and warranties by the Seller in respect of, *inter alia*, the following categories:

- (a) the Loans, the Claims, the Insurance Policies, the Salary Assignments and the Delegations of Payment;
- (b) the consumer credit legislation (*credito al consumo*);
- (c) disclosure of information;
- (d) the Securitisation Law and article 58 of the Banking Act; and
- (e) other representations.

### Representations and warranties

Under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has represented and warranted, *inter alia*, as follows:

- (a) *Loans, Claims, Insurance Policies, Salary Assignments and Delegations of Payment*
  - (i) the Loans have no more than 2 (two) Unpaid Instalments as of the relevant Valuation Date and have never had simultaneously more than 5 (five) Unpaid Instalments, even non-consecutive, in the past;
  - (ii) the Loans have been granted in accordance with the credit policy of the Seller;
  - (iii) each party to any Loans, Salary Assignments, Delegations of Payment and Insurance Policies, and each party to any agreement, deed or document relating thereto had, as at the date of execution thereof, full power and authority to enter into and execute such agreement, deed or document relating to such Loan, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment or Insurance Policy . Any obligation assumed by the parties to each Loan, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the parties thereto (including the relevant Debtor, Employer, Pension Entity or Insurance Company, as the case may be), enforceable under the provisions of the relevant agreement and deed and pursuant to law.
  - (iv) each of the Claims arises from agreements duly entered into. Each Loan, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy and each other agreement, deed or document relating thereto is valid and enforceable against

the Debtors, Employers, Pension Entities and Insurance Companies, as the case may be, as provided thereto and pursuant to law and the obligations undertaken by each of the parties are valid and enforceable in their entirety;

- (v) each Loan, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time, has been entered into, executed, performed and advanced in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation:
  - (a) all laws, rules and regulations relating to consumer credit protection, usury, personal data protection and disclosure, consumers' rights protection and transparency of contractual conditions, as well as in accordance with lending policies and procedures adopted from time to time by the Seller;
  - (b) rules and regulations relating to the assignment of one-fifth of salary and one-fifth of pension;
  - (c) articles 1269 and 1723, second paragraph, of the Italian civil code, in relation to the Delegations of Payment;
  - (d) applicable Circulars of *Ministero dell'Economia e delle Finanze* in relation to Loans disbursed to public employers and assisted by Delegation of Payment;
  - (e) the provisions of Presidential Decree No. 180 of 5 January 1950, as subsequently amended and supplemented in relation to Loans disbursed to private employers and assisted by Delegation of Payment;
- (vi) each Loan Agreement assisted by CQS or by Delegation of Payment expressly provides that (i) the assignment of one-fifth of salary or the delegation of payment, as the case may be, will extend their effects over the retirement allowance (*assegno di quiescenza*) if, following the termination of the employment relationship for any reason, the Debtor has the right to the pension benefits and the pension institution is obliged pursuant to law to make the relevant withdrawals; (ii) in case such obligation does not exist, the assignment of one-fifth of salary or the delegation of payment, as the case may be, will extend their effects, following the termination of the employment relationship for any reason, over the severance indemnity (*trattamento di fine rapporto*) or over the liquidation of the performances (if any) in favour of the Debtor by the relevant pension fund (if any) to which the Debtor is registered, as well as over any other sum due to the Debtor for any reason and under any name;
- (vii) each Employer has accepted and acknowledged any Delegation of Payment relating thereto;
- (viii) each authorisation, approval, consent, licence, registration, recording, presentation or attestation or any other action which is required or desirable to ensure the validity, legality, enforceability or priority of the rights and obligations of the relevant parties to each Loan, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment, Insurance Policy, pension fund or any other deed, agreement or document relating thereto and to each other relevant agreement, deed or document was duly and unconditionally obtained, made or taken by the time of the execution of each Loan and of the making of any advances thereunder or when otherwise required under the law or whenever deemed appropriate for the above purposes;
- (ix) each Loan has been fully advanced, disbursed and paid directly, as evidenced

by disbursement receipts to the relevant Debtor or on its behalf, and there is no obligation on the part of the Seller to advance or disburse further amounts in connection therewith;

- (x) each Loan has been entered into substantially in the form of the Seller's standard form agreement. No Loan has been amended after its execution in a manner which may not be allowed under the Servicing Agreement or the applicable law in force.
- (xi) each Loan Agreement, each Salary Assignment, each Delegation of Payment, each Insurance Policy and each other related agreement, deed or document was entered into and executed without any error, undue influence or wilful misconduct by or on behalf of the Seller or any of its managers, directors, officers and/or employees, so that the relevant Debtor, Employer, Pension Entity or Insurance Company are not entitled to initiate any action against the Seller for error, undue influence or wilful misconduct or to repudiate any of the obligations under or in respect of such Loan Agreement, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment, Insurance Policy or of any other agreement, deed or document relating thereto;
- (xii) each Claim is fully and unconditionally owned by and available to the Seller and is not subject to any attachment, seizure or other charge in favour of any third party and is freely transferable to the Issuer. The Seller is, currently, the beneficiary of each Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy. The Seller holds exclusive and unencumbered legal title to each of the Loans and the Claims and has not assigned, transferred or otherwise disposed to any third party other than the Issuer (whether absolutely or by way of security) any of its rights, titles, interests or benefits in relation to the Loans, the Claims, the Salary Assignments, the Delegations of Payment or the Insurance Policies nor it has terminated, waived, or carried out amendments to the terms and conditions of the Loans, the Salary Assignments, the Delegation of Payments or the Insurance Policies or otherwise created or allowed for the creation or constitution of any lien, pledge, encumbrance or other right, claim or beneficial interest over the Loans or the Claims in favour of any third party other than the Issuer. There are no clauses or provisions in the Loans, in the Salary Assignments, in the Delegations of Payment, in the Insurance Policies nor in any other agreement, deed or document, pursuant to which the relevant creditor is prevented from transferring, assigning or otherwise disposing of the Claims or of any of them. The transfer of the Claims from the Seller to the Issuer has not affected, and will not affect, the payment obligations of the amounts due under the Claims by the relevant Debtor, Employer, Pension Entity and Insurance Companies. As at the relevant Valuation Date, the Debtors (i) have in place the relevant employment relationship in relation to which the CQS and the Delegation of Payment has been made; or (ii) have in place the new employment relationship and have already communicated the CQS or the Delegation of Payment, as the case may be, to the new Employer; or (iii) meet all the requirements for receiving the pension of the retirement allowance (*assegno di quiescenza*) in case of Loans assisted by CQP;
- (xiii) the amount of each Loan out of which the Claims of each Portfolio arise as of the relevant Valuation Date (being the relevant principal amount outstanding as at such date) (a) is correctly set out in the relevant schedule of the Master Transfer Agreement, as per the Initial Portfolio, and (b) will be correctly set out in the relevant the relevant Offer to Sell, as per each Subsequent Portfolio. The list of Loans attached to the Master Transfer Agreement, as per the Initial Portfolio, and the relevant the relevant Offer to Sell, as per each Subsequent Portfolio is and will be an accurate list of all of the Loans from which the Claims comprised in the relevant Portfolio arise and containing the indication of the Individual Purchase Prices of such Claims, and the data set out therein are true and correct in all

material respects. The Outstanding Principal Amount for each Debtor does not exceed € 90,340.48 in relation to the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio;

- (xiv) without prejudice to the representations and warranties under paragraph (xv), prior to the Initial Valuation Date, with reference to the Initial Portfolio, no Debtor has been discharged from its obligations, nor prior to the relevant Valuation Date, with reference to each Subsequent Portfolio, will have been relieved or discharged from its obligations, nor the Seller has subordinated its rights to the rights of other creditors thereof, or waived any of the Seller's rights, except in relation to payments made in a corresponding amount to satisfy the relevant Claims or in case, and to the extent, that this is required under any applicable law or regulation in order to preserve the Seller's position as owner of the relevant Loans;
- (xv) following the Initial Valuation Date, with reference to the Initial Portfolio, no Debtor has been discharged from its obligations, nor following the relevant Valuation Date, with reference to each Subsequent Portfolio, will have been relieved or discharged from its obligations, nor the Seller has subordinated its rights to the rights of other creditors thereof, or waived any of the Seller's rights, except in relation to payments made in a corresponding amount to satisfy the relevant Claims;
- (xvi) the assignment and transfer of the Claims to the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement does not prejudice or impair the obligations of the Debtors, Employers, Pension Entities and/or Insurance Companies concerning the payment of the outstanding amounts of the Claims and the validity and enforceability or the rights deriving from the Claims, the Salary Assignments, the Delegations of Payment or the Insurance Policies;
- (xvii) each Loan and each Claim exists and is denominated in Euros and the conversion of the relevant Loan into any other currency is not permitted;
- (xviii) each Loan, each Claim, each Insurance Policy, each Salary Assignment, each Delegation of Payment is governed by Italian law;
- (xix) the Claims are not indirectly secured by any security other than those included in the Claims or that is anyway not transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement;
- (xx) none of the Debtors is an entity of the public administration or an ecclesiastical entity or in general a legal person;
- (xxi) save for the Servicing Agreement, no servicing or pooling agreement has been entered into by the Seller in relation to any of the Loans and/or the Claims which are binding on the Issuer or which may otherwise impair or affect in any manner whatsoever the exercise of any of its rights in respect of the Claims, the Salary Assignments, the Delegations of Payment and the Insurance Policies;
- (xxii) none of the Loans has been granted or is managed in syndicated form, nor provides for further disbursement obligations by the Seller;
- (xxiii) the Loans do not include:
  - (A) loans originating claims classified, at any time, as Defaulted Claims;
  - (B) loans in relation to which there have ever been more than five Unpaid Instalments simultaneously, even if non-consecutive;

- (C) loans granted to employees, agents or attorneys-in-fact (*mandatari*) of the Seller; and
  - (D) loans advanced, under any applicable law (including regional and/or provincial) or regulation in force in the Republic of Italy, providing for financial support of any kind with regard to principal and/or interest to the relevant borrower;
- (xxiv) the Seller has kept books, records, data and documents complete in all material respects in relation to the Loans and to all instalments and any other amounts to be paid or repaid thereunder, and all such books, records, data and documents are kept by the Seller;
  - (xxv) the disbursement, servicing, administration, and collection procedures adopted by the Seller with respect to each of the Loans, the Salary Assignments, the Delegations of Payment and the Claims have been carried out in all respects in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and with care, skill and diligence and in a prudent manner and in accordance with the credit management and collection policies adopted from time to time by the Seller, as well as in accordance with all prudent and customary banking practice. As for the prudent and customary banking practice of the Seller, they are described in the relevant schedule of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;
  - (xxvi) all taxes, duties and fees of any kind required to be paid by the Seller under each Loan from the time such Loan was disbursed up to the Initial Execution Date, with reference to the Initial Portfolio, and up to the applicable Subsequent Transfer Date, with reference to each Subsequent Portfolio, as well as with respect to the creation and preservation of any Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy, and to the execution of any other agreement, deed or document or the performance and fulfilment of any action or formality relating thereto, have been and will be duly and timely paid by the Seller;
  - (xxvii) the interest rates relating to the Loans as set out in the Master Transfer Agreement (with reference to the Initial Portfolio) and in the relevant Offer to Sell (with reference to each Subsequent Portfolio) have been and will be applied and received at all times in accordance with the applicable laws in force from time to time (including, especially, the Usury Law, as applicable);
  - (xxviii) each Loan constitutes a fixed rate loan;
  - (xxix) the Loan provides for the payment of the Instalments through wire transfer;
  - (xxx) no Debtor, Employer, Pension Entity or Insurance Company in relation to each Loan Agreement, Salary Assignment, Delegation of Payment and Insurance Policy, as the case may be, is entitled to exercise any grounded right of withdrawal (except where provided for in the relevant loan agreement and, with reference to Debtors qualifying as “consumers”, in article 125-ter of the Banking Act), rescission, termination, counterclaim, set-off or grounded defence in respect of the operation of any of the terms of any of the Loans, of the Salary Assignments, of the Delegations of Payment, of the Insurance Policies or of any agreement, deed or document connected therewith, or in respect of any amount payable or repayable thereunder, it being understood that no such right has been asserted and no such claim has been raised against the Seller;
  - (xxxi) the Seller has no knowledge of any material and existing fact or matter which might cause the non-repayment or the delayed repayment of any of the Loans other than cases where a Temporary Claim has occurred;

- (xxxii) without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph (xiii)(b), each obligation arising from the Loans has been duly and punctually performed by each of the Debtors;
- (xxxiii) under the Master Transfer Agreement, the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio met the Initial Criteria and the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio will meet the Common Criteria as at the relevant Valuation Date;
- (xxxiv) the Specific Criteria of each Subsequent Portfolio (which, together with the Common Criteria will identify the Claims comprised in each such Subsequent Portfolio), respectively, will not alter the nature of the Common Criteria;
- (xxxv) the Loans do not violate any provision under articles 1283, 1345 and 1346 of the Italian Civil Code;
- (xxxvi) to the best of the Seller's knowledge, no Debtor is subject to any insolvency proceeding;
- (xxxvii) all the Loans out which the Claims of the Initial Portfolio arise have no instalments falling due after 31 March 2032;
- (xxxviii) the Loan Agreements from which the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio arise and the Loan Agreements from which the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio will arise have been and/or will be validly entered into;
- (xxxix) the Debtors are not in breach of any terms and conditions of the relevant Loans;
- (xl) no Insurance Policy contains clauses which prevent the transfer to the Issuer of the rights deriving thereto;
- (xli) each Debtor, each Employer, and the relevant guarantors (which are individuals) are resident in Italy;
- (xlii) each Employer, each Pension Entity and the relevant guarantors (which are legal entities) have their registered office in Italy;
- (xlili) the Loan Agreements provide that, in case of a new employment relationship of one or more Debtors, such agreements shall be notified to the new Employer;
- (xliv) the Loans are subject to the substitute tax (*imposta sostitutiva*) regime pursuant to article 15 and following of the President of the Republic Decree no. 601 of 29 September 1973, as amended and supplemented from time to time; such substitutive tax has been duly paid and the application of the substitute tax regime has not been affected by acts subsequent to the execution of the relevant Loan Agreements;
- (xlv) as of the relevant Valuation Date, none of the Claims is a Permanent Claim;
- (xlvi) the payment of principal and interest is made in accordance with an amortization plan agreed in the Loan Agreement;
- (xlvii) none of the Debtors has opened any kind of bank account (*conto*) with Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A.

(b) *Consumer credit*

- (i) with reference to the Loan Agreements entered into by Debtors qualifying as "consumers", the Seller has complied with all the required disclosure

requirements provided for by articles 123 and 116 of the Banking Act, specifying in particular the T.A.E.G. and its validity period;

- (ii) the T.A.E.G. specified by the Seller in the Loan Agreements entered into by Debtors qualifying as “consumers” has been calculated by the Seller in compliance with article 121 of the Banking Act;
- (iii) the Loan Agreements have been drawn up in compliance with the provisions of article 117, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Banking Act;
- (iv) the Loan Agreements entered into by Debtors qualifying as “consumers” are in compliance with the provisions of article 125-*bis* of the Banking Act;
- (v) the Loans disbursed to Debtors qualifying as “consumers” provide for prepayment fees which comply with article 125-*sexies* of the Banking Act. Such prepayment fees are legally binding on the Debtors;
- (vi) the Loan Agreements entered into by Debtors qualifying as “consumers” do not contain any unfair terms pursuant to articles 33, paragraphs 1 and 2, and 36, paragraph 2, of the legislative decree 6 September 2005, No. 206. All the conditions set out in the Loan Agreements are enforceable against the Debtors;
- (vii) the term provided under paragraph 1 of article 125-*ter* of the Banking Act is expired for all the Consumers;
- (viii) on the relevant Valuation Date, to the best knowledge of Santander, there are no material contractual non-fulfilments of the suppliers of goods or services which are funded through the Loans, which entitle the Debtors to terminate the relevant Loan Agreements pursuant to article 125-*quinquies* of the Banking Act.

(c) *Disclosure of information*

all the information and documents supplied by the Seller to the Sole Arranger, to the Issuer, to the Rating Agencies and/or to their respective affiliates, agents (*mandatari con rappresentanza*) and advisers, for the purposes of, or in connection with, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement, the Servicing Agreement and/or any transaction contemplated herein or therein, or otherwise for the purposes of, or in connection with, the Securitisation, the Loans, the Claims, the Insurance Policies, the Salary Assignments, the Delegations of Payments, and with respect to the application of the Eligibility Criteria, is true, accurate and complete in every material respect and no material information available to the Seller has been omitted;

(d) *Securitisation Law and article 58 of the Banking Act*

- (i) the Claims have been and, to the extent provided in the relevant Offer to Sell, will be transferred to the Issuer in accordance with the Securitisation Law and with article 58 of the Banking Act;
- (ii) the Claims of the Initial Portfolio and, to the extent provided in the relevant Offer to Sell, the Claims of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio, have specific objective common elements so as to constitute homogenous monetary claims identifiable as a pool (*crediti pecuniari omogenei individuabili in blocco*) pursuant to the Securitisation Law and to the ministerial decree dated 4 April 2001 and the relevant Criteria are capable of identifying such homogenous monetary rights also vis-à-vis third-parties;
- (iii) the Seller has selected the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio on the basis

of, and in accordance with, the Initial Criteria. There are: (i) no loans to which the Seller holds legal title meeting which meet the Initial Criteria and should, accordingly, have been included in the Claims of the Initial Portfolio listed in the Master Transfer Agreement and have not been included therein and (ii) no Loans listed in the Master Transfer Agreement which do not meet the Initial Criteria;

- (iv) the Seller, to the extent provided in the relevant Offer to Sell, shall select, from time to time, the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio on the basis of, and in accordance with, the Subsequent Criteria. In such case there will be no Loans listed in the applicable Offer to Sell which will not meet the Subsequent Criteria;
- (v) all the Loans and the related Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio and the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio assigned under article 58 of the Banking Act were identified and will be identified on the basis of, and in complete accordance with, the relevant Eligibility Criteria;

(e) *Other Representations*

- (i) the Seller is a joint stock company (*società per azioni*) duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the Republic of Italy and has full corporate powers and the authority to enter into and perform the obligations undertaken by it under or pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement and all the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party;
- (ii) the Seller has taken all corporate, shareholder and other actions required, and obtained and all necessary consents and licences to (a) authorise the entry into and the performance of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, of the Master Transfer Agreement and of all the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party, according to the terms hereof and thereof, including, without limitation, those concerning the transfer of the Claims and (b) ensure that all the obligations undertaken by it under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement and all the other Transactions Documents to which it is a party are legal, valid and binding on it;
- (iii) the execution and performance by the Seller of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, of the Master Transfer Agreement and of all the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party do not entail any claim that might be enforced by any third parties against or in relation to the Seller's rights and do not contravene or constitute a default under: (a) its articles of association and by-laws; (b) any law, rule or regulation applicable to it; (c) any contract, deed, agreement, document or other instrument binding on it; or (d) any order, writ, judgment, award, injunction or decree binding on or affecting the Seller or its assets;
- (iv) the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement and all the other Transaction Documents to which the Seller is a party constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Seller and are fully and immediately enforceable against the Seller in accordance with their terms and conditions;
- (v) the monetary obligations of the Seller under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, under the Master Transfer Agreement and under all the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party constitute claims against it which rank at least *pari passu* with the claims of all the other unsecured and unsubordinated creditors under the laws of the Republic of Italy, save those claims which are preferred solely under any applicable laws, and only to the extent provided for by such laws;

- (vi) there are no disputes or arbitration or administrative proceedings or complaints already served or actions in progress, pending or (to the Seller's knowledge) threatened against it before any courts or competent authority which may adversely affect the Seller's ability to transfer the Claims absolutely, irrevocably and without possibility of claw-back or avoidance pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement or which might affect the Seller's ability to observe and perform its obligations under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, under the Master Transfer Agreement or under the other Transaction Documents;
- (vii) the Seller is solvent and there are no facts or circumstances which might render it insolvent, unable to perform its obligations or subject to any insolvency proceedings, nor has any corporate action been taken for its winding-up or dissolution, nor has any other action been taken against or in respect of it which might adversely affect its ability to effect the sale and transfer of the Claims or to perform its obligations under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, nor will it be rendered insolvent as a consequence of its entering into the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, into the Master Transfer Agreement and/or into any other Transaction Document. The Seller is not in breach of any of its current or past obligations.
- (viii) The audited balance-sheet of the Seller as at 31 December 2021 is a true and correct report on the financial condition of the Seller as at such date and on the results of the activity of the Seller for the corporate year ended on that date, in compliance with the Italian generally accepted and consistently applied accounting principles. As from 31 December 2021 no material economic or financial change has occurred that could adversely affect the capacity of the Seller to fulfil its obligation under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement and under the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party or the transactions contemplated herein or therein;
- (ix) the Seller has not appointed any financial intermediary or similar person in connection with the subject matter of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, of the Master Transfer Agreement or of the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party, except pursuant to any such agreement or document; and
- (x) in the administration and management of the Claims, of the judicial proceedings and of the Debtors' insolvency proceedings, the Seller has fully complied and will fully comply with all the applicable laws and rules on data protection and privacy protection, including, without limitation, all of the provisions of law No. 196 of 30 June 2003 and Regulation (EU) No. 679 of 27 April 2016, as subsequently amended and supplemented and all implementing decrees and regulations related thereto;
- (xi) all payments of principal and interest made by the Debtors, by the Employers, by the Pension Entities and by the Insurance Companies in relation to the Loans are not subject to any payroll tax (*ritenuta a titolo di acconto*) and/or tax or other withholding taxation in Italy;
- (xii) no Debtor has been subject to acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*) in relation to the relevant Loan Agreement;
- (xiii) In case the amount due by any Employer or Pension Entity pursuant to the Salary Assignment or the Delegation of Payment is reduced compared to that provided for in the relevant amortization plan, the relevant Loan Agreement is extended accordingly by virtue of contractual provisions or law;
- (xiv) the Insurance Companies have their registered office in the European Union;

- (xv) the Insurance Policies do not contain any limitation on the right of the relevant beneficiary to dispose of its relevant claim;
- (xvi) No Loan Agreement provide for financial support, discounts or reductions with regard to principal and/or interest in favour of Debtors.

### **Times for the making of the representations and warranties**

All the representations and warranties referred to above shall be deemed made or repeated:

- (a) on the Initial Valuation Date (other than the representations and warranties set forth under letter (a) (*Loans, Claims, Insurance Policies, Salary Assignments and Delegations of Payment*), paragraph (xii) above);
- (b) on the Initial Execution Date;
- (c) on the Issue Date; and
- (d) with respect to the representation and warranty set forth under letter (a) (*Loans, Claims, Insurance Policies, Salary Assignments and Delegations of Payment*), paragraph (xlvii) above (the “**Relevant Representation and Warranty**”), on each Relevant Payment Date,

in relation to the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio; and

- (a) on the applicable Valuation Date;
- (b) on the applicable Offer Date and on the relating Subsequent Transfer Date;
- (c) on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date; and
- (d) with respect to the Relevant Representation and Warranty, on each Relevant Payment Date,

in relation to the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio, in each case, with reference to the then existing facts and circumstances, as if they had been made on such dates.

### **Indemnity**

Pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has agreed to indemnify and hold harmless the Issuer, its officers, agents or employees or any of its permitted assignees or the Representative of the Noteholders from and against any and all damages, losses, claims, liabilities, costs and expenses awarded against or incurred by the Issuer or any of the other foregoing persons arising from, *inter alia*, any default by the Seller in the performance of any of its obligations under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents or any representations and/or warranties made by the Seller thereunder or being false, incomplete or incorrect.

The Seller has also agreed to indemnify and hold harmless the Issuer, its officers, agents or employees or any of its permitted assignees or the Representative of the Noteholders from and against any and all damages, losses, claims, liabilities, costs and expenses awarded against or incurred by it arising out of, *inter alia*, the application of the Usury Law to any interest accrued on any Loans. If the contractual provisions obliging the Debtor to pay interest on any Loan at any time become null and void as a result of a breach of the provisions of the Usury Law, then the Seller's obligation to indemnify the Issuer shall also cover the amount of any interest (including default interest) which would have accrued on such Loans up to full repayment of the same.

The Seller will also indemnify the Issuer for any loss deriving from the failure of the terms and

conditions of any Loan to comply with the provisions of articles 1345 and 1283 or article 1346 of the Italian Civil Code.

Moreover, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement provides that, in the event of a misrepresentation or a breach of any of the representations and warranties made by the Seller under the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, which materially and adversely affects the value of one or more Claims or the interest of the Issuer in such Claims, and such misrepresentation or breach is not cured, whether by payment of damages or indemnification or otherwise, by the Seller within a period of 30 days of receipt of a written notice from the Issuer to that effect (the “**Cure Period**”), the Issuer has the option, pursuant to article 1331 of the Italian Civil Code, to assign and transfer to the Seller all of the Claims affected by any such misrepresentation or breach (the “**Affected Claims**”). The Issuer will be entitled to exercise the put option by giving to the Seller, at any time during the period commencing on the Business Day immediately following the last day of the Cure Period and ending on the day which is 120 days after such Business Day, written notice to that effect (the “**Put Option Notice**”).

The Seller will be required to pay to the Issuer, within 10 Business Days of the date of receipt by the Seller of the Put Option Notice, an amount calculated, *mutatis mutandis*, in accordance with the terms of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement.

The Warranty and Indemnity Agreement provides that, notwithstanding any other provision of such agreement, the obligations of the Issuer to make any payment thereunder shall be equal to the lowest of the nominal amount of such payment and the amount which may be applied by the Issuer in making such payment in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments. The Seller acknowledges that the obligations of the Issuer contained in the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement will be limited to such sums as aforesaid and that it will have no further recourse to the Issuer in respect of such obligations.

### **Governing Law**

The Warranty and Indemnity Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE CASH ALLOCATION, MANAGEMENT AND PAYMENT AGREEMENT**

*The description of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement upon request at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### **General**

Pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date, the Computation Agent, the Account Banks, the Servicer and the Paying Agent have agreed to provide the Issuer with certain agency services and certain calculation, notification and reporting services together with account handling and investment services in relation to monies and securities from time to time standing to the credit of the Accounts.

### **Collection Account Bank**

The Collection Account Bank has agreed to (i) open in the name of the Issuer and manage, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Collection Account; and (ii) provide the Issuer with certain reporting services together with certain handling services in relation to monies from time to time standing to the credit of such Account. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

On or prior to each Account Report Date, the Collection Account Bank has agreed to prepare the Account Report (i) setting out certain information in relation to the Collection Account (ii) to be delivered to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

### **Reserve Account Bank**

The Reserve Account Bank has agreed to (i) open in the name of the Issuer and manage, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Cash Reserve Account and (ii) provide the Issuer with certain reporting services together with certain handling services in relation to monies from time to time standing to the credit of such Account. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

On or prior to each Account Report Date, the Reserve Account Bank has agreed to prepare the Account Report (i) setting out certain information in relation to the Cash Reserve Account and (ii) to be delivered to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

### **Paying Agent**

The Paying Agent has agreed to (i) open in the name of the Issuer and manage, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Payments Account and (ii) provide the Issuer with certain reporting services together with certain handling services in relation to monies from time to time standing to the credit of such Account. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

On or prior to each Account Report Date, the Paying Agent has agreed to prepare the Account Report (i) setting out certain information in relation to the Payments Account and (ii) to be delivered to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

### **Expenses Account Bank**

The Expenses Account Bank has agreed to (i) open in the name of the Issuer and manage, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Expenses Account and (ii) provide the Issuer with certain reporting services together with certain handling services in relation to monies from time to time standing to the credit of such Account. For further details, see the section entitled "*The Accounts*".

On or prior to each Account Report Date, the Expenses Account has agreed to prepare the Account Report (i) setting out certain information in relation to the Expenses Account and (ii) to be delivered to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

### **Computation Agent**

The Computation Agent has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain other calculation, monitoring and reporting services.

The Computation Agent has agreed to prepare, *inter alia*, the following reports:

- (a) prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, on or prior to each Payments Report Date, the Payments Report setting out, *inter alia*, the Issuer Available Funds and each of the payments and allocations to be made by the Issuer on the next Payment Date, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments;
- (b) on or prior to each Investors Report Date, the Investors Report setting out, *inter alia*, certain information with respect to the Notes; and
- (c) following the service of a Trigger Notice, on or prior each Payments Report Date or upon request of the Representative of the Noteholders, the Post Trigger Report setting out, *inter alia*, the Issuer Available Funds and each of the payments and allocations to be made by the Issuer on the next Payment Date, in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments.

### **Governing Law**

The Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE INTERCREDITOR AGREEMENT

*The description of the Intercreditor Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Intercreditor Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### General

On or about the Issue Date, the Issuer and the Other Issuer Creditors have entered into the Intercreditor Agreement, pursuant to which provision is made, *inter alia*, as to (i) the application of the Issuer Available Funds in accordance with applicable Priority of Payments and (ii) the circumstances in which the Representative of the Noteholders will be entitled to exercise certain of the Issuer's rights in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio and the Transaction Documents.

The obligations owed by the Issuer to each of the Other Issuer Creditors, including without limitation, the obligations under any Transaction Document to which such Other Issuer Creditor is a party, will be limited recourse obligations of the Issuer. Each of the Other Issuer Creditors will have a claim against the Issuer only to the extent of the Issuer Available Funds in each case subject to and as provided in the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Transaction Documents.

### Transparency requirements under the EU Securitisation Regulation

Under the Intercreditor Agreement, the parties thereto have acknowledged that the Seller shall be responsible for compliance with article 7 of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

Each of the Issuer and the Seller has agreed that Santander Consumer Bank is designated as Reporting Entity, pursuant to and for the purposes of article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, in such capacity as Reporting Entity, it has fulfilled before pricing and/or shall fulfil after the Issue Date, as the case may be, the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation by making available the relevant information through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) (or, in respect of post-closing information, any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation).

As to pre-pricing information, the Seller has confirmed that:

- (i) it has made available to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the potential investors in the Notes, before pricing, (i) through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)), the information under point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) upon request and the information under points (b) and (d) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and (ii) through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes; and
- (ii) as initial sole holder of the Notes, it has been, before pricing, in possession of (i) through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)), data relating to each Loan (and therefore it has not requested to receive the information under point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation) and the information under points (b) and (d) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and (ii) through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes.

As to post-closing information, the relevant parties to the Intercreditor Agreement have agreed and undertaken that:

- (a) the Servicer shall:
  - (i) prepare the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report setting out information relating to each Loan in respect of the monthly period immediately preceding the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date, in compliance with point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards, and deliver it to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Investors Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such report; and
  - (ii) prepare the EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report and the EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report, in compliance with points (f) and (g) respectively of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and deliver them to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report and the EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Investors Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such reports;
- (b) the Computation Agent shall prepare the EU Sec Reg Investors Report pursuant to point (e) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards (including the information referred to in items (i), (ii) and (iii) of such point (e)) and deliver it to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Investors Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such report; and
- (c) the Issuer shall deliver to the Reporting Entity (A) a copy of the final Prospectus and the other final Transaction Documents in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available such documents to the investors in the Notes by no later than 15 (fifteen) days after the Issue Date, and (B) any other document or information that may be required to be disclosed to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation or, upon request, potential investors in the Notes pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards in a timely manner (to the extent not already provided by other parties),

in each case in accordance with the requirements provided by the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

In addition, pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement the Seller has undertaken to make available to investors in the Notes on an ongoing basis and to potential investors in the Notes upon request, through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes.

The first EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be available on the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of the Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation on or about the EU Sec Reg Report Date immediately succeeding the First Payment Date. The EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be produced monthly and will contain certain information in relation to the Notes and the Aggregate Portfolio, including details of the amounts paid in respect of the Notes, the main global statistical data regarding the Subsequent Portfolios as well as any other information required by the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards and will be updated on a periodic basis, subject to the Computation Agent having timely received details of each amount or item of information set-out in the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. Unless otherwise defined in this Prospectus, the specific defined terms used in each EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be contained in a glossary annexed to the relevant EU Sec Reg Investors Report.

The Seller has acknowledged that it shall perform such role in consideration of the amounts payable to it under the Transaction Documents and has agreed that it will not be entitled to receive any other compensation in connection therewith.

### **Cooperation undertakings in relation to EU Securitisation Rules**

Each of the parties to the Intercreditor Agreement (other than the Sole Arranger and the Subscriber) has undertaken to provide all reasonable cooperation in order to ensure that the Securitisation complies with the EU Securitisation Rules and is designated as STS. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, each of the parties to the Intercreditor Agreement has undertaken to (i) take any action, (ii) negotiate in good faith and execute any amendment or additional agreement, deed or document, (iii) make available authorised signatories, adequately qualified personnel and internal administrative resources, and (iv) perform such other supporting activities, in each case as may reasonably be deemed necessary and/or expedient for such purposes.

### **Customary business procedures**

Pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement, if Santander Consumer Bank makes any amendment to its customary business procedures which may affect any information or document made available to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the potential investors in the Notes, then Santander Consumer Bank shall make available details of such amendment pursuant to article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

### **Trigger Notice**

Pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement, following the service of a Trigger Notice, the Representative of the Noteholders will be entitled (as an agent of the Issuer and to the extent permitted by applicable laws), until the Notes have been repaid in full or cancelled in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, to take possession of all Collections and of the Claims and to sell or otherwise dispose of the Claims or any of them and to apply the relevant proceeds in accordance with the Post-Enforcement Priority of Payments.

### **Governing Law**

The Intercreditor Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBORDINATED LOAN AGREEMENT

*The description of the Subordinated Loan Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of this guarantee and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Subordinated Loan Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Subordinated Loan Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### General

Pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Provider has agreed to grant to the Issuer the Subordinated Loan on the Issue Date in an amount of € 4,013,736.37 for the purpose of establishing on such date the Cash Reserve up to the Target Cash Reserve Amount, as well as funding the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount. In addition, upon the service of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice (following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event) the Subordinated Loan Provider will advance further funds to the Issuer which will be used by the latter in order to establish the Set-Off Reserve up to the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount. Furthermore, in the event that:

- (a) there would be an increase of the Target Cash Reserve Amount as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment to be made by the Noteholders (and the consequent increase of the Total Subscription Payment Amount), then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Cash Reserve. If the Subordinated Loan Provider does not agree to make such further advance, then the relevant Additional Subscription Payment will not be capable of being made in favour of the Issuer;
- (b) there would be an increase of the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount as a result of (i) the purchase of any Subsequent Portfolio by the Issuer and any increase of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure, then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Set-Off Reserve. If the Subordinated Loan Provider does not agree to make such further advance, then the relevant Subsequent Portfolio will not be capable of being assigned and transferred to the Issuer.

Under the Subordinated Loan Agreement, subject to clause 5.3 (*Interest Deferral*), clause 8 (*Non Petition and Limited Recourse*) of the Subordinated Loan Agreement and to the provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement, until the earlier of (i) the date when all amounts under the Subordinated Loan Agreement have been paid or repaid in full and (ii) the Cancellation Date, interest on the principal amount from time to time outstanding under the Subordinated Loan shall accrue for each Interest Period at the rate equal to the EURIBOR for one month Euro deposits (except that such interest rate shall be replaced for the Initial Interest Period, with an interpolated interest rate based on 1 month and 2 month deposits in Euro (as calculated by the Paying Agent)) *plus* a margin of 2.70% (two point seventy per cent.) *per annum*. Interest shall accrue daily, on an actual/360 basis. Such interest will be paid by the Issuer on each Payment Date out of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

The Issuer shall repay the outstanding principal amount under the Subordinated Loan, subject to the terms and conditions of the Subordinated Loan Agreement. Such repayment will be made on each Payment Date out and within the limits of the Issuer Available Funds which will be available on each such Payment Date in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments.

The commitment assumed by the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement is an amount equal to Euro 67,000,000, as such amount will be automatically increased from time to time, in accordance with (and subject to the occurrence of the conditions provided under) the Subordinated Loan Agreement (the "**Commitment**").

Any amounts remaining outstanding in respect of principal or interest under the Subordinated

Loan on the Cancellation Date shall be reduced to zero, cancelled and deemed to be released by the Subordinated Loan Provider and the latter shall have no further claim against the Issuer in respect of such unpaid amounts.

**Governing Law**

The Subordinated Loan Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE MANDATE AGREEMENT

*The description of the Mandate Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Mandate Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Mandate Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### **General**

On or about the Issue Date, the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders have entered into the Mandate Agreement, pursuant to which the Representative of the Noteholders will be authorised, subject to a Trigger Notice being served or following failure by the Issuer to exercise its rights under the Transaction Documents, to exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Issuer, all the Issuer's non-monetary rights arising out of the Transaction Documents to which the Issuer is a party.

### **Governing Law**

The Mandate Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE CORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT

*The description of the Corporate Services Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Corporate Services Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Corporate Services Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### **General**

On or about the Issue Date, the Issuer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Representative of the Noteholders have entered into the Corporate Services Agreement, pursuant to which the Corporate Services Provider will provide the Issuer with a number of services, including, *inter alia*:

- (a) the keeping and updating of various corporate and accounting books and records including, for example, inventories, statutory records, preparation of annual and interim financial statements in accordance with applicable legislation;
- (b) various corporate services such as secretarial services, assistance to the auditors, communications to the Representative of the Noteholders pursuant to the Transaction Documents; and
- (c) miscellaneous services of a fiscal nature including tax returns and declarations and the keeping of fiscal records.

The Issuer may terminate the appointment of the Corporate Services Provider in certain circumstances including, *inter alia*, in the event of breach by the Corporate Services Provider of its obligations or representations and warranties under the Corporate Services Agreement.

### **Governing Law**

The Corporate Services Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE STICHTINGEN CORPORATE SERVICES AGREEMENT

*The description of the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of that agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### **General**

On or about the Issue Date, the Issuer, the Quotaholders, the Representative of the Noteholders and the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider have entered into the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement, pursuant to which the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider will provide the Quotaholders with a number of services, including, *inter alia*, the provision of accounting and financial services and the management and administration of the Quotaholders.

### **Governing Law**

The Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SHAREHOLDERS AGREEMENT

*The description of the Shareholders Agreement set out below is a summary of certain features of the Shareholders Agreement and is qualified by reference to the detailed provisions of the Shareholders Agreement. Prospective Noteholders may inspect a copy of the Shareholders Agreement at the registered office of the Representative of the Noteholders.*

### **General**

On or about the Issue Date, the Issuer, the Seller and the Quotaholders have entered into the Shareholders Agreement, pursuant to which the Quotaholders has given certain undertakings to the Representative of the Noteholders in relation to the management of the Issuer and the exercise of its rights as quotaholders of the Issuer and has agreed not to dispose of, or charge or pledge, the quotas of the Issuer subject to, *inter alia*, the prior written consent of the Representative of the Noteholders.

### **Governing Law**

The Shareholders Agreement and any non-contractual obligations arising out of, or in connection with, it are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Italian law.

## THE ACCOUNTS

### Introduction

The Issuer has opened with the Account Banks the following accounts:

- (a) the Cash Reserve Account;
- (b) the Collection Account; and
- (c) the Expenses Account.

The Issuer has also established:

- (a) the Payments Account with the Paying Agent; and
- (b) the Quota Capital Account with Santander Consumer Bank.

In addition, the Issuer may, at any time prior to the Cancellation Date:

- (a) and shall, upon the occurrence of a Set-Off Event, open the Set-Off Reserve Account with the Reserves Account Bank; and
- (b) open the Eligible Investments Securities Account with an Eligible Institution.

### Collection Account

The Collection Account will be the Account for the deposit of all the Collections and Recoveries received and recovered by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, as well as any other amounts received by the Issuer from any party to a Transaction Document, but excluding the amounts advanced by the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

### Cash Reserve Account

The Cash Reserve Account will be the Account into which the Cash Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The amounts of the Cash Reserve will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date as part of the Issuer Available Funds to meet its payment obligations under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments in respect of the interests and principal due in respect of the Rated Notes (as well as in respect of any amount required to be paid under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith). The Cash Reserve Account will be funded up to the Target Cash Reserve Amount on the Issue Date out of the funds of the Subordinated Loan advanced to the Issuer by the Subordinated Loan Provider on such date. Thereafter, on each Payment Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice the Issuer will credit into the Cash Reserve Account available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, so as to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Target Cash Reserve Amount. In addition, each time there would be an increase of the Target Cash Reserve Amount as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment to be made by the Noteholders (and the consequent increase of the Total Subscription Payment Amount), then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Cash Reserve. If the Subordinated Loan Provider does not agree to make such further advance, then the relevant Additional Subscription Payment will not be capable of being made in favour of the Issuer.

### **Set-Off Reserve Account**

The Set-Off Reserve Account will be the Account into which the Set-Off Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The amounts of the Set-Off Reserve will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event as part of the Issuer Available Funds so as to provide limited protection in respect of the risks connected with the Undue Amounts and the risk of exercise of set-off by the Debtors against the Seller. To this extent, if a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event occurs, then (i) the Servicer (or failing that, the Representative of the Noteholders) shall serve a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event Notice to the Issuer and the Seller and, following such notice, (ii) the Issuer shall open the Set-Off Reserve Account with the Reserves Account Bank (to the extent not already opened), (iii) the Subordinated Loan Provider will make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer in an amount equal to the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount and (iv) the Issuer shall use such funds so advanced in order to create the Set-Off Reserve into the Set-Off Reserve Account. Thereafter, on each Payment Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice the Issuer will credit into the Set-Off Reserve Account available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, so as to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount. In addition, each time there would be an increase of the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount as a result of the purchase of any Subsequent Portfolio by the Issuer and any increase of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure, then the Subordinated Loan Provider shall make a further advance under the Subordinated Loan to the Issuer, so as to provide the latter with the relevant additional funds to be credited to the Set-Off Reserve. If the Subordinated Loan Provider does not agree to make such further advance, then the relevant Subsequent Portfolio will not be capable of being assigned and transferred to the Issuer.

### **Expenses Account**

The Expenses Account will be the Account for the deposit of the Retention Amount aimed at funding during each Interest Period all fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The Expenses Account will be funded, on the Issue Date out of the Subordinated Loan. In the event that on any Payment Date the balance of the Expenses Account is lower than the Retention Amount, then the Issuer will credit available amounts of the Issuer Available Funds, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments, into the Expenses Account to bring the balance of such Account up to (but not exceeding) the Retention Amount.

### **Payments Account**

The Payments Account will be the Account into which, (i) two Business Days prior to each Payment Date the amounts standing to the credit of, *inter alios*, the Collection Account and the Cash Reserve Account (and, following the delivery of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice, the Set-Off Reserve Account) shall be transferred so as to be applied to make the payments due by the Issuer on such Payment Date, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

### **Eligible Investments Securities Account**

Following the directions of the Representative of the Noteholders, as instructed by the Noteholders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer may, at any time prior to the Cancellation Date, open an Eligible Investments Securities Account with an Eligible Institution for the purpose of depositing any security and other financial instruments being Eligible Investments, from time to time purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer. The Eligible Institution holding the Eligible Investments Securities Account shall be appointed as Custodian Bank pursuant to the terms of the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

### **Quota Capital Account**

The quota capital of the Issuer, equal to € 10,000, is deposited into the Quota Capital Account held with Santander Consumer Bank.

## ESTIMATED WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE OF THE RATED NOTES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The expected average life of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes cannot be predicted as the actual rate at which the Loans will be repaid and a number of other relevant factors are unknown.

Calculated estimates as to the expected average life of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes can be made based on certain assumptions. These estimates have certain inherent limitations. No representations are made that such estimates are accurate, that all assumptions relating to such estimates have been considered or stated or that such estimates will be realised.

The table below shows the expected average life of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes based on the following assumptions:

- (a) that the Loans are subject to a constant rate of prepayment as shown in the table below;
- (b) that no Loans are sold by the Issuer;
- (c) that the Loans continue to be fully performing (neither Arrear Claims nor Defaulted Claims);
- (d) that the Loans comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio after the end Programme Period will amortise substantially in the same way as the Initial Portfolio;
- (e) that the Programme Period will end on the Payment Date falling in May 2024 (excluded);
- (f) that at the time the Programme Period ends, Additional Subscription Payments have been made so as to fully utilise each class of Notes up to their respective Programme Limits; and
- (g) that the 10% Call Option is exercised by the Seller.

<b>Constant Prepayment Rate in %</b>	<b>Estimated Weighted Average Life for Class A (years)</b>	<b>Estimated Weighted Average Life for Class B (years)</b>
0%	5.16	8.58
15%	4.09	7.58
30%	3.40	6.24

Assumption (a) above is stated as an average annualised prepayment rate as the prepayment rate for one Interest Period may be substantially different from that for another. The constant prepayment rates shown above are purely illustrative and do not represent the full range of possibilities for constant prepayment rates.

Assumption (c) above relates to circumstances which are not predictable.

Assumption (d) may depend on availability of Subsequent Portfolios through the Programme Period while assumption (e) may depend on the specific compositions of Subsequent Portfolios.

The average lives of the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes are subject to factors largely outside of the Issuer's control and consequently no assurance can be given that the assumptions and estimates above will prove in any way to be realistic and they must therefore be viewed with considerable caution.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

*The following is the text of the terms and conditions of the Notes (the “**Terms and Conditions**”). In these Terms and Conditions, references to the “holder” of a Note or to the “Noteholders” are to the ultimate owners of the Notes, issued in bearer form and dematerialised and evidenced as book entries with Monte Titoli S.p.A. (“**Monte Titoli**”) in accordance with the provisions of (i) article 83 bis of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act and (ii) Regulation 13 August 2018.*

The € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class A Notes**” or the “**Senior Notes**”), the € 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class B Notes**” or the “**Mezzanine Notes**” and, together with the Class A Notes, the “**Rated Notes**”) and the € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class Z Notes**” or the “**Junior Notes**” and, together with the Rated Notes, the “**Notes**”) have been issued by Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l. (the “**Issuer**”) on 30 May 2022 (the “**Issue Date**”) to finance the purchase of the Initial Portfolio and of any Subsequent Portfolios from Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A. (“**Santander Consumer Bank**”).

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to a “**Class**” of Notes or a “**Class**” of holders of Notes shall be a reference to the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes, as the case may be, or to the respective holders thereof and any reference to any agreement or document shall be a reference to such agreement or document as the same may have been, or may from time to time be, amended, varied, novated or supplemented.

The principal source of funds available to the Issuer for the payment of amounts due on the Notes will be Collections and Recoveries received in respect of the Claims arising from the Loans granted to certain Debtors, owed to Santander Consumer Bank. The Claims have been purchased and will be purchased by the Issuer from Santander Consumer Bank pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement. The Loans are Salary Assignment Loans and Delegation of Payment Loans.

The Initial Portfolio was assigned and transferred by Santander Consumer Bank to the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement on the Initial Execution Date and the relevant Purchase Price will be funded through the Initial Subscription Payment which will be made by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date.

During the Programme Period, subject to the terms and conditions of the Master Transfer Agreement, Santander Consumer Bank may assign and transfer to the Issuer, and the Issuer shall purchase from the Santander Consumer Bank, Subsequent Portfolios of Claims, the Purchase Price of which will be funded through (i) the Issuer Available Funds which will be available for such purpose, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments; and/or (ii) any Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on any Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio of Claims will be entirely funded through the Additional Subscription Payments which may be made in respect of the Notes on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date by the Noteholders, at their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent.

### 1. **INTRODUCTION**

#### 1.1 *Definitions*

Capitalised words and expressions in these Terms and Conditions shall, unless otherwise specified or unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings set out in Condition 1.8 (*Interpretation and Definitions*).

#### 1.2 *Noteholders deemed to have notice of the Transaction Documents*

The Noteholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of, the Transaction Documents.

### 1.3 *Provisions of the Terms and Conditions subject to the Transaction Documents*

Certain provisions of these Terms and Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Transaction Documents.

### 1.4 *Transaction Documents*

1.4.1 By the Underwriting Agreement, the Issuer has agreed to issue the Notes and the Subscriber has agreed to subscribe for such Notes, subject to the terms and conditions set out thereunder.

1.4.2 By the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Seller has given certain representations and warranties in favour of the Issuer in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio and certain other matters and has agreed to indemnify the Issuer in respect of certain liabilities of the Issuer incurred in connection with the purchase and ownership of the Aggregate Portfolio.

1.4.3 By the Servicing Agreement, the Servicer has agreed to administer, service, collect and recover amounts in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio on behalf of the Issuer. The Servicer will act as the "*soggetto incaricato della riscossione dei crediti ceduti e dei servizi di cassa e pagamento*" pursuant to the Securitisation Law and, in such capacity, shall be responsible for verifying that the operations comply with the law and the Prospectus pursuant to article 2, paragraph 3(c) and article 2, paragraph 6 and 6-bis of the Securitisation Law.

1.4.4 By the Corporate Services Agreement, the Corporate Services Provider has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain corporate administrative services, in compliance with any reporting requirements relating to the Claims and with other requirements imposed on the Issuer.

1.4.5 By the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Paying Agent, the Seller and the Servicer have agreed to provide the Issuer with certain calculation, notification, reporting and agency services, together with account handling and investment services in relation to monies and securities from time to time standing to the credit of the Accounts. The Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement also contains provisions for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes.

1.4.6 By the Intercreditor Agreement, provision has been made as to, *inter alia*, (i) the application of the Issuer Available Funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments, (ii) the limited recourse nature of the obligations of the Issuer and (iii) the circumstances in which the Representative of the Noteholders will be entitled to exercise certain rights in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio. Under the Intercreditor Agreement, the Subscriber has also appointed Zenith Service S.p.A., which has accepted such appointment, as Representative of the Noteholders.

1.4.7 By the Mandate Agreement, the Representative of the Noteholders shall be authorised, subject to, *inter alia*, a Trigger Notice being served or upon failure by the Issuer to exercise its rights under the Transaction Documents, to exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Issuer, all the Issuer's non-monetary rights arising out of the Transaction Documents to which the Issuer is a party.

1.4.8 By the Shareholders Agreement, the Quotaholders have given certain undertakings to the Representative of the Noteholders in relation to the management of the Issuer

and the exercise of their rights as quotaholder of the Issuer.

1.4.9 By the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Provider has, *inter alia*, agreed to grant the Issuer the Subordinated Loan in an amount equal to € 4,013,736.37 for the purpose of establishing on the Issue Date the Cash Reserve in an amount equal to the Target Cash Reserve Amount, as well as funding the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount. In addition, upon the service of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice (following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event) the Subordinated Loan Provider will advance further funds to the Issuer which will be used by the latter in order to establish the Set-Off Reserve up to the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount. The commitment assumed by the Subordinated Loan Provider under the Subordinated Loan Agreement is an amount equal to Euro 67,000,000, as such amount will be automatically increased from time to time, in accordance with (and subject to the occurrence of the conditions provided under) the Subordinated Loan Agreement (the “**Commitment**”).

1.4.10 By the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider has agreed to provide the Quotaholders with a number of services including, *inter alia*, the provision of accounting and financial services and the management and administration of the Quotaholders.

1.4.11 By the Master Definitions Agreement, the definitions of certain terms used in the Transaction Documents have been set forth.

1.4.12 By the Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement, Monte Titoli has agreed to provide the Issuer with certain depository and administration services in relation to the Notes.

#### 1.5 *Transaction Documents available for inspection*

Copies of the Transaction Documents are available for inspection during normal business hours at the office of the Representative of the Noteholders, being, as at the Issue Date, Via Vittorio Betteloni 2, 20131 - Milan, Italy and at the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of the Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

#### 1.6 *Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders*

The Noteholders are deemed to have notice of, are bound by, and shall have the benefit of the terms of the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders which are attached to these Terms and Conditions as Exhibit 1 and which are deemed to form part of these Terms and Conditions. The rights and powers of the Noteholders may only be exercised in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

#### 1.7 *Representative of the Noteholders*

Each Noteholder recognises that the Representative of the Noteholders is the legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders and accepts to be bound by the terms of the Transaction Documents which have been signed by the Representative of the Noteholders as if it had signed such documents itself. Each Noteholder, by reason of holding the Notes acknowledges and agrees that the Subscriber shall not be liable in respect of any loss, liability, claim, expenses or damages suffered or incurred by any of the Noteholders as a result of the performance by Zenith Service S.p.A. or any successor thereof of its duties as Representative of the Noteholders as provided for in the Transaction Documents.

#### 1.8 *Interpretation and Definitions*

In these Terms and Conditions, unless otherwise specified or unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) the exhibit hereto constitutes an integral and essential part of these Terms and Conditions and shall have the force of and shall take effect as covenants; and
- (b) headings and subheadings are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the construction of these Terms and Conditions.

In these Terms and Conditions the following expressions shall, unless otherwise specified or unless the context otherwise requires, have the following meanings:

**“Acceptance Date”** means, during the Programme Period, means the date falling within the thirteenth Business Day following each Collection Date, *provided that* the first Acceptance Date will be 16 June 2022.

**“Account”** means the Cash Accounts and the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and **“Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Account Bank”** means, collectively, the Reserve Account Bank, the Collection Account Bank and the Expenses Account Bank and **“Account Banks”** means any of them.

**“Account Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by each of the Account Banks, (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Collection Account, the Cash Reserve Account, the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened), the Expenses Account, the Payments Account, the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Account Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

**“Account Report Date”** means the second Business Day of each Collection Period.

**“Accrued and Unpaid Interests”** means:

- (i) in relation to the Initial Portfolio, interests accrued and overdue on the relevant Loans up to the Initial Valuation Date (included) which are unpaid as of such date; and
- (ii) in relation to each Subsequent Portfolio, interests accrued and overdue on the relevant Loans up to the relevant Valuation Date (included) which are unpaid as of such date.

**“Accumulation Date”** means, following the service of a Trigger Notice, the earlier of (i) each date on which the amount of the monies at any time available to the Issuer or to the Representative of the Noteholders for the payments to be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall be equal to at least 10% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes and (ii) each day falling 10 Business Days before the day that, but for the service of a Trigger Notice, would have been a Payment Date.

**“Additional Subscription Payments”** means, collectively, each Class A Additional Subscription Payment, Class B Additional Subscription Payment and Class Z Additional Subscription Payment.

**“Additional Subscription Payment Date”** means (i) the date falling in 27 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) each Payment Date falling immediately after the acceptance of an Additional Subscription Payment Request.

**“Additional Subscription Payment Request”** means each request of an Additional

Subscription Payment made by the Issuer to the Noteholders during the Programme Period on (i) 16 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) on the date falling within the twelve Business Day following each Collection Date.

“**Agent**” means the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Account Banks and the Listing Agent, collectively and “**Agents**” means any of them.

“**Aggregate Portfolio**” means, on any given date, all the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio and in all the Subsequent Portfolios assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer up to any such date, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount**” means, on any given date, the sum of (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio as at the Initial Valuation Date; and (ii) the sum of all the Additional Subscription Payments made in respect of the Notes as at the relevant given date (such amount representing the portion of the Outstanding Principal of the Subsequent Portfolios which was funded through such Additional Subscription Payments).

“**Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount**” means, on any given date, the sum of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio and of each Subsequent Portfolio, in each case, calculated as at the relevant given date, but excluding the Defaulted Claims as at such date.

“**Aggregate Portfolio Purchase Price**” means, on any given date, the sum of (i) the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio and (ii) the aggregate Purchase Prices of all the Subsequent Portfolios assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement up to any such date.

“**Aggregate Prepayment Exposure**” means, on any given date, an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Undue Amounts which would arise in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the Subsequent Portfolio offered for sale on the relevant Offer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) should all Debtors prepay the Loans comprised thereunder on such date.

“**Approved Insurance Company**” means AXA France Vie, Axa France Iard, CF Assicurazioni S.p.A., CF Life S.p.A., CF Assicurazioni S.p.A., Net Insurance Life S.p.A., Metlife Europe D.A.C., CNP Vita Assicurazioni S.p.A., CARDIF Assicurazioni S.p.A., ERGO Assicurazioni S.p.A., Cardiff Assurance Vie, SA Elipse Life LTD, Great America International and Net Insurance S.p.A. (or their majority owned subsidiaries), or any other Insurance Company which Moody's confirms is acceptable to be excluded from the limits set out under clause 4.2 of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement from time to time, and does not have a negative impact on the Moody's ratings of the Rated Notes.

“**Arrear Ratio**” means, as at the last day of each Collection Period, the ratio expressed as a percentage between (i) the aggregate Outstanding Principal of all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio which are Arrear Claims as at the last day of the relevant Collection Period and (ii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio as at the first day of such Collection Period, as determined by the Servicer in the Servicer Report.

“**Arrear Claims**” means the Claims which have not yet become Defaulted Claims and which arise from Loans (i) under which there are two or more consecutive or non consecutive Unpaid Instalments, or (ii) under which, following the relevant final maturity date, there are at least two instalments which are Unpaid Instalments, and “**Arrear Claim**” means any of such Arrear Claims.

“**Back-Up Servicer**” means the entity appointed as back-up servicer pursuant to the terms

and conditions of the Servicing Agreement.

**“Back-up Servicer Facilitator”** means Santander Consumer Finance S.A. or any other person acting as back-up servicer facilitator pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement from time to time.

**“Banking Act”** means legislative decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Base Rate”** means the interest rate that shall accrue on the Cash Accounts in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Basic Terms Modification”** has the meaning given to it in the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders.

**“BNYM, London Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon, London branch, a company organised under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America, acting through its London branch, having its principal place of business at One Canada Square, London E14 5AL, United Kingdom.

**“BNYM, Luxembourg Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, a credit institution organised and existing under the laws of Belgium, with company number 0806.743.159, whose registered office is at 46 Rue Montoyer, B-1000 Brussels, Belgium, acting through its Luxembourg branch located in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg at 2-4 Rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, registered with the RCS under number B 105087.

**“BNYM, Milan Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Milan branch, a bank incorporated under the laws of Belgium, having its registered office at 46 Rue Montoyer, Montoyerstraat 46 - B-1000 Brussels, Belgium, acting through its Milan branch at Via Mike Bongiorno 13, 20124 Milan, Italy, fiscal code and enrolment with the companies' register of Milan no. 09827740961, enrolled as a “filiale di banca estera” under no. 8070 and with ABI code 3351.4 with the register of banks held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of the Banking Act.

**“Business Day”** means any day on which the Trans-European Automated Real Time Gross Transfer System (TARGET) (or any successor thereto) is open and on which banks are open for business in Luxembourg, Milan, London, Turin and Madrid.

**“Calculation Amount”** means € 1,000 in Principal Amount Outstanding upon issue.

**“Calculation Date”** means the fourth Business Day prior to each Payment Date.

**“Call Option”** means the option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, according to which the Seller may repurchase from the Issuer (in whole but not in part), at once, all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio not already collected as of the date of exercise of such option.

**“Cancellation Date”** means the earlier of (i) the date on which the Notes have been redeemed in full, (ii) the Final Maturity Date and (iii) the date on which the Servicer gives notice to the Issuer and the Noteholders that it has determined that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio being available to the Issuer or, if any Noteholder objects such Servicer's determination for reasonably grounded reasons within 30 days from notice thereof, the date on which such determination in respect thereof is made by an independent third party in accordance with Condition 9.2 (iii).

**“Cash Account”** means each of the Cash Reserve Account, the Collection Account, the Payments Account, the Set-Off Reserve Account (if any) and the Expenses Account, and **“Cash Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement”** means the cash allocation, management and payment agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Issuer, the Paying Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller and the Servicer, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Cash Reserve”** means the funds standing from time to time to the credit of the Cash Reserve Account (including any Eligible Investments made with such funds) which will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date, so as to fund the payment on each such date of the interests due in respect of the Rated Notes and certain other amounts due under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Cash Reserve Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Reserve Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution into which the Cash Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Claims”** has the meaning given to the term *“Crediti”* in the Master Transfer Agreement, which term identifies the debt claims arising from each Portfolio.

**“Class”** shall be a reference to a class of Notes, being the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes, or the Junior Notes and **“Classes”** shall be construed accordingly.

**“Class A Additional Subscription Payment”** means each additional subscription payment which the Class A Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class A Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class A Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class A Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

**“Class A Additional Subscription Payment Formula”** means, on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class A Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class A Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

**“Class A Noteholder”** means any Holder of a Class A Note, and **“Class A Noteholders”** means any of them.

**“Class A Notes”** or **“Senior Notes”** means the € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

**“Class A Rate of Interest”** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

**“Class A Redemption Amount”** means:

**A)** on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:

- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes; and
- (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class A Notes,

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class A Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class A Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

**B)** on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:

- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes; and
- (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount.

**“Class B Additional Subscription Payment”** means each additional subscription payment which the Class B Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class B Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class B Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class B Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

**“Class B Additional Subscription Payment Formula”** means, on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class B Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class B Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

**“Class B Noteholder”** means the Holder of a Class B Note, and **Class B Noteholders** means any of them.

**“Class B Notes”** or **“Mezzanine Notes”** means the € 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

**“Class B Rate of Interest”** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

**“Class B Redemption Amount”** means:

**A)** on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:

- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes; and
- (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class B Notes,

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class B Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class B Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

- B)** on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:
- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes; and
  - (ii) the difference between the (a) Purchase Shortfall Amount and (b) the Class A Redemption Amount.

**“Class Z Additional Subscription Payment”** means each additional subscription payment which the Junior Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class Z Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class Z Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class Z Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

**“Class Z Additional Subscription Payment Formula”** means, on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class Z Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class Z Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

**“Class Z Notes”** or **Junior Notes**” means the € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

**“Class Z Redemption Amount”** means:

- A)** on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:
- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes; and
  - (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class Z Notes.

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class Z Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class Z Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

- B)** on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:
- (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes; and
  - (ii) the difference between the (a) Purchase Shortfall Amount and (b) the aggregate of the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption

Amount.

“**Clearstream**” means Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* with registered office at 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg.

“**Collection Account**” means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Collection Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution for the deposit of, *inter alia*, all the Collections and the Recoveries received and recovered by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement.

“**Collection Account Bank**” means Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch or any other person, being an Eligible Institution, acting as collection account bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Collection Date**” means the twenty-seventh calendar day of each month, *provided that* the first Collection Date will be the twenty-seventh calendar day of June 2022.

“**Collection Period**” means (i) prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, each period commencing on (and including) a Collection Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Collection Date up to the redemption in full of the Notes, the first Collection Period commencing on (but excluding) the Initial Valuation Date and ending on (and including) on 27 June 2022; and (ii) following the service of a Trigger Notice, each period commencing on (but excluding) the last day of the preceding Collection Period and ending on (and including) the immediately following Accumulation Date.

“**Collection Policies**” means the procedures for the management, collection and recovery of the Claims attached to the Servicing Agreement.

“**Collections**” means any monies from time to time paid in respect of the Loans and the related Claims.

“**Commingling Reserve Trigger Event**” means, at any given time, the occurrence of any of the following events: (i) the Servicer’s Owner ceasing to have any the Commingling Required Ratings or any of such ratings has been withdrawn; or (ii) the Servicer’s Owner ceases to own, directly or indirectly, 75% of the share capital of Santander Consumer Bank.

“**Commingling Required Ratings**” means, with respect to the Servicer’s Owner a rating assigned to its long-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “BBB” by DBRS and “Baa2” by Moody’s, or such other rating as acceptable, respectively, to DBRS and Moody’s from time to time.

“**Common Criteria**” means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio assigned to the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the relevant Valuation Date or as of such other date provided in the relevant Offer to Sell.

“**Computation Agent**” means BNYM, London Branch or any other person acting as computation agent pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Condition**” means a condition of the Terms and Conditions.

“**CONSOB**” means *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa*.

“**CONSOB Resolution No. 11768**” means CONSOB Resolution No. 11768 of 23 December 1998, as amended by CONSOB Resolutions No. 12497 of 20 April 2000 and No. 13085 of 18 April 2001, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to

time.

“**CONSOB Resolution No. 20307**” means CONSOB Resolution no. 20307 of 15 February 2018, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**COR**” means the long-term rating assigned by DBRS to address the risk of default of particular obligations and/or exposures of certain banks that have a higher probability of being excluded from bail-in and remaining in a continuing bank in the event of the resolution of a troubled bank than other senior unsecured obligations.

“**Corporate Services**” means the services which the Corporate Services Provider will provide to the Issuer pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement.

“**Corporate Services Agreement**” means the corporate services agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Corporate Services Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

“**Corporate Services Provider**” means Bourlot Gilardi Romagnoli e Associati or any other person acting as corporate services provider pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement from time to time.

“**CQP**” means the assignment of up to one-fifth of the pension made by the relevant Debtors in favour of the Seller pursuant to the Loan Agreements and on the basis of the Salary Assignment Act.

“**CQS**” means the assignment of up to one-fifth of the salary made by the relevant Debtors in favour of the Seller pursuant to the Loan Agreements and on the basis of the Salary Assignment Act.

“**CRR**” means the Regulation (UE) No. 575/2013 adopted on 27 June 2013 by the European Parliament and the European Council which repealed the CRD relating to exposures to transferred credit risk in the context of securitisation transactions.

“**CRR Amendment Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) no. 2401 of 12 December 2017 amending the CRR.

“**Cumulative Default Ratio**” means, as at the last day of each Collection Period, the ratio expressed as a percentage between (i) the aggregate Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio which have become Defaulted Claims since the Issue Date and (ii) the aggregate of (a) the Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio determined as at the Initial Valuation Date and (b) the Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Subsequent Portfolios already purchased by the Issuer determined as at the relevant Subsequent Valuation Date.

“**Custodian Bank**” means the Eligible Institution to be appointed as custodian bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Date of Enforceability**” means (a) the date of Publication and Registration; or (b) the date certain at law on which the Issuer has paid in whole or in part the purchase price of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio, where the Seller and the Issuer have opted for applying article 5, paragraph 1, 1-*bis* and 2 of the Italian Factoring Law, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**DBRS**” means (i) for the purpose of identifying the entity which has assigned the credit rating to the Rated Notes and for the purpose of any notice to be sent under the Transaction Documents, DBRS Ratings GmbH and, in each case, any successor to this rating activity,

and (ii) in any other case, any entity of DBRS which is either registered or not under the EU CRA Regulation, as it appears from the last available list published by ESMA on the ESMA website, or any other applicable regulation.

**“DBRS Equivalent Rating”** means the DBRS rating equivalent of any of the below ratings by Fitch, Moody’s or S&P:

<b>DBRS</b>	<b>Moody’s</b>	<b>S&amp;P</b>	<b>Fitch</b>
AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA
AA(high)	Aa1	AA+	AA+
AA	Aa2	AA	AA
AA(low)	Aa3	AA-	AA-
A(high)	A1	A+	A+
A	A2	A	A
A(low)	A3	A-	A-
BBB(high)	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+
BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB
BBB(low)	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-
BB(high)	Ba1	BB+	BB+
BB	Ba2	BB	BB
BB(low)	Ba3	BB-	BB-
B(high)	B1	B+	B+
B	B2	B	B
B(low)	B3	B-	B-
CCC(high)	Caa1	CCC+	CCC+
CCC	Caa2	CCC	CCC
CCC(low)	Caa3	CCC-	CCC-
CC	Ca	CC	CC
C	C	D	D

**“DBRS Minimum Rating”** means: (a) if a long-term senior debt rating by Fitch, a long term senior debt rating by Moody’s and a long-term senior debt rating by S&P in respect of the Eligible Institution are all available at such date, the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of such long-term senior debt rating remaining after disregarding the highest and lowest of such long-term senior debt ratings from such rating agencies (provided that (i) if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below, and (ii) if more than one long-term senior debt rating has the same highest DBRS Equivalent Rating or the same lowest DBRS Equivalent Rating, then in each case one of such long term senior debt ratings shall be so disregarded); (b) if the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraph (a) above, but long-term senior debt ratings by any two of Fitch, Moody’s and S&P are available at such date, the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of the lower of such long-term senior debt ratings (provided that if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below); and (c) if the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraphs (a) and (b) above, but long term senior debt ratings by any one of Fitch, Moody’s and S&P are available at such date, then the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of such long-term senior debt rating (provided that if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below). If at any time the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraphs (a) to (c) above, then a DBRS Minimum Rating of “C” shall apply at such time.

**“Debtors”** means the borrowers of the Loans and the persons who are liable for the payment or repayment of any amounts due under the Loans or who have undertaken the payment obligations of the borrower of the Loan and **“Debtor”** means any of them.

**“Decree 239 Deduction”** means any withholding or deduction for or on account of *imposta*

*sostitutiva* under Decree No. 239.

**“Decree No. 91”** means Italian Law Decree No. 91 of 11 August 2014, converted into law No. 116 of 11 August 2014, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Decree No. 145”** means Law Decree No. 145 of 23 December 2013 converted into law by Law No. 9 of 21 February 2014, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Decree No. 239”** means Italian Legislative Decree No. 239 of 1 April 1996, as amended and supplemented from time to time and any related regulations.

**“Decree No. 350”** means Italian Law Decree No. 350 of 25 September 2001, converted into law with amendments by Law No. 409 of 23 November 2001, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Defaulted Claims”** means the Claims arising from Loans in respect of which (i) there are eight or more consecutive or non consecutive Unpaid Instalments, or (ii) following the relevant final maturity date, there is at least one instalment which is an Unpaid Instalment for eight or more months, or (iii) the relevant Debtor has been subject to acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*), or (iv) the relevant Loan Agreement has been terminated or (v) in respect of which a Permanent Claim has occurred, and **“Defaulted Claim”** means any of such Defaulted Claims.

**“Delegation of Payment”** means the delegation of payment under articles 1269 and 1723, second paragraph, of the Italian Civil Code or under the Salary Assignment Act, made by the Debtors towards the Employers in favour of the Seller, pursuant to the Loan Agreements and **“Delegations of Payment”** means any of them.

**“Delegation of Payment Loan”** means a Loan assisted by Delegation of Payment and **“Delegation of Payment Loans”** means any of them.

**“Documents”** means all documents relating to the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio.

**“Dodd-Frank Act”** means the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act enacted as a United States federal law in 2010, as from time to time amended and supplemented.

**“Eligibility Criteria”** means the Initial Criteria or the Subsequent Criteria, as the case may be.

**“Eligible Account”** means an account opened with an Eligible Institution.

**“Eligible Institution”** means (a) any depository institution organised under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or the United States or (b) any depository institution organized under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or of the United States whose obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party are guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee), in compliance with applicable DBRS and Moody’s criteria, by a depository institution organized under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or the United States of America, having the following ratings (or such other rating being compliant with S&P and Moody’s published criteria applicable from time to time):

(A) with respect to Moody’s:

(i) “A2” in respect of long term deposit rating; or

- (ii) in the event of a depository institution which does not have a long-term deposit rating by Moody's, "P-1" in respect of short term debt;
- (B)** with respect to DBRS, a rating at least equal to "A" being:
- (i) in case a public or private rating has been assigned by DBRS, the higher of (I) the rating one notch below the institution's COR (if assigned), and (II) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating or deposit rating; or
  - (ii) in case a long-term COR has not been assigned by DBRS, the higher of the relevant institution's issue rating, long-term senior unsecured debt rating or deposit rating; or
  - (iii) in case a public or private rating has not been assigned by DBRS, a DBRS Minimum Rating.

**"Eligible Investments"** means any Euro denominated senior (unsubordinated) dematerialised debt security, bank account deposit (including, for the avoidance of doubt, time deposit) or other debt instrument with the following characteristics:

- (a) with respect to DBRS:
  - (i) the securities or other debt instruments shall be issued or guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee) by an institution rated at least as follows by DBRS: (1) "BBB" in respect of Senior Long-Term Debt and Deposit rating or "R-2 (high)" in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit rating, with regard to investments having a maturity of less than or equal to 30 (thirty) days, or (2) "A (low)" in respect of Senior Long-Term Debt and Deposit rating or "R-1 (low)" in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit, with regard to investments having a maturity between 31 (thirty-one) and 90 (ninety) days; or
  - (ii) the bank account deposits shall be held with an Eligible Institution; or
  - (iii) instruments having such other lower rating being compliant with the DBRS's published criteria applicable from time to time; and
- (b) with respect to Moody's:
  - (i) the securities or other debt instruments shall be issued or guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee) by an institution rated at least as follows by Moody's "A3" in respect of Senior Long-Term Debt and Deposit rating or "P-1" in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit; or
  - (ii) the bank account deposits shall be held with an Eligible Institution; or
  - (iii) instruments having such other lower rating being compliant with the Moody's published criteria applicable from time to time,

It remains understood that in the case of clauses (a) and (b) above, such Euro denominated senior (unsubordinated) debt security, bank account deposit (including, for the avoidance of doubt, time deposit) or other debt instrument or repurchase transactions on such debt instruments:

- (1) shall be immediately repayable on demand, disposable without penalty, cost or loss or have a maturity not later than its Eligible Investments Maturity Date;

- (2) shall provide a fixed principal amount at maturity (provided that such amount could be lower than the amount invested only in the case on which the rate of return of the relevant investment is equal or higher than the Base Rate);

provided that,

- (a) in no case such investment above shall be made, in whole or in part, actually or potentially, in (i) tranches of other asset-backed securities; or (ii) credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, or synthetic securities; or (iii) any other instrument not allowed by the European Central Bank monetary policy regulations applicable from time to time for the purpose of qualifying the Senior Notes as eligible collateral;
- (b) in case of downgrade below the rating allowed with respect to DBRS or Moody's, as the case may be, the Issuer shall:
- (x) in case of Eligible Investments being securities or time deposits, sell the securities or terminate in advance the time deposit, if it could be achieved without a loss, otherwise the relevant security or time deposit shall be allowed to mature; or
- (y) in case of Eligible Investments being bank deposits, transfer within 30 calendar days the deposits to another account opened in the name of the Issuer with an Eligible Institution;

in any case, if such investments above consisting of repurchase transactions, shall be made only on Euro denominated debt securities or other debt instruments, provided that (i) title to the securities underlying such repurchase transactions (in the period between the execution of the relevant repurchase transactions and their respective maturity) effectively passes to the Issuer and the obligations of the relevant counterparty are not related to the performance of the underlying securities, (ii) such repurchase transactions have a maturity date falling not later than the next following Eligible Investments Maturity Date and in any case shorter than 60 days, (iii) within 30 calendar days from the date on which the institution ceases to be an Eligible Institution, such investment has to be transferred to another Eligible Institution at no costs for the Issuer, and (iv) such repurchase transactions provide a fixed principal amount at maturity (such amount not being lower than the initially invested amount).

**"Eligible Investments Maturity Date"** means each day falling the fifth Business Day immediately preceding each Payment Date.

**"Eligible Investments Securities Account"** means the securities account which may be established in the name of the Issuer with an Eligible Institution into which the bonds, debentures or other kinds of notes or financial instruments which may be purchased from time to time using monies standing to the credit of the Investment Accounts shall be deposited, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**"Eligible Investments Securities Account Report"** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Custodian Bank (if appointed), (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Account Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

**"Employer"** means the public or private employer or the relevant Debtor or the person which will be responsible for the payments under the Loan Agreements by virtue of the CQS and/or the Delegation of Payment and **"Employers"** means any of them.

“**ESMA**” means European Securities and Markets Authority.

“**EU CRA Regulation**” means Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as subsequently amended.

“**EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report**” means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Transaction Documents, reporting any event triggering the existence of any inside information provided for by letter point (f) of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

“**EU Sec Reg Investors Report**” means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Transaction Documents, setting out information setting out the information set forth in point (e) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards (including the information referred to in items (i), (ii) and (iii) of such point (e)).

“**EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report**” means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Transaction Documents, setting out the information relating to each Loan in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period, in compliance with point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

“**EU Sec Reg Report Date**” means each date falling within the 27<sup>th</sup> calendar day falling after any Payment Date, provided that the first EU Sec Reg Report Date will fall within the 27<sup>th</sup> calendar day falling after the First Payment Date.

“**EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report**” means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, reporting any event provided for by point (g) of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

“**EU Securitisation Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**EU Securitisation Rules**” means, collectively, (i) the EU Securitisation Regulation, (ii) the Regulatory Technical Standards, (iii) the CRR Amendment Regulation, (iv) the Solvency II Amendment Regulation, (v) the LCR Amendment Regulation, and (vi) any other rule or official interpretation implementing and/or supplementing the same.

“**EURIBOR**” means an interest rate set for the drawing of financial funds in Euro for a period equal to the relevant interest period two Business Days prior to the first day of the relevant interest period appearing on the Reuters screen at about 11:00 a.m. Brussels time, page “EURIBOR01”, provided that if such rate is less than zero, EURIBOR shall be deemed to be zero. Reuters Screen, page “EURIBOR01” means the displays entitled as page “EURIBOR01” on the money rates monitor of the Reuters agency (Reuters Monitor Money Rate Service) or on any other page which may replace page EURIBOR01 in the service of the said agency for the purposes of display of the interbank interest rates offered on the Eurozone market (Euro-zone Interbank Offered Rates - EURIBOR).

“**Euro**”, “**€**” and “**cents**” refer to the single currency introduced in the Member States of the European Community which adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty of Rome of 25 March 1957, as amended by, *inter alia*, the Single European Act 1986, the

Treaty of the European Union of 7 February 1992 establishing the European Union and the European Council of Madrid of 16 December 1995.

“**Euroclear**” means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., with registered office at 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B - 1210 Brussels, as operator of the Euroclear System.

“**European Union Insolvency Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2015/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on insolvency proceedings, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**Euro-Zone**” means the region comprised of Member States of the European Union that adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community (signed in Rome on 25 March 1957) as amended by the Treaty on European Union (signed in Maastricht on 7 February 1992).

“**EUWA**” means the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020).

“**Expenses**” means any documented fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid by the Issuer (i) to any third party creditors (other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors) arising in connection with the Securitisation, (ii) in order to preserve the existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing, or to comply with applicable legislation and (iii) in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes.

“**Expenses Account**” means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Expenses Account Bank for the deposit of the Retention Amount aimed at funding, during each Interest Period, all fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

“**Expenses Account Bank**” means BNYM, Milan Branch or any other entity, being an Eligible Institution, acting as expenses account bank under the Securitisation from time to time.

“**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting of the relevant Noteholders, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders to resolve on the objects set out therein.

“**FATCA Withholding Tax**” means any withholding or deduction pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the US Internal Revenue Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the US Internal Revenue Code (or any regulations or agreements thereunder or official interpretations thereof) or any intergovernmental agreement between the United States and another jurisdiction facilitating the implementation thereof (or any law implementing such an intergovernmental agreement).

“**Final Maturity Date**” means the Payment Date falling in December 2044.

“**Financial Laws Consolidated Act**” means the Italian Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**First Payment Date**” means 25 July 2022.

“**FITD**” means the “*Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi*”, having its offices at via del Plebiscito, 102 - Rome and VAT No. 01951041001.

“**FSMA**” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

“**Further Securitisation**” means any further securitisation transaction which may be carried out by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law and in accordance with Condition 5.2 (*Covenants – Further securitisations and corporate existence*).

“**GDPR**” means Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**Golden Bar**” means Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l., a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated and organised under the laws of the Republic of Italy pursuant to the Securitisation Law, registered with the Companies Register of Turin under No. 13232920150, enrolled with the register of the *società veicolo* held by the Bank of Italy under No. 32474.9, having its registered office at Via Principe Amedeo No. 11, 10123 Turin, Italy.

“**Holder**” means the beneficial owner of a Note.

“**Initial Criteria**” means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the Initial Valuation Date or as of such other date set out in the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Individual Purchase Price**” means the purchase price of the Claims relating to each Loan, purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Initial Execution Date**” means 11 May 2022.

“**Initial Interest Period**” means the first Interest Period, that shall begin on (and include) the Issue Date and end on (but exclude) the First Payment Date.

“**Initial Portfolio**” means the first portfolio of Claims assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer on the Initial Execution Date, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Initial Subscription Payment**” means the initial subscription payment which will be due by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date, being an aggregate amount equal to € 246,670,982.55, of which:

- (i) € 222,003,884.29 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (ii) € 12,333,549.13 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class B Notes; and
- (iii) € 12,333,549.13 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class Z Notes.

“**Initial Valuation Date**” means 12.00 a.m. of 5 May 2022.

“**INPS**” means the Istituto Nazionale di Previdenza Sociale.

“**Insolvency Event**” means in respect of any company or corporation that:

- (a) such company or corporation has become subject to any applicable bankruptcy, liquidation, administration, insolvency, composition or reorganisation (including, without limitation, “*fallimento*”, “*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*”, “*concordato preventivo*” and “*amministrazione straordinaria*”, each such expression bearing the meaning ascribed to it by the laws of the Republic of Italy, and including also any

equivalent or analogous proceedings under the law of any jurisdiction in which such company or corporation is deemed to carry on business including the seeking of liquidation, winding-up, reorganisation, dissolution, administration) or similar proceedings or the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of such company or corporation are subject to a *pignoramento* or similar procedure having a similar effect (other than in the case of the Issuer, any portfolio of assets purchased by the Issuer for the purposes of further securitisation transactions), unless in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such proceedings are being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or

- (b) an application for the commencement of any of the proceedings under (a) above is made in respect of or by such company or corporation or such proceedings are otherwise initiated against such company or corporation and, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, the commencement of such proceedings are not being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (c) such company or corporation takes any action for a re-adjustment of deferment of any of its obligations or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of its creditors (other than, in the case of the Issuer, the Other Issuer Creditors) or is granted by a competent court a moratorium in respect of any of its indebtedness or any guarantee of any indebtedness given by it or applies for suspension of payments; or
- (d) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up, liquidation or dissolution in any form of such company or corporation (except a winding-up for the purposes of or pursuant to a solvent amalgamation or reconstruction, the terms of which have been previously approved in writing by the Representative of the Noteholders) or any of the events under Article 2484 of the Italian Civil Code occurs with respect to such company or corporation.

**“Insolvent”** means that the Issuer is, or is deemed for the purposes of any applicable law to be, unable to pay its debts as they fall due or is insolvent.

**“Instalment”** means the scheduled monthly payment falling due from the relevant Debtor under a Loan and which consists of an Interest Component and a Principal Component.

**“Insurance Company”** means the insurance companies which issued the Insurance Policies and **“Insurance Companies”** means any of them.

**“Insurance Policy”** means any insurance policy relating or connected to a Loan Agreement, and **“Insurance Policies”** means any of them.

**“Intercreditor Agreement”** means the agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Other Issuer Creditors, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Interest Amount”** means:

- (a) in respect of the Notes, the amount of interest accrued during the relevant Interest Period in respect of the relevant Class as determined in accordance with Condition 7 (*Interest*); and/or
- (b) in respect of the Junior Notes, also the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) accrued on the Junior Notes during the relevant Interest Period, as the context requires.

**“Interest Amount Arrears”** means any portion of the relevant Interest Amount for the Notes of any Class which remains unpaid on any Payment Date.

**“Interest Component”** means the interest component of each Instalment and any other amount which is not a Principal Component.

**“Interest Determination Date”** means, with respect to the Initial Interest Period, the date falling two Business Days prior to the Issue Date and, with respect to each subsequent Interest Period, the date falling two Business Days prior to the Payment Date at the beginning of such Interest Period.

**“Interest Payment Amount”** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.5 (*Interest - Determination of interest of the Notes and Junior Notes Additional Remuneration Interest*).

**“Interest Period”** means each period beginning on (and including) a Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next following Payment Date.

**“Investment Accounts”** means each of the Collection Account and the Cash Reserve Account and the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened).

**“Investment Date”** means any Business Day.

**“Investors Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Computation Agent, (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Notes and the Aggregate Portfolio, and (iii) to be distributed on or prior to each Investors Report Date.

**“Investors Report Date”** means the Payment Date.

**“IRAP”** means the regional tax on productive activities governed by Legislative Decree n. 446 of 15 December 1997.

**“IRES”** means *imposta sul reddito delle società* governed by Presidential Decree n. 917 of 22 December 1986 and applied on the corporate taxable income.

**“Issue Date”** means 30 May 2022.

**“Issue Price”** means 100 per cent.

**“Issuer”** means Golden Bar.

**“Issuer Available Funds”** means, in respect of any Calculation Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate amount of:

- (i) any Collections and Recoveries received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ii) any purchase price received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the sale of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio made in accordance with the Transaction Documents during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (iii) without duplication with items (i) and (ii) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;

- (iv) the balance of the Cash Reserve Account;
- (v) without duplication with item (iv) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Cash Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (vi) the Set-Off Reserve (if any);
- (vii) without duplication with item (vi) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Set-Off Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (viii) without duplication with items (iii), (v) and (vii) above, all amounts of interest (if any) accrued and paid on the Accounts (other than the Expenses Account) during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ix) any payments made to the Issuer by any other party to the Transaction Documents and paid into the Accounts during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, including any payments made by the Seller pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement and/or the Master Transfer Agreement in respect of indemnities or damages for breach of representations or warranties;
- (x) any Revenue Eligible Investments Amount realised on the preceding Liquidation Date, if any;
- (xi) any other amount standing to the credit of the Collection Account as at the end of the Collection Period immediately preceding the relevant Calculation Date;
- (xii) the amounts actually credited to and/or retained in, on the immediately preceding Payment Date, the Collection Account under item (viii), letter (B) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, if any;
- (xiii) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Cancellation Date, the balance standing to the credit of the Expenses Account at such date.

**“Issuer’s Expenses”** means any documented fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid (i) to any third party creditors (other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors) arising in connection with the Securitisation, (ii) in order to preserve the existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing, or to comply with applicable legislation and (iii) in connection with the deposit of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents, or other sums due to such third party creditors under obligations incurred in the course of the Issuer’s business.

**“Issuer’s Rights”** means the Issuer’s right, title and interest in and to the Claims, any rights that the Issuer has acquired under the Transaction Documents and any other rights that the Issuer has acquired against the Seller, any Other Issuer Creditors (including any applicable guarantors or successors) or third parties for the benefit of the Noteholders in connection with this Securitisation.

**“Italian Bankruptcy Law”** means (i) the Italian Royal Decree No. 267 of 16 March 1942 (*Disciplina del fallimento, del concordato preventivo, dell’amministrazione controllata e della liquidazione coatta amministrativa*) and (ii) starting from the date on which will enter into in force, the Legislative Decree No. 14 of 12 January 2019 (*Nuovo codice della crisi di*

*impresa e dell'insolvenza*), each as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"Italian Factoring Law"** means law 21 February 1991, No. 52 as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"Italy"** means the Republic of Italy.

**"Junior Noteholder"** means the Holder of a Junior Note, and **"Junior Noteholders"** means any of them.

**"Junior Notes Additional Remuneration"** means, in relation to the Junior Notes, on each Payment Date:

- (a) prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer Available Funds calculated on the immediately preceding Calculation Date minus all payments to be made on such date under items (i) to (xx) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments;
- (b) following the service of a Trigger Notice, zero.

**"Junior Notes Rate of Interest"** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

**"Law No. 383"** means Law No. 383 of 18 October 2001, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"LCR Amendment Regulation"** means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/1620 of 13 July 2018 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 to supplement Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to liquidity coverage requirement for credit institutions.

**"Liquidation Date"** means the date falling one Business Day before each Calculation Date.

**"Listing Agent"** means BNYM, Luxembourg Branch or any other person acting as listing agent under the Securitisation from time to time.

**"Loans"** means, with respect to (i) the Initial Portfolio, all the Loans which are listed in the relevant annex of the Master Transfer Agreement and (ii) each Subsequent Portfolio, all the Loans which are listed in the annex of relevant Offer to Sell, and **Loan** means any of them.

**"Loan Agreements"** means the loan agreements executed between Santander Consumer Bank and the Debtors, pursuant to which the Loans are advanced and out of which the Claims arise and **"Loan Agreement"** means all any of them.

**"Local Business Day"** means a day (other than Saturday and Sunday) on which the banks to and/or from which the relevant payment is to be made are open for business.

**"Luxembourg Stock Exchange"** means the stock exchange based in Luxembourg City at 35A boulevard Joseph II.

**"Mandate Agreement"** means the mandate agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**"Master Definitions Agreement"** means the master definitions agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between all the parties to each of the Transaction Documents, as

from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Master Transfer Agreement”** means the Master Transfer Agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date between the Issuer and the Seller, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Meeting”** means a meeting of Noteholders duly convened (whether originally convened or resumed following an adjournment) and held in accordance with the provisions contained in the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

**“Monte Titoli”** means Monte Titoli S.p.A., with registered office at Piazza degli Affari No. 6, 20123 Milan, Italy.

**“Monte Titoli Account Holders”** means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of its customers with Monte Titoli including any depository banks appointed by Euroclear and Clearstream.

**“Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement”** means the agreement entered into between the Issuer and Monte Titoli, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Moody’s”** means Moody’s Italy S.r.l..

**“Most Senior Class of Noteholders”** means the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes.

**“Most Senior Class of Notes”** means, on any given date, without prejudice to any applicable Priority of Payments:

- (a) the Class A Notes (for so long as there are Class A Notes outstanding); or
- (b) if the Class A Notes are no longer outstanding, the Class B Notes (for so long as there are Class B Notes outstanding); or
- (c) if the Rated Notes are no longer outstanding, the Junior Notes.

**“Noteholders”** means the Holders of the Rated Notes and the Junior Notes, collectively, and **“Noteholder”** means any of them.

**“Notes”** means the Rated Notes and the Junior Notes, collectively, and **“Note”** means any of them.

**“Obligations”** means all of the obligations of the Issuer created by or arising under the Notes and the Transaction Documents.

**“Offer Date”** means, during the Programme Period, means the date falling within the eleventh Business Day following each Collection Date, *provided that* the first Offer Date will be 16 June 2022.

**“Offer to Sell”** means each offer to sell a Subsequent Portfolio sent to the Issuer by the Seller in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Official Gazette”** means the *Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*.

**“Organisation of the Noteholders”** means the association of the Noteholders, organised

pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

**“Other Issuer Creditors”** means, collectively, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Issuer, the Paying Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller, the Servicer, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Sole Arranger, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Subscriber and any other creditor of the Issuer under the Transaction Documents that becomes party to the Intercreditor Agreement and **“Other Issuer Creditor”** means any of them.

**“Other Welfare Entities”** means the public or private institutions and entities, referred to in article 38 of the Italian Constitution, which manage the welfare assistance and social security pursuant to Royal Decree No. 636 of 14 April 1939, as amended from time to time, or any other supplementary allowance.

**“Outstanding Principal”** means, on any given date: (A) with respect to any Claim, the sum of (i) the aggregate of all the Principal Components owing from the relevant Debtor and scheduled to be paid after such date and (ii) the aggregate of all the relevant Principal Components which are past due and unpaid as of such date; and (B) with respect to any Portfolio or the Aggregate Portfolio, the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal as of such date.

**“Paying Agent Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Paying Agent, (ii) setting out, *inter alia*, the Interest Payment Amounts; and (iii) to be delivered no later than the first day of each relevant Interest Period to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and Monte Titoli.

**“Paying Agent”** means BNYM, Milan Branch or any other person acting as paying agent pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

**“Payment Date”** means the twenty-fifth calendar day of each month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day), *provided that* the First Payment Date will be 25 July 2022.

**“Payments Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Paying Agent or any other Eligible Institution into which, *inter alia*, the amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account, the Cash Reserve Account and the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened) shall be transferred so as to be applied to make the payments due by the Issuer on each Payment Date, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Payments Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement before the service of a Trigger Notice, (ii) setting out, *inter alia*, the Issuer Available Funds and all the payments to be made on the following Payment Date under the applicable Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments; and (iii) to be delivered by each Calculation Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Paying Agent, the Account Banks, the Sole Arranger and the Rating Agencies.

**“Pension Entity”** means each of the INPS and the Other Welfare Entities and **“Pension Entities”** means any of them.

**“Pension Fund Tax”** means an annual substitutive tax of 11 per cent. on the increase in

value of the managed assets accrued at the end of each tax year (which increase would include interest and other proceeds accrued on the Notes) applied to Italian resident pension funds subject to the regime provided by Article 17 of Legislative Decree No. 252 of 5 December 2005.

**“Permanent Claims”** means, in relation to the Debtors, the occurrence of the death or of other events which result in the interruption of the employment of the Debtors (for causes such as the dismissal, the resignation, or the opening of an insolvency proceeding of the Employer which result in any of such effect).

**“Portfolio”** means the Initial Portfolio or each of the Subsequent Portfolios, as the case may be, assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Post-Trigger Issuer Available Funds”** means, in respect of any Calculation Date after the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate of the amounts received or recovered by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders in respect of the Claims and the Issuer’s Rights under the Transaction Documents.

**“Post-Trigger Priority of Payments”** means the order of priority in which the Post-Trigger Issuer Available Funds shall be applied following the service of a Trigger Notice in accordance with Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments – Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

**“Post Trigger Report”** means the report (i) to be prepared by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement after the service of a Trigger Notice; (ii) setting out the Issuer Available Funds and the payments and allocations to be made on the next Payment Date, in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments; and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Calculation Date or upon request of the Representative of the Noteholders to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider, the Rating Agencies, the Sole Arranger, the Paying Agent, the Account Banks, and the Representative of the Noteholders.

**“Poste Italiane S.p.A. Group”** means the group of companies which are consolidated in the accounts (*bilancio*) of Poste Italiane S.p.A., as resulting from time to time from the latest approved accounts (*ultimo bilancio approvato*) of Poste Italiane S.p.A.

**“Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments”** means the order of priority in which the Issuer Available Funds shall be applied prior to the service of a Trigger Notice in accordance with Condition 6.1 (*Priority of Payments – Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

**“Prepayment”** means the prepayment of a Loan made by the relevant Debtor pursuant to the contractual provisions of the relevant Loan Agreement and the Banking Act.

**“Previous Notes”** means the notes issued in the context of any Previous Transaction.

**“Previous Securitisation 2016-1”** means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 2 August 2016: (i) the “€ 1,066,000,000 Class A-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (ii) the “€ 32,500,000 Class B-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (iii) the “€ 45,500,000 Class C-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (iv) the “€ 65,000,000 Class D-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (v) the “€ 90,870,000 Class E-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, and (vi) the “€ 130,000 Class F-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”.

**“Previous Securitisation 2018-1”** means the securitisation transaction whereby the

following notes were issued by the Issuer on 27 April 2018: (i) the “€ 395,700,000 Class A-2018-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due March 2037”, and (ii) the “€ 82,750,000 Class B-2018-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate and Variable Return Notes due March 2037”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2019-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 25 June 2019: (i) the “€ 525,400,000 Class A-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039”, (ii) the “€ 18,000,000 Class B-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039”, (iii) the “€ 45,100,000 Class C-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due July 2039”, and (iv) the “€ 12,000,000 Class D-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed and Variable Return Notes due July 2039”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2020-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 27 February 2020: (i) the “€ 629,000,000 Class A-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044”, (ii) the “€50,000,000 Class B-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044”, and (iii) the “€ 67,498,000 Class Z-2020-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2044”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2020-2**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 30 July 2020: (i) the “€ 648,750,000 Class A-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042”, (ii) the “€ 50,625,000 Class B-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042”, and (iii) the “€ 50,625,000 Class Z-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding and Variable Return Notes due July 2042”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2021-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 30 September 2021: (i) the “€ 451,500,000 Class A-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (ii) the “€ 15,000,000 Class B-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (iii) the “€ 10,000,000 Class C-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (iv) the “€ 7,500,000 Class D-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (v) the “€ 16,000,000 Class E-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041”, (vi) the “€ 5,000,000 Class F-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041” and (vii) the “€ 100,000 Class Z-2021-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2041”.

“**Previous Transactions**” means, collectively, the Previous Securitisation 2016-1, the Previous Securitisation 2018-1, the Previous Securitisation 2019-1, the Previous Securitisation 2020-1, the Previous Securitisation 2020-2 and the Previous Securitisation 2021-1.

“**Previous Transaction Documents**” means collectively the documents, deeds and agreements defined as “Transaction Documents” in the prospectus related to the Previous Transactions.

“**PRIPs Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (PRIPs), as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**Principal Amount Outstanding**” means, on any given date:

- (a) in relation to a Note, the nominal principal amount of such Note following the Initial Subscription Payment, as increased as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment made up to any such given date, less the aggregate amount of all Principal Payments that have been made in respect of that Note up to any such given date; and

- (b) in relation to a Class, the aggregate of the amount in paragraph (a) in respect of all Notes outstanding in such class; and
- (c) in relation to the Notes outstanding at any time, the aggregate of the amounts set out in paragraph (a) in respect of all Notes outstanding, regardless of Class.

**“Principal Factor”** means, at any time and in respect of a Class of Notes, the fraction expressed as a decimal to the sixth point of which the numerator is the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes at such time and the denominator is the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes upon issue.

**“Principal Component”** means the principal component of each Instalment.

**“Priority of Payments”** means, collectively, the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments and the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Principal Payments”** has the meaning given in Condition 7.5 (*Redemption, purchase and cancellation - Principal Payment on the Notes, Redemption Amounts and Principal Amount Outstanding*).

**“Privacy Law”** means Italian Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30 June 2003 as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“Privacy Rules”** means, collectively, (a) the Privacy Law, (b) the GDPR, (c) the regulation (*provvedimento*) issued by the “*Autorità Garante per la protezione dei Dati Personali*” dated 18 January 2007, and (d) any other legislative act or provision of an administrative or regulatory nature, adopted by the Privacy Authority and/or other competent Authority, in force from time to time.

**“Programme Period”** means the period commencing on the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of:

- (a) the Payment Date falling in May 2024 (excluded); and
- (b) the date on which a Purchase Termination Notice or a Trigger Notice is served on the Issuer.

**“Programme Limit”** means:

- (a) in respect of the Class A Notes € 720,000,000.00;
- (b) in respect of the Class B Notes € 40,000,000.00; and
- (c) in respect of the Junior Notes € 40,000,000.00.

**“Prospectus”** means the prospectus prepared in connection with the issue of the Notes.

**“Prospectus Regulation”** means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“Publication and Registration”** means the publication of the notice of assignment in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy in respect of the assigned receivables and the registration of the relevant assignment in the Issuer’s Companies Register.

**“Purchase Price”** the purchase price due by the Issuer to the Seller in respect of each Portfolio assigned and transferred pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Purchase Price Amount”** means the portion of the Purchase Price of each Subsequent Portfolios purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement to be funded through the Issuer Available Funds in accordance with the Pre-Enforcement Priority of Payments, such portion being equal to the following amounts:

- (a) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded exclusively through the Issuer Available Funds, the full amount of the relevant Purchase Price;
- (b) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded through both the Issuer Available Funds and an Additional Subscription Payment, the portion of the relevant Purchase Price to be paid through the Issuer Available Funds; and
- (c) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded exclusively through an Additional Subscription Payment, zero.

**“Purchase Shortfall Amount”** means on each Calculation Date, the higher of (i) zero and (ii) the difference between (a) the Replenishment Available Amount as of such date and (b) the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement payable on such date.

**“Purchase Termination Event”** means any of the events referred to in Condition 15 (*Purchase Termination Events*).

**“Purchase Termination Notice”** means the notice served by the Representative of the Noteholders upon the occurrence of a Purchase Termination Event, in accordance with Condition 15 (*Purchase Termination Events*).

**“Quota Capital Account”** means the Euro denominated account opened by the Issuer with Santander Consumer Bank for the deposit of the Issuer’s quota capital equal to € 10,000.

**“Quotaholders”** means the quotaholders of the Issuer, being Stichting Po River and Stichting Turin, and **“Quotaholder”** means any of them.

**“Rated Insurance Company”** means an Insurance Company to which Moody’s assigns or has assigned a long term credit rating no lower than Baa3.

**“Rated Noteholder”** means the Holder of a Rated Note and **“Rated Noteholders”** means any of them.

**“Rated Notes”** means the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes collectively.

**“Rateo Amounts”** means (i) in relation to the Initial Portfolio, interest accrued on the relevant Loans up to the Initial Valuation Date, but not yet due; and (ii) in relation to each Subsequent Portfolio, interest accrued on the relevant Loans up to the relevant Valuation Date, but not yet due.

**“Rating Agencies”** means DBRS and Moody’s, collectively, and **“Rating Agency”** means any of them.

**“Recoveries”** means all amounts recovered in respect of the Defaulted Claims, including penalties and insurance proceeds.

**“Regulation 13 August 2018”** means the regulation, regarding post-trading systems, issued by the Bank of Italy and the CONSOB on 13 August 2018, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Regulatory Change Event”** means a change which is announced or published on or after Issue Date and, in the reasonable opinion of Santander Consumer Bank acting in good faith and as certified by Santander Consumer Bank to the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders:

- (a) is enforced or directed by any relevant competent supra-national or national authority including, without limitation, the European Central Bank, the Bank of Italy, the European Securities and Markets Authority, the European Banking Authority or the International Accounting Standards Board and/or any successor authority to the aforementioned authorities; or
- (b) has come into force or is expected to come into force within eighteen (18) months after its announcement or publication, in:
  - (i) any guidelines promulgated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, including in relation to Basel II and Basel III and any further such accords (the **“Basel Accords”**);
  - (ii) the international, European, Italian or Spanish regulations, rules and directions (the **“Bank Regulations”**) applicable to Santander Consumer Bank (including any change in the Bank Regulations enacted for purposes of implementing a change to the Basel Accords);
  - (iii) the manner in which the Basel Accords or such Bank Regulations are interpreted or applied by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision or by any relevant competent international, supra-national or national authority (including without limitation, the authorities listed in (a) above);
  - (iv) the standards relating to de-recognition and/or consolidation under IFRS applied by Santander Consumer Bank (the **“Accounting Standards”**);
  - (v) the manner in which the Accounting Standards are interpreted or applied by the International Accounting Standards Board; or
  - (vi) any other provision of the legal or regulatory framework which is applicable to the Securitisation,

and, in any of the cases set out in (a) or (b) above, such change will (1) have a material adverse effect on the regulatory leverage and/or regulatory capital requirements applicable to Santander Consumer Bank or (2) materially increase the cost or materially reduce the benefit to Santander Consumer Bank of the Securitisation and/or the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents).

**“Regulatory Technical Standards”** means:

- (i) the regulatory technical standards adopted by EBA or ESMA, as the case may be, pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation; or
- (ii) the transitional regulatory technical standards applicable pursuant to article 43 of the EU Securitisation Regulation prior to the entry into force of the regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraph (i) above.

**“Relevant Default Trigger”** means, during the Programme Period:

- (i) 1.5% from the first Collection Date (included) to the third Collection Date (included);
- (ii) 2.5% from the third Collection Date (excluded) to the sixth Collection Date (included);

- (iii) 3.5% from the sixth Collection Date (exlcuded) to the ninth Collection Date (included);
- (iv) 4.5% from the ninth Collection Date (exlcuded) to the twelveth Collection Date (included);
- (v) 5.5% from the twelveth Collection Date (exlcuded) to the fifteenth Collection Date (included);
- (vi) 6.0% from the fifteenth Collection Date (exlcuded) to the eighteenth Collection Date (included);
- (vii) 6.5% from the eighteenth Collection Date (exlcuded) to the twenty-first Collection Date (included);
- (viii) 7.0% from the twenty-first Collection Date (exlcuded) to the twenty-fourth Collection Period (included).

**“Relevant Payment Date”** means any Payment Date falling within the period included between (i) the First Payment Date and (ii) the Payment Date (included) on which the Rated Notes have been redeemed in full.

**“Relevant Percentage”** means:

- (a) in relation to each Class of Notes, the relevant pro rata share of each Additional Subscription Payment or repayment to be made in respect of such Class of Notes, as the case may be, being equal to the following percentages of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment:
  - (i) 90% in respect of the Class A Notes;
  - (ii) 5% in respect of the Class B Notes; and
  - (iii) 5% in respect of the Junior Notes, or
- (b) in relation to each Note, the relevant pro rata share of each Additional Subscription Payment or repayment to be made in respect of such Note, as the case may be, which shall be calculated with reference to the ratio between (A) the Relevant Percentage applicable to the Class of Notes to which such Note relates and (B) the then Principal Amount Outstanding of such Note.

**“Replenishment Available Amount”** means the amount by which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes exceeds the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount (excluding the Defaulted Claims) as of the relevant Collection Date immediately preceding the relevant Payment Date.

**“Reporting Entity”** means Santander Consumer Bank or any other person acting as reporting entity pursuant to article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation or any other person acting as such under the Securitisation from time to time.

**“Representative of the Noteholders”** means Zenith Service S.p.A. or any other person acting as representative of the Noteholders.

**“Reserve Account”** means each of the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened) and the Cash Reserve Account and **“Reserve Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Reserve Account Bank”** means Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch or any other

person, being an Eligible Institution, acting as reserve account bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Reserve Percentage**” means (i) before the occurrence of a Commingling Reserve Trigger Event, 1.7% and (ii) after the occurrence of a Commingling Reserve Trigger Event, 2.5%.

“**Residual Recurring Costs**” means, with reference to any Loan which is subject to a Prepayment, the aggregate amount - proportionally to the residual life of the underlying agreement - of all interests and of all costs included in the aggregate cost of the financing (*costo totale del credito*).

“**Retention Amount**” means an amount equal to € 30,000.

“**Revenue Eligible Investments Amount**” means, as at each Liquidation Date, any interest or other remuneration on the Eligible Investments bought by or for the account of the Issuer other than repayment of principal or repayment of the initial capital invested, as applicable, in respect of each Eligible Investment.

“**Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders**” means the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders attached as Exhibit 1 to the Terms and Conditions, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

“**Salary Assignment**” means each of the CQP and the CQS and “**Salary Assignments**” means any of them.

“**Salary Assignment Act**” means the Presidential Decree No. 180 of January 1950 and the implementing regulation set out in the Presidential Decree No. 895 of 28 July 1950, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time and subsequent measures, and any other law provision enacted in Italy from time to time in relation to salary and pension assignments as collateral for loans.

“**Salary Assignment Loan**” means a Loan assisted by Salary Assignment and Salary Assignment Loans means any of them.

“**Santander Consumer Bank**” means Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A., a bank incorporated as joint stock company (*società per azioni*) organised under the laws of the Republic of Italy, registered with the companies' register of Turin under no. 05634190010, company belonging to the Santander Consumer Bank VAT Group - VAT Number 12357110019 and registered with the register of banks (*albo delle banche*) held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of the Banking Act under no. 5496, parent company of the “*Gruppo Bancario Santander Consumer Bank*”, registered with the register of banking groups held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 64 of the Banking Act under no. 3191.4, having its registered office at Corso Massimo d'Azeglio 33/E, 10126 Turin, Italy.

“**Scheduled Instalment Date**” means any date on which an Instalment is due.

“**Securities Act**” means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**Securitisation**” means the securitisation of the Claims made by the Issuer through the issuance of the Notes.

“**Securitisation EU Exit Regulations**” means the the Securitisation (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.

“**Securitisation Law**” means Italian Law No. 130 of 30 April 1999, as amended and

supplemented from time to time.

**“Securitisation Repository”** means the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation as notified by the Issuer to the investors in the Notes.

**“Security Interest”** means any mortgage, charge pledge, lien, right of set-off, special privilege (*privilegio speciale*), assignment by way of security, retention of title or any other security interest whatsoever or any other agreement or arrangement having the effect of conferring security.

**“Seller”** means Santander Consumer Bank.

**“Seller’s Claims”** means, collectively, the monetary claims that the Seller may have from time to time against the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement (other than in respect of the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio) and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, and including, without limitation, the Rateo Amounts and the Accrued and Unpaid Interests.

**“Servicer”** means Santander Consumer Bank or any other person acting as servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement from time to time.

**“Servicer Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, (ii) setting out information as to, *inter alia*, the Aggregate Portfolio and the Collections in respect of the preceding Collection Period and (iii) to be delivered by each Servicer Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Computation Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Rating Agencies and the Collection Account Bank.

**“Servicer Report Delivery Failure Event”** means the event which will have occurred upon the Servicer’s failure to deliver the Servicer Report within 3 (three) Business Days from the relevant Servicer Report Date, *provided that* such event will cease to be outstanding when the Servicer delivers the Servicer Report.

**“Servicer Report Date”** means the date falling within the tenth Business Day following each Collection Date.

**“Servicer Termination Event”** means any termination event of the Servicer as provided for by the Servicing Agreement.

**“Servicer’s Advance”** means all amounts due and payable to the Servicer for the repayment of any loan extended to the Issuer under the Servicing Agreement.

**“Servicer’s Owner”** means the entity owning the entire share capital of Santander Consumer Bank, such entity being, as at the Initial Execution Date, Santander Consumer Finance, S.A.

**“Servicing Agreement”** means the servicing agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date between the Issuer and the Servicer, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Servicing Fee”** means the fee payable by the Issuer to the Servicer, in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

**“Set-Off Required Ratings”** means, with respect to the Servicer’s Owner, all the following ratings:

- (i) a rating assigned to its short-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “P-2” by Moody’s (or such other rating as acceptable to Moody’s from time to time); and
- (ii) a rating assigned to its long-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “BBB” by DBRS and “Baa2” by Moody’s, or such other rating as acceptable, respectively, to DBRS and Moody’s from time to time.

“**Set-Off Reserve**” means the funds standing from time to time to the credit of the Set-Off Reserve Account (including any Eligible Investments made with such funds) which will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, so as to provide limited protection in respect of the risks connected with the Undue Amounts and the risk of exercise of set-off by the Debtors against the Seller.

“**Set-Off Reserve Account**” means the Euro denominated Eligible Account to be established in the name of the Issuer with the Reserves Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution into which the Set-Off Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

“**Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event**” means, at any given time, the occurrence, concurrently, of both the following events: **(A)** the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount is higher than zero; and **(B)** (i) the Servicer’s Owner ceases to have any of the Set-Off Required Ratings or any of such ratings has been withdrawn; or (ii) the Servicer’s Owner ceases to own, directly or indirectly, at least 75% of the share capital of the Seller.

“**Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event Notice**” means the notice in respect of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, to be delivered promptly following the occurrence of such event, by the Servicer (or, failing that, by the Representative of the Noteholders), to the Issuer in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

“**Shareholders Agreement**” means the shareholders agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller and the Quotaholders, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

“**Sole Arranger**” means Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank, Milan Branch.

“**Solvency II Amendment Regulation**” means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/981 of 8 March 2019 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35 supplementing Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II).

“**Southern Italy**” means the territories of the Italian regions of Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Molise, Puglia, Sardinia and Sicily.

“**Stichting Po River**” means Stichting Po River, a Dutch foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands, having its registered office at Locatellikade 1, 1076 AZ, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

“**Stichting Turin**” means Stichting Turin, a Dutch foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands having its registered office at Locatellikade 1, 1076 AZ, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

“**Stichtingen**” means Stichting Po River and Stichting Turin, collectively, and **Quotaholder** means any of them.

**“Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider”** means Wilmington Trust or any other person acting as stichtingen corporate services provider pursuant to the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement from time to time.

**“Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement”** means the stichtingen corporate services agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer, the Quotaholders and the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Subordinated Loan”** means the limited recourse loan granted to the Issuer by the Subordinated Loan Provider pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

**“Subordinated Loan Agreement”** means the subordinated loan agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Subordinated Loan Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Subordinated Loan Provider”** means Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as subordinated loan provider pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement and any of its permitted successors and assignees.

**“Subscriber”** means Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as subscriber under the Underwriting Agreement and any of its permitted successors and assignees.

**“Subsequent Criteria”** means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in the Subsequent Portfolios provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, being the Common Criteria, and/or the Specific Criteria and, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the relevant Subsequent Valuation Date or as of such other date set out in the relevant Offer to Sell.

**“Subsequent Portfolio”** means each portfolio of Claims assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer after the sale of the Initial Portfolio, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, and **“Subsequent Portfolios”** means any of them.

**“Subsequent Transfer Date”** means, during the Programme Period, (i) the date falling in 27 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) the Payment Date immediately succeeding the Acceptance Date relating to such Subsequent Portfolio.

**“Subsequent Valuation Date”** means, during the Programme Period, the date which will be set out in the relevant Offer to Sell.

**“Supervisory Regulations”** means the supervisory regulations (*“istruzioni di vigilanza”*) and the circulars (*“circolari”*) issued by the Bank of Italy and applicable to the Securitisation and/or the Issuer.

**“Surveillance Report”** means the report prepared by the Rating Agencies related to the Rated Notes required by the European Central Bank and/or the documentation of the European Central Bank on monetary policy instruments and procedures of the Eurosystem.

**“T.A.N.”** means, in respect of each Loan, the annual nominal rate of return (*tasso nominale annuo*).

**“Target Cash Reserve Amount”** means, in respect of each Payment Date on which the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply, an amount equal to the higher of:

- (a) the Reserve Percentage multiplied by the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding

of the Rated Notes as at such Payment Date (including any Additional Subscription Payment Amount or payments under the Rated Notes to be made on such Payment Date); and

(b) Euro 1,000,000,

*provided that* on the earlier of:

- (A) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which all the Rated Notes will be redeemed in full;
- (B) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply; and
- (C) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date,

the Target Cash Reserve Amount will be reduced to zero.

**“Temporary Claims”** means the events under which the Employer of the Debtor is required to suspend or reduce the portion of salary or pension paid (for causes such as: unemployment benefit, leave, suspension, arrest, precautionary injunction, maternity leave and foreclosure).

**“Target Set-Off Reserve Amount”** means, in respect of any given date, an amount equal to the sum of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure as of such date, *provided that* on the earlier of:

- (A) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which all the Rated Notes will be redeemed in full;
- (B) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply; and
- (C) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date,

the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount will be reduced to zero.

**“Terms and Conditions”** means the terms and conditions of the Notes.

**“Total Subscription Payment Amount”** means, on any given date, the aggregate of the Initial Subscription Payment and all the Additional Subscription Payments made up to any such given date.

**“Transaction Documents”** means the Master Transfer Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Corporate Services Agreement, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement, the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Mandate Agreement, the Master Definitions Agreement, the Terms and Conditions and the Prospectus.

**“Trigger Event”** means any of the events described in Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*).

**“Trigger Notice”** means the notice served by the Representative of the Noteholders upon the occurrence of a Trigger Event, in accordance with Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*).

**“Uncleared Principal Event”** means the circumstance that there are insufficient Issuer

Available Funds to meet in full, on the immediately following Payment Date, the payment under item (x) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Undue Amounts”** means the portion of the upfront fees and expenses paid by the Debtor upon execution of the relevant Loan Agreement which, in case of Prepayment, are considered Residual Recurring Costs and that, as such, are to be reimbursed to the relevant Debtor and may therefore be deducted from the final amount otherwise due and payable by the Debtor upon Prepayment.

**“UK Affected Investors”** means the CRR firms (as defined by Article 4(1)(2A) of the CRR, as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA) and their relevant consolidated affiliates, wherever established or located, of such institutional investors.

**“UK CRA Regulation”** means EU CRA Regulation as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Due Diligence Requirements”** means the due diligence requirements set forth in article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

**“UK PRIIPs Regulation”** means PRIIPs Regulation as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Prospectus Regulation”** means Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Securitisation Regulation”** means EU Securitisation Regulation as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA.

**“Unpaid Instalment”** means, in respect of any given date and the Loans, an Instalment which, as at such date, is past due but not fully paid, and remains such for at least one calendar month following the date on which it should have been paid, under the terms of the relevant Loan.

**“Usury Law”** means, collectively, Italian Law No. 108 of 7 March 1996, as amended and supplemented from time to time, and Italian Law No. 24 of 28 February 2001, which converted into law the Law Decree No. 394 of 29 December 2000.

**“US Internal Revenue Code”** means the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended from time to time.

**“Valuation Date”** means, in respect of the Initial Portfolio, the Initial Valuation Date and, in respect of each Subsequent Portfolio, the Subsequent Valuation Date.

**“Volcker Rule”** means the provision under the Dodd-Frank Act which restricts the ability of banking entities to sponsor or invest in private equity or hedge funds or to engage in certain proprietary trading activities involving securities, derivatives, commodity futures, and options on those instruments for their own account.

**“Warranty and Indemnity Agreement”** means the warranty and indemnity agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date (as amended and supplemented on or about the Issue Date) between the Seller and the Issuer as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Wilmington Trust”** means Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) limited, a private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of England, having its registered office at Third Floor, 1 King’s Arms Yard London EC2R 7AF, United Kingdom.

“**Written Resolution**” means a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all holders of Notes who for the time being are entitled to participate to a Meeting in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders, whether contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of such holders of Notes.

## 2. **VARIABLE FUNDING NOTES**

(A) *Variable funding nature of the Notes*: The Notes will be issued on a variable funding basis, in accordance with the terms of this Condition 2 (*Variable Funding Notes*) and of the Transaction Documents. As a consequence thereof:

- (i) on the Issue Date, the Subscriber shall make the Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Notes; and
- (ii) during the Programme Period, each of the Noteholders may be requested by the Issuer, to make Additional Subscription Payments up to the Programme Limit in accordance with the Relevant Percentage, in order to fund (in whole or in part) the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio pursuant to the terms of this Condition 2 (*Variable Funding Notes*) and of the Transaction Documents, and each Noteholder shall have the option to accept or refuse such request in its sole and absolute discretion.

No Noteholder by reason of holding Notes will have any obligation to make any Additional Subscription Payment in respect of the Notes, and no Additional Subscription Payment can be made by any Noteholder unless all the other Noteholders consent.

(B) *Funding the purchase of Subsequent Portfolios by Additional Subscription Payments*: During the Programme Period, in the event that the Issuer receives from the Seller an Offer to Sell in respect of a Subsequent Portfolio which includes the invitation to obtain funds from the Noteholders by way of Additional Subscription Payments for the purpose of funding (in whole or in part) the Purchase Price of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio, then the following provisions shall apply:

- (i) upon receipt of the relevant Offer to Sell, the Issuer shall promptly deliver an Additional Subscription Payment Request to each of the Noteholders (with a copy to the Paying Agent and the Computation Agent). Such Additional Subscription Payment Request shall include the following information:
  - (a) the amount of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment proposed to be made by the relevant Noteholder, as calculated by the Servicer, in accordance with the Relevant Percentage;
  - (b) the portion of the Purchase Price of the Subsequent Portfolio to be paid out of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment and the portion to be paid out of the Issuer Available Funds, *provided that*:
    - (x) the Purchase Price of the first Subsequent Portfolio (which will be entirely paid out of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment); and
    - (y) the portion of the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio to be paid out of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment,

will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller outside of (and without applying) the applicable Priority of Payments;

- (c) confirmation that no Trigger Event or Purchase Termination Event has occurred;
- (ii) by close of business of the relevant Acceptance Date, each Noteholder intending to adhere to such Additional Subscription Payment Request, shall deliver to the Issuer, the other Noteholders, the Computation Agent, the Servicer and the Representative of the Noteholders its acceptance thereof;
- (iii) in the event that the Additional Subscription Payment Request is accepted by all the Noteholders, then:
  - (a) the Issuer shall be entitled to accept the Offer to Sell regarding the relevant Subsequent Portfolio in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement, confirming the amount of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment; and
  - (b) subject to satisfaction of any relevant conditions precedent, all the Noteholders shall make the relevant Additional Subscription Payments in favour of the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Additional Subscription Payment Date, by paying the relevant amount into the Payments Account;
- (iv) on the contrary, in the event that the Additional Subscription Payment Request is not accepted by one or more Noteholders, then:
  - (a) the Issuer shall not accept the Offer to Sell regarding the relevant Subsequent Portfolio; and
  - (b) the Noteholders which have accepted the Additional Subscription Payment Request shall no longer be bound by the relevant commitment and, thus, shall not make the Additional Subscription Payment on the relevant Additional Subscription Payment Date;
- (v) in the event that the Issuer has accepted the Offer to Sell regarding the relevant Subsequent Portfolio following acceptance of the Additional Subscription Payment Request by all the Noteholders in accordance paragraph (iii) and, thereafter:
  - (a) none of the Noteholders makes the relevant Additional Subscription Payments on the immediately succeeding Additional Subscription Payment Date, (as a result of one or more of the conditions precedent to such payment not being satisfied or otherwise), then the assignment of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio shall be deemed terminated with effect from the relevant Acceptance Date; or
  - (b) part of the Noteholders does not make the relevant Additional Subscription Payments on the immediately succeeding Additional Subscription Payment Date, then the Issuer shall promptly pay back to the remaining Noteholders the aggregate funds received from them as Additional Subscription Payment, with no interest or any further amount being due and payable by the Issuer in this respect. Upon full repayment by the Issuer to the Noteholders of such funds received as Additional Subscription Payment, the assignment of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio shall be deemed terminated with effect from the relevant Acceptance Date;
- (vi) the Issuer shall promptly inform the Computation Agent and the

Representative of the Noteholders upon the occurrence of the events set out in paragraphs (iii), (iv) and (v) above;

(vii) on each Payment Date on which Additional Subscription Payments are used to fund the relevant Subsequent Portfolio Purchase Price, the Paying Agent will notify Monte Titoli, within close of business, of the new nominal amount of the Notes.

(C) *Amount of the Additional Subscription Payments:* Each Additional Subscription Payment shall not exceed in aggregate, an amount equal to the difference between:

(i) the Programme Limit in respect of the relevant Class of Notes; and

(ii) the aggregate of the Initial Subscription Payment and all Additional Subscription Payments (if any) already made prior to such date in respect of the relevant Class of Notes.

### **3. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE**

#### **3.1 *Form***

The Notes are in bearer form and dematerialised and will be wholly and exclusively deposited with Monte Titoli, in accordance with article 83 *bis* of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act, through the authorised institutions listed in article 83 *quater* of such Financial Laws Consolidated Act.

#### **3.2 *Title***

The Notes will be held by Monte Titoli on behalf of the Noteholders until redemption for the account of the relevant Monte Titoli Account Holder. Title to the Notes will be evidenced by one or more book entries in accordance with the provisions of (i) article 83 *bis* of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act; and (ii) Regulation 13 August 2018. No physical document of title will be issued in respect of the Notes.

#### **3.3 *Denomination***

The Notes are issued in the denomination of € 100,000 and integral multiples of € 1,000 in excess thereof.

#### **3.4 *Holder Absolute Owner***

Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Account Banks, and the Paying Agent may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws) deem and treat the Monte Titoli Account Holder, whose account is at the relevant time credited with a Note, as the absolute owner of such Note for the purposes of payments to be made to the holder of such Note (whether or not the Note is overdue and notwithstanding any notice to the contrary, any notice of ownership or writing on the Note or any notice of any previous loss or theft of the Note) and shall not be liable for doing so.

### **4. STATUS, PRIORITY AND SEGREGATION**

#### **4.1 *Status***

The Notes constitute limited recourse obligations of the Issuer and, accordingly, the extent of the obligation of the Issuer to make payments under the Notes is limited to the amounts received or recovered by the Issuer in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio and the Issuer's

Rights, and is subject to payment of the amounts required under the applicable Priority of Payments to be paid in priority to or *pari passu* with the Notes. By holding the Notes, the Noteholders acknowledge that the limited recourse nature of the Notes produces the effects of a *contratto aleatorio* under Italian law and are deemed to accept the consequences thereof, including (but not limited to) the provisions of article 1469 of the Italian Civil Code.

#### 4.2 Segregation

By virtue of the operation of Article 3 of the Securitisation Law and the Transaction Documents, the Issuer's rights, title and interest in and to the Aggregate Portfolio, any monetary claim accrued by the Issuer in the context of the Securitisation, the relevant collections and the financial assets purchased through such collections will be segregated from all other assets of the Issuer (including any other receivables purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, any cash-flow deriving therefrom (to the extent identifiable) will be exclusively available, both prior to and following a winding up of the Issuer, to satisfy the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders, to the Other Issuer Creditors and to any other creditors of the Issuer in respect of any costs, fees and expenses in relation to the Securitisation.

#### 4.3 Priority

4.3.1 In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

4.3.2 In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to repay principal on the Notes before the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes;
- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

4.3.3 In respect of the obligation of the Issuer to pay interest and repay principal on the Notes after the service of a Trigger Notice:

- (i) the Class A Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Class B Notes and the Junior

Notes;

- (ii) the Class B Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves and in priority to the Junior Notes, but subordinated to the Class A Notes; and
- (iii) the Junior Notes will rank *pari passu* and *pro rata* without preference or priority amongst themselves, but subordinated to the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

#### 4.4 *Conflict of interest*

The Intercreditor Agreement and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders contain provisions regarding the protection of the respective interests of all Noteholders in connection with the exercise of the powers, authorities, rights, duties and discretions of the Representative of the Noteholders under or in relation to the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents. If, however, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, there is a conflict between interests of different Classes of Noteholders, then the Representative of the Noteholders is required to have regard to the interests of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders only.

### 5. **COVENANTS**

#### 5.1 *Covenants by the Issuer*

For so long as any Note remains outstanding, the Issuer, save with the prior written consent of the Representative of the Noteholders or as provided in or envisaged by these Terms and Conditions or any of the Transaction Documents, shall not, nor shall cause or permit (to the extent permitted by Italian law), shareholders' meetings to be convened in order to:

- (i) *Negative pledge*: create or permit to subsist any Security Interest whatsoever upon, or with respect to the Claims, or any part thereof or any of its present or future business, undertaking, assets or revenues relating to the Securitisation or undertakings; or
- (ii) *Restrictions on activities*:
  - (A) without prejudice to Condition 5.2 (*Further securitisations and corporate existence*), engage in any activity whatsoever which is not incidental to or necessary in connection with any of the activities in which the Transaction Documents provide or envisage that the Issuer will engage in; or
  - (B) have any subsidiary (*società controllata*) or affiliate company (*società collegata*) (as defined in article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code) or any employees or premises; or
- (iii) *Disposal of assets*: without prejudice to Condition 5.2 (*Further securitisations and corporate existence*), transfer, sell, lend, part with or otherwise dispose of or deal with or grant any option over or any present or future right to acquire all or any part of the Claims, or any part thereof or any of its present or future business, undertaking, assets or revenues relating to the Securitisation, whether in one transaction or in a series of transactions; or
- (iv) *Dividends or distributions*: pay any dividend or make any other distribution or return or repay any equity capital to its shareholder or increase its equity capital; or
- (v) *Borrowings or derivatives*: without prejudice to Condition 5.2 (*Further securitisations*

*and corporate existence*), incur any indebtedness in respect of borrowed money whatsoever, enter into any derivatives transactions or give any guarantee in respect of any indebtedness or derivatives transactions or of any obligation of any person; or

- (vi) *Merger*: consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer any of its properties or assets substantially as an entirety to any other person; or
- (vii) *Waiver or consent*:
  - (a) permit any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party to become invalid or ineffective; or
  - (b) consent to any variation or novation of, or exercise any powers of consent or waiver pursuant to, the terms of any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party; or
  - (c) permit any party to any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party to be released from its respective obligations, save as envisaged by the Transaction Documents to which it is a party; or
- (viii) *Bank accounts*: with the exception of the Quota Capital Account and such other accounts that the Issuer may have opened or may open in the future in the context of any securitisation transactions other than the Securitisation and without prejudice to Condition 5.2 (*Further securitisations and corporate existence*), have an interest in any bank account other than the Accounts, unless such account is opened in an EU Member State and is pledged, charged or ring-fenced, by operation of law or otherwise, in favour of the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors on terms acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders; or
- (ix) *Statutory documents*: amend, supplement or otherwise modify its by-laws (*statuto*), except where such amendment, supplement or modification is required by any compulsory provision of Italian law or by competent regulatory authorities; or
- (x) *Corporate records, financial statements and books of account*: permit or consent to any of the following occurring:
  - (a) its books and records being maintained with or co-mingled with those of any other person or entity; or
  - (b) its bank accounts and the debts represented thereby being co-mingled with those of any other person or entity; or
  - (c) its books and records (if any) relating to the Securitisation being maintained with or co-mingled with those relating to any other securitisation transaction perfected by the Issuer; or
  - (d) its assets or revenues being co-mingled with those of any other person or entity;

and, in addition and without limitation to the above, the Issuer shall or shall procure that, with respect to itself:

- (1) separate financial statements in relation to its financial affairs are maintained;
- (2) all corporate formalities with respect to its affairs are observed;

- (3) separate stationery, invoices and cheques are used;
  - (4) it always holds itself out as a separate entity; and
  - (5) any known misunderstandings regarding its separate identity are corrected as soon as possible; or
- (xi) *Residency and centre of main interests*: do any act or thing, the effect of which would be to make the Issuer resident for tax purposes in any jurisdiction other than the Republic of Italy or cease to be managed and administered in the Republic of Italy or cease to have its centre of main interests in the Republic of Italy; or
  - (xii) *Compliance with corporate formalities*: cease to comply with all necessary corporate formalities.

## 5.2 Further Securitisations and corporate existence

5.2.1 Nothing in these Terms and Conditions or the Transaction Documents shall prevent or restrict the Issuer from:

- (i) acquiring or financing, pursuant to article 7 of the Securitisation Law, by way of separate transactions unrelated to the Securitisation, further portfolios of monetary claims in addition to the Claims either from the Seller or from any other entity (the "**Further Portfolios**") or entering into one or more bridge loans for the purposes of purchasing Further Portfolios;
- (ii) securitising such Further Portfolios (each, a "**Further Securitisation**") through the issue of further debt securities additional to the Notes (the "**Further Notes**"); and
- (iii) entering into agreements and transactions, with the Seller or any other entity, that are incidental to or necessary in connection with such Further Securitisation, including, *inter alia*, the ring-fencing or the granting of security over such Further Portfolios and any right, benefit, agreement, instrument, document or other asset of the Issuer relating thereto to secure such Further Notes (the "**Further Security**"),

*provided that:*

- (A) the Issuer confirms in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders that such Further Security does not comprise or extend over any of the Claims or any of the other Issuer's Rights;
- (B) the Issuer confirms in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders that the terms and conditions of the Further Notes contain provisions to the effect that the obligations of the Issuer whether in respect of interest, principal, premium or other amounts in respect of such Further Notes, are limited recourse obligations of the Issuer limited to some or all of the assets comprised in such Further Security;
- (C) the Issuer confirms in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders that each party to such Further Securitisation agrees and acknowledges that the obligations of the Issuer to such party in connection with such Further Securitisation are limited recourse obligations of the Issuer, limited to some or all of the assets comprised in such Further Security and that each creditor in respect of such Further Securitisation or the representative of the holders of such Further Notes has agreed to limitations on its ability to take action against

the Issuer, including in respect of insolvency proceedings relating to the Issuer, on terms in all significant respects equivalent to those contained in the Intercreditor Agreement;

- (D) the Rating Agencies are notified thereof;
- (E) the Issuer confirms in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders that the actions provided for by paragraph (D) above have been performed and that the terms and conditions of such Further Notes will include:
  - (1) covenants by the Issuer in all significant respects equivalent to those covenants provided in paragraphs (A) to (D) above; and
  - (2) provisions which are the same as or, in the sole discretion of the Representative of the Noteholders, equivalent to this proviso; and
- (F) the Representative of the Noteholders is satisfied that conditions (A) to (E) of this provision have been satisfied.

In confirming that conditions (A) to (E) of this proviso have been satisfied, the Representative of the Noteholders may require the Issuer to make such modifications or additions to the provisions of any of the Transaction Documents (as may itself consent thereto on behalf of the Noteholders) or may impose such other conditions or requirements as the Representative of the Noteholders may deem expedient (in its absolute discretion) in the interests of the holders of the Notes and may rely on any written confirmation from the Issuer as to the matters contained therein.

5.2.2 None of the covenants in Condition 5.1 (*Covenants by the Issuer*) shall prohibit the Issuer from (i) carrying out any activity which is incidental to maintaining its corporate existence and complying with laws and regulations applicable to or (ii) performing its obligations under the Previous Transaction Documents in accordance with their terms.

## **6. PRIORITY OF PAYMENTS**

### **6.1 *Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments***

Prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer Available Funds, as calculated on each Calculation Date, will be applied by the Issuer on the Payment Date immediately following such Calculation Date in making payments or provisions in the following order of priority but, in each case, only if and to the extent that payments or provisions of a higher priority have been made in full:

- (i) *first*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding taxes due and payable by the Issuer in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such taxes and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
- (ii) *second*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of:
  - (A) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer, to maintain it in good standing, to comply with applicable legislation and to fulfil obligations to third parties (not being Other Issuer Creditors) incurred in the course of the

Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);

- (B) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and expenses required to be paid in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
  - (C) any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Noteholders or any appointee thereof; and
  - (D) the amount necessary to replenish the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount;
- (iii) *third*, in or towards satisfaction, pro rata and pari passu, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of any and all other amounts due and payable to the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Account Banks and any further Other Issuer Creditors, each pursuant to the terms of the Transaction Document(s) (save as otherwise provided under other items of this priority of payments);
  - (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Servicer pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement, other than the amounts due to the Servicer in respect of (a) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement and (b) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;
  - (v) *fifth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of interest due and payable on the Class A Notes;
  - (vi) *sixth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of interest due and payable on the Class B Notes;
  - (vii) *seventh*, to credit the Cash Reserve Account with the amount required such that the Cash Reserve equals the Target Cash Reserve Amount;
  - (viii) *eighth*, during the Programme Period,
    - (A) in or towards payment to the Seller of the amount due as Purchase Price Amount in respect of the Subsequent Portfolios purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement, *provided that* the portion of the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio to be paid out of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment will be paid by the Issuer to the Seller outside of (and without applying) the applicable Priority of Payments; and
    - (B) thereafter, to the extent that (on the Calculation Date immediately preceding such Payment Date) the Purchase Shortfall Amount is lower than Euro 5,000,000, to credit such amount to the Collection Account;

- (ix) *ninth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class A Redemption Amount;
- (x) *tenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class B Redemption Amount;
- (xi) *eleventh*, after the delivery of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Notice, to credit the Set-Off Reserve Account with the amount required such that the Set-Off Reserve equals the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount;
- (xii) *twelfth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts due and payable to the Subscriber and the Sole Arranger under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to Santander Consumer Bank in respect of the Seller's Claims (if any) under the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;
- (xiv) *fourteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to the Servicer in respect of:
  - (A) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement; and
  - (B) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;
- (xv) *fifteenth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of interest due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xvi) *sixteenth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of principal due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xvii) *seventeenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid to fulfil obligations to any Other Issuer Creditor incurred in the course of the Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (other than amounts already provided for in this Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments);
- (xviii) *eighteenth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts of interest due and payable on the Junior Notes;
- (xix) *nineteenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Class Z Redemption Amount until the Principal Amount Outstanding of such Junior Notes is equal to € 30,000;
- (xx) *twentieth*, on the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until such Junior Notes are repaid in full; and
- (xxi) *twenty-first*, up to, but excluding, the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu* of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) due and payable on the Junior Notes.

From time to time, during an Interest Period, the Issuer shall, in accordance with the Cash

Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, be entitled to apply amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account in respect of certain monies which properly belong to third parties, other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors, in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, and in payment of sums due to third parties, other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors, under obligations incurred in the course of the Issuer's business.

## 6.2 *Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*

Following the service of a Trigger Notice, or, in the event that the Issuer opts for the early redemption of the Notes issued under the Securitisation under Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), Condition 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation – Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*) or Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), the Post-Trigger Available Funds, as calculated on each Calculation Date, will be applied by or on behalf of the Representative of the Noteholders on the Payment Date immediately following such Calculation Date in making payments or provisions in the following order of priority but, in each case, only if and to the extent that payments of a higher priority have been made in full:

- (i) *first*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding taxes due and payable by the Issuer in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such taxes and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
- (ii) *second*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of:
  - (A) any and all outstanding fees, costs, liabilities and any other expenses to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer, to maintain it in good standing, to comply with applicable legislation and to fulfil obligations to third parties (not being Other Issuer Creditors) incurred in the course of the Issuer's business in relation to this Securitisation (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
  - (B) any and all outstanding fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents (to the extent that amounts standing to the credit of the Expenses Account are insufficient to pay such fees, costs, liabilities and expenses and to the extent not already paid by Santander Consumer Bank under the Transaction Documents);
  - (C) any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of and all other amounts due and payable to the Representative of the Noteholders or any appointee thereof; and
  - (D) the amount necessary to replenish the Expenses Account up to the Retention Amount;

- (iii) *third*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of any and all outstanding fees, costs and expenses of any and all other amounts due and payable to the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Account Banks, the Servicer and any further Other Issuer Creditors, each pursuant to the terms of the the Transaction Document(s) (save as otherwise provided under other items of this priority of payments);
- (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Class A Notes at such date;
- (v) *fifth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes until the Class A Notes are repaid in full;
- (vi) *sixth*, upon repayment in full of the Class A Notes, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Class B Notes at such date;
- (vii) *seventh*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes until the Class B Notes are repaid in full;
- (viii) *eighth*, upon repayment in full of the Class B Notes, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts due and payable to the Subscriber and the Sole Arranger under the terms of the Underwriting Agreement;
- (ix) *ninth*, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to Santander Consumer Bank in respect of the Seller's Claims (if any) under the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;
- (x) *tenth*, in or towards satisfaction *pro rata* and *pari passu*, according to the respective amounts thereof, of all amounts due and payable to the Servicer in respect of:
  - (A) the Servicer's Advance (if any) under the terms of the Servicing Agreement; and
  - (B) the insurance premiums (if any) advanced by Santander Consumer Bank in its capacity as Servicer under the terms of the Servicing Agreement;
- (xi) *eleventh*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of: interest due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xii) *twelfth*, in or towards satisfaction of all amounts of principal due and payable to the Subordinated Loan Provider under the terms of the Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (xiii) *thirteenth*, upon repayment in full of the Class B Notes, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of all amounts due and payable in respect of interest (including any interest accrued but unpaid) on the Junior Notes at such date;
- (xiv) *fourteenth*, in or towards repayment, *pro rata* and *pari passu*, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until the Principal Amount Outstanding of such Junior Notes is equal to € 30,000;

- (xv) *fifteenth*, on the Cancellation Date, in or towards repayment, pro rata and pari passu, of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Junior Notes until the Junior Notes are redeemed in full; and
- (xvi) *sixteenth*, up to, but excluding, the Cancellation Date, in or towards satisfaction, *pro rata* and *pari passu* of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) due and payable on the Junior Notes,

*provided that*, if the amount of the monies at any time available to the Issuer or to the Representative of the Noteholders for the payments above shall be less than 10% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes, the Representative of the Noteholders may decide that such monies shall be invested in Eligible investments in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. The Representative of the Noteholders at its discretion may vary such investments and may accumulate such investments and the resulting income until the immediately following Accumulation Date.

## 7. **INTEREST**

### 7.1 *Interest of the Notes*

Each Class A Note, each Class B Note and each Junior Note will bear interest on its Principal Amount Outstanding from (and including) the Issue Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Class A Rate of Interest in respect of the Class A Notes, the Class B Rate of Interest in respect of the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes Rate of Interest in respect of the Junior Notes. Such interest will accrue on a daily basis and will be payable in Euro in arrears on each Payment Date in respect of the Interest Period ending on such Payment Date, in each case, subject to the applicable Priority of Payments and Condition 10 (*Payments*). Interest in respect of any Interest Period or any other period shall be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed and a 360 day year.

### 7.2 *Cessation of accrual of interest of the Notes*

Each Class A Note, each Class B Note and each Junior Note (or the portion of the Principal Amount Outstanding due for redemption) shall cease to bear interest from (and including) the Final Maturity Date or from (and including) any earlier date fixed for redemption unless payment of the principal due and payable but unpaid is improperly withheld or refused, in which case, each Class A Note, each Class B Note and each Junior Note (or the relevant portion thereof) will continue to bear interest in accordance with this Condition 7 (*Interest*) (both before and after judgment) at the rate from time to time applicable to such Class A Note, Class B Note and Junior Note until the day on which either all sums due in respect of such Class A Note, Class B Note, Class Z Note and Junior Note up to that day are received by the relevant Noteholder or the Representative of the Noteholders or the Paying Agent receives all amounts due on behalf of all such Noteholders.

### 7.3 *Rate of Interest of the Notes*

7.3.1 The fixed rate of interest applicable from time to time in respect of the Class A Notes (the "**Class A Rate of Interest**") for each Interest Period will be 2 per cent. *per annum*.

7.3.2 The fixed rate of interest applicable from time to time in respect of the Class B Notes (the "**Class B Rate of Interest**") for each Interest Period will be 3 per cent. *per annum*.

7.3.3 The fixed rate of interest applicable from time to time in respect of the Junior Notes

(the “**Junior Notes Rate of Interest**”) for each Interest Period will be 1 per cent. *per annum*.

#### 7.4 *Junior Notes Additional Remuneration*

The Junior Notes will also accrue and be entitled to the payment of, for each Interest Period, the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any), both prior to and following the service of a Trigger Notice.

The Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) will be payable in Euro in arrears on each Payment Date, subject to the applicable Priority of Payments and Condition 10 (*Payments*).

#### 7.5 *Determination of interest of the Notes and Junior Notes Additional Remuneration*

In relation to each Interest Period:

- (i) on each Interest Determination Date, the Paying Agent shall determine
  - (a) the Euro amount (the “**Interest Payment Amount**”) payable per Calculation Amount as interest on each Class A Note, Class B Note and Junior Note in respect of the Interest Period beginning after such Interest Determination Date; and
  - (b) the Payment Date in respect of the Notes; and
- (ii) on each Calculation Date, the Computation Agent shall determine the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Interest Period on the next Payment Date.

#### 7.6 *Notification and publication of amounts of interest payable in respect of the Notes*

Promptly after the determination provided for by Condition 7.5(i) (and in any event not later than the first day of each relevant Interest Period) the Paying Agent will notify via electronic mail and facsimile transmission the Paying Agent Report (setting out the Interest Payment Amounts of the Class A Notes, of the Class B Notes and of the Junior Notes and the relevant Payment Date) to the Issuer, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Rating Agencies and to the Noteholders through Monte Titoli. For each of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for each Payment Date so published may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made with the consent of the Representative of the Noteholder by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. If the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes become due and payable under Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*), the accrued interest per Calculation Amount payable in respect of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition 7 (*Interest*), but no publication of the amounts of interest payable per Calculation Amount so calculated needs to be made unless the Representative of the Noteholders or the rules of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange otherwise require.

#### 7.7 *Notification of Junior Notes Additional Remuneration*

The Computation Agent will cause the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) applicable for each Interest Period to be notified promptly after determination to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Account Banks and the Corporate Services Provider (through the Payments Report or the Post-Trigger Report).

#### 7.8 *Calculation of interest in respect of the Notes*

Interest in respect of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes shall be calculated per Calculation Amount. The Interest Payment Amount payable per Calculation Amount in respect of the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes and the Junior Notes for any Interest Period shall be an amount equal to the product of:

$$R \times CA \times PF \times DCF$$

(where "R" is the Class A Rate of Interest, the Class B Rate of Interest or the Junior Notes Rate of Interest, as applicable, "CA" is the Calculation Amount, "PF" is the applicable Principal Factor for the Relevant Class on the first day of such Interest Period after any repayments of principal made on such day and "DCF" is the Relevant Day-Count Fraction) rounded down to the nearest cent. The amount of interest payable per each Note for any period shall be an amount equal to the product of:

$$RA \times (D/CA)$$

(where "RA" is the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Class of Notes for such Interest Period, "D" is the denomination of such Class of Notes and "CA" is the Calculation Amount in respect of such Class of Notes).

#### 7.9 *Calculation of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration*

The Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) payable in respect of the Junior Notes on any Payment Date shall be calculated per Calculation Amount and shall be an amount equal to such proportion of the amount required as at that Payment Date to be applied towards payment of the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration equal to the proportion that the Calculation Amount in respect of the Junior Notes bears to the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of all the Junior Notes upon issue, rounded down to the nearest cent. The Junior Notes Additional Remuneration payable per Junior Note on any Payment Date shall be an amount equal to the product of:

$$JNAR \times (D/CA)$$

(where "JNAR" is the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration payable per Calculation Amount in respect of the Junior Notes on such Payment Date, "D" is the denomination of the Junior Notes and "CA" is the Calculation Amount in respect of the Junior Notes).

#### 7.10 *Interest Amount Arrears*

Without prejudice to the right of the Representative of the Noteholders to serve to the Issuer a Trigger Notice pursuant to Condition 13(i) (*Trigger Events - Non payment*), prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, in the event that on any Payment Date there are any Interest Amount Arrears, such Interest Amount Arrears shall be deferred on the following Payment Date or on the day a Trigger Notice is served to the Issuer, whichever comes first. Any such Interest Amount Arrears shall not accrue additional interest. A *pro rata* share of such Interest Amount Arrears shall be aggregated with the amount of, and treated for the purpose of this Condition 7 (*Interest*) as if it were, interest due, subject to this paragraph, on each Class A Note, Class B Note and Junior Note on the next succeeding Payment Date.

If, subject to and upon receipt of the Payments Report from the Computation Agent, the Paying Agent determines that on a Payment Date there will be any Interest Amount Arrears in respect of any Class of Rated Notes, then, it shall notify so notify so via electronic mail and facsimile transmission to the Computation Agent, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders and to the Noteholders through Monte Titoli.

#### 7.11 *Determination or calculation by the Representative of the Noteholders*

If the Paying Bank does not calculate at any time for any reason the Interest Payment Amount in respect of any Class of Rated Notes payable per Calculation Amount for an Interest Period or any Interest Amount Arrears, the Representative of the Noteholders shall do so and such determinations or calculations shall be deemed to have been made by the Paying Agent. In doing so, the Representative of the Noteholders shall apply the foregoing provisions of this Condition 7 (*Interest*), with any necessary consequential amendments, to the extent that, in its opinion, it can do so, and, in all other respects, it shall do so in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances.

#### 7.12 *Extension or shortening of Interest Periods*

The Paying Bank will be entitled to recalculate any interest payment amount or any Interest Amount Arrears (on the basis of the foregoing provisions) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the relevant Interest Period.

#### 7.13 *Notifications to be final*

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Condition 7 (*Interest*), whether by the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders shall (in the absence of wilful default, gross negligence, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Issuer, the Account Banks, the Representative of the Noteholders and all Noteholders and (in such absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Noteholders shall attach to the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by them or any of them of their powers, duties and discretion hereunder.

#### 7.14 *Service of a Trigger Notice*

Following the service of a Trigger Notice, to the extent permitted under Italian law, each Note will bear interest as set out in this Condition 7 (*Interest*), *provided that* such interest will be payable in accordance with Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments – Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*) and subject to Condition 10 (*Payments*) and *provided further that*, to the extent that the methodology for calculating the interest from time to time accrued on the Notes, as set out in this Condition 7 (*Interest*), is inconsistent or otherwise conflicting with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and the actual dates on which the payments provided thereunder will be made, the Paying Agent and/or the Representative of the Noteholders may (without incurring, in the absence of wilful default (*dolo*) or gross negligence (*colpa grave*), any liability to any person as a result) agree (but shall not be bound to do so) an alternative methodology (which will be binding on the Issuer and the Noteholders) which comes as close as reasonably possible to the one set out in this Condition 6 (*Interest*).

#### 7.15 *Paying Agent*

The Issuer shall ensure that, so long as any of the Notes remain outstanding, there shall at all times be a Paying Agent. The Paying Agent may not resign until a successor approved in writing by the Representative of the Noteholders has been appointed. If a new Paying Agent is appointed a notice will be published in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*).

#### 7.16 *Unpaid interest in respect of the Notes*

Unpaid interest on the Notes shall accrue no interest.

## **8. REDEMPTION, PURCHASE AND CANCELLATION**

### **8.1 *Final Maturity Date***

8.1.1 Unless previously redeemed in full or cancelled in accordance with this Condition 8 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation*), the Notes are due to be repaid in full at their Principal Amount Outstanding (together with interest accrued and unpaid thereon) on the Final Maturity Date, being the Payment Date falling in December 2044.

8.1.2 The Issuer may not redeem the Notes in whole or in part prior to that date except as provided below in Condition 8.2 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Mandatory Redemption*), 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*) and Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), but without prejudice to Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*).

### **8.2 *Mandatory Redemption***

The Notes of each Class will be subject to mandatory redemption in full (or in part *pro rata*) on each Payment Date, in accordance with this Condition 8.2 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Mandatory Redemption*), if and to the extent that on each such Payment Dates there will be sufficient Issuer Available Funds which may be applied towards redemption of the Notes pursuant to the applicable Priority of Payments.

### **8.3 *Optional Redemption***

8.3.1 Unless previously redeemed in full, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days' prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the relevant Noteholders' consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, starting from the Payment Date (and on each Payment Date thereafter) on which the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount is equal to, or less than, 10% of the lower of (a) the Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount and (b) the Aggregate Portfolio Purchase Price.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person and net of the amount standing to the credit of the Expenses Account) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

8.3.2 In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with this Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), the Issuer may sell the Aggregate Portfolio to the Seller pursuant to the Call Option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement.

### **8.4 *Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness:***

8.4.1 Prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days' prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the

relevant Noteholders' consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, on any Payment Date falling after the date on which the Issuer has produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that:

- (a) the assets of the Issuer in respect of the Securitisation (including the Claims, the Collections and the other material Issuer's Rights) become subject to taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political sub-division thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction; or
- (b) either the Issuer or any paying agent appointed in respect of the Rated Notes or any custodian of the Rated Notes is required to deduct or withhold any amount (other than in respect of a Decree 239 Deduction) in respect of such Rated Notes, from any payment of principal or interest on or after such Payment Date for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political sub-division thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any other applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction and *provided that* such deduction or withholding may not be avoided by appointing a replacement paying agent or custodian in respect of the Rated Notes before the Payment Date following a change in law or the interpretation or administration thereof; or
- (c) any amounts of interest payable to the Issuer in respect of the Loans are required to be deducted or withheld from the Issuer for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the Republic of Italy or by any political subdivision thereof or by any authority thereof or therein or by any other applicable taxing authority having jurisdiction; or
- (d) it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person and net of the amount standing to the credit of the Expenses Account) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

8.4.2 In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with this Condition 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*), the Issuer may, or the Representative of the Noteholders may (or shall if so requested by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders) direct the Issuer to, sell the Aggregate Portfolio or any part thereof, subject to the terms and conditions of the Intercreditor Agreement. Moreover, pursuant to such agreement, in any such case, Santander Consumer Bank shall have a pre-emption right for the purchase of the Aggregate Portfolio (or the relevant part thereof to be sold).

## 8.5 *Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*

8.5.1 Unless previously redeemed in full, the Issuer, having given not less than 30 days'

prior notice in writing to the Representative of the Noteholders and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), may redeem the Rated Notes (in whole but not in part) and the Junior Notes (in whole or, subject to the relevant Noteholders' consent, in part) at their Principal Amount Outstanding, together with all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, starting from the Payment Date (and on each Payment Date thereafter) falling on or after the occurrence of a Regulatory Change Event.

Such early redemption of the Notes will be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments and subject to the Issuer having produced evidence acceptable to the Representative of the Noteholders that it will have the necessary funds (not subject to the interests of any person and net of the amount standing to the credit of the Expenses Account) to discharge all of its outstanding liabilities in respect of all the relevant Notes to be redeemed and any amount required to be paid under the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

8.5.2 In order to fund the early redemption of the Notes in accordance with this Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*), the Issuer may sell the Aggregate Portfolio to the Seller pursuant to the Call Option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement.

#### 8.6 *Principal Payment on the Notes, Redemption Amounts and Principal Amount Outstanding*

8.6.1 On each Calculation Date, the Issuer shall procure that the Computation Agent determines:

- (i) the amount of the Issuer Available Funds;
- (ii) the principal payment (if any) due on the Notes on the next following Payment Date;
- (iii) the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class B Redemption Amount and the Class Z Redemption Amount; and
- (iv) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes on the next following Payment Date (after deducting any principal payment due to be made on such Payment Date).

8.6.2 Each determination by (or on behalf of) the Issuer of the Issuer Available Funds, any principal payment on the Notes and the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes shall in each case (in the absence of wilful default, gross negligence, bad faith or manifest error) be final and binding on all persons.

8.6.3 The Issuer will, on each Calculation Date, cause the determination of a principal payment on the Notes (if any), the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes to be notified by the Computation Agent (through the Payments Report) to the Representative of the Noteholders, the Rating Agencies, the Paying Agent and the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The Issuer will cause notice of each determination of a principal payment on the Notes and of Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes to be given to the Noteholders through Monte Titoli.

8.6.4 The principal amount redeemable in respect of the Notes of a particular Class on any Payment Date (each a "**Principal Payment**") shall be calculated per Calculation Amount and shall be an amount equal to such proportion of the amount required as at that Payment Date to be applied towards redemption of such Class of Notes equal to the proportion that the Calculation Amount in respect of such Class of Notes bears to the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of all the Notes of such Class upon issue, rounded down to the nearest cent, *provided that* no amount of principal

payable in respect of a Note may exceed the Principal Amount Outstanding of such Note. The amount of principal payable per Note of a particular Class on any Payment Date shall be:

- (i) with respect to the Class A Notes, the Class A Redemption Amount;
- (ii) with respect to the Class B Notes, the Class B Redemption Amount; and
- (iii) with respect to the Class Z Notes, the Class Z Redemption Amount.

8.6.6 If no principal payment on the Notes or Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is determined by or on behalf of the Issuer in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Condition 8.6 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Note Principal Payments, Redemption Amounts and Principal Amount Outstanding*), such principal payment on the Notes and Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes shall be determined by the Representative of the Noteholders in accordance with this Condition 8 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation*) and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Issuer.

#### 8.7 *Notice of redemption*

Any notice of redemption as set out in Condition 8.3 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Optional Redemption*), 8.4 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Taxation or Unlawfulness*) and Condition 8.5 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation - Redemption for Regulatory Change Event*) must be given in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*) and shall be irrevocable and, upon the expiration of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Notes in accordance with this Condition 8 (*Redemption, Purchase and Cancellation*).

#### 8.8 *No purchase by Issuer*

The Issuer is not permitted to purchase any of the Notes at any time.

#### 8.9 *Cancellation*

8.9.1 The Notes shall be cancelled on the Cancellation Date, being the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which the Notes have been redeemed in full;
- (ii) the Final Maturity Date; and
- (iii) the date on which the Servicer gives notice to the Issuer and the Noteholders that it has determined that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio being available to the Issuer or, if any Noteholder objects such Servicer's determination for reasonably grounded reasons within 30 days from notice thereof, the date on which such determination in respect thereof is made by an independent third party in accordance with Condition 9.2 (iii),

at which date any amount outstanding, whether in respect of interest, principal and/or other amounts in respect of the Notes, shall be finally and definitively cancelled.

8.9.2 Upon cancellation the Notes may not be resold or re-issued.

### 9. **NON PETITION AND LIMITED RECOURSE**

#### 9.1 *Non Petition*

The Representative of the Noteholders only may pursue the remedies available under the general law or under the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of any obligation of the Issuer deriving from any of the Transaction Documents and no Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to obtain payment of any such obligation, save as provided by the Transaction Documents and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders. In particular, save as expressly permitted by the Transaction Documents and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders, no Noteholder:

- (i) shall be entitled to take or join any person in taking any steps against the Issuer for the purpose of obtaining payment of any amount due from the Issuer to it; provided however that this paragraph (ii) shall not prevent any Noteholder from taking any steps against the Issuer which do not amount to the commencement or the threat of commencement of legal proceedings against the Issuer or to procuring the appointment of an insolvency receiver for or to the making of an administration order against or to the winding up or liquidation of the Issuer;
- (ii) shall be entitled until the date falling one year plus one day after the date on which all the Notes, the Previous Notes and all the asset backed notes issued in the context of any Further Securitisation have been redeemed in full or cancelled, to cause, initiate or join any person in initiating an Insolvency Event in relation to the Issuer, provided however that this paragraph (iii) shall not prejudice the right of any Noteholder to prove a claim in an insolvency of the Issuer where such insolvency follows the institution of an insolvency proceeding by a third party; and
- (iii) shall be entitled to take or join in the taking of any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step that would result in the Priority of Payments not being observed.

## 9.2 *Limited recourse obligations of Issuer*

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Transaction Documents, all obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders are limited in recourse as set out below:

- (i) each Noteholder will have a claim only in respect of the Issuer Available Funds and at all times only in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and will not have any claim, by operation of law or otherwise, against, or recourse to, the Issuer's other assets or its contributed capital;
- (ii) sums payable to each Noteholder in respect of the Issuer's obligations to such Noteholder shall be limited to the lesser of (a) the aggregate amount of all sums due and payable to such Noteholder; and (b) the Issuer Available Funds, net of any amounts which are payable by the Issuer in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments in priority to or *pari passu* with such sums payable to such Noteholder; and
- (iii) upon the Servicer giving notice to the Issuer and the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*) that it has determined, in its sole opinion, that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio which would be available to pay unpaid amounts outstanding under the Transaction Documents, the Noteholders shall have no further claim against the Issuer in respect of any such unpaid amounts and such unpaid amounts shall be cancelled and discharged in full. The provisions of this Condition 9.2(iii) are subject to none of the Noteholders objecting to such determination of the Servicer for reasonably grounded reasons within 30 days from notice thereof. If any Noteholder objects such determination within such term, then the Servicer shall request an independent third party to verify and determine if there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio which would be available to pay unpaid amounts outstanding

under the Transaction Documents. Such determination shall be definitive and binding for all the Noteholders.

## **10. PAYMENTS**

### *10.1 Payments through Monte Titoli, Euroclear and Clearstream*

Payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes, as well as of any Junior Notes Additional Remuneration in respect of the Junior Notes, will be credited by the Paying Agent on behalf of the Issuer, according to the instructions of Monte Titoli, to the accounts of those banks and authorised brokers whose Monte Titoli accounts are credited with such Notes and, thereafter, credited by such banks and authorised brokers from such aforementioned accounts to the accounts of the beneficial owners of such Notes or through Euroclear and Clearstream to the accounts of the beneficial owners of such Notes held with Euroclear and Clearstream, in each case, in accordance with the rules and procedures of Monte Titoli, Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be.

### *10.2 Payments subject to tax laws*

Payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes, as well as of any Junior Notes Additional Remuneration in respect of the Junior Notes, are subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto.

### *10.3 Payments on Business Days*

Noteholders will not be entitled to any interest or other payment in consequence of any delay after the due date in receiving any amount due as a result of the due date not being a business day in the place of payment to such Noteholder.

### *10.4 Variation of Paying Agent and of Computation Agent*

The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the prior written approval of the Representative of the Noteholders, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Paying Agent and/or the Computation Agent and to appoint a substitute Paying Agent and/or Computation Agent, as the case may be. The Issuer will cause at least 30 days' prior notice of any replacement of the Paying Agent and/or the Computation Agent to be given in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), except in case any such replacement is caused by the insolvency of the relevant agent.

## **11. TAXATION**

All payments in respect of the Notes will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature other than a Decree 239 Deduction or any other withholding or deduction required to be made by applicable law. Neither the Issuer nor any other person shall be obliged to pay any additional amount to any holder of Notes on account of such withholding or deduction.

## **12. PRESCRIPTION**

Claims against the Issuer for payments in respect of the Notes shall be prescribed and shall become void unless made within ten years (in the case of principal) or five years (in the case of interest) from the date on which a payment in respect thereof first becomes due and payable.

## **13. TRIGGER EVENTS**

### *13.1 Trigger Events*

The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute a Trigger Event:

- (i) *Non payment:*
  - A) the Issuer defaults in the payment of any amount of interest due in respect of the Most Senior Class of Notes and such default is not remedied within a period of five Business Days from the due date thereof; or
  - B) the Issuer defaults in the payment of any amount of principal due and payable in respect of any of the Class of Notes and such default is not remedied within a period of five Business Days from the due date thereof; or
- (ii) *Breach of other obligations:* the Issuer defaults in the performance or observance of any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party (other than any obligation specified in paragraph (i) above) which is in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders and such default remains unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer requiring the same to be remedied (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such default is not capable of remedy, in which case no notice requiring remedy will have to be given); or
- (iii) *Breach of representations and warranties by the Issuer:* any of the representations and warranties given by the Issuer under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party is, or proves to have been, incorrect or erroneous in any material respect when made, or deemed to be made, or at any time thereafter, unless it has been remedied within fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has served notice requiring remedy (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, the breach of the relevant representation is not capable of remedy in which case no notice requiring remedy will have to be given); or
- (iv) *Insolvency of the Issuer:* an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Issuer; or
- (v) *Unlawfulness:* it is or will become unlawful (in any respect deemed by the Representative of the Noteholders to be material) for the Issuer to perform or comply with any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, when compliance with such obligations is deemed by the Representative of the Noteholders to be material.

### 13.2 *Trigger Notice*

Upon the occurrence of a Trigger Event, the Representative of the Noteholders may at its sole discretion or shall, if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders, serve a Trigger Notice to the Issuer. Upon the service of a Trigger Notice, the Post-Trigger Available Funds shall be applied in accordance with Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments – Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

## 14. **ACTIONS FOLLOWING THE SERVICE OF A TRIGGER NOTICE**

### 14.1 *Actions of the Representative of the Noteholders*

At any time after a Trigger Notice has been served, the Representative of the Noteholders may (or shall, if so requested or authorised by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders) take such steps and/or institute such proceedings against the Issuer as it may think fit to ensure repayment of the Notes and payment of accrued interest thereon in accordance with the Priority of Payments set out in Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments - Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

#### 14.2 *Notifications, Determinations and Liability of the Representative of the Noteholders*

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*) or this Condition 14 (*Actions following the service of a Trigger Notice*) by the Representative of the Noteholders shall (in the absence of wilful default, gross negligence, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer and all Noteholders and (in such absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Noteholders or the Issuer shall attach to the Representative of the Noteholders in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretion hereunder.

#### 14.3 *Actions against the Issuer*

No Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer, save as provided in these Terms and Conditions and the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

#### 14.4 *Limited claims against the Issuer*

If the Representative of the Noteholders takes action to ensure the Noteholders' rights in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio and the Issuer's Rights and after payment of all other claims ranking in priority to the Notes under these Terms and Conditions and the Intercreditor Agreement, if the remaining proceeds of such action (the Representative of the Noteholders having taken action to ensure the Noteholders' rights in respect of the entire Aggregate Portfolio and all the Issuer's Rights) are insufficient to pay in full all principal and interest and other amounts whatsoever due in respect of the Notes and all other claims ranking *pari passu* therewith, then the Noteholders' claims against the Issuer will be limited to their *pro rata* share of such remaining proceeds (if any) and the obligations of the Issuer to the Noteholders will be discharged in full and any amount in respect of principal, interest or other amounts due under the Notes will be finally and definitively cancelled.

#### 14.5 *Disposal of the Aggregate Portfolio*

Following the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer may (subject to the consent of the Representative of the Noteholders) or the Representative of the Noteholders may (or shall if so requested by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders) direct the Issuer to, dispose of the Aggregate Portfolio, subject to the terms and conditions of the Intercreditor Agreement.

### 15. **PURCHASE TERMINATION EVENTS**

#### 15.1 *Purchase Termination Events*

The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute a Purchase Termination Event:

- (i) *Breach of obligations by the Seller*: the Seller defaults in the performance or observance of any of its obligations under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party which is in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders and such default remains unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer and the Seller declaring that such default is in its opinion materially prejudicial to the interest of the Rated Noteholders (except where, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such default is not capable of remedy, in which case no term of fifteen days will be given); or
- (ii) *Breach of representations and warranties by the Seller*: any of the representations

and warranties given by the Seller under any of the Transaction Documents to which it is party is or proves to have been incorrect or misleading when made, or deemed to be made, in any respect which is deemed material in the Representative of the Noteholders' opinion when made or repeated, and such breach has remained unremedied for fifteen days after the Representative of the Noteholders has given written notice thereof to the Issuer and the Seller declaring that such default is in its opinion materially prejudicial to the interest of the Rated Noteholders; or

- (iii) *Breach of ratios:*
  - (a) the Cumulative Default Ratio, calculated as at the relevant Calculation Date, is higher than the Relevant Default Trigger; or
  - (b) the Arrear Ratio for the 3 (three) immediately preceding Collection Periods is higher than 7%; or
  - (c) the Uncleared Principal Event, calculated as at the relevant Calculation Date, has been reached; or
- (iv) *Collections:* the Collections relating to the Claims are not transferred irrevocably and in cleared funds, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Servicing Agreement, by the Servicer into the Collection Account; or
- (v) *Servicer Report:* other than as a result of force majeure, notwithstanding the occurrence of which the Servicer has used its reasonable endeavours to deliver the Servicer Report in the circumstances, the Servicer fails to deliver a Servicer Report on the due date therefor in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and such failure continues for a period of seven Business Days; or
- (vi) *Subsequent Portfolios:* the Seller fails, during the Programme Period, to offer for sale to the Issuer Subsequent Portfolios for three consecutive Offer Dates; or
- (vii) *Servicer Termination Event:* a Servicer Termination Event has occurred; or
- (viii) *Insolvency of the Seller:* an Insolvency Event occurs in respect of the Seller.

#### 15.2 *Purchase Termination Notice*

Upon occurrence of a Purchase Termination Event during the Programme Period, the Representative of the Noteholders shall serve a Purchase Termination Notice to the Issuer and the Seller. Upon the service of a Purchase Termination Notice, the Issuer may no longer purchase any Subsequent Portfolios.

### **16. THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOTEHOLDERS**

#### 16.1 *The Organisation of the Noteholders*

The Organisation of Noteholders shall be established upon, and by virtue of, the issuance of the Notes and shall remain in force and in effect until repayment in full or cancellation of the Notes.

#### 16.2 *Appointment of the Representative of the Noteholders*

Pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders, for so long as any Note is outstanding, there shall at all times be a Representative of the Noteholders. The appointment of the Representative of the Noteholders, as legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders, is made by the Noteholders subject to and in accordance

with the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders, except for the initial Representative of the Noteholders who has been appointed at the time of the issue of the Notes by Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as Subscriber and initial holder of the Notes, subject to and in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement. Each Noteholder is deemed to accept such appointment.

## **17. NOTICES**

### *17.1 Notices through Monte Titoli and in Luxembourg*

Any notice regarding the Notes, as long as the Notes are held through Monte Titoli, shall be deemed to have been duly given if given through the systems of Monte Titoli, and, in relation to the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes and for so long as the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the rules of such exchange so require, if published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu)) or in accordance with the rules of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates, on the first date on which publication is made in one of the manners referred to above.

In addition, as so long as the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, any notice regarding such Notes to the relevant Noteholders shall be given in any other manner as required by the regulation applicable from time to time, including, in particular, Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004, as amended.

### *17.2 Alternative methods of notice*

The Representative of the Noteholders shall be at liberty to sanction some other method of giving notice to Noteholders if, in its opinion, such other method is reasonable having regard to market practice then prevailing and to the rules of the stock exchange on which the Rated Notes are then listed and *provided that* notice of such other method is given to the Noteholders in such manner as the Representative of the Noteholders shall require and in accordance with the rules of the stock exchange on which the Rated Notes are then listed.

## **18. GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION**

### *18.1 Governing law of the Notes*

The Notes and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by and will be construed in accordance with Italian law.

### *18.2 Governing law of the Transaction Documents*

All the Transaction Documents, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by and will be construed in accordance with Italian law.

### *18.3 Jurisdiction*

The Courts of Turin are to have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Notes.

**EXHIBIT 1**  
**TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES**  
**RULES OF THE ORGANISATION OF THE NOTEHOLDERS**

**TITLE I**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**1 General**

1.1 *Establishment*

The Organisation of the Noteholders is created concurrently with the issue by Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l. of and subscription for the € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class A Notes**” or the “**Senior Notes**”), the € 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class B Notes**” or the “**Mezzanine Notes**” and, together with the Class A Notes, the “**Rated Notes**”) and the € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044 (the “**Class Z Notes**” or the “**Junior Notes**” and, together with the Rated Notes, the “**Notes**”) and is governed by these Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders (the “**Rules**”).

1.2 *Validity*

These Rules shall remain in force and effect until full repayment or cancellation of all the Notes.

1.3 *Integral part of the Notes*

These Rules are deemed to be an integral part of each Note issued by the Issuer.

**2 Definitions and interpretations**

2.1 *Interpretation*

2.1.1 Unless otherwise provided in these Rules, any capitalised term shall have the meaning attributed to it in the Terms and Conditions.

2.1.2 Any reference herein to an “Article” shall be a reference to an article of these Rules.

2.1.3 Headings and subheadings used herein are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the construction of these Rules.

2.2 *Definitions*

In these Rules, the terms set out below shall have the following meanings:

“**Basic Terms Modification**” means any proposal to:

- (a) change the date of maturity of the Notes of any Class;
- (b) change any date fixed for the payment of principal or interest in respect of the Notes of any Class;
- (c) reduce or cancel the amount of principal or interest payable on any date in respect of the Notes of any Class (other than any reduction or cancellation permitted under the Terms and Conditions) or alter the method of calculating the amount of any payment in respect of the Notes of any Class on redemption or maturity;
- (d) change the quorum required at any Meeting or the majority required to pass any Resolution;

- (e) change the currency in which payments are due in respect of any Class of Notes;
- (f) alter the priority of payments affecting the payment of interest and/or the repayment of principal in respect of any of the Rated Notes;
- (g) effect the exchange, conversion or substitution of the Notes of any Class for, or the conversion of such Notes into, shares, bonds or other obligations or securities of the Issuer or any other person or body corporate, formed or to be formed; or
- (h) a change to this definition.

“**Blocked Notes**” means Notes which have been blocked by an authorised intermediary in an account with a clearing system.

“**Block Voting Instruction**” means in relation to a Meeting, the document issued by the Paying Agent stating *inter alia*:

- (a) that the Blocked Notes specified therein will not be released until a specified date which falls after the conclusion of the Meeting;
- (b) that the Paying Agent has been instructed by the holder of the relevant Notes to cast the votes attributable to such Blocked Notes in a particular way on each resolution to be put to the relevant Meeting and that during the period of 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting such instructions may not be amended or revoked; and
- (c) authorising a Proxy to vote in accordance with such instructions.

“**Chairman**” means, in relation to any Meeting, the individual who takes the chair in accordance with Title II, Article 7 of these Rules.

“**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in these Rules to resolve on the object set out in Article 18.

“**Meeting**” means a meeting of Noteholders of any Class or Classes (whether originally convened or resumed following an adjournment).

“**Monte Titoli Account Holder**” means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of its customers with Monte Titoli including any depository banks appointed by Euroclear and Clearstream.

“**Ordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in these Rules to resolve on the object set out in Article 17.

“**Proxy**” means any person to which the powers to vote at a Meeting have been duly granted under a Voting Certificate or a Block Voting Instruction.

“**Resolution**” means an Ordinary Resolution and/or an Extraordinary Resolution, as the case may be.

“**Terms and Conditions**” means the terms and conditions of the Notes, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions herein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto, and any reference to a numbered “**Condition**” is to the corresponding numbered provision thereof.

“**Voter**” means, in relation to any Meeting, the holder of a Voting Certificate or a Proxy;

“**Voting Certificate**” means, in relation to any Meeting, a certificate issued by the Monte Titoli Account Holder in accordance with Regulation 13 August 2018, as subsequently amended and supplemented, stating *inter alia*:

- (a) that the Blocked Notes specified therein will not be released until a specified date which falls

after the conclusion of the Meeting; and

- (b) that the bearer of such certificate is entitled to attend and vote at such Meeting in respect of such Blocked Notes.

**“24 hours”** means a period of 24 hours including all or part of a day on which banks are open for business both in the place where any relevant Meeting is to be held and in the place where the Paying Agent has its specified office.

**“48 hours”** means 2 consecutive periods of 24 hours.

### **3 Purpose of the Organisation**

#### *3.1 Membership*

Each Noteholder is a member of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

#### *3.2 Purpose*

The purpose of the Organisation of the Noteholders is to co-ordinate the exercise of the rights of the Noteholders and, more generally, to take any action necessary or desirable to protect the interests of the Noteholders.

## **TITLE II**

### **MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS**

### **4 Voting Certificates and Validity of the Proxies and Voting Certificates**

#### *4.1 Participation in Meetings*

Noteholders may participate in any Meeting by obtaining a Voting Certificate or by depositing a Block Voting Instruction at the specified office of the Representative of the Noteholders not later than 24 hours before the relevant Meeting.

#### *4.2 Validity*

A Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate shall be valid only if deposited at the specified office of the Representative of the Noteholders, or at any other place approved by the Representative of the Noteholders, at least 24 hours before the time of the relevant Meeting. If a Block Voting Instruction or a Voting Certificate is not deposited before such deadline, it shall not be valid unless the Chairman decides otherwise before the Meeting proceeds to discuss the items on the agenda. If the Representative of the Noteholders so requires, notarised copy of each Voting Certificate or Block Voting Instruction and satisfactory evidence of the identity of each Proxy named therein shall be produced at the Meeting, but the Representative of the Noteholders shall not be obliged to investigate the validity of a Voting Certificate, a Block Voting Instruction or the identity of any Proxy.

#### *4.3 Mutually exclusive*

A Voting Certificate and a Block Voting Instruction cannot be outstanding simultaneously in respect of the same Note.

#### *4.4 Blocking and release of Notes*

References to the blocking or release of Notes shall be construed in accordance with the usual practices (including blocking the relevant account) of any relevant clearing system.

### **5 Convening the Meeting**

#### *5.1 Meetings convened by the Representative of the Noteholders*

The Representative of the Noteholders may convene a Meeting at any time.

The Representative of the Noteholders shall convene a Meeting at any time it is requested to do so in writing by (a) the Issuer, or (b) Noteholders representing at least one-tenth of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of all the Notes outstanding for the Class in respect of which the Meeting is to be convened.

#### 5.2 *Request from the Issuer*

Whenever the Issuer requests the Representative of the Noteholders to convene a Meeting, it shall immediately send a communication in writing to that effect to the Representative of the Noteholders specifying the proposed day, time and place of the Meeting and the items to be included in the agenda.

#### 5.3 *Time and place of the Meeting*

Every Meeting will be held on a date and at a time and place selected or approved by the Representative of the Noteholders.

### **6 Notice of Meeting and Documents Available for Inspections**

#### 6.1 *Notice of meeting*

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which notice is delivered and of the day on which the relevant Meeting is to be held), specifying the day, time and place of the Meeting, must be given by the Paying Agent (upon instruction from the Representative of the Noteholders) to the relevant Noteholders, with copy to the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders.

#### 6.2 *Content of the notice*

The notice of any resolution to be proposed at the Meeting shall specify at least the following information:

- (a) day, time and place of the Meeting, on first and second call;
- (b) agenda of the Meeting; and
- (c) nature of the Resolution.

#### 6.3 *Validity notwithstanding lack of notice*

Notwithstanding the formalities required by this Article 6, a Meeting is validly held if the entire Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class or Classes of Notes is represented thereat and the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders are present.

#### 6.4 *Documentation Available for Inspection*

All of the documentation (including, if possible, the full text of the resolution to be proposed at the Meeting) which is necessary, useful or appropriate for the Noteholders to (i) determine whether or not to take part in the relevant Meeting and (ii) exercise their right to vote on the items on the agenda, shall be deposited at the specified office of the Representative of the Noteholders at least 7 days before the date set for the relevant Meeting.

### **7 Chairman of the Meeting**

#### 7.1 *Appointment of the Chairman*

The Meeting is chaired by an individual (who may, but need not be, a Noteholder) appointed by the Representative of the Noteholders. If the Representative of the Noteholders fails to make such appointment or the individual so appointed declines or is not present within 15 minutes after the time fixed for the Meeting, the Meeting shall be chaired by the person elected by the majority of the Voters

present, failing which, the Issuer shall appoint a Chairman.

#### 7.2 *Duties of the Chairman*

The Chairman ascertains that the Meeting has been duly convened and validly constituted, manages the business of the Meeting, monitors the fairness of proceedings, leads and moderates the debate and defines the terms for voting.

#### 7.3 *Assistance*

The Chairman may be assisted by outside experts or technical consultants, specifically invited to assist in any given matter, and may appoint one or more vote-counters, who are not required to be Noteholders.

### **8 Quorum**

#### 8.1 *Quorum and Passing of Resolution*

The quorum (*quorum constitutivo*) at any Meeting shall be:

- (a) in respect of a Meeting convened to vote on an Ordinary Resolution:
  - (i) on first call, one or more Voters holding or representing at least one tenth of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes for the Class in respect of which the Meeting is convened; or
  - (ii) on second call, following any adjournment pursuant to Article 9, such fraction of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes as is represented or held by Voters present at the Meeting;
- (b) in respect of a Meeting convened to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution, other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification:
  - (i) on first call, one or more Voters holding or representing at least two thirds of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes outstanding for the Class in respect of which the Meeting is convened; or
  - (ii) on second call, following any adjournment pursuant to Article 9, such fraction of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes as is represented or held by Voters present at the Meeting;
- (c) in respect of a Meeting convened to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution in respect of a Basic Terms Modification:
  - (i) on first call, one or more Voters holding or representing at least three quarters of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes for the Class in respect of which the Meeting is convened; or
  - (ii) on second call, following any adjournment pursuant to Article 9, one or more Voters holding or representing at least one half of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes for the Class in respect of which the Meeting is convened.

#### 8.2 *Passing of a Resolution*

A Resolution shall be deemed validly passed if voted by the following majorities:

- (a) in respect of an Ordinary Resolution, a majority of the votes cast; and
- (b) in respect of an Extraordinary Resolution, a majority of not less than three quarters of the votes cast.

For the purposes above, abstentions shall not be considered as votes cast, although the relevant Voters are present or represented at the Meeting.

## **9 Adjournment for lack of quorum**

If a quorum is not reached within 30 minutes after the time fixed for any Meeting:

- (a) if such Meeting was requested by Noteholders, the Meeting shall be dissolved; or
- (b) in any other case, the Meeting (unless the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders otherwise agree) shall be adjourned to a new date no earlier than 14 days and no later than 42 days after the original date of such Meeting, and to such place and time as the Chairman determines with the approval of the Representative of the Noteholders, *provided however that* no meeting may be adjourned more than once for want of quorum.

## **10 Adjourned Meeting**

Except as provided in Article 9, the Chairman may, with the prior consent of any Meeting, and shall if so directed by any Meeting, adjourn such Meeting to another time and place. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might have been transacted at the Meeting from which the adjournment took place.

## **11 Notice following adjournment**

### *11.1 Notice required*

If a Meeting is adjourned in accordance with the provisions of Article 9, Articles 5 and 6 above shall apply to the resumed meeting except that:

- (a) 10-days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is delivered and of the day on which the Meeting is to be resumed) shall be sufficient; and
- (b) the notice shall specifically set out the quorum requirements which will apply when the Meeting resumes.

### *11.2 Notice not required*

It shall not be necessary to give notice to resume any Meeting adjourned for reasons other than those described in Article 9.

## **12 Participation**

The following categories of persons may attend and speak at a Meeting:

- (a) Voters;
- (b) the director(s) and the auditors of the Issuer;
- (c) the Representative of the Noteholders;
- (d) financial and/or legal advisers to the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders; and
- (e) any other person authorised by the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders or by virtue of a resolution of the relevant Meeting.

## **13 Voting by show of hands**

### *13.1 First instance vote*

Every question submitted to a Meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a vote by show of hands.

### 13.2 *Demand of poll*

If, before the vote by show of hands, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Chairman or one or more Voters who represent or hold at least one-tenth of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class or Classes of Notes request to vote by poll, the question shall be voted on in compliance with the provisions of Article 14. No request to vote by poll shall hinder the continuation of the Meeting in relation to the other items on the agenda.

### 13.3 *Approval of a resolution*

A resolution is only passed on a vote by show of hands if the Meeting has been validly constituted and the relevant resolution is unanimously approved by all of the Voters at the Meeting. The Chairman's declaration that on a show of hands a resolution has been passed or rejected shall be conclusive. Whenever it is not possible to approve a resolution by show of hands, voting shall be carried out by poll.

## **14 Voting by poll**

### 14.1 *Demand for a poll*

A demand for a poll shall be valid if it is made by the Chairman, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders or one or more Voters representing or holding not less than one-tenth of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the outstanding Notes entitled to vote at the Meeting. A poll may be taken immediately or after any adjournment as decided by the Chairman, but any poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on any question of adjournment shall be taken immediately. A valid demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuation of the relevant Meeting for any other business.

### 14.2 *Conditions of a poll*

The Chairman sets the conditions for voting by poll, including for counting and calculating the votes, and may set a time limit by which all votes must be cast. Any vote which is not cast in compliance with the conditions set by the Chairman shall be null. After voting ends, the votes shall be counted and after the counting the Chairman shall announce to the Meeting the outcome of the vote.

## **15 Votes**

### 15.1 *Votes*

Each Voter shall have:

- (a) one vote, when voting by a show of hands; and
- (b) one vote for each € 1,000 of Principal Amount Outstanding of each Note represented or held by the Voter, when voting by poll.

### 15.2 *Exercise of multiple votes*

Unless the terms of any Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate borne by a Proxy state otherwise, a Voter shall not be obliged to exercise all of the votes to which such Voter is entitled or to cast all of the votes which he exercises in the same manner.

### 15.3 *Voting tie*

In case of a voting tie, the Chairman shall have the casting vote.

## **16 Voting by Proxy**

### 16.1 *Validity*

Any vote by a Proxy appointed in accordance with the relevant Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate shall be valid even if such Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate or any other

instruction pursuant to which it has been given had been amended or revoked *provided that* none of the Paying Agent, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders or the Chairman has been notified in writing of such revocation at least 24 hours prior to the time set for the relevant Meeting.

#### 16.2 *Adjournment of Meeting*

Unless revoked, the appointment of a Proxy in relation to a Meeting shall also remain valid in relation to a resumption of such Meeting following an adjournment, unless such Meeting was adjourned for lack of quorum pursuant to Article 9. If a Meeting is adjourned pursuant to Article 9, any person appointed to vote in such Meeting must be re-appointed by virtue of a Block Voting Instruction or Voting Certificate in order to vote at the resumed Meeting.

### 17 **Ordinary Resolutions**

Save as provided by Article 18 and subject to the provisions of Article 19, a Meeting shall have the power exercisable by Ordinary Resolution to:

- (a) waive (including to waive a prior breach) any breach by the Issuer of its obligations arising under the Transaction Documents or the Notes, or waive a Trigger Event, if such waivers are not previously authorised by the Representative of the Noteholders in accordance with the Transaction Documents;
- (b) determine any other matters submitted to the Meeting, other than matters required to be the subject of an Extraordinary Resolution, in accordance with the provisions of these Rules and the Transaction Documents; and
- (c) authorise the Representative of the Noteholders or any other person to execute all documents and do all things necessary to give effect to any Ordinary Resolution.

### 18 **Extraordinary Resolutions**

The Meeting, subject to Article 19, shall have power exercisable by Extraordinary Resolution to:

- (a) approve any Basic Terms Modification;
- (b) approve any proposal by the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders for any alteration or waiver of the rights of the Noteholders against the Issuer;
- (c) approve any scheme or proposal related to the mandatory exchange or substitution of any Class of Notes;
- (d) save as provided by Article 29, approve any amendments of the provisions of (i) these Rules, (ii) the Terms and Conditions, (iii) the Intercreditor Agreement, (iv) the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, or (v) any other Transaction Document in respect of the obligations of the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes which is not a Basic Terms Modification proposed by the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders and/or any other party thereto;
- (e) discharge or exonerate (including prior or retrospective discharge or exoneration) the Representative of the Noteholders from any liability in relation to any act or omission for which the Representative of the Noteholders has or may become liable pursuant or in relation to these Rules, the Terms and Conditions or any other Transaction Document;
- (f) grant any authority, order or sanction which, under the provisions of these Rules or of the Terms and Conditions, must be granted by Extraordinary Resolution (including the issue of a Trigger Notice as a result of a Trigger Event pursuant to Condition 12 (*Trigger Events*));
- (g) authorise and ratify the actions of the Representative of the Noteholders in compliance with these Rules, the Intercreditor Agreement and any other Transaction Document;
- (h) authorise the Representative of the Noteholders or any other person to execute all documents and do all things necessary to give effect to any Extraordinary Resolution;

- (i) appoint and remove the Representative of the Noteholders; and
- (j) authorise or object to individual actions or remedies of Noteholders under Article 23.

## **19 Relationship between Classes and conflict of interests**

### **19.1 Basic Terms Modification**

No Extraordinary Resolution involving a Basic Terms Modification that is passed by the Holders of one Class of Notes shall be effective unless it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Holders of the other Class of Notes (to the extent that there are Notes outstanding in such other Class).

### **19.2 Extraordinary Resolution other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification or Ordinary Resolution**

No Extraordinary Resolution of any Class of Notes to approve any matter other than a Basic Terms Modification or a matter to be approved by an Ordinary Resolution shall be effective unless it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the holders of the Class of Notes ranking at that time senior to such Class with respect to the repayment of the principal pursuant to Condition 4.3 (*Priority*) and in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments (to the extent that there are Notes outstanding ranking senior to such Class).

### **19.3 Binding nature of the Resolutions**

Any Resolution passed at a Meeting of the Noteholders of one or more Classes of Notes duly convened and held in accordance with these Rules shall be binding upon all Noteholders of such Class or Classes, whether or not present at such Meeting and whether or not dissenting and whether or not voting and, except in the case of Meeting relating to a Basic Terms Modification, any Resolution passed at a meeting of the then Most Senior Class of Noteholders duly convened and held as aforesaid shall also be binding upon all the other Class of Noteholders. In each such case, all of the relevant Classes of Noteholders shall be bound to give effect to any such resolutions accordingly.

### **19.4 Conflict between Classes**

If, however, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, there is a conflict between the interest of different Classes of Noteholders, then the Representative of the Noteholders is required to have regard only to the interests of the then Most Senior Class of Noteholders.

### **19.5 Resolution of the Junior Noteholders**

For the avoidance of doubt, amendments or modifications which do not affect the payment of interest and/or the repayment of principal in respect of any of the Rated Notes and/or any other interest or rights of the holders of the Rated Notes may be passed at a Meeting of the Junior Noteholders without any sanction being required by the holders of the Rated Notes.

### **19.6 Joint Meetings**

Subject to the provisions of these Rules and the Terms and Conditions, if the Representative of the Noteholders considers it is not detrimental to the holders of any relevant Class of Notes, joint meetings of the holders of the Rated Notes and of the Junior Noteholders may be held to consider the same Resolution and the provisions of these Rules shall apply *mutatis mutandis* thereto.

### **19.7 Separate and combined Meetings of the Noteholders**

Subject to the aforesaid provisions of this Article 19, the following provisions shall apply where outstanding Notes belong to more than one Class:

- (a) business which, in the sole opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, affects only one Class of Notes shall be transacted at a separate Meeting of the Noteholders of such Class;
- (b) business which, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, affects more than one Class of Notes but does not give rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest between

the Noteholders of one such Class of Notes and the Noteholders of the other Class of Notes shall be transacted either at separate Meetings of the Noteholders of each such Class of Notes or at a single Meeting of the Noteholders of all such Classes of Notes, as the Representative of the Noteholders shall determine in its absolute discretion; and

- (c) business which, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, affects the Noteholders of more than one Class of Notes and gives rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest between the Noteholders of one such Class of Notes and the Noteholders of the other Class of Notes shall be transacted at separate Meetings of the Noteholders of each such Class.

In this paragraph “**business**” includes (without limitation) the passing or rejection of any Resolution.

#### 19.8 *Notice of Resolution*

Within 14 days after the conclusion of each Meeting, the Issuer shall give notice, in accordance with Condition 17 (*Notices*), of the result of the votes on each resolution put to the Meeting. Such notice shall also be sent by the Issuer (or its agents) to the Paying Agent and the Representative of the Noteholders.

### 20 **Challenge of Resolution**

Any absent or dissenting Noteholder has the right to challenge Resolutions which are not passed in compliance with the provisions of these Rules.

### 21 **Minutes**

Minutes shall be made of all resolutions and proceedings of each Meeting. The Minutes shall be signed by the Chairman and shall be *prima facie* evidence of the proceedings therein recorded. Unless and until the contrary is proved, every Meeting in respect of which minutes have been signed by the Chairman shall be regarded as having been duly convened and held and all resolutions passed or proceedings transacted shall be regarded as having been duly passed and transacted.

### 22 **Written Resolution**

Notwithstanding the formalities required by Article 6, a Meeting is validly held if a resolution in writing is signed by or on behalf of all Noteholders of the relevant Class or Classes who at any relevant time are entitled to participate in a Meeting in accordance with the provisions of these Rules, whether contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more of such Noteholders (the “**Written Resolution**”).

A Written Resolution shall take effect as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution or an Ordinary Resolution, in respect of matters to be determined by Ordinary Resolution.

### 23 **Individual Actions and Remedies**

#### 23.1 *Individual actions of the Noteholders*

Each Noteholder is deemed to have accepted and is bound by the limited recourse and non petition provisions of Condition 9 (*Non petition and limited recourse*). Accordingly, the right of each Noteholder to bring individual actions or use other individual remedies to enforce his/her rights under the Notes or the Transaction Documents will be subject to a Meeting passing an Extraordinary Resolution authorising such individual action or other remedy. In this respect, the following provisions shall apply:

- (a) the Noteholder intending to enforce his/her rights under the Notes or the Transaction Documents will notify the Representative of the Noteholders of his/her intention;
- (b) the Representative of the Noteholders will, without delay, call a Meeting in accordance with these Rules at the expense of such Noteholder;
- (c) if the Meeting passes a resolution objecting to the enforcement of the individual action or

remedy, the Noteholder will be prevented from taking such action or remedy (without prejudice to the fact that after a reasonable period of time, the same matter may be resubmitted for review of another Meeting); and

- (d) if the Meeting of Noteholders authorises such individual action or remedy, the Noteholder will not be prohibited from taking such individual action or remedy.

#### 23.2 *Individual actions subject to Resolution*

No Noteholder will be permitted to take any individual action or remedy to enforce his/her rights under the Notes or the Transaction Documents unless a Meeting has been held to resolve on such action or remedy in accordance with the provisions of this Article 23.

#### 23.3 *Breach of Condition 9 (Non petition and limited recourse)*

No Noteholder shall be permitted to take any individual action or remedy to enforce his/her rights under the Notes or the Transaction Documents in the event that such action or remedy would cause or result in a breach of Condition 9 (*Non petition and limited recourse*).

#### 23.4 *Exclusive power of the Representative of the Noteholders*

Save as provided in this Article 23, only the Representative of the Noteholders may pursue the remedies available under the general law or the Transaction Documents to obtain payment of obligations and no Noteholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer to obtain or enforce such remedies.

### **24 Further Regulations**

Subject to all other provisions contained in these Rules, the Representative of the Noteholders may, without the consent of the Issuer, prescribe such further regulations regarding the holding of Meetings and attendance and voting at them and/or the provisions of a Written Resolution as the Representative of the Noteholders in its sole discretion may decide.

## **TITLE III**

### **THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOTEHOLDERS**

#### **25 Appointment, Removal and Remuneration**

##### 25.1 *Appointment*

The appointment of the Representative of the Noteholders takes place by Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders in accordance with the provisions of this Article 25, except for the appointment of the first Representative of the Noteholders which will be Zenith Service S.p.A.

##### 25.2 *Requirements for the Representative of the Noteholders*

The Representative of the Noteholders shall be:

- (a) a bank incorporated in any jurisdiction of the European Union, or a bank incorporated in any other jurisdiction acting through an Italian branch; or
- (b) a company or financial institution enrolled with the register held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 106 of the Banking Act; or
- (c) any other entity which is not prohibited from acting in the capacity of Representative of the Noteholders pursuant to the law.

##### 25.3 *Directors and auditors of the Issuer*

The director/s and auditors of the Issuer cannot be appointed as Representative of the Noteholders,

and if appointed as such they shall be automatically removed.

#### 25.4 *Duration of appointment*

Unless the Representative of the Noteholders is removed by Extraordinary Resolution pursuant to Title II above or it resigns in accordance with Article 27, it shall remain in office until full repayment or cancellation of all the Notes.

#### 25.5 *Removal*

The Representative of the Noteholders may be removed by Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders at any time.

#### 25.6 *Office after termination*

In the event of a termination of the appointment of the Representative of the Noteholders for any reason whatsoever, such Representative of the Noteholders shall remain in office until a substitute Representative of the Noteholders, which shall be a subject among those listed in Article 25.2, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) above, accepts its appointment, and the powers and authority of the Representative of the Noteholders whose appointment has been terminated shall, pending the acceptance of its appointment by the substitute, be limited to those necessary to perform the essential functions required in connection with the Notes.

#### 25.7 *Remuneration*

As consideration for its duties and services carried out in connection with the Securitisation, the Issuer will pay to the Representative of the Noteholders for its services as Representative of the Noteholders as from the date hereof an annual fee separately agreed and documented in a fee letter, payable monthly in arrears on each Payment Date. In the event of the Representative of the Noteholders considering it expedient or necessary or being requested by the Issuer to undertake duties which the Representative of the Noteholders and the Issuer agree to be of an exceptional nature or otherwise outside the scope of the normal duties of the Representative of the Noteholders hereunder, the Issuer will pay to the Representative of the Noteholders such additional remuneration as will be agreed between them. In any event of the Representative of the Noteholders and the Issuer failing to agree upon whether such duties shall be of an exceptional nature or otherwise outside the scope of the normal duties of the Representative of the Noteholders hereunder, or upon such additional remuneration, then such matter will be determined by three investment banks (acting as experts and not as arbitrators), two of which selected by the Representative of the Noteholders and one of which selected by the Issuer (the expenses involved in such nomination and the fees of such investment banks being payable by the Issuer), and the joint determination (which may be taken by majority and does not need to be unanimous) of such investment banks will be final and binding upon the Representative of the Noteholders and the Issuer. The above fees and remuneration will be payable in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments up to (and including) the date when the Notes have been repaid in full or cancelled in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

### **26 Duties and Powers of the Representative of the Noteholders**

#### 26.1 *Legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders*

The Representative of the Noteholders is the legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders and has the power to exercise the rights conferred on it pursuant to the Transaction Documents in order to protect the interests of the Noteholders.

#### 26.2 *Meetings and implementation of Resolutions*

Subject to Article 28.9, the Representative of the Noteholders is responsible for implementing all resolutions of the Noteholders and has the right to convene Meetings to propose any course of action which it considers from time to time necessary or desirable.

#### 26.3 *Delegation*

26.3.1 The Representative of the Noteholders may also, whenever it considers it expedient and in

the interest of the Noteholders, whether by power of attorney or otherwise, delegate to any person(s) specific activities vested in it as aforesaid.

26.3.2 The terms and conditions (including power to sub-delegate) of such appointment shall be established by the Representative of the Noteholders depending on what it deems suitable in the interests of the Noteholders.

26.3.3 The Representative of the Noteholders shall not, other than in the normal course of its business, be bound to supervise the acts or proceedings of such delegate or sub-delegate and shall not in any way or to any extent be responsible for any loss incurred by any misconduct, omission or default on the part of such delegate or sub-delegate, *provided that* the Representative of the Noteholders shall use all reasonable care in the appointment of any such delegate (*culpa in eligendo*) and shall be responsible for the instructions given by it to such delegate.

26.3.4 As soon as reasonably practicable, the Representative of the Noteholders shall give notice to the Issuer of the appointment of any delegate and any renewal, extension and termination of such appointment, and shall procure that any delegate shall give notice to the Issuer of the appointment of any sub-delegate as soon as reasonably practicable.

#### 26.4 *Judicial proceedings*

The Representative of the Noteholders is authorised to represent the Organisation of the Noteholders, *inter alia*, in any judicial proceedings.

### **27 Resignation of the Representative of the Noteholders**

#### 27.1 *Resignation*

The Representative of the Noteholders may resign at any time by giving at least three calendar months' written notice to the Issuer, with no need to provide any specific reason for the resignation and without being responsible for any costs incurred as a result of such resignation.

#### 27.2 *Effectiveness*

The resignation of the Representative of the Noteholders shall not become effective until a new Representative of the Noteholders has been appointed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders and such new Representative of the Noteholders has accepted its appointment *provided that* if the Noteholders fail to select a new Representative of the Noteholders within three months of written notice of resignation delivered by the Representative of the Noteholders, the Representative of the Noteholders may appoint a successor which is a qualifying entity pursuant to Article 25.

### **28 Exoneration of the Representative of the Noteholders**

#### 28.1 *Limited obligations*

The Representative of the Noteholders shall not assume any obligations or responsibilities in addition to those expressly provided herein and in the Transaction Documents.

#### 28.2 *Other limitations*

Without limiting the generality of Article 28.1, the Representative of the Noteholders:

- (i) shall not be under any obligation to take any steps to ascertain whether a Trigger Event or any other event, condition or act, the occurrence of which would cause a right or remedy to become exercisable by the Representative of the Noteholders hereunder or under any other Transaction Document has occurred, and until the Representative of the Noteholders has actual knowledge or express notice to the contrary, it shall be entitled to assume that no Trigger Event has occurred;
- (ii) shall not be under any obligation to monitor or supervise the observance and performance by

the Issuer or any other parties of their obligations contained in the Terms and Conditions and hereunder or, as the case may be, in any Transaction Document to which each such party is a party, and until it shall have actual knowledge or express notice to the contrary, the Representative of the Noteholders shall be entitled to assume that the Issuer and each other party to the Transaction Documents are carefully observing and performing all of their respective obligations;

- (iii) except as otherwise required under these Rules or the Transaction Documents, shall not be under any obligation to give notice to any person of its activities in performance of the provisions of these Rules or any other Transaction Document;
- (iv) shall not be responsible for (or for investigating) the legality, validity, effectiveness, adequacy, suitability or genuineness of these Rules or of any Transaction Document, or of any other document or any obligation or rights created or purported to be created hereby or thereby or pursuant hereto or thereto, and (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) it shall not have any responsibility for or have any duty to make any investigation in respect of or in any way be liable whatsoever for:
  - (1) the nature, status, creditworthiness or solvency of the Issuer;
  - (2) the existence, accuracy or sufficiency of any legal or other opinion, search, report, certificate, valuation or investigation delivered or obtained or required to be delivered or obtained at any time in connection herewith;
  - (3) the suitability, adequacy or sufficiency of any collection procedure operated by the Servicer or compliance therewith;
  - (4) the failure by the Issuer to obtain or comply with any licence, consent or other authority in connection with the purchase or administration of the Aggregate Portfolio; and
  - (5) any accounts, books, records or files maintained by the Issuer, the Servicer, and the Paying Agent or any other person in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio or the Notes;
- (v) shall not be responsible for the receipt or application by the Issuer of the proceeds of the issue of the Notes or the distribution of any of such proceeds to the persons entitled thereto;
- (vi) shall have no responsibility to procure that the Rating Agencies or any other credit or rating assessment institution or any other subject maintain the rating of the Rated Notes;
- (vii) shall not be responsible for (or for investigating) any matter which is the subject of any recital, statement, warranty or representation by any party other than the Representative of the Noteholders contained herein or in any Transaction Document or any certificate, document or agreement relating thereto or for the execution, legality, validity, effectiveness, enforceability or admissibility in evidence thereof;
- (viii) shall not be bound or concerned to examine or enquire into or be liable for any defect or failure in the right or title of the Issuer in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio or any part thereof, whether such defect or failure was known to the Representative of the Noteholders or might have been discovered upon examination or enquiry or whether capable of being remedied or not;
- (ix) shall not be liable for any failure, omission or defect in registering or filing or procuring registration or filing of or otherwise protecting or perfecting these Rules or any Transaction Document;
- (x) shall not be under any obligation to guarantee or procure the repayment of the Aggregate Portfolio or any part thereof;
- (xi) shall not be obliged to evaluate the consequences that any modification of these Rules or any of the Transaction Documents or exercise of its rights, powers and authorities may have for any individual Noteholder;

- (xii) shall not (unless and to the extent ordered to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction) be under any obligation to disclose to any Noteholder, any Other Issuer Creditor or any other party any confidential, financial, price sensitive or other information made available to the Representative of the Noteholders by the Issuer or any other person in connection with these Rules and no Noteholder, Other Issuer Creditor or any other party shall be entitled to take any action to obtain from the Representative of the Noteholders any such information;
- (xiii) shall not be responsible for reviewing or investigating any report relating to the Aggregate Portfolio provided by any person;
- (xiv) shall not be responsible for or have any liability with respect to any loss or damage arising from the realisation of the Aggregate Portfolio or any part thereof;
- (xv) shall not be responsible for (except as otherwise provided in the Terms and Conditions or in the Transaction Documents) making or verifying any determination or calculation in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio and the Notes; and
- (xvi) shall not be deemed responsible for having acted pursuant to instructions received from the Meeting, even if it is later discovered that the Meeting had not been validly convened or constituted, and that such resolution had not been duly approved or was not otherwise valid or binding for the Noteholders.

### 28.3 Discretion

#### 28.3.1 The Representative of the Noteholders:

- (i) save as expressly otherwise provided herein, shall have absolute discretion as to the exercise, non-exercise or refraining from exercise of any right, power and discretion vested in the Representative of the Noteholders by these Rules or by operation of law, and the Representative of the Noteholders shall not be responsible for any loss, cost, damage, expense or inconvenience resulting from the exercise, non-exercise or refraining from exercise thereof except insofar as the same are incurred as a result of its wilful default (*dolo*) or gross negligence (*colpa grave*);
- (ii) in connection with matters in respect of which the Representative of the Noteholders is entitled to exercise its discretion hereunder, the Representative of the Noteholders has the right - but not the obligation - to convene a Meeting or Meetings in order to obtain the Noteholders' instructions as to how it should act. Prior to undertaking any action, the Representative of the Noteholders shall be entitled to request that the Noteholders indemnify it and/or provide it with security to its satisfaction against all actions, proceedings, claims and demands which may be brought against it and against all costs, charges, damages, expenses and liabilities which it may incur by taking such action;
- (iii) may certify whether or not a Trigger Event is in its opinion prejudicial to the interest of the Noteholders and any such certification shall be conclusive and binding upon the Issuer, the Noteholders, the Other Issuer Creditors and any other subject party to the Transaction Documents;
- (iv) may determine whether or not a default in the performance by the Issuer or the Seller of any obligation under the provisions of these Rules, the Notes or any other Transaction Documents may be remedied, and if the Representative of the Noteholders certifies that any such default is, in its opinion, not capable of being remedied, such certificate shall be conclusive and binding upon the Issuer, the Seller, the Noteholders, the Other Issuer Creditors and any other party to the Transaction Documents;

28.3.2 Any consent or approval given by the Representative of the Noteholders under these Rules and any other Transaction Document may be given on such terms and subject to such conditions (if any) as the Representative of the Noteholders deems appropriate.

### 28.4 Certificates

The Representative of the Noteholders:

- (i) may act on the advice of or a certificate or opinion of or any information obtained from any lawyer, accountant, banker, broker, credit or rating agency or other expert whether obtained by the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders or otherwise, and shall not be responsible for any loss incurred by so acting in the absence of gross negligence (*colpa grave*) or wilful default (*dolo*) on the part of the Representative of the Noteholders;
- (ii) may call for, and shall be at liberty to accept as sufficient evidence of any fact or matter, a certificate duly signed by the Issuer, and the Representative of the Noteholders shall not be bound in any such case to call for further evidence or be responsible for any loss that may be incurred as a result of acting on such certificate unless it has information which casts a doubt on the truthfulness of the certificates signed by the Issuer;
- (iii) shall have the right to call for (or have the Issuer call for) and to rely on written attestations issued by any one of the parties to the Intercreditor Agreement, or by any Other Issuer Creditor or by a Rating Agencies. The Representative of the Noteholders shall not be required to seek additional evidence and shall not be held responsible for any loss, liability, cost, damage, expense, or charge incurred as a result of having failed to do so.

#### 28.5 *Ownership of the Notes*

28.5.1 In order to ascertain ownership of the Notes, the Representative of the Noteholders may fully rely on the certificates issued by any authorised institution listed in article 30 of Decree No. 213, which certificates are conclusive proof of the statements attested to therein.

28.5.2 The Representative of the Noteholders may assume without enquiry that no Notes are, at any given time, held by or for the benefit of the Issuer

#### 28.6 *Certificates of Monte Titoli Account Holders*

The Representative of the Noteholders, in order to ascertain ownership of the Notes, may fully rely on the certificates issued by any Monte Titoli Account Holder in accordance with Regulation 13 August 2018, as amended from time to time, which certificates are to be conclusive proof of the matters certified therein.

#### 28.7 *Certificates of Clearing Systems*

The Representative of the Noteholders shall be at liberty to call for and to rely on as sufficient evidence of the facts stated therein, a certificate, letter or confirmation certified as true and accurate and signed on behalf of such clearing system as the Representative of the Noteholders considers appropriate, or any form of record made by any clearing system, to the effect that at any particular time or throughout any particular period any particular person is, or was, or will be, shown its records as entitled to a particular number of Notes.

#### 28.8 *Rating Agencies*

The Representative of the Noteholders shall be entitled to assume, for the purposes of exercising any power, authority, duty or discretion under or in relation to these Rules, that such exercise will not be materially prejudicial to the interest of the Noteholders if, along with other factors, the Rating Agencies have confirmed that the then current rating of the Rated Notes would not be adversely affected by such exercise, or have otherwise given their consent. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is agreed and acknowledged by the Representative of the Noteholders and notified to the Noteholders that a credit rating is an assessment of credit and does not address other matters that may be of relevance to the Noteholders, and it is expressly agreed and acknowledged that such confirmation does not impose on or extend any actual or contingent liability for the Rating Agencies to the Representative of the Noteholders, the Noteholders or any other third party or create legal relations between the Rating Agencies and the Representative of the Noteholders, the Noteholders or any other third party by way of contract or otherwise. If the Representative of the Noteholders, in order properly to exercise its rights or fulfil its obligations, deems it necessary to obtain the valuation of the Rating Agencies regarding how a specific act would affect the rating of the Rated Notes, the Representative of the Noteholders shall so inform the Issuer, which will have to obtain the valuation

at its expense on behalf of the Representative of the Noteholders, unless the Representative of the Noteholders wishes to seek and obtain the valuation itself.

#### 28.9 *Illegality*

No provision of these Rules shall require the Representative of the Noteholders to do anything which may be illegal or contrary to applicable law or regulations or to expend or otherwise risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of any of its duties, or in the exercise of any of its powers or discretion, and the Representative of the Noteholders may refrain from taking any action which would or might, in its opinion, be contrary to any law of any jurisdiction or any regulation or directive of any agency of any state, or if it has reasonable grounds to believe that it will not be reimbursed for any funds it expends, or that it will not be indemnified against any loss or liability which it may incur as a consequence of such action. The Representative of the Noteholders may do anything which, in its opinion, is necessary to comply with any such law, regulation or directive as aforesaid.

### **29 Amendments to the Transaction Documents**

#### 29.1 *Consent of the Representative of the Noteholders*

The Representative of the Noteholders may agree to any amendment or modification to these Rules or to any of the Transaction Documents, without the prior consent or sanction of the Noteholders if in its sole opinion:

- (i) it is expedient to make such amendment or modification in order to correct a manifest error or an error of a formal, minor or technical nature; or
- (ii) save as provided under paragraph (i) above, such amendment or modification (which shall be other than in respect of a Basic Terms Modification or any provision in these Rules which makes a reference to the definition of "Basic Terms Modification") is not materially prejudicial to the interest of the Most Senior Class of Noteholders.

#### 29.2 *Binding nature of amendments*

Any such amendment or modification shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors and, unless the Representative of the Noteholders otherwise agrees, the Issuer shall procure that such amendment or modification be notified to the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors as soon as practicable thereafter.

### **30 Indemnity**

#### 30.1 *Indemnification*

Pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement, the Issuer has covenanted and undertaken to reimburse, pay or discharge (on a full indemnity basis) upon demand, to the extent not already reimbursed, paid or discharged by the Noteholders, all costs, liabilities, losses, charges, expenses, damages, actions, proceedings, receivables and demand (including, without limitation, legal fees and any applicable tax, value added tax or similar tax) properly incurred by or made against the Representative of the Noteholders or any subject to which the Representative of the Noteholders has delegated any power, authority or discretion in relation to the exercise or purported exercise of its powers, authority and discretion and the performance of its duties under and otherwise in relation to these Rules and the Transaction Documents, including but not limited to legal and travelling expenses, and any stamp, issue, registration, documentary and other taxes or duties paid by the Representative of the Noteholders in connection with any action and/or legal proceedings brought or contemplated by the Representative of the Noteholders pursuant to the Transaction Documents against the Issuer, or any other person to enforce any obligation under these Rules, the Notes or the Transaction Documents

#### 30.2 *Liability*

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, the Representative of the Noteholders shall not be liable for any act, matter or thing done or omitted in any way in connection with the Transaction Documents, the Notes or these Rules except in relation to gross negligence (*colpa grave*) or wilful

default (*dolo*) of the Representative of the Noteholders.

#### **TITLE IV**

### **THE ORGANISATION OF THE NOTEHOLDERS AFTER SERVICE OF A TRIGGER NOTICE**

#### **31 Powers**

It is hereby acknowledged that, pursuant to the Mandate Agreement, the Representative of the Noteholders, in its capacity as legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders, shall be entitled - also in the interest of the Other Issuer Creditors, pursuant to articles 1411 and 1723 of the Italian Civil Code - to exercise certain rights in relation to the Aggregate Portfolio. The Representative of the Noteholders, in its capacity as legal representative of the Organisation of the Noteholders, will be authorised, pursuant to the terms of the Mandate Agreement, to exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Issuer and as *mandatario in rem propriam* of the Issuer, any and all of the Issuer's rights under certain Transaction Documents, including the right to give directions and instructions to the relevant parties to the relevant Transaction Documents.

#### **TITLE V**

### **GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION**

#### **32 Governing law and Jurisdiction**

##### **32.1 *Governing law***

These Rules and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and will be construed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Italy.

##### **32.2 *Jurisdiction***

The Courts of Turin shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with these Rules.

## SELECTED ASPECTS OF ITALIAN LAW

### The Securitisation Law

#### General

The Securitisation Law (i.e. Law No. 130) was enacted on 30 April 1999 and was conceived to simplify the securitisation process and to facilitate the increased use of securitisation as a financing technique in the Republic of Italy.

The Securitisation Law applies to securitisation transactions involving the “true” sale” (by way of non-gratuitous assignment) of receivables, where the sale is to a company created in accordance with Article 3 of the Securitisation Law (the “**SPV**”) and all amounts paid by the debtors in respect of the receivables are to be used by the SPV exclusively to meet its obligations under the notes issued to fund the purchase of such receivables and all costs and expenses associated with the securitisation transaction.

In 2013 and 2014, the Securitisation Law was subject to various amendments aimed at strengthening the legislative framework of the Italian securitisation transactions. Such amendments were introduced by the following two law decrees:

- (i) Italian Law Decree No. 145 of 23 December 2013, the so-called “*Decreto Destinazione Italia*”, which was converted into law by Italian Law No. 9 of 21 February 2014 (“**Decree 145**”); and
- (ii) Italian Law Decree No. 91 of 24 June 2014, the so-called “*Decreto Competitività*”, which was converted into law by Italian Law No. 116 of 11 August 2014 (“**Decree 91**” and, together with Decree 145, the “**Decrees**”).

The following paragraphs set out a summary of the key features of the Securitisation Law and the relevant amendments and new provisions introduced by the Decrees which are relevant to securitisations transactions (the “**New Provisions**”).

#### Procedure for the assignment

The assignments of receivables under the Securitisation Law is governed by Article 58 paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of the Banking Act. As a result, the securitised receivables must be identifiable as a pool (*in blocco*) and the relevant assignment in favour of the SPV can be perfected by way of publication a notice of assignment in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy in respect of the assigned receivables and the registration of the relevant assignment in the SPV’s Companies Register (collectively, the “**Publication and Registration**”), thus avoiding the need for notification to be served on each assigned debtor.

The Publication and Registration trigger also the following legal effects and protections in favour of the SPV and the relevant noteholders (i.e. the holders of the notes issued to fund the purchase of such receivables): (a) the creation of the statutory segregation over the securitised receivables in favour of the noteholders; and (b) the transfer to the SPV of all the guarantees relating to such receivables. For further details see the following paragraphs entitled “*Enforceability of the assignment*”, “*Statutory segregation*” and “*Guarantees*”.

The transfer of the Initial Portfolio from the Seller to the Issuer was (i) published in the Official Gazette No. 56, Part II, of 14 May 2022; and (ii) registered on the Companies Register of Turin, pursuant to a request made on 18 May 2022.

#### Enforceability of the assignment

By operation of the Securitisation Law, with effect from the date of the Publication and

Registration, the relevant assignment of receivables becomes enforceable against:

- (i) the debtors in respect of such receivables and any creditors of the assignor who have not commenced enforcement proceedings in respect of such receivables prior to the date of Publication and Registration;
- (ii) the liquidator or other bankruptcy official of the debtors in respect of such receivables; and
- (iii) any other permitted assignees of the assignor who have not perfected their assignment prior to the date of the Publication and Registration.

### **Statutory segregation**

As stated in the preceding paragraph entitled "*Procedure for the assignment*", pursuant to the Securitisation Law, with effect from the date of the relevant Publication and Registration, the receivables relating to each securitisation transaction are, by operation of law, segregated for all purposes from all other assets of the relevant SPV (including any other receivables purchased by the SPV pursuant to the Securitisation Law). Therefore, prior to and following a winding up of the SPV, such receivables will only be available to (i) satisfy the obligations of the SPV to the relevant noteholders and (ii) pay the relevant transaction's costs.

Moreover, with effect from the date of the relevant Publication and Registration, no legal action may be brought against the assigned receivables or the sums derived therefrom other than for the purposes of enforcing the rights of (i) the relevant noteholders and (ii) the SPV's creditors in respect of the relevant transaction's costs.

In addition, the receivables relating to a particular transaction may not be seized or attached in any form by creditors of the relevant SPV, other than the relevant noteholders.

Under Italian law, however, any creditor of the Issuer would be able to commence insolvency or winding-up proceedings against the Issuer in respect of any unpaid debt.

### **Guarantees**

By operation of the Securitisation Law, with effect from the date of the Publication and Registration, the benefit of any privilege, guarantee or security interest guaranteeing or securing repayment of the relevant assigned receivables will automatically be transferred to and perfected with the same priority in favour of the relevant assignee SPV, without the need for any further formality or annotation.

### **Claw-back**

Assignments executed under the Securitisation Law are still subject to claw-back action on bankruptcy pursuant to Article 67 of the Italian Bankruptcy Law but only in the event that the adjudication of bankruptcy of the relevant party is made (i) within three months of the securitisation transaction, in case paragraph 1 of Article 67 applies and (ii) within six months of the securitisation transaction, in case paragraph 2 of Article 67 applies (and not six months or 1 year, respectively, as the normal regime of Article 67 provides).

Moreover, following the Publication and Registration, the payments made to the SPV by any assigned debtors in respect of the relevant receivables may not be clawed-back pursuant to Article 67 of the Bankruptcy Law (by the receiver of any such debtor which becomes subject to any insolvency proceedings).

It is uncertain however, whether such limitations on claw-back would be applicable if the relevant insolvency procedure or claw-back action were not governed by the laws of the Republic of Italy.

## Provisions of the Securitisation Law introduced by the Decrees

### *General*

The following paragraphs set out a summary of the key features of the Provisions of the Securitisation Law introduced by the Decrees which are relevant to securitisation transactions. It has to be noted that the New Provisions have been enacted only very recently and, thus no interpretation of their application has been yet issued by any Italian governmental or regulatory authority, only few scholars have commented thereon and no case law is available in respect thereof.

### *Strengthening of the statutory segregation over the securitised assets*

The Decrees strengthened the statutory segregation of the Securitisation Law by establishing that the assets which are subject to such statutory segregation also include (in addition to the securitised receivables as already contemplated), also:

- (i) any other receivables due to the SPV in the context of the securitisation transaction (e.g. those arising from the transaction documents, including any hedging agreements);
- (ii) the relevant collections of both the securitised receivables and those referred to above; and
- (iii) the financial assets purchased through such collections in the context of the transaction (i.e. the eligible investments).

Moreover, the Decrees also introduced certain specific new segregation and bankruptcy provisions dealing with the following type of transaction accounts:

- (a) the bank accounts in the name of the SPV (the “**SPV Accounts**”) held with the account bank or the servicer for the deposit of (a) the collections of the securitised receivables and (b) any other amounts paid or belonging to the SPV under the securitisation pursuant to the relevant transaction documents; and
- (b) the bank accounts in the name of the servicer (or of the sub-servicers) (the “**Servicer Accounts**”) for the deposit of the collections of the securitised receivables.

Regarding the SPV Accounts, the New Provisions expressly established that sums credited thereunder can (a) be seized and attached only by the relevant noteholders and (b) be used only to satisfy the claims of such noteholders and the hedging counterparty, as well as to pay the transaction’s costs.

Similarly, in relation to the Servicer Accounts, the New Provisions established that sums credited thereunder can be seized and attached by the creditors of the Servicer only within the limit of the amounts exceeding the sums collected and due to the SPV in respect of the securitised receivables.

Finally, pursuant to the New Provisions, if the relevant bank holding the SPV Accounts or the servicer (or the sub-servicers) with reference to the Servicer Accounts is subject to any insolvency proceeding, then the amounts deposited (both prior to and during such proceeding) into the relevant SPV Accounts or Servicer Accounts, as the case may be, will not be subject to suspension of payments and will be immediately repaid to the SPV, without the need to file any petition in the relevant insolvency proceeding and outside of any distribution plan. Particularly, such repayment principle applies (a) in respect of the SPV Accounts, to all the sums deposited thereunder and (b) in respect of the Servicer Accounts, exclusively to an amount equal to sums deposited into such accounts which have been collected and are due to the SPV (i.e. the collections of the securitised receivables).

### *Assignment pursuant to the Italian Factoring Law*

The New Provisions have simplified the assignments under the Securitisation Law of receivables falling within the scope of the Italian Factoring Law, these being the receivables arising out of contracts entered into by the relevant assignor in the course of its business. More specifically, in relation to such type of receivables, the New Provisions established the following:

- (i) the relevant securitised receivables do not need to be identifiable as a pool (*in blocco*);
- (ii) the relevant notice of assignment to be published in the Italian Official Gazette only needs to set out the details of the assignor, the assignee (i.e. the SPV) and the date of the relevant assignment; and
- (iii) it is possible to perfect the relevant assignment by applying the relevant provisions of the Italian Factoring Law (as an alternative to Article 58 of the Banking Act). This means that the assignment can also be perfected upon simple payment (in full or in part) to the relevant originator of the purchase price of the receivables, subject to such payment having a date certain at law (which is capable of being obtained through its simple registration in the relevant bank account of the originator) (the “**Payment**”).

According to the New Provisions, such Payment will trigger both the statutory segregation (for further details, please see the preceding paragraph entitled “*Statutory segregation*”) and the enforceability of the assignment against third parties other than the assigned debtors (i.e. in respect of such debtors the enforceability can be obtained only upon the assignment being individually notified to or accepted by them, as provided for by the ordinary regime contemplated by the Italian Civil Code).

### *Limitation of the set-off rights of the assigned debtors*

The New Provisions also expressly dealt with the risk of the exercise of any set-off rights by the assigned debtors of the receivables. More specifically, it has been provided that, with effect from the date of the Publication and Registration (or of the Payment, as described in the preceding paragraph entitled “*Assignment pursuant to the Italian Factoring Law*”), in derogation of any other provision of law, assigned debtors are not entitled to exercise set-off between the securitised receivables and their claims against the assignor arising after such date of the Publication and Registration (or of the Payment).

### *Exemption of claw-back of prepayments*

As stated above (see the preceding paragraph entitled “*Claw-back*”), the Securitisation Law provides that payments made by the assigned debtors benefit from an exemption from the claw-back provided for by article 67 of the Bankruptcy Law. However, nothing was said under the Securitisation Law in relation to the claw-back action pursuant to Article 65 of the Bankruptcy Law, being the claw-back in respect of any prepayments. The New Provisions addressed this issue by establishing an express exemption also in respect of such claw-back action under Article 65 of the Bankruptcy Law.

### *Simplified procedures for assignment of receivables owed by public entities*

The New Provisions simplified the procedure for the assignments of receivables owed by public entities in the context of securitisations governed by the Securitisation Law.

In fact, the assignment of receivables due by public entities is subject to certain special perfection formalities which, prior to the enactment of the New Provisions, also applied to securitisations governed by the Securitisation Law. Such formalities include the requirement to execute the relevant receivables’ transfer agreement in notarised form and to have the assignment notified to the relevant public entity through a court bailiff (and, in some cases, be formally accepted by such

public entity), as provided for by Articles 69 and 70 of Royal Decree 18 November 1923, No. 2440.

The New Provisions established that the aforementioned Articles 69 and 70 do not apply to assignments of receivables due by public entities made under Law 130/99. Such assignments are now subject only to the formalities contemplated by the Securitisation Law (i.e. the Publication and Registration or the Payment) and no other formalities, including those described above, shall apply. Finally, according to the New Provisions, if the SPV appoints as servicer of the receivables an entity other than the seller, then the relevant assigned public debtors shall be notified of such appointment through a notice on the Italian Official Gazette and a registered letter with return receipt.

#### *Bonds as underlying assets of securitisation transactions*

The New Provisions also clarified that (in addition to monetary receivables) bonds, similar securities (including the so called “mini-bonds”) and financial drafts (*cambiali finanziarie*) are capable of being securitised under the Securitisation Law (with the exception of bonds representing company equity, exchangeable, hybrids and convertible bonds).

Further, the New Provisions introduced the possibility for SPVs to directly subscribe such bonds/securities upon issue (as an alternative to their purchase after the issue date).

#### *Sole investors in ABS*

The New Provisions clarified also that where ABS are subscribed by qualified investors, the subscriber can also be a sole investor. This provision aims to resolve certain recharacterisation concerns and interpretation issues raised in the past by some commentators who questioned the legal nature of securitisations with a sole subscriber.

#### *Indirect lending to SMEs through securitisation SPVs*

The Decrees also introduced a new article under the Securitisation Law aimed at facilitating indirect lending in favour of SMEs (i.e. small and medium enterprises) through securitisation SPVs. Such objective was achieved by permitting securitisation SPVs to grant loans to entities other than individuals and microenterprises, so long as the following conditions are fulfilled:

- (i) the borrower is identified by a bank or a financial intermediary registered in the general register held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to Articles 106 of the Banking Act;
- (ii) the ABS issued by the SPV to fund the loans are subscribed by qualified investors, as defined under Article 100 of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act; and
- (iii) the above bank or financial intermediary retains a significant economic interest in the transaction, in accordance with the rules established by the relevant implementation provisions of the Bank of Italy.

#### *Assignment of receivables arising from overdraft facilities*

The New Provisions expressly regulated the assignability of receivables arising from overdraft facilities under securitisation transactions. In particular, the Decrees *provided that* the assignment of the receivables arising from the agreements relating to such overdraft facilities, including the relevant future receivables, may now be made enforceable simply through the formalities provided for by the Securitisation Law (i.e. the Publication and Registration or of Payment, as the case may be).

#### *Ability of the asset management company to act as Servicer under the mutual fund structure*

In addition to the structure involving the use of a SPV, the Securitisation Law also envisages an alternative structure involving the assignment of the securitised receivables by the originator to an investment mutual fund (*fondo comune di investimento*). The New Provisions expressly established that, in connection with transactions utilising such alternative structure, the role of the servicer can also be performed by the relevant asset management company of the mutual fund. Such New Provision should facilitate the development of transactions involving mutual funds.

### Consumer credit provisions

- (i) *Consumer credit provisions and enactment of Legislative Decree 141* – The Initial Portfolio includes, and each Subsequent Portfolio will include, Loans which qualify as “consumer loans”, i.e. loans extended to individuals acting outside the scope of their entrepreneurial, commercial, craft or professional activities. In Italy consumer loans are regulated by, amongst others: (i) articles 121 to 126 of the Banking Act and (ii) some provisions of the Consumer Code. Consumer protection legislation has been subject to a full revision by the enactment of law decree 13 August 2010 number 141 (as subsequently amended “**Legislative Decree 141**”)
- (ii) which transposed in the Italian legal system EC Directive 2008/48 on credit agreements for consumers. Legislative Decree 141 has become enforceable on 19 September 2010.
- (iii) *Legislative Decree 141 and existing credit consumer agreements* - Even if Legislative Decree 141 does not provide anything on the matter, on the basis of both article 30 of the Directive 2008/48 and the implementing measures of Legislative Decree 141, it can be stated that the provisions set by Legislative Decree 141 do not apply to agreements existing on the date on which latter entered into force, except for some provisions, applicable to open-end credit agreements only.
- (iv) *Scope of application* - Prior to the entry into force of Legislative Decree 141, consumer loans were only those granted for amounts respectively lower and higher than the maximum and minimum levels set by the *Comitato Interministeriale per il Credito e il Risparmio* (“**CICR**”) (the inter-ministerial committee for credit and savings), such levels being fixed at €30,987.41 and €154.94 respectively. Current article 122 of the Banking Act rules that provisions concerning consumer loans apply to loans granted for amounts from €200 (included) to €75,000 (included); moreover, the same article 122 sets a list of other deeds and agreement which shall not be considered as consumer loans.
- (v) *Right of withdrawal* - Pursuant to article 125-ter of the Banking Act, consumers have a period of 14 calendar days in which to withdraw from the credit agreement without giving any reason. That period of withdrawal shall begin (a) either from the day of the conclusion of the credit agreement, or (b) from the day on which the consumer receives the contractual terms and conditions and information to be provided to it pursuant to paragraph 1 of article 125-bis of the Banking Act, if that day is later than the date referred to under point (a). In case the consumer enforces its right of withdrawal, within thirty days following the date of enforcement the consumer shall pay to the lender any amount outstanding under the relevant consumer loan, plus matured interest and non recoverable expenses paid by the lender to the public administration in connection with the granting of the relevant consumer loan. If the credit agreement has been negotiated by distance marketing, withdrawal periods as calculated under article 67-duodecies of the Consumer Code will apply. Pursuant to article 125-quater of the Banking Act, a consumer may always withdraw from an open-end credit agreement without paying any penalty or expense to the lender. Before the enactment of Legislative Decree 141, rights of withdrawal in favour of consumers under consumer loan agreements were limited to specific cases, such as in case of consumer credit agreement concluded to finance acquisition of goods or services pursuant to a distance contract.

### The Issuer

According to the Securitisation Law, the SPV shall be a *società di capitali*.

### **The enforcement proceedings in general**

The enforcement proceedings can be carried out on the basis of final judgments or other legal instruments known collectively as *titoli esecutivi*.

Save where the law provides otherwise, the enforcement must be preceded by service of the order for the execution (*formula esecutiva*) and the notice to comply (*atto di precetto*).

The notice to comply (*atto di precetto*) is a formal notice by a creditor to his debtor advising that the enforcement proceedings will be initiated if the obligation specified in the title is not fulfilled within a given period (not less than ten days but not more than ninety days from the date on which the notice to comply (*atto di precetto*) is served). If delay would be prejudicial, the court may reduce or eliminate this period upon a justified request of the creditor.

Enforcement of an obligation to pay an amount of money is performed in different ways, according to the kind of the debtor's assets the creditor wants to seize. Therefore and mentioning the most important only, the Italian code of civil procedure provides for different rules concerning respectively:

- distraint and forced liquidation of mobile goods in possession of the debtor;
- distraint and forced liquidation of debtor's receivables or mobile goods in possession of third parties; and
- distraint and forced liquidation of real estate properties.

The Italian Code of Civil Procedure provides for some common provisions applicable to any form of enforcement of an obligation to pay an amount of money and specific rules applicable to each form of enforcement.

Distraint and forced liquidation of assets are carried out in the following steps:

- first, the debtor's goods are seized;
- second, other creditors may intervene;
- third, the debtor's assets are liquidated; and
- fourth, the creditor is paid, or the proceeds from the liquidation of the debtor's assets are distributed amongst the creditors.

Seizure of assets is the necessary first step in forcing the liquidation of a property, when it is not already held in pledge.

### **Enforcement proceedings on movable assets in possession of the debtor**

With reference to the seizure and forced liquidation of movable assets in possession of the debtor, seizure begins with the application of the lawyer to the bailiff to proceed at the debtor's house/office or other place and to seize all the debtor's movable assets he will find there. The bailiff may look for the movables assets to seize in the debtor's house or in other places related to him and he is free to evaluate assets found and keep them seized. However, certain items of personal property cannot be seized.

After the seizure, the bailiff writes a record that contains the injunction to the debtor to refrain from any act that would interfere with the liquidation of the seized property and the description of the

movables beings seized. Normally the debtor is named as custodian of the assets since any interference by causing the destruction, deterioration, or removal of seized property is a criminal offence.

After the seizure, the bailiff must deposit the record and the title executed and the notice to comply in the chancery of the execution judge. In this moment the chancellor will open the file of the execution.

After the deposit of the written petition above, the judge fixes the hearing to define the formalities of the sale. At that hearing the parties can pass their proposals about the formalities of the sale. This hearing is also the last possibility for the parties to raise remedies against the enforcement procedure. If there are no oppositions to the procedure or if the parties reach an agreement about the oppositions, the judge fixes the sale. The judge may choose to delegate the sale to a commission agent. In the delegation, the judge fixes the lowest price of the sale and the total amount who must be obtained from the sale. Otherwise the judge may choose to realise the sale by auction.

After the sale, if there is only one secured creditor without others creditors intervened in the execution, the judge will pay the secured creditor's principal debt and the interests and also the costs of the enforcement proceedings with the sale's proceeds. If there are more than one secured creditor or if there are intervened creditors, they may prepare a project of distribution and propose it to the judge. If the judge is agrees, he provides consequently to the distribution. If there is no agreement between the creditors the judge provides to the distribution on the basis of the ranking of the creditors.

In addition to securing the creditor's rights, seizure serves the purpose of identifying the property to be liquidated. When movables in the possession of the debtor are seized, the bailiff must draw up a protocol describing the seized assets and indicating their value. When real estates are seized, distraint is recorded in the land registry, and the value should be set by a special technician appointed by the judge.

The seized assets are entrusted to a custodian. Although the debtor himself may be appointed custodian, he normally may neither use seized property nor keep rents, profits, interest, and similar revenues. Seizure also covers rents, profits, interest, and other revenues of the seized property.

The debtor may avoid the seizure by paying the amount due to the bailiff for delivery to the creditor. Such payment does not constitute recognition of the debt and the debtor is not precluded from bringing an action for restitution of the amount, should he prove that the enforcement procedure was wrongfully instituted.

If the value of seized property exceeds the amount of the debt and costs, the judge, after hearing the creditor and any creditors who have intervened, may order that part of the properties are released.

The creditor may select the property that is to be liquidated. He may select various types of property and may bring proceedings in more than one district. However, if he selects more properties than necessary to satisfy his right, the debtor may apply to have this selection restricted. The creditor who requested the seizure must apply for the sale by auction of the seized assets within a deadline of ninety days, otherwise the seizure lapses.

Normally, the debtor's distrainted property is sold (*vendita forzata*). Sometimes, however, property may be assigned to the creditors in lieu of sale (*assegnazione forzata*). Seized property may be sold or assigned solely on the motion of the creditor who started the enforcement proceeding or of one of the intervening creditors who possesses an authority to execute. Unless the property is perishable, a motion to sell or assign it may not be made until at least ten days after distraint, but within 45 days.

The creditor who applies for the sale has the duty to anticipate court expenses and the sale fees.

Seized movable property may be sold through acquiring sealed bids (*vendita senza incanto*) or auction (*vendita con incanto*). Seized property may as well be offered for sale in several lots. Once the required amount has been obtained, the sale is discontinued.

Seized property may also be assigned to the creditors instead of being sold. Property may be assigned to discharge the debtor's obligation to the assignees up to the value of the assigned property. If the property is worth more than the amount of the debt, the assignees must pay the balance.

Unless the debtor's assets are assigned to the creditors in satisfaction of their claims, the proceeds of the liquidation must be distributed. The proceeds include:

- (a) money received upon the sale or assignment of the debtor's assets;
- (b) rents, profits, interest, and other revenues accruing from the debtor's assets during the period of distraint; and
- (c) penalties or damages paid to the Court by the defaulting purchasers or assignees.

Distribution of the proceeds is made according to the following steps:

- costs and expenses of the proceeding are paid first;
- preferred creditors are paid in the order of their degree of priority;
- unsecured creditors who commenced or intervened into the proceeding in due time are paid: they share equally, in proportion to the amount of their claims, if there are insufficient funds to satisfy them;
- creditors who intervened after the hearing set for the authorisation of the liquidation of assets: they share the balance in proportion to their claims; and
- any surplus is returned to the debtor.

If there is any dispute concerning the distribution of proceeds, the judge hears the parties and he will decide. In this case distribution of the proceeds is suspended except to the extent to which it can be effected without prejudicing the rights of the claimants.

### **Subrogation**

Legislative Decree 141 has introduced in the Banking Act article 120-*quater*, which provides for certain measures for the protection of consumers' rights and the promotion of the competition in, *inter alia*, the Italian loan market. Legislative Decree 141 repealed article 8 (except for paragraphs 4-*bis*, 4-*ter* and 4-*quater*) of the Bersani Decree, replicating though, with some additions, such repealed provisions. The purpose of article 120-*quater* of the Banking Act is to facilitate the exercise by the borrowers of their right of subrogation of a new bank into the rights of their creditors in accordance with article 1202 (*surrogazione per volontà del debitore*) of the Italian civil code (the "**Subrogation**"), providing in particular that, in case of a loan, overdraft facility or any other financing granted by a bank, the relevant borrower can exercise the Subrogation, even if the borrower's debt towards the lending bank is not due and payable or a term for repayment has been agreed for the benefit of the creditor. If the Subrogation is exercised by the borrower, a new lender will succeed to the former lender also as beneficiary of all existing ancillary security interests and guarantees. Any provision of the relevant agreement which may prevent the borrower from exercising such Subrogation or render the exercise of such right more cumbersome for the borrower is void. The borrower shall not bear any notarial or administrative cost connected

to the Subrogation.

Furthermore, paragraph 7 of article 120-*quater* of the Banking Act provides that, in case the Subrogation is not perfected within 30 working days from the date on which the original lender has been requested to cooperate for the conclusion of the Subrogation, the original lender shall indemnify the borrower for an amount equal to 1% of the loan or facility granted, for each month or fraction of month of delay. The original lender has the right to ask for indemnification from the subrogating lender, in case the latter is to be held liable for the delay in the conclusion of the Subrogation.

### **Accounting treatment of the Claims**

Pursuant to Bank of Italy's regulations of 29 March 2000 ("*Schemi di bilancio delle società di cartolarizzazione dei crediti*"), and on 14 February 2006 ("*istruzioni per la redazione dei bilanci degli intermediari finanziari iscritti nell'elenco speciale, degli IMEL delle SGR e delle SIM*") the accounting information relating to the securitisation of the Claims will be contained in the Issuer's *nota integrativa*, which, together with the balance sheet and the profit and loss statements form part of the financial statements of Italian companies.

### **Salary assignments Loans**

The Salary Assignments are regulated by (i) the general provisions of the Italian civil code; and (ii) special legislation. The provisions of Article 1260 of the Italian civil code state that creditors may transfer, whether for consideration or without, any claims they might have (except for those claims that are of a strictly personal nature or are not permitted by law), even without the consent of the assigned debtor. The assignment becomes enforceable vis-à-vis the assigned debtor at the moment it is accepted by the assigned debtor or it has been notified to him through a notice bearing an indisputable date. The same requirement is provided for by Presidential Decree No. 180 of 5 January 1950 (the "**Salary Assignment Act**").

#### *Special Legislation Provisions*

Pursuant to the Salary Assignment Act, employees of the State and of other public entities and administrations may be granted loans which are to be repaid through assignment of up to one fifth of their future net monthly salaries or pensions and for a term of not more than 10 years.

The Salary Assignment Act provides for a number of requirements to be met in order for the employees to be granted a loan assisted by a Salary Assignment.

Loans assisted by a Salary Assignment can be only granted by any of the subjects listed under Article 15 of the Salary Assignment Act, such subjects being (i) the credit and provident institutions (*istituti di credito e di previdenza*) set up between employees and wage earners of public entities, (ii) the National Insurance Institution (Istituto Nazionale delle Assicurazioni), (iii) the insurance companies legally operating (*le società di assicurazione legalmente esercenti*), (iv) the institutions and the companies exercising lending activity, but excluding those incorporated as general partnership (*in nome collettivo*) and limited partnership (*in accomandita semplice*), (v) the savings bank (*casse di risparmio*) and (vi) the pawn agencies (*monti di credito su pegno*).

Among the requirements under the Salary Assignment Act, it is provided that the risks relating to:

- (a) death of the debtor;
- (b) termination of the employment contract for whatever reason, where there is no right to receive pension, indemnities or other contributions or where such rights are insufficient to repay the personal loans; and
- (c) reduction of the salary payment,

shall be alternatively guaranteed by:

- (i) the Istituto Nazionale di Previdenza Sociale (“**INPS**”); or
- (ii) insurance companies.

In the event of termination of the employment for whatever reason, the Salary Assignment extends to the rights to receive pension payments or other forms of indemnities.

### **Delegation of Payment Loans**

An increasingly common type of financing in the Republic of Italy is represented by the granting of personal loans to individuals, repayable by way of Delegation of Payment (*Delegazione di Pagamento*).

Under such Delegations of Payment, the employer of the relevant debtor is obliged, by virtue of law and of contract, to retain a part of the employee’s salary and to send it directly to the lending institution.

The Delegations of Payment are regulated by general provisions of the Italian civil code, by the Salary Assignment Act and, with reference to loans repayable by way of Delegations of Payment granted to Debtors who are public employees, by the provisions set under Circulars of the Minister of Treasury No. 46 of 8 August 1995 and No. 63 of 16 October 1996 (collectively, the “**Circulars**”).

#### *Italian Civil Code Provisions*

Article 1269 of the Italian civil code provides that a debtor (*delegante*) may delegate another party (*delegato*) to perform payments on his behalf to the relevant creditor (*delegatario*).

A contract whereby one party binds itself to accomplish one or more legal transactions for the account of another, such as a delegation of payment, is defined as a mandate under Article 1703 of the Italian civil code.

Furthermore, pursuant to Article 1723, second paragraph, of the Italian civil code, if a mandate is granted also in the interest of a third party, such mandate is irrevocable. Accordingly, the Employer which has accepted the Delegations of Payment, in the form of a mandate to make payments on behalf of the Debtor, also in the interest of the lender, would be obliged thereunder to make payments to the lender until the payment obligations of the debtor are fulfilled and the mandate is therefore extinguished.

### **Provisions set under the Circulars**

Pursuant to the Circulars, employees of the State and of other public entities and administrations (the “**Public Employees**”) may be granted loans which are to be repaid through Delegations of Payment, subject to the same limits applicable in the case of Salary Assignments.

According to the Circulars, delegations of payment in connection with loans granted to Public Employees can be issued only subject to, inter alia, the lending institution to which the payments are made (*the delegatario*):

- (i) being any of the subjects listed under Article 15 of the Salary Assignment Act, and
- (ii) having entered in advance a specific agreement (*Convenzione*) with the relevant public entity setting out the costs to be borne by the public entity, such costs to be equal to the costs of the human and informatic resources to be used.

## TAXATION

*The statements herein regarding taxation are based on the laws in force in Italy as of the date of this Prospectus and are subject to any changes in law occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. The following overview does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations which may be relevant to a decision to subscribe for, purchase, own or dispose of the Notes and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or commodities) may be subject to special rules. Prospective purchasers of the Notes are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the overall tax consequences of their ownership of the Notes.*

### Tax treatment of Notes

Legislative Decree No. 239 of 1 April 1996, as subsequently amended (“**Decree 239**”), provides for the applicable regime with respect to the tax treatment of interest, premium and other income (including the difference between the redemption amount and the issue price) from Notes falling within the category of bonds (*obbligazioni*) or debentures similar to bonds (*titoli similari alle obbligazioni*), issued, *inter alia*, by Italian companies incorporated pursuant to the Securitisation Law.

### Italian resident Noteholders

Where an Italian resident Noteholder is (a) an individual not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected; (b) a non-commercial partnership; (c) a non-commercial private or public institution; or (d) an investor exempt from Italian corporate income taxation (unless the Noteholders under (a), (b) or (c) above opted for the application of the *risparmio gestito regime* – see under “Capital gains tax” below), interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes, are subject to a final withholding tax, referred to as “*imposta sostitutiva*”, levied at the rate of 26 per cent. In the event that the Noteholders described under (a) and (c) above are engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected, the *imposta sostitutiva* applies as a “tax on account”.

Subject to certain limitations and requirements (including a minimum holding period), Italian resident individuals not acting in connection with an entrepreneurial activity or social security entities pursuant to Legislative Decree No. 509 of 30 June 1994 and Legislative Decree No. 103 of 10 February 1996 may be exempt from any income taxation, including the *imposta sostitutiva*, on interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes if the Notes are included in a long term individual savings account (*piano individuale di risparmio a lungo termine*) that meets the requirements set forth in Article 1 (88-114) of Law No. 232 of 11 December 2016 (the “**Budget Law 2017**”) and in Article 1(211-215) of Law No. 145 of 30 December 2018 (the “**Budget Law 2019**”).

Where an Italian resident Noteholder is a company or similar commercial entity, or a permanent establishment in Italy of a non-Italian resident company to which the Notes are effectively connected, and the Notes are deposited with an authorised intermediary, interest, premium and other income from the Notes are not subject to *imposta sostitutiva*, but must be included in the relevant Noteholder’s income tax return and are therefore subject to general Italian corporate taxation (and, in certain circumstances, depending on the “status” of the Noteholder, also to the regional tax on productive activities (“**IRAP**”)).

Under the current regime provided by Law Decree No. 351 of 25 September 2001, converted into law with amendments by Law No. 410 of 23 November 2001 (“**Decree 351**”), Law Decree No. 78 of 31 May 2010, converted into Law n. 122 of 30 July 2010 and Legislative Decree No. 44 of 4 March 2014, all as amended payments of interest, premiums or other proceeds in respect of the Notes deposited with an authorised intermediary made to Italian resident real estate investment funds established pursuant to Article 37 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998, as amended and supplemented, and Article 14-bis of Law No. 86 of 25 January 1994 or Italian real

estate SICAFs (“**Real Estate SICAFs**”), are subject neither to *imposta sostitutiva* nor to any other income tax in the hands of a real estate investment fund or the Real Estate SICAF.

If the investor is an Italian resident open-ended or closed-ended investment fund, a SICAF (an investment company with fixed capital) or a SICAV (an investment company with variable capital) established in Italy (together the “**Fund**”) and either (i) the Fund or (ii) its manager is subject to the supervision of a regulatory authority, and the relevant Notes are deposited with an authorised intermediary, interest, premium and other income accrued during the holding period on such Notes will neither be subject to *imposta sostitutiva* nor to any other income tax in the hands of the Fund. A withholding tax at a rate of 26 per cent. will apply, in certain circumstances, to distributions made by the Fund in favour of unitholders or shareholders (the “**Collective Investment Fund Tax**”).

Where an Italian resident Noteholder is a pension fund (subject to the regime provided for by Article 17 of the Legislative Decree No. 252 of 5 December 2005) and the Notes are deposited with an authorised intermediary, interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes and accrued during the holding period will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva*, but must be included in the result of the relevant portfolio accrued at the end of the tax period, to be subject to a 20 per cent. substitute tax. Subject to certain conditions (including minimum holding period requirement) and limitations, interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes may be excluded from the taxable base of the 20 per cent. substitute tax if the Notes are included in a long-term savings account (*piano di risparmio a lungo termine*) that meets the requirements set forth in Article 1 (88-98) of Budget Law 2017 and in Article 1(211-215) of Budget Law 2019.

Pursuant to Decree 239, *imposta sostitutiva* is applied by banks, SIMs, fiduciary companies, SGRs, stockbrokers and other entities identified by a decree of the Ministry of Finance (each an “**Intermediary**”).

An Intermediary must (a) be resident in Italy or be a permanent establishment in Italy of a non-Italian resident financial intermediary and (b) intervene, in any way, in the collection of interest or in the transfer of the Notes. For the purpose of the application of the *imposta sostitutiva*, a transfer of Notes includes any assignment or other act, either with or without consideration, which results in a change of the ownership of the relevant Notes or in a change of the Intermediary with which the Notes are deposited.

Where the Notes are not deposited with an Intermediary, the *imposta sostitutiva* is applied and withheld by the intermediary paying interest to a Noteholder (or by the Issuer should the interest be paid directly by this latter).

### **Non-Italian resident Noteholders**

Where the Noteholder is a non-Italian resident without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Notes are connected, an exemption from the *imposta sostitutiva* applies provided that the non-Italian resident beneficial owner is either (a) resident, for tax purposes, in a country which allows for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy as listed in the Italian Ministerial Decree of 4 September 1996, as amended by Ministerial Decree of 23 March 2017 and possibly further amended by future decrees issued pursuant to Article 11(4)(c) of Decree 239 (as amended by Legislative Decree No. 147 of 14 September 2015) (the “**White List**”); or (b) an international body or entity set up in accordance with international agreements which have entered into force in Italy; or (c) a Central Bank or an entity which manages, *inter alia*, the official reserves of a foreign State; or (d) an institutional investor incorporated in a country included in the White List, even if it does not possess the status of taxpayer in its own country.

In order to ensure gross payment, non-Italian resident Noteholders must be the beneficial owners of the payments of interest, premium or other income and (a) deposit, directly or indirectly, the Notes with a resident bank or SIM or a permanent establishment in Italy of a non-Italian resident bank or SIM or with a non-Italian resident entity or company participating in a centralised securities management system which is in contact, via computer, with the Ministry of Economy

and Finance and (b) file with the relevant depository, prior to or concurrently with the deposit of the Notes, a statement of the relevant Noteholder, which remains valid until withdrawn or revoked, in which the Noteholder declares to be eligible to benefit from the applicable exemption from *imposta sostitutiva*. Such statement, which is not requested for international bodies or entities set up in accordance with international agreements which have entered into force in Italy nor in case of foreign Central Banks or entities which manage, *inter alia*, the official reserves of a foreign State, must comply with the requirements set forth by Ministerial Decree of 12 December 2001, as subsequently amended.

The *imposta sostitutiva* will be applicable at the rate of 26 per cent. (or at the reduced rate provided for by the applicable double tax treaty, if any) to interest, premium and other income paid to Noteholders who are resident, for tax purposes, in countries which do not allow for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy or who do not comply with the above mentioned provisions.

### **Capital gains tax**

Any gain obtained from the sale or redemption of the Notes would be treated as part of the taxable income (and, in certain circumstances, depending on the “status” of the Noteholder, also as part of the net value of the production for IRAP purposes) if realised by an Italian company or a similar commercial entity (including the Italian permanent establishment of foreign entities to which the Notes are connected) or Italian resident individuals engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected.

Where an Italian resident Noteholder is (i) an individual holding the Notes not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity, (ii) a non-commercial partnership, (iii) a non-commercial private or public institution, any capital gain realised by such Noteholder from the sale or redemption of the Notes would be subject to an *imposta sostitutiva*, levied at the current rate of 26 per cent. Noteholders may set off losses with gains.

Subject to certain limitations and requirements (including a minimum holding period), Italian resident individuals not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity or social security entities pursuant to Legislative Decree No. 509 of 30 June 1994 and Legislative Decree No. 103 of 10 February 1996 may be exempt from Italian capital gain taxes, including the *imposta sostitutiva*, on capital gains realised upon sale or redemption of the Notes, if the Notes are included in a long term individual savings account (*piano individuale di risparmio a lungo termine*) that meets the requirements set forth in Article 1(88-114) of Budget Law 2017 and in Article 1(211-215) of Budget Law 2019.

In respect of the application of *imposta sostitutiva*, taxpayers may opt for one of the three regimes described below.

Under the tax declaration regime (*regime della dichiarazione*), which is the default regime for Italian resident individuals not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected, the *imposta sostitutiva* on capital gains will be chargeable, on a cumulative basis, on all capital gains, net of any incurred capital loss, realised by the Italian resident individual Noteholder holding the Notes not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity pursuant to all sales or redemptions of the Notes carried out during any given tax year. Italian resident individuals holding the Notes not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity must indicate the overall capital gains realised in any tax year, net of any relevant incurred capital loss, in the annual tax return and pay *imposta sostitutiva* on such gains together with any balance income tax due for such year. Capital losses in excess of capital gains may be carried forward against capital gains realised in any of the four succeeding tax years.

As an alternative to the tax declaration regime, Italian resident individual Noteholders holding the Notes not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity may elect to pay the *imposta sostitutiva* separately on capital gains realised on each sale or redemption of the Notes (the *risparmio amministrato* regime). Such separate taxation of capital gains is allowed subject to (a) the Notes

being deposited with Italian banks, SIMs or certain authorised financial intermediaries (including permanent establishments in Italy of non-Italian resident intermediaries) and (b) an express election for the *risparmio amministrato* regime being timely made in writing by the relevant Noteholder. The depository is responsible for accounting for *imposta sostitutiva* in respect of capital gains realised on each sale or redemption of the Notes (as well as in respect of capital gains realised upon the revocation of its mandate), net of any incurred capital loss, and is required to pay the relevant amount to the Italian tax authorities on behalf of the taxpayer, deducting a corresponding amount from the proceeds to be credited to the Noteholder or using funds provided by the Noteholder for this purpose. Under the *risparmio amministrato* regime, where a sale or redemption of the Notes results in a capital loss, such loss may be deducted from capital gains subsequently realised, within the same securities management, in the same tax year or in the following tax years up to the fourth. Under the *risparmio amministrato* regime, the Noteholder is not required to declare the capital gains in the annual tax return.

Any capital gains realised by Italian resident individuals holding the Notes not in connection with an entrepreneurial activity who have entrusted the management of their financial assets, including the Notes, to an authorised intermediary and have opted for the so-called “*risparmio gestito*” regime will be included in the computation of the annual increase in value of the managed assets accrued, even if not realised, at year end, subject to a 26 per cent. substitute tax, to be paid by the managing authorised intermediary. Under the *risparmio gestito* regime, any depreciation of the managed assets accrued at year end may be carried forward against increase in value of the managed assets accrued in any of the four succeeding tax years. Under the *risparmio gestito* regime, the Noteholder is not required to declare the capital gains realised in the annual tax return.

Any capital gains realised by a Noteholder who is an Italian real estate fund to which the provisions of Decree 351, Law Decree No. 78 of 31 May 2010, converted into Law n. 122 of 30 July 2010 and Legislative Decree No. 44 of 4 March 2014, all as amended, apply or a Real Estate SICAF will be subject neither to *imposta sostitutiva* nor to any other income tax at the level of the real estate investment fund or the Real Estate SICAF, but subsequent distributions made in favour of unitholders or shareholders will be subject, in certain circumstances, to a withholding tax of 26 per cent.

Any capital gains realised by a Noteholder which is a Fund will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva*, but will be included in the result of the relevant portfolio. Such result will not be taxed with the Fund, but subsequent distributions in favour of unitholders or shareholders may be subject to the Collective Investment Fund Tax.

Any capital gains realised by a Noteholder who is an Italian pension fund (subject to the regime provided for by Article 17 of Legislative Decree No. 252 of 5 December 2005) will be included in the result of the relevant portfolio accrued at the end of the tax period, to be subject to the 20 per cent. substitute tax. Subject to certain conditions (including minimum holding period requirement) and limitations, interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes may be excluded from the taxable base of the 20 per cent. substitute tax if the Notes are included in a long-term savings account (*piano di risparmio a lungo termine*) that meets the requirements set forth in Article 1 (88-98) of Budget Law 2017 and in Article 1(211-215) of Budget Law 2019.

Capital gains realised by non-Italian resident Noteholders, not having a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Notes are connected, from the sale or redemption of Notes traded on regulated markets are neither subject to the *imposta sostitutiva* nor to any other Italian income tax.

Capital gains realised by non-Italian resident Noteholders, not having a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Notes are connected, from the sale or redemption of Notes not traded on regulated markets are not subject to the *imposta sostitutiva*, provided that the effective beneficiary: (a) is resident in a country included in the White List; or (b) is an international entity or body set up in accordance with international agreements which have entered into force in Italy; or (c) is a Central Bank or an entity which manages, *inter alia*, the official reserves of a foreign State; or (d) is an institutional investor which is incorporated in a country included in the White

List, even if it does not possess the status of taxpayer in its own country, and a proper documentation is filed.

If the conditions above are not met, capital gains realised by said non-Italian resident Noteholders from the sale or redemption of Notes not traded on regulated markets are subject to the *imposta sostitutiva* at the current rate of 26 per cent. unless a reduced rate is provided for by an applicable double tax treaty, if any.

In any event, non-Italian resident individuals or entities without a permanent establishment in Italy to which the Notes are connected that may benefit from a double taxation treaty with Italy providing that capital gains realised upon the sale or redemption of Notes are to be taxed only in the country of tax residence of the recipient, will not be subject to *imposta sostitutiva* in Italy on any capital gains realised upon the sale or redemption of Notes.

### **Inheritance and gift taxes**

Pursuant to Law Decree No. 262 of 3 October 2006, converted with amendments into Law No. 286 of 24 November 2006, as subsequently amended, the transfers of any valuable asset (including shares, notes or other securities) as a result of death or donation are taxed as follows:

- (i) transfers in favour of spouses and direct descendants or direct ancestors are subject to an inheritance and gift tax applied at a rate of 4 per cent. on the value of the inheritance or the gift exceeding, for each beneficiary, €1,000,000;
- (ii) transfers in favour of relatives to the fourth degree or relatives-in-law to the third degree are subject to an inheritance and gift tax at a rate of 6 per cent. on the entire value of the inheritance or the gift. Transfers in favour of brothers/sisters are subject to the 6 per cent. inheritance and gift tax on the value of the inheritance or the gift exceeding, for each beneficiary, €100,000; and
- (iii) any other transfer is, in principle, subject to an inheritance and gift tax applied at a rate of 8 per cent. on the entire value of the inheritance or the gift.

If the transfer is made in favour of persons with severe disabilities, the tax is levied at the rate mentioned above in (i), (ii) and (iii) on the value exceeding, for each beneficiary, €1,500,000.

### **Transfer tax**

Contracts relating to the transfer of securities are subject to the following registration tax: (i) public deeds and notarised deeds are subject to fixed registration tax at a rate of €200; (ii) private deeds are subject to registration tax at the same rate of €200 only in the case of use or voluntary registration or enunciazione.

### **Stamp duty**

Pursuant to Article 19(1) of Decree No. 201 of 6 December 2011 ("**Decree 201**"), a proportional stamp duty applies on an annual basis to any periodic reporting communications which may be sent by an Italian based financial intermediary to a Noteholder in respect of any Notes which may be deposited with such financial intermediary to its clients. The stamp duty applies at a rate of 0.2 per cent. (it can be no lower than Euro 34.20. If the client is not an individual, and cannot be higher than Euro 14,000.00) on the market value or - if no market value figure is available - the nominal value or redemption amount of the Notes held.

The communication is deemed to be sent to the customers at least once a year, even for instruments for which it is not mandatory.

Based on the wording of the law and the implementing decree issued by the Italian Ministry of Economy on 24 May 2012, the stamp duty applies to any investor who is a client (as defined in the regulations issued by the Bank of Italy on 20 June 2012) of an entity that exercises in any form a banking, financial or insurance activity within the Italian territory.

### **Wealth Tax on securities deposited abroad**

Pursuant to Article 19(18) of Decree 201, Italian resident individuals holding the Notes outside the Italian territory are required to pay a wealth tax which applies at a rate of 0.2 per cent on the market value of the Notes at the end of the relevant year or - if no market value figure is available - the nominal value or the redemption value of such financial assets held outside the Italian territory. Taxpayers are entitled to an Italian tax credit equivalent to the amount of wealth taxes, if any, paid in the State where the financial assets are held (up to an amount equal to the Italian wealth tax due).

### **Automatic exchange of information**

On 3 June 2003, the EU Council of Economic and Finance Ministers adopted a directive regarding the taxation of savings income ("**EU Savings Directive**" or the "**Directive**"). Under the Directive each Member State was required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident in that other Member State.

On 10 November 2015, the EU Council Directive 2015/2060/EU, under proposal of the European Commission, repealed the EU Savings Directive which is replaced by the EU Council Directive 2011/16/EU, as amended and supplemented from time to time, on administrative cooperation in the field of taxation (the "**DAC**"). This is to prevent overlap between the EU Savings Directive and the new automatic exchange of information regime to be implemented under the DAC. The new regime under the DAC is in accordance with the Global Standard released by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development in July 2014. DAC is generally broader in scope than the EU Saving Directive, although it does not impose withholding taxes.

Italy originally implemented the Directive through Legislative Decree No. 84 of 18 April 2005 ("**Decree 84**"). On 10 November 2015, as mentioned above, the Council of the European Union adopted a Council Directive repealing the EU Savings Directive in order to prevent overlap between the EU Saving Directive and the DAC. The DAC has been implemented through Legislative Decree No. 29 of 4 March 2014, as amended and supplemented from time to time, and with Ministerial Decree of 28 December 2015, as amended and supplemented from time to time, (published in the Official Gazette No. 303 of 31 December 2015). Therefore, Law No. 122 of July 2016 repealed Decree 84 accordingly.

Finally, on 25 May, 2018 the EU Council Directive 2018/822 (the "**DAC 6**") has been adopted. Italy implemented the DAC6 with Decree No. 100 of July 30, 2020. Under the DAC 6 intermediaries which meet certain EU nexus criteria and taxpayers are required to disclose to the relevant Tax Authorities certain cross-border arrangements, which contain one or more of a prescribed list of hallmarks, performed from 25 June 2018 onwards.

### **Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act**

Pursuant to certain provisions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, commonly known as FATCA, a "**foreign financial institution**" (as defined by FATCA) may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes ("**foreign passthru payments**") to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting or related requirements. A number of jurisdictions including the Republic of Italy have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA ("**IGAs**"), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Under the provisions of IGAs as currently in effect, a foreign financial institution in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA from payments that it makes. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to

instruments such as Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as Notes, such withholding would not apply prior to 1 January 2019 and Notes issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are filed with the U.S. Federal Register generally would be grandfathered for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date. Holders should consult their own tax advisers regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in Notes. In the event any withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on the Notes, no person will be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the withholding.

## SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

### Underwriting Agreement

Pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Sole Arranger and the Subscriber, the Issuer has agreed to issue the Notes and the Subscriber has agreed to subscribe for such Notes, subject to the terms and conditions set out thereunder, at the issue price of 100 per cent. of their principal amount on issue.

### Selling restrictions

#### *United States of America*

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of a U.S. person except in accordance with Regulation S or pursuant to any other exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder.

The Subscriber has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not offered or sold the Notes and will not offer or sell any Notes constituting part of its allotment within the United States or to, or for the benefit of, a U.S. person except in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S under the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Subscriber has represented and agreed that neither it, nor its affiliates, nor any persons acting on its or their behalf have engaged or will engage in any directed selling efforts with respect to the Notes, and that it has and they have complied and will comply with the offering restrictions requirements of Regulation S. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

In addition, until the expiration of 40 days after the commencement of the offering, an offer or sale of the Notes within the United States by any dealer, distributor or other person (whether or not participating in this offering) may violate the requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

#### *Republic of Italy*

The offering of the Notes has not been registered with *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa* ("**CONSOB**") (the Italian securities and exchange commission) pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, the Subscriber has represented and agreed, pursuant to the relevant Subscription Agreement, that:

- (a) it has not offered, sold or distributed, and will not offer, sell or distribute, any Notes or any copy of this Prospectus or any other offer document in the Republic of Italy by means of an offer to the public of financial products under the meaning of article 1, paragraph 1, letter t) of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act, unless an exemption applies;

- (b) the Notes shall only be offered, sold or delivered and copies of this Prospectus or of any other offering material relating to the Notes may only be distributed in Italy:
  - (i) to “qualified investors” (*investitori qualificati*), pursuant to article 100 of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act and article 34-ter, paragraph 1, letter (b) of CONSOB Regulation No. 11971 of 14 May 1999, as amended (the “**CONSOB Regulation**”); or
  - (ii) in any other circumstances where an express exemption from compliance with the restrictions on offers to the public applies, as provided under article 100 of the Financial Laws Consolidated Act and article 34-ter of the CONSOB Regulation.

Moreover, and subject to the foregoing, any offer, sale or delivery of the Notes or distribution of copies of the Prospectus or any other document relating to the Notes in the Republic of Italy under paragraphs (i) or (ii) above must be:

- (a) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in the Republic of Italy in accordance with the Financial Laws Consolidated Act, the Banking Act and CONSOB Regulation No. 20307 of 15 February 2018, all as amended;
- (b) in compliance with article 129 of the Banking Act and with the implementing instructions of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time, pursuant to which the Bank of Italy may request post-offering information on the offering or issue of securities in the Republic of Italy; and
- (c) in accordance with any other applicable laws and regulations, including all relevant Italian securities, tax and exchange controls, laws and regulations and any limitations which may be imposed from time to time, *inter alia*, by CONSOB or the Bank of Italy.

Notwithstanding the above, in no event may the Junior Notes be sold or offered for sale (on the Issue Date or at any time thereafter) to individuals (*persone fisiche*), sole entrepreneurs or companies, respectively, resident, operating and incorporated in Italy.

#### *United Kingdom*

The Subscriber has represented and agreed with the Issuer that:

- (a) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended from time to time, the “**FSMA**”) with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom; and
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer.

#### *Spain*

The Subscriber has represented and agreed with the Issuer that it has not offered, sold or distributed, and will not offer, sell or distribute, any Notes in Spain except:

- (a) in accordance with the requirements of the Spanish Securities Market Act 4/2015, of October 23 (*Real Decreto Legislativo 4/2015, de 23 de octubre, por el que se aprueba el texto refundido de la Ley del Mercado de Valores*), as further amended and restated, and Royal Decree 1310/2005, of 4 November, on issues and public offerings of securities (*Real Decreto 1310/2005, de 4 de noviembre, por el que se desarrolla parcialmente la Ley*

24/1988, de 28 de julio, del Mercado de Valores en materia de admisión a negociación de valores en mercados secundarios oficiales, de ofertas públicas de venta o suscripción y del folleto exigible a tales efectos), as amended and restated from time to time, and the decrees and regulations made thereunder, and Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market (repealing Directive 2003/71/EC); and

- (b) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer of securities in Spain within the meaning set out under the Spanish securities laws and regulations.

The Subscriber has further represented and warranted that no application has been made by it to obtain an authorisation from the Spanish Securities and Exchange Commission (“*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*”) for the public offering of the Notes in Spain.

#### *Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors*

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (the “**EEA**”). For these purposes, a “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of:

- (a) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”);
- (b) a customer within the meaning of Directive (UE) 2016/97 (as amended, “**IMD**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
- (c) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the Prospectus Regulation.

Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the “**PRIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIPs Regulation.

#### *European Economic Area*

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area, the Subscriber has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes to the public in that Member State except that it may make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Member State:

- (a) *Qualified investors*: at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) *Fewer than 150 offerees*: at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Regulation), as permitted under the Prospectus Regulation; or
- (c) *Other exempt offers*: at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- (i) the expression an “**offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes in any Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for; and
- (ii) the expression “**Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

*Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors*

The Subscriber has represented and agreed that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (“**UK**”).

For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
  - (i) a retail client as defined in point (8) of article 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020 (“**EUWA**”);
  - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “**FSMA**”) and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
  - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation; and
- (b) the expression an “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes.

The Subscriber has represented and warranted and agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus to the public in the UK except that it may make an offer of such Notes to the public in the UK:

- (A) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- (B) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation); or
- (C) at any time in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the FSMA,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (A) to (C) above shall require the Issuer to publish a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- (i) the expression “**an offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes; and
- (ii) the expression “**UK Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

## REGULATORY DISCLOSURE AND RETENTION UNDERTAKING

*Prospective Noteholders are required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described below and in this Prospectus generally for the purposes of complying with the provisions of article 6 of the EU Securitisation Regulation on risk retention and with the provisions of article 7 of the EU Securitisation Regulation on transparency requirements.*

*Prospective investors should note that there can be no assurance that the information described below or in this Prospectus or to be made available to investors in accordance with article 7 of the EU Securitisation Regulation will be adequate for any prospective institutional investors to comply with their due diligence obligations under the EU Securitisation Regulation or the UK Securitisation Regulation, as applicable. None of the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, the Sole Arranger, the Subscriber or any other party to the Transaction Documents makes any representation that the information described below or in this Prospectus is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes.*

Please refer to paragraph headed “Regulatory initiatives may result in increased regulatory capital requirements and/or decreased liquidity in respect of asset backed securities” of the section entitled “Risk Factors” for further information on the implications of the EU Securitisation Regulation for certain investors in the Notes.

### **The EU Securitisation Regulation**

On 12 December 2017, the European Parliament adopted the EU Securitisation Regulation which applies from 1 January 2019. The EU Securitisation Regulation creates a single set of common rules for European “institutional investors” (as defined in the EU Securitisation Regulation) as regards (i) risk retention, (ii) due diligence, (iii) transparency, and (iv) underwriting criteria for loans to be comprised in securitisation pools. Such common rules replace the existing provisions in CRR, the AIFM Regulation and the Solvency II Regulation and introduce similar rules for UCITS management companies as regulated by the UCITS Directive and institutions for occupational retirement provisions falling within the scope of Directive (EU) 2016/2341 or an investment manager or an authorised entity appointed by an institution for occupational retirement provisions pursuant to article 32 of Directive (EU) 2016/2341.

In relation to retention requirements, article 6 of the EU Securitisation Regulation specifies that the originator, sponsor or original lender of a securitisation shall retain on an ongoing basis a material net economic interest in the securitisation of not less than 5 (five) per cent. choosing among any of the options set out in article 6, paragraph 3 of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

### **Retention undertaking**

Santander Consumer Bank, as Seller, will: (i) retain a material net economic interest of at least 5 (five) per cent. in the Securitisation in accordance with option (d) of article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (ii) not change the manner in which the material net economic interest is held, unless expressly permitted by article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards; (iii) procure that any change to the manner in which such material net economic interest is held in accordance with paragraph (ii) above will be notified to the Computation Agent to be disclosed in the EU Sec Reg Investors Report; and (iv) comply with the disclosure obligations imposed on originators under article 7(1)(e)(iii) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards, subject always to any requirement of law. In addition, the Seller has undertaken that the material net economic interest held by it shall not be split amongst different types of retainers and shall not be subject to any credit-risk mitigation or hedging, in accordance with article 6(3) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

### **UK Securitisation Regulation**

From 1 January 2021, relevant UK-established or UK-regulated persons are subject to the EU Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of the domestic law of the UK as “retained EU law” by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended (the “EUWA”), and as amended by the Securitisation (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (the “**Securitisation EU Exit Regulations**”, and as may be further amended, the “**UK Securitisation Regulation**”). Article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation places certain conditions on investments in a “securitisation” (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation) (the “**UK Due Diligence Requirements**”) by an “institutional investor” (as defined in the UK Securitisation Regulation). The UK Due Diligence Requirements also apply to CRR firms (as defined by Article 4(1)(2A) of the CRR, as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA) and their relevant consolidated affiliates, wherever established or located, of such institutional investors (such affiliates, together with all such institutional investors, “**UK Affected Investors**”). The application of the UK Securitisation Regulation is also subject to the temporary transitional relief being available in certain areas. The UK Securitisation Regulation regime is currently subject to a review, which is likely to result in further changes being introduced in the UK in due course. Therefore, some divergence between EU and UK regimes exists already and the risk of more divergence in the future between EU and UK regimes cannot be ruled out. Neither the Seller nor any other party to the transaction described in this Prospectus will retain or commit to retain a 5 per cent. material net economic interest with respect to the Securitisation in accordance with the UK Securitisation Regulation or makes or intends to make any representation or agreement that it or any other party is undertaking or will undertake to take or refrain from taking any action to facilitate or enable the compliance by UK Affected Investors with the UK Due Diligence Requirements, or to comply with the requirements of any other law or regulation now or hereafter in effect in the UK in relation to risk retention, due diligence and monitoring, credit granting standards or any other conditions with respect to investments in securitisation transactions by UK Affected Investors. Failure by a UK Affected Investor to comply with the UK Due Diligence Requirements with respect to an investment in the Notes offered by this Prospectus may result in regulatory sanctions being imposed by the competent authority of such UK Affected Investor (including the imposition of a higher regulatory capital charges on that investment). Prospective UK Affected Investors are themselves responsible for analysing their own regulatory position, and should consult their own advisers in this respect and should consider (and where appropriate, take independent advice on) the application of the UK Securitisation Regulation or other applicable regulations and the suitability of the Notes for investment. The Sole Arranger is not responsible for any obligation of the Seller or the Issuer for compliance with the requirements (including existing or ongoing reporting requirements) of the EU Securitisation Regulation or any corresponding national measures which may be relevant or the UK Securitisation Regulation.

### **U.S. Risk Retention Rules**

The Seller does not intend to retain at least 5 per cent. of the credit risk of the Issuer for the purposes of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules, but rather intends to rely on an exemption provided for in Section \_\_.20 of the U.S. Risk Retention Rules regarding non-U.S. transactions. Such non-U.S. transactions must meet certain requirements, including that (1) the transaction is not required to be and is not registered under the Securities Act; (2) no more than 10 per cent. of the dollar value (or equivalent amount in the currency in which the securities are issued) of all classes of securities issued in the securitization transaction are sold or transferred to U.S. persons (in each case, as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules) or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in the U.S. Risk Retention Rules and referred to in this Prospectus as Risk Retention U.S. Persons); (3) neither the sponsor nor the issuer is organised under U.S. law or is a branch located in the United States of a non-U.S. entity; and (4) no more than 25 per cent. of the underlying collateral was acquired from a majority-owned affiliate or branch of the sponsor or issuer organised or located in the United States.

### **Investors to assess compliance**

Each prospective investor is required to independently assess and determine the sufficiency of the information described above and in this Prospectus generally for the purposes of complying with each of the provisions described above and any corresponding implementing measure which

may be applicable, and none of the Issuer, nor the Sole Arranger, the Subscriber or any other parties to the Transaction Documents make any representation that the information described above or in this Prospectus is sufficient in all circumstances for such purposes. In addition, each prospective Noteholder should ensure that they comply with the implementing provisions in respect of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

Investors who are uncertain as to the requirements which apply to them in respect of their relevant jurisdiction, should seek guidance from their regulator.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Listing and admission to trading

Application has been made to the CSSF, in its capacity as competent authority under the Luxembourg Act relating to prospectuses for securities, for the approval of this Prospectus for the purposes of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 and relevant implementing measures in Luxembourg. Application has also been made to the Luxembourg Stock Exchange for the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes to be admitted to the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trading on the regulated market “Bourse de Luxembourg”, which is a regulated market for the purposes of the Market in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU. By approving this Prospectus, the CSSF shall give no undertaking as to the economic or financial opportuneness of the transaction or the quality and solvency of the Issuer. Any information in this Prospectus regarding the Junior Notes is not subject to the CSSF’s approval.

### Authorisations

The Issuer has obtained all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in Italy in connection with the issue and performance of the Notes.

The Securitisation and the issue of the Notes have been authorised by the Issuer through the resolutions of the quotaholders’ meetings of the Issuer passed on 2 May 2022.

### Funds available to the Issuer

The principal source of funds available to the Issuer for the payment of interest and the repayment of principal on the Notes will be from the Collections and the Recoveries made in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio.

### Clearing of the Notes

The Senior Notes, the Mezzanine Notes and the Junior Notes have been accepted for clearance through Monte Titoli by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Monte Titoli shall act as depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. The ISINs and the Common Codes for the Senior Notes, the Mezzanine Notes and the Junior Notes are as follows:

<i>Class</i>	<i>ISIN</i>	<i>Common Code</i>
Class A Notes	<b>IT0005495921</b>	<b>248514582</b>
Class B Notes	<b>IT0005495939</b>	<b>248514655</b>
Class Z Notes	<b>IT0005495947</b>	<b>248701722</b>

### No material litigation

Since 12 September 2000, being the date of incorporation of the Issuer, there have been no pending or threatened governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings which may have, or which have had material effects on the Issuer’s financial position or profitability.

### No material adverse change

Since 31 December 2021, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer.

### **No borrowings or indebtedness**

Save as disclosed in this Prospectus in the Section “*The Issuer - Financial information relating to the Issuer as at 31 December 2019, 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021*”, the Issuer has no outstanding loan capital, borrowings, indebtedness or contingent liabilities, nor has the Issuer created any mortgages, charges or given any guarantees.

### **Notes freely transferable**

The Notes shall be freely transferable.

### **No synthetic securitisation**

The Notes are backed only by the Receivables that are purchased by the Issuer and not through the use of credit derivatives or other similar financial instruments.

### **Documents available for inspection**

For as long as any of the Notes remain outstanding and, in any case, for at least 10 (ten) years after the publication of this Prospectus, copies of the following documents are available in physical and electronic form for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office of the Issuer and of the Representative of the Noteholders (and, with respect to the documents under paragraphs (i) to (xiv) (included) below, also at the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of the Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation:

- (i) Master Transfer Agreement, together with any Offer to Sell (which include also, as attachment, the list of the Claims included in each relevant Subsequent Portfolio) and any relevant acceptance executed by the Issuer during the Programme Period;
- (ii) Servicing Agreement;
- (iii) Warranty and Indemnity Agreement;
- (iv) Intercreditor Agreement;
- (v) Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement;
- (vi) Mandate Agreement;
- (vii) Shareholders Agreement;
- (viii) Corporate Services Agreement;
- (ix) Subordinated Loan Agreement;
- (x) Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement;
- (xi) Underwriting Agreement;
- (xii) Master Definitions Agreement;
- (xiii) Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement;
- (xv) By-laws of the Issuer;
- (xvi) Prospectus; and

(xvii) the Documents incorporated by reference in this Prospectus.

Copies of each of the Articles of Association and the By-laws of the Issuer may be also obtained at the following webpages:

1. Issuer's article of association (*Atto Costitutivo*) as of the date hereof that can be obtained at the webpage: <https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2020-02/Atto%20costitutivo%20Golden%20Bar%20English%20version.pdf>; and
2. Issuer's by-laws (*Statuto*) as of the date hereof that can be obtained at the webpage: <https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2020-02/Statuto%20Golden%20Bar%20English%20version.pdf>.

The Prospectus will be also published at the following webpage <https://www.santanderconsumer.it/footer/investor-relations/cartolarizzazioni> and on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange ([www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu)).

The documents listed under paragraphs (i) to (xvi) (included) above constitute all the underlying documents that are essential for understanding the Securitisation and include, but not limited to, each of the documents referred to in point (b) of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation. The Prospectus will also be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange ([www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu)).

#### **Financial statements available**

The Issuer will produce proper accounts (*ordinaria contabilità interna*) and audited financial statements in respect of each financial year. The Issuer's accounting reference date is 31 December in each year. So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, copies of these documents are promptly deposited after their approval at the specified office of the Representative of the Noteholders, where such documents are available for inspection and where copies of such documents may be obtained free of charge in physical and/or electronic form upon request during usual business hours.

The Issuer will produce, and will make available at its registered office, proper accounts (*ordinata contabilità interna*) and audited (to the extent required) financial statements in respect of each financial year (commencing on 1 January and ending on 31 December) but will not produce interim financial statements.

The auditors of the Issuer were Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. with offices at Galleria San Federico, 54, 10121 Turin, Italy. They have audited the Issuer's accounts, without qualification, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Italy for each of the financial years ended on 31 December of each year from 2000 to 2015.

The Issuer and Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. agreed to early terminate the mandate and the Quotaholders' Meeting of the Issuer held on 29 March 2016 resolved to appoint PriceWaterhouseCoopers S.p.A. to audit the financial statements of the Issuer.

#### **Transparency requirements under the EU Securitisation Regulation**

Under the Intercreditor Agreement, the parties thereto have acknowledged that the Seller shall be responsible for compliance with article 7 of the EU Securitisation Regulation.

Each of the Issuer and the Seller has agreed that Santander Consumer Bank is designated as Reporting Entity, pursuant to and for the purposes of article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, in such capacity as Reporting Entity, it has fulfilled before pricing and/or shall fulfil after the Issue Date, as the case may be, the information requirements pursuant to points (a), (b), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation

Regulation by making available the relevant information through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) (or, in respect of post-closing information, any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation).

As to pre-pricing information, the Seller has confirmed that:

- (i) it has made available to the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the potential investors in the Notes, before pricing, (i) through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)), the information under point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) upon request and the information under points (b) and (d) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and (ii) through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes; and
- (ii) as initial sole holder of the Notes, it has been, before pricing, in possession of (i) through the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)), data relating to each Loan (and therefore it has not requested to receive the information under point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation) and the information under points (b) and (d) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and (ii) through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes.

As to post-closing information, the relevant parties to the Intercreditor Agreement have agreed and undertaken that:

- (a) the Servicer shall:
  - (i) prepare the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report setting out information relating to each Loan in respect of the monthly period immediately preceding the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date, in compliance with point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards, and deliver it to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Investors Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such report; and
  - (ii) prepare the EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report and the EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report, in compliance with points (f) and (g) respectively of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and deliver them to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report and the EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Investors Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such reports;
- (b) the Computation Agent shall prepare the EU Sec Reg Investors Report pursuant to point (e) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards (including the information referred to in items

- (i), (ii) and (iii) of such point (e)) and deliver it to the Reporting Entity in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available the EU Sec Reg Investors Report (simultaneously with the EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report) to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation and, upon request, the potential investors in the Notes by no later than the relevant EU Sec Reg Report Date and, in any case, without undue delay following the occurrence of the relevant event triggering the delivery of such report; and
- (c) the Issuer shall deliver to the Reporting Entity (A) a copy of the final Prospectus and the other final Transaction Documents in a timely manner in order for the Reporting Entity to make available such documents to the investors in the Notes by no later than 15 (fifteen) days after the Issue Date, and (B) any other document or information that may be required to be disclosed to the Noteholders, the competent authorities referred to in Article 29 of the EU Securitisation Regulation or, upon request, potential investors in the Notes pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards in a timely manner (to the extent not already provided by other parties),

in each case in accordance with the requirements provided by the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

In addition, pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement the Seller has undertaken to make available to investors in the Notes on an ongoing basis and to potential investors in the Notes upon request, through the website of Bloomberg (being, as at the date of this Prospectus, [www.bloomberg.com](http://www.bloomberg.com)), a cash flow model which represents the amortisation plan of the Senior Notes.

The first EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be available on the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the date of the Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation on or about the EU Sec Reg Report Date immediately succeeding the First Payment Date. The EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be produced monthly and will contain certain information in relation to the Notes and the Aggregate Portfolio, including details of the amounts paid in respect of the Notes, the main global statistical data regarding the Subsequent Portfolios as well as any other information required by the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards and will be updated on a periodic basis, subject to the Computation Agent having timely received details of each amount or item of information set-out in the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement. Unless otherwise defined in this Prospectus, the specific defined terms used in each EU Sec Reg Investors Report will be contained in a glossary annexed to the relevant EU Sec Reg Investors Report.

The Seller has acknowledged that it shall perform such role in consideration of the amounts payable to it under the Transaction Documents and has agreed that it will not be entitled to receive any other compensation in connection therewith.

### **Fees and expenses**

The estimated annual fees and expenses payable by the Issuer in connection with the Securitisation amount to approximately € 40,000 (excluding the Servicing Fee and any VAT, if applicable). The estimated aggregate fees and expenses payable in relation to the listing on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the admission to trading on the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange of the Senior Notes and the Mezzanine Notes amount to approximately € 25,000 (excluding VAT, if applicable).

### **Legal Entity Identifier**

The Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code of the Issuer is 549300GESLGUWWGJRM09.



## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021, respectively, together in each case with the audit report thereon, which have been previously published or are published simultaneously with this Prospectus and which have been filed with the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. Any documents themselves incorporated by reference in the documents incorporated by reference in this Prospectus shall not form part of this Prospectus.

Copies of documents deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Prospectus may be obtained at the following webpages:

1. Issuer's audited annual financial statements, including the auditors' report thereon, notes thereto and the relevant accounting principles in respect of the year ended on 31 December 2020, that can be obtained at the webpage: [https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2021-08/Bilancio%20Golden%20Bar%202020\\_ENG\\_definitivo\\_S.pdf](https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2021-08/Bilancio%20Golden%20Bar%202020_ENG_definitivo_S.pdf); and
2. Issuer's audited annual financial statements, including the auditors' report thereon, notes thereto and the relevant accounting principles in respect of the year ended on 31 December 2021, that can be obtained at the webpage: [https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2022-05/Bilancio%20Golden%20Bar%20SrI%2031.12.2021\\_ENG\\_serchable.pdf](https://www.santanderconsumer.it/sites/default/files/2022-05/Bilancio%20Golden%20Bar%20SrI%2031.12.2021_ENG_serchable.pdf).

Copies of documents deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Prospectus will be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange at [www.bourse.lu](http://www.bourse.lu).

The table below sets out the relevant page references for the financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021, respectively, together in each case with the audit report thereon. The parts of the documents that are not listed in the cross-reference list and therefore are not incorporated by reference, are either not relevant for the investors or covered in another part of the Prospectus.

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Financial statements as at 31 December 2020	Report on operations	1
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For avoidance of doubt, the page references of each of the financial statements as at, respectively, 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021 are those of the relevant pdf document.

## GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**“Acceptance Date”** means, during the Programme Period, means the date falling within the thirteenth Business Day following each Collection Date, *provided that* the first Acceptance Date will be 16 June 2022.

**“Account”** means the Cash Accounts and the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and **“Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Account Bank”** means, collectively, the Reserve Account Bank, the Collection Account Bank and the Expenses Account Bank and **“Account Banks”** means any of them.

**“Account Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by each of the Account Banks, (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Collection Account, the Cash Reserve Account, the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened), the Expenses Account, the Payments Account, the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Account Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

**“Account Report Date”** means the second Business Day of each Collection Period.

**“Accrued and Unpaid Interests”** means:

- (i) in relation to the Initial Portfolio, interests accrued and overdue on the relevant Loans up to the Initial Valuation Date (included) which are unpaid as of such date; and
- (ii) in relation to each Subsequent Portfolio, interests accrued and overdue on the relevant Loans up to the relevant Valuation Date (included) which are unpaid as of such date.

**“Accumulation Date”** means, following the service of a Trigger Notice, the earlier of (i) each date on which the amount of the monies at any time available to the Issuer or to the Representative of the Noteholders for the payments to be made in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall be equal to at least 10% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes and (ii) each day falling 10 Business Days before the day that, but for the service of a Trigger Notice, would have been a Payment Date.

**“Additional Subscription Payments”** means, collectively, each Class A Additional Subscription Payment, Class B Additional Subscription Payment and Class Z Additional Subscription Payment.

**“Additional Subscription Payment Date”** means (i) the date falling in 27 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) each Payment Date falling immediately after the acceptance of an Additional Subscription Payment Request.

**“Additional Subscription Payment Request”** means each request of an Additional Subscription Payment made by the Issuer to the Noteholders during the Programme Period on (i) 16 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) on the date falling within the twelve Business Day following each Collection Date.

**“Agent”** means the Paying Agent, the Computation Agent, the Account Banks and the Listing Agent, collectively and **“Agents”** means any of them.

**“Aggregate Portfolio”** means, on any given date, all the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio and in all the Subsequent Portfolios assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer up to any such date, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Aggregate Portfolio Initial Outstanding Amount”** means, on any given date, the sum of (i) the

Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio as at the Initial Valuation Date; and (ii) the sum of all the Additional Subscription Payments made in respect of the Notes as at the relevant given date (such amount representing the portion of the Outstanding Principal of the Subsequent Portfolios which was funded through such Additional Subscription Payments).

**“Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount”** means, on any given date, the sum of the Outstanding Principal of the Initial Portfolio and of each Subsequent Portfolio, in each case, calculated as at the relevant given date, but excluding the Defaulted Claims as at such date.

**“Aggregate Portfolio Purchase Price”** means, on any given date, the sum of (i) the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio and (ii) the aggregate Purchase Prices of all the Subsequent Portfolios assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Master Transfer Agreement up to any such date.

**“Aggregate Prepayment Exposure”** means, on any given date, an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the Undue Amounts which would arise in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the Subsequent Portfolio offered for sale on the relevant Offer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) should all Debtors prepay the Loans comprised thereunder on such date.

**“Approved Insurance Company”** means AXA France Vie, Axa France Iard, CF Assicurazioni S.p.A., CF Life S.p.A., CF Assicurazioni S.p.A., Net Insurance Life S.p.A, Metlife Europe D.A.C., CNP Vita Assicurazioni S.p.A., CARDIF Assicurazioni S.p.A., ERGO Assicurazioni S.p.A., Cardiff Assurance Vie, SA Elipse Life LTD, Great America International and Net Insurance S.p.A. (or their majority owned subsidiaries), or any other Insurance Company which Moody’s confirms is acceptable to be excluded from the limits set out under clause 4.2 of the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement from time to time, and does not have a negative impact on the Moody’s ratings of the Rated Notes.

**“Arrear Ratio”** means, as at the last day of each Collection Period, the ratio expressed as a percentage between (i) the aggregate Outstanding Principal of all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio which are Arrear Claims as at the last day of the relevant Collection Period and (ii) the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount of all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio as at the first day of such Collection Period, as determined by the Servicer in the Servicer Report.

**“Arrear Claims”** means the Claims which have not yet become Defaulted Claims and which arise from Loans (i) under which there are two or more consecutive or non consecutive Unpaid Instalments, or (ii) under which, following the relevant final maturity date, there are at least two instalments which are Unpaid Instalments, and **“Arrear Claim”** means any of such Arrear Claims.

**“Back-Up Servicer”** means the entity appointed as back-up servicer pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Servicing Agreement.

**“Back-up Servicer Facilitator”** means Santander Consumer Finance S.A. or any other person acting as back-up servicer facilitator pursuant to the Intercreditor Agreement from time to time.

**“Banking Act”** means legislative decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Base Rate”** means the interest rate that shall accrue on the Cash Accounts in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Basic Terms Modification”** has the meaning given to it in the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders.

**“BNYM, London Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon, London branch, a company organised under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America, acting through its

London branch, having its principal place of business at One Canada Square, London E14 5AL, United Kingdom.

**“BNYM, Luxembourg Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, a credit institution organised and existing under the laws of Belgium, with company number 0806.743.159, whose registered office is at 46 Rue Montoyer, B-1000 Brussels, Belgium, acting through its Luxembourg branch located in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg at 2-4 Rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, registered with the RCS under number B 105087.

**“BNYM, Milan Branch”** means The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Milan branch, a bank incorporated under the laws of Belgium, having its registered office at 46 Rue Montoyer, Montoyerstraat 46 - B-1000 Brussels, Belgium, acting through its Milan branch at Via Mike Bongiorno 13, 20124 Milan, Italy, fiscal code and enrolment with the companies’ register of Milan no. 09827740961, enrolled as a “filiale di banca estera” under no. 8070 and with ABI code 3351.4 with the register of banks held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of the Banking Act.

**“Business Day”** means any day on which the Trans-European Automated Real Time Gross Transfer System (TARGET) (or any successor thereto) is open and on which banks are open for business in Luxembourg, Milan, London, Turin and Madrid.

**“Calculation Amount”** means € 1,000 in Principal Amount Outstanding upon issue.

**“Calculation Date”** means the fourth Business Day prior to each Payment Date.

**“Call Option”** means the option provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, according to which the Seller may repurchase from the Issuer (in whole but not in part), at once, all the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio not already collected as of the date of exercise of such option.

**“Cancellation Date”** means the earlier of (i) the date on which the Notes have been redeemed in full, (ii) the Final Maturity Date and (iii) the date on which the Servicer gives notice to the Issuer and the Noteholders that it has determined that there is no reasonable likelihood of there being any further amounts to be realised in respect of the Aggregate Portfolio being available to the Issuer or, if any Noteholder objects such Servicer’s determination for reasonably grounded reasons within 30 days from notice thereof, the date on which such determination in respect thereof is made by an independent third party in accordance with Condition 9.2 (iii).

**“Cash Account”** means each of the Cash Reserve Account, the Collection Account, the Payments Account, the Set-Off Reserve Account (if any) and the Expenses Account, and **“Cash Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement”** means the cash allocation, management and payment agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between, *inter alios*, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Issuer, the Paying Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller and the Servicer, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Cash Reserve”** means the funds standing from time to time to the credit of the Cash Reserve Account (including any Eligible Investments made with such funds) which will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date, so as to fund the payment on each such date of the interests due in respect of the Rated Notes and certain other amounts due under the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Cash Reserve Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Reserve Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution into which the Cash Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment

Agreement.

“**Claims**” has the meaning given to the term “*Crediti*” in the Master Transfer Agreement, which term identifies the debt claims arising from each Portfolio.

“**Class**” shall be a reference to a class of Notes, being the Class A Notes, the Class B Notes, or the Junior Notes and “**Classes**” shall be construed accordingly.

“**Class A Additional Subscription Payment**” means each additional subscription payment which the Class A Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class A Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class A Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class A Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

“**Class A Additional Subscription Payment Formula**” means, on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class A Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class A Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

“**Class A Noteholder**” means any Holder of a Class A Note, and “**Class A Noteholders**” means any of them.

“**Class A Notes**” or “**Senior Notes**” means the € 720,000,000 Class A-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

“**Class A Rate of Interest**” has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

“**Class A Redemption Amount**” means:

- A) on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes; and
  - (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class A Notes,

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class A Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class A Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

- B) on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes; and
  - (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount.

**“Class B Additional Subscription Payment”** means each additional subscription payment which the Class B Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class B Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class B Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class B Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

**“Class B Additional Subscription Payment Formula”** means, on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class B Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class B Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

**“Class B Noteholder”** means the Holder of a Class B Note, and **Class B Noteholders** means any of them.

**“Class B Notes”** or **“Mezzanine Notes”** means the € 40,000,000 Class B-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

**“Class B Rate of Interest”** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

**“Class B Redemption Amount”** means:

- A) on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes; and
  - (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class B Notes,

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class B Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class B Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

- B) on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes; and
  - (ii) the difference between the (a) Purchase Shortfall Amount and (b) the Class A Redemption Amount.

**“Class Z Additional Subscription Payment”** means each additional subscription payment which the Junior Noteholders may accept to make in respect of the Class Z Notes during the Programme Period, in each case, upon request of the Issuer, in their sole discretion and with their unanimous consent, provided that the amount of the relevant Class Z Additional Subscription Payment will be equal to the Class Z Additional Subscription Payment Formula.

**“Class Z Additional Subscription Payment Formula”** means, on any Calculation Date during

the Programme Period, the amount of the relevant Class Z Additional Subscription Payment, equal to the difference between:

- (i) the Outstanding Principal of the Aggregate Portfolio (including the relevant Subsequent Portfolio transferred to the Issuer on the immediately preceding Subsequent Transfer Date but excluding the Defaulted Claims) multiplied by Relevant Percentage for the Class Z Notes; and
- (ii) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes as of the immediately preceding Payment Date.

“**Class Z Notes**” or “**Junior Notes**” means the € 40,000,000 Class Z-2022-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2044.

“**Class Z Redemption Amount**” means:

- A) on any Calculation Date falling during the Programme Period, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes; and
  - (ii) the Purchase Shortfall Amount multiplied by the Relevant Percentage for the Class Z Notes.

*provided that* if on any Calculation Date during the Programme Period the Purchase Shortfall Amount will be lower than Euro 5,000,000, then the Class Z Redemption Amount will be equal to 0 (zero) and no Principal Payments will be made to the Class Z Noteholders on the relevant Payment Date;

- B) on any Calculation Date falling after the Programme Period and prior to the occurrence of a Trigger Event, an amount equal to the lower of:
  - (i) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class Z Notes; and
  - (ii) the difference between the (a) Purchase Shortfall Amount and (b) the aggregate of the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount.

“**Clearstream**” means Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* with registered office at 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg.

“**Collection Account**” means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Collection Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution for the deposit of, *inter alia*, all the Collections and the Recoveries received and recovered by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement.

“**Collection Account Bank**” means Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch or any other person, being an Eligible Institution, acting as collection account bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Collection Date**” means the twenty-seventh calendar day of each month, *provided that* the first Collection Date will be the twenty-seventh calendar day of June 2022.

“**Collection Period**” means (i) prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, each period commencing on (and including) a Collection Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Collection Date up to the redemption in full of the Notes, the first Collection Period commencing on (but excluding) the Initial Valuation Date and ending on (and including) on 27 June 2022; and (ii) following the service of a Trigger Notice, each period commencing on (but excluding) the last day

of the preceding Collection Period and ending on (and including) the immediately following Accumulation Date.

**“Collection Policies”** means the procedures for the management, collection and recovery of the Claims attached to the Servicing Agreement.

**“Collections”** means any monies from time to time paid in respect of the Loans and the related Claims.

**“Commingling Reserve Trigger Event”** means, at any given time, the occurrence of any of the following events: (i) the Servicer’s Owner ceasing to have any the Commingling Required Ratings or any of such ratings has been withdrawn; or (ii) the Servicer’s Owner ceases to own, directly or indirectly, 75% of the share capital of Santander Consumer Bank.

**“Commingling Required Ratings”** means, with respect to the Servicer’s Owner a rating assigned to its long-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “BBB” by DBRS and “Baa2” by Moody’s, or such other rating as acceptable, respectively, to DBRS and Moody’s from time to time.

**“Common Criteria”** means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in each Subsequent Portfolio assigned to the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the relevant Valuation Date or as of such other date provided in the relevant Offer to Sell.

**“Computation Agent”** means BNYM, London Branch or any other person acting as computation agent pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

**“Condition”** means a condition of the Terms and Conditions.

**“CONSOB”** means *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa*.

**“CONSOB Resolution No. 11768”** means CONSOB Resolution No. 11768 of 23 December 1998, as amended by CONSOB Resolutions No. 12497 of 20 April 2000 and No. 13085 of 18 April 2001, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“CONSOB Resolution No. 20307”** means CONSOB Resolution no. 20307 of 15 February 2018, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“COR”** means the long-term rating assigned by DBRS to address the risk of default of particular obligations and/or exposures of certain banks that have a higher probability of being excluded from bail-in and remaining in a continuing bank in the event of the resolution of a troubled bank than other senior unsecured obligations.

**“Corporate Services”** means the services which the Corporate Services Provider will provide to the Issuer pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement.

**“Corporate Services Agreement”** means the corporate services agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Corporate Services Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Corporate Services Provider”** means Bourlot Gilardi Romagnoli e Associati or any other person acting as corporate services provider pursuant to the Corporate Services Agreement from time to time.

**“CQP”** means the assignment of up to one-fifth of the pension made by the relevant Debtors in favour of the Seller pursuant to the Loan Agreements and on the basis of the Salary Assignment

Act.

“**CQS**” means the assignment of up to one-fifth of the salary made by the relevant Debtors in favour of the Seller pursuant to the Loan Agreements and on the basis of the Salary Assignment Act.

“**CRR**” means the Regulation (UE) No. 575/2013 adopted on 27 June 2013 by the European Parliament and the European Council which repealed the CRD relating to exposures to transferred credit risk in the context of securitisation transactions.

“**CRR Amendment Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) no. 2401 of 12 December 2017 amending the CRR.

“**Cumulative Default Ratio**” means, as at the last day of each Collection Period, the ratio expressed as a percentage between (i) the aggregate Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio which have become Defaulted Claims since the Issue Date and (ii) the aggregate of (a) the Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio determined as at the Initial Valuation Date and (b) the Outstanding Principal of all Claims comprised in the Subsequent Portfolios already purchased by the Issuer determined as at the relevant Subsequent Valuation Date.

“**Custodian Bank**” means the Eligible Institution to be appointed as custodian bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

“**Date of Enforceability**” means (a) the date of Publication and Registration; or (b) the date certain at law on which the Issuer has paid in whole or in part the purchase price of the relevant Subsequent Portfolio, where the Seller and the Issuer have opted for applying article 5, paragraph 1, 1-bis and 2 of the Italian Factoring Law, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**DBRS**” means (i) for the purpose of identifying the entity which has assigned the credit rating to the Rated Notes and for the purpose of any notice to be sent under the Transaction Documents, DBRS Ratings GmbH and, in each case, any successor to this rating activity, and (ii) in any other case, any entity of DBRS which is either registered or not under the EU CRA Regulation, as it appears from the last available list published by ESMA on the ESMA website, or any other applicable regulation.

“**DBRS Equivalent Rating**” means the DBRS rating equivalent of any of the below ratings by Fitch, Moody’s or S&P:

<b>DBRS</b>	<b>Moody’s</b>	<b>S&amp;P</b>	<b>Fitch</b>
AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA
AA(high)	Aa1	AA+	AA+
AA	Aa2	AA	AA
AA(low)	Aa3	AA-	AA-
A(high)	A1	A+	A+
A	A2	A	A
A(low)	A3	A-	A-
BBB(high)	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+
BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB
BBB(low)	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-
BB(high)	Ba1	BB+	BB+
BB	Ba2	BB	BB
BB(low)	Ba3	BB-	BB-
B(high)	B1	B+	B+
B	B2	B	B
B(low)	B3	B-	B-
CCC(high)	Caa1	CCC+	CCC+

CCC	Caa2	CCC	CCC
CCC(low)	Caa3	CCC-	CCC-
CC	Ca	CC	CC
C	C	D	D

**“DBRS Minimum Rating”** means: (a) if a long-term senior debt rating by Fitch, a long term senior debt rating by Moody’s and a long-term senior debt rating by S&P in respect of the Eligible Institution are all available at such date, the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of such long-term senior debt rating remaining after disregarding the highest and lowest of such long-term senior debt ratings from such rating agencies (provided that (i) if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below, and (ii) if more than one long-term senior debt rating has the same highest DBRS Equivalent Rating or the same lowest DBRS Equivalent Rating, then in each case one of such long term senior debt ratings shall be so disregarded); (b) if the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraph (a) above, but long-term senior debt ratings by any two of Fitch, Moody’s and S&P are available at such date, the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of the lower of such long-term senior debt ratings (provided that if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below); and (c) if the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraphs (a) and (b) above, but long term senior debt ratings by any one of Fitch, Moody’s and S&P are available at such date, then the DBRS Minimum Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent Rating of such long-term senior debt rating (provided that if such long-term senior debt rating is under credit watch negative, or the equivalent, then the DBRS Equivalent Rating will be considered one notch below). If at any time the DBRS Minimum Rating cannot be determined under paragraphs (a) to (c) above, then a DBRS Minimum Rating of “C” shall apply at such time.

**“Debtors”** means the borrowers of the Loans and the persons who are liable for the payment or repayment of any amounts due under the Loans or who have undertaken the payment obligations of the borrower of the Loan and **“Debtor”** means any of them.

**“Decree 239 Deduction”** means any withholding or deduction for or on account of *imposta sostitutiva* under Decree No. 239.

**“Decree No. 91”** means Italian Law Decree No. 91 of 11 August 2014, converted into law No. 116 of 11 August 2014, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Decree No. 145”** means Law Decree No. 145 of 23 December 2013 converted into law by Law No. 9 of 21 February 2014, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Decree No. 239”** means Italian Legislative Decree No. 239 of 1 April 1996, as amended and supplemented from time to time and any related regulations.

**“Decree No. 350”** means Italian Law Decree No. 350 of 25 September 2001, converted into law with amendments by Law No. 409 of 23 November 2001, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Defaulted Claims”** means the Claims arising from Loans in respect of which (i) there are eight or more consecutive or non consecutive Unpaid Instalments, or (ii) following the relevant final maturity date, there is at least one instalment which is an Unpaid Instalment for eight or more months, or (iii) the relevant Debtor has been subject to acceleration (*decadenza dal beneficio del termine*), or (iv) the relevant Loan Agreement has been terminated or (v) in respect of which a Permanent Claim has occurred, and **“Defaulted Claim”** means any of such Defaulted Claims.

**“Delegation of Payment”** means the delegation of payment under articles 1269 and 1723, second paragraph, of the Italian Civil Code or under the Salary Assignment Act, made by the

Debtors towards the Employers in favour of the Seller, pursuant to the Loan Agreements and **“Delegations of Payment”** means any of them.

**“Delegation of Payment Loan”** means a Loan assisted by Delegation of Payment and **“Delegation of Payment Loans”** means any of them.

**“Documents”** means all documents relating to the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio.

**“Dodd-Frank Act”** means the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act enacted as a United States federal law in 2010, as from time to time amended and supplemented.

**“Eligibility Criteria”** means the Initial Criteria or the Subsequent Criteria, as the case may be.

**“Eligible Account”** means an account opened with an Eligible Institution.

**“Eligible Institution”** means (a) any depository institution organised under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or the United States or (b) any depository institution organized under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or of the United States whose obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party are guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee), in compliance with applicable DBRS and Moody’s criteria, by a depository institution organized under the laws of any state which is a member of the European Union or the United Kingdom or the United States of America, having the following ratings (or such other rating being compliant with S&P and Moody’s published criteria applicable from time to time):

**(A)** with respect to Moody’s:

- (i) “A2” in respect of long term deposit rating; or
- (ii) in the event of a depository institution which does not have a long-term deposit rating by Moody’s, “P-1” in respect of short term debt;

**(B)** with respect to DBRS, a rating at least equal to “A” being:

- (i) in case a public or private rating has been assigned by DBRS, the higher of (I) the rating one notch below the institution’s COR (if assigned), and (II) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating or deposit rating; or
- (ii) in case a long-term COR has not been assigned by DBRS, the higher of the relevant institution’s issue rating, long-term senior unsecured debt rating or deposit rating; or
- (iii) in case a public or private rating has not been assigned by DBRS, a DBRS Minimum Rating.

**“Eligible Investments”** means any Euro denominated senior (unsubordinated) dematerialised debt security, bank account deposit (including, for the avoidance of doubt, time deposit) or other debt instrument with the following characteristics:

**(a)** with respect to DBRS:

- (i) the securities or other debt instruments shall be issued or guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee) by an institution rated at least as follows by DBRS: (1) “BBB” in respect of Senior Long Term Debt and Deposit rating or “R-2 (high)” in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit rating, with regard to investments having a maturity of less than or equal to 30 (thirty) days, or (2) “A (low)” in respect of Senior Long-Term Debt and Deposit rating or “R-

1 (low)" in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit, with regard to investments having a maturity between 31 (thirty-one) and 90 (ninety) days; or

- (ii) the bank account deposits shall be held with an Eligible Institution; or
- (iii) instruments having such other lower rating being compliant with the DBRS's published criteria applicable from time to time; and

(b) with respect to Moody's:

- (i) the securities or other debt instruments shall be issued or guaranteed (on the basis of an unconditional, irrevocable, independent first demand guarantee) by an institution rated at least as follows by Moody's "A3" in respect of Senior Long-Term Debt and Deposit rating or "P-1" in respect of Short-Term Debt and Deposit; or
- (ii) the bank account deposits shall be held with an Eligible Institution; or
- (iii) instruments having such other lower rating being compliant with the Moody's published criteria applicable from time to time,

It remains understood that in the case of clauses (a) and (b) above, such Euro denominated senior (unsubordinated) debt security, bank account deposit (including, for the avoidance of doubt, time deposit) or other debt instrument or repurchase transactions on such debt instruments:

- (1) shall be immediately repayable on demand, disposable without penalty, cost or loss or have a maturity not later than its Eligible Investments Maturity Date;
- (2) shall provide a fixed principal amount at maturity (provided that such amount could be lower than the amount invested only in the case on which the rate of return of the relevant investment is equal or higher than the Base Rate);

provided that,

- (a) in no case such investment above shall be made, in whole or in part, actually or potentially, in (i) tranches of other asset-backed securities; or (ii) credit-linked notes, swaps or other derivatives instruments, or synthetic securities; or (iii) any other instrument not allowed by the European Central Bank monetary policy regulations applicable from time to time for the purpose of qualifying the Senior Notes as eligible collateral;
- (b) in case of downgrade below the rating allowed with respect to DBRS or Moody's, as the case may be, the Issuer shall:
  - (x) in case of Eligible Investments being securities or time deposits, sell the securities or terminate in advance the time deposit, if it could be achieved without a loss, otherwise the relevant security or time deposit shall be allowed to mature; or
  - (y) in case of Eligible Investments being bank deposits, transfer within 30 calendar days the deposits to another account opened in the name of the Issuer with an Eligible Institution;

in any case, if such investments above consisting of repurchase transactions, shall be made only on Euro denominated debt securities or other debt instruments, provided that (i) title to the securities underlying such repurchase transactions (in the period between the execution of the relevant repurchase transactions and their respective maturity) effectively passes to the Issuer and the obligations of the relevant counterparty are not related to the performance of the underlying securities, (ii) such repurchase transactions have a maturity date falling not later than

the next following Eligible Investments Maturity Date and in any case shorter than 60 days, (iii) within 30 calendar days from the date on which the institution ceases to be an Eligible Institution, such investment has to be transferred to another Eligible Institution at no costs for the Issuer, and (iv) such repurchase transactions provide a fixed principal amount at maturity (such amount not being lower than the initially invested amount).

**“Eligible Investments Maturity Date”** means each day falling the fifth Business Day immediately preceding each Payment Date.

**“Eligible Investments Securities Account”** means the securities account which may be established in the name of the Issuer with an Eligible Institution into which the bonds, debentures or other kinds of notes or financial instruments which may be purchased from time to time using monies standing to the credit of the Investment Accounts shall be deposited, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Eligible Investments Securities Account Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Custodian Bank (if appointed), (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Eligible Investments Securities Account (if opened), and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Account Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider and the Computation Agent.

**“Employer”** means the public or private employer or the relevant Debtor or the person which will be responsible for the payments under the Loan Agreements by virtue of the CQS and/or the Delegation of Payment and **“Employers”** means any of them.

**“ESMA”** means European Securities and Markets Authority.

**“EU CRA Regulation”** means Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as subsequently amended.

**“EU Sec Reg Inside Information Report”** means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Transaction Documents, reporting any event triggering the existence of any inside information provided for by letter point (f) of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

**“EU Sec Reg Investors Report”** means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Transaction Documents, setting out information setting out the information set forth in point (e) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards (including the information referred to in items (i), (ii) and (iii) of such point (e)).

**“EU Sec Reg Loan by Loan Report”** means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Transaction Documents, setting out the information relating to each Loan in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period, in compliance with point (a) of the first subparagraph of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

**“EU Sec Reg Report Date”** means each date falling within the 27<sup>th</sup> calendar day falling after any Payment Date, provided that the first EU Sec Reg Report Date will fall within the 27<sup>th</sup> calendar day falling after the First Payment Date.

**“EU Sec Reg Significant Event Report”** means the report named as such to be prepared and delivered, by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, reporting any event provided for by point (g) of article 7(1) of the EU Securitisation Regulation and the applicable Regulatory Technical Standards.

**“EU Securitisation Regulation”** means Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“EU Securitisation Rules”** means, collectively, (i) the EU Securitisation Regulation, (ii) the Regulatory Technical Standards, (iii) the CRR Amendment Regulation, (iv) the Solvency II Amendment Regulation, (v) the LCR Amendment Regulation, and (vi) any other rule or official interpretation implementing and/or supplementing the same.

**“EURIBOR”** means an interest rate set for the drawing of financial funds in Euro for a period equal to the relevant interest period two Business Days prior to the first day of the relevant interest period appearing on the Reuters screen at about 11:00 a.m. Brussels time, page “EURIBOR01”, provided that if such rate is less than zero, EURIBOR shall be deemed to be zero. Reuters Screen, page “EURIBOR01” means the displays entitled as page “EURIBOR01” on the money rates monitor of the Reuters agency (Reuters Monitor Money Rate Service) or on any other page which may replace page EURIBOR01 in the service of the said agency for the purposes of display of the interbank interest rates offered on the Eurozone market (Euro-zone Interbank Offered Rates - EURIBOR).

**“Euro”, “€” and “cents”** refer to the single currency introduced in the Member States of the European Community which adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty of Rome of 25 March 1957, as amended by, *inter alia*, the Single European Act 1986, the Treaty of the European Union of 7 February 1992 establishing the European Union and the European Council of Madrid of 16 December 1995.

**“Euroclear”** means Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., with registered office at 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B - 1210 Brussels, as operator of the Euroclear System.

**“European Union Insolvency Regulation”** means Regulation (EU) 2015/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on insolvency proceedings, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“Euro-Zone”** means the region comprised of Member States of the European Union that adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community (signed in Rome on 25 March 1957) as amended by the Treaty on European Union (signed in Maastricht on 7 February 1992).

**“EUWA”** means the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020).

**“Expenses”** means any documented fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid by the Issuer (i) to any third party creditors (other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors) arising in connection with the Securitisation, (ii) in order to preserve the existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing, or to comply with applicable legislation and (iii) in connection with the listing, deposit or ratings of the Notes.

**“Expenses Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Expenses Account Bank for the deposit of the Retention Amount aimed at funding, during each Interest Period, all fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid in order to preserve the corporate existence of the Issuer or to maintain it in good standing or to comply with applicable legislation, in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Expenses Account Bank”** means BNYM, Milan Branch or any other entity, being an Eligible Institution, acting as expenses account bank under the Securitisation from time to time.

“**Extraordinary Resolution**” means a resolution passed at a Meeting of the relevant Noteholders, duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions contained in the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders to resolve on the objects set out therein.

“**FATCA Withholding Tax**” means any withholding or deduction pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the US Internal Revenue Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the US Internal Revenue Code (or any regulations or agreements thereunder or official interpretations thereof) or any intergovernmental agreement between the United States and another jurisdiction facilitating the implementation thereof (or any law implementing such an intergovernmental agreement).

“**Final Maturity Date**” means the Payment Date falling in December 2044.

“**Financial Laws Consolidated Act**” means the Italian Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

“**First Payment Date**” means 25 July 2022.

“**FITD**” means the “*Fondo Interbancario di Tutela dei Depositi*”, having its offices at via del Plebiscito, 102 - Rome and VAT No. 01951041001.

“**FSMA**” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

“**Further Securitisation**” means any further securitisation transaction which may be carried out by the Issuer pursuant to the Securitisation Law and in accordance with Condition 5.2 (*Covenants – Further securitisations and corporate existence*).

“**GDPR**” means Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**Golden Bar**” means Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l., a limited liability company (*società a responsabilità limitata*) incorporated and organised under the laws of the Republic of Italy pursuant to the Securitisation Law, registered with the Companies Register of Turin under No. 13232920150, enrolled with the register of the *società veicolo* held by the Bank of Italy under No. 32474.9, having its registered office at Via Principe Amedeo No. 11, 10123 Turin, Italy.

“**Holder**” means the beneficial owner of a Note.

“**Initial Criteria**” means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in the Initial Portfolio provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the Initial Valuation Date or as of such other date set out in the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Individual Purchase Price**” means the purchase price of the Claims relating to each Loan, purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Initial Execution Date**” means 11 May 2022.

“**Initial Interest Period**” means the first Interest Period, that shall begin on (and include) the Issue Date and end on (but exclude) the First Payment Date.

“**Initial Portfolio**” means the first portfolio of Claims assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer on the Initial Execution Date, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

“**Initial Subscription Payment**” means the initial subscription payment which will be due by the Subscriber in respect of the Notes on the Issue Date, being an aggregate amount equal to € 246,670,982.55, of which:

- (i) € 222,003,884.29 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (ii) € 12,333,549.13 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class B Notes; and
- (iii) € 12,333,549.13 as Initial Subscription Payment in respect of the Class Z Notes.

“**Initial Valuation Date**” means 12.00 a.m. of 5 May 2022.

“**INPS**” means the Istituto Nazionale di Previdenza Sociale.

“**Insolvency Event**” means in respect of any company or corporation that:

- (a) such company or corporation has become subject to any applicable bankruptcy, liquidation, administration, insolvency, composition or reorganisation (including, without limitation, “*fallimento*”, “*liquidazione coatta amministrativa*”, “*concordato preventivo*” and “*amministrazione straordinaria*”, each such expression bearing the meaning ascribed to it by the laws of the Republic of Italy, and including also any equivalent or analogous proceedings under the law of any jurisdiction in which such company or corporation is deemed to carry on business including the seeking of liquidation, winding-up, reorganisation, dissolution, administration) or similar proceedings or the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of such company or corporation are subject to a *pignoramento* or similar procedure having a similar effect (other than in the case of the Issuer, any portfolio of assets purchased by the Issuer for the purposes of further securitisation transactions), unless in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, such proceedings are being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (b) an application for the commencement of any of the proceedings under (a) above is made in respect of or by such company or corporation or such proceedings are otherwise initiated against such company or corporation and, in the opinion of the Representative of the Noteholders, the commencement of such proceedings are not being disputed in good faith with a reasonable prospect of success; or
- (c) such company or corporation takes any action for a re-adjustment or deferment of any of its obligations or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of its creditors (other than, in the case of the Issuer, the Other Issuer Creditors) or is granted by a competent court a moratorium in respect of any of its indebtedness or any guarantee of any indebtedness given by it or applies for suspension of payments; or
- (d) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding-up, liquidation or dissolution in any form of such company or corporation (except a winding-up for the purposes of or pursuant to a solvent amalgamation or reconstruction, the terms of which have been previously approved in writing by the Representative of the Noteholders) or any of the events under Article 2484 of the Italian Civil Code occurs with respect to such company or corporation.

“**Insolvent**” means that the Issuer is, or is deemed for the purposes of any applicable law to be, unable to pay its debts as they fall due or is insolvent.

“**Instalment**” means the scheduled monthly payment falling due from the relevant Debtor under a Loan and which consists of an Interest Component and a Principal Component.

“**Insurance Company**” means the insurance companies which issued the Insurance Policies and “**Insurance Companies**” means any of them.

“**Insurance Policy**” means any insurance policy relating or connected to a Loan Agreement, and

**“Insurance Policies”** means any of them.

**“Intercreditor Agreement”** means the agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Other Issuer Creditors, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Interest Amount”** means:

- (a) in respect of the Notes, the amount of interest accrued during the relevant Interest Period in respect of the relevant Class as determined in accordance with Condition 7 (*Interest*); and/or
- (b) in respect of the Junior Notes, also the Junior Notes Additional Remuneration (if any) accrued on the Junior Notes during the relevant Interest Period, as the context requires.

**“Interest Amount Arrears”** means any portion of the relevant Interest Amount for the Notes of any Class which remains unpaid on any Payment Date.

**“Interest Component”** means the interest component of each Instalment and any other amount which is not a Principal Component.

**“Interest Determination Date”** means, with respect to the Initial Interest Period, the date falling two Business Days prior to the Issue Date and, with respect to each subsequent Interest Period, the date falling two Business Days prior to the Payment Date at the beginning of such Interest Period.

**“Interest Payment Amount”** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.5 (*Interest - Determination of interest of the Notes and Junior Notes Additional Remuneration Interest*).

**“Interest Period”** means each period beginning on (and including) a Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next following Payment Date.

**“Investment Accounts”** means each of the Collection Account and the Cash Reserve Account and the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened).

**“Investment Date”** means any Business Day.

**“Investors Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Computation Agent, (ii) setting out certain information in relation to the Notes and the Aggregate Portfolio, and (iii) to be distributed on or prior to each Investors Report Date.

**“Investors Report Date”** means the Payment Date.

**“IRAP”** means the regional tax on productive activities governed by Legislative Decree n. 446 of 15 December 1997.

**“IRES”** means *imposta sul reddito delle società* governed by Presidential Decree n. 917 of 22 December 1986 and applied on the corporate taxable income.

**“Issue Date”** means 30 May 2022.

**“Issue Price”** means 100 per cent.

**“Issuer”** means Golden Bar.

**“Issuer Available Funds”** means, in respect of any Calculation Date prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate amount of:

- (i) any Collections and Recoveries received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ii) any purchase price received by the Issuer and paid into the Collection Account in respect of the sale of the Claims comprised in the Aggregate Portfolio made in accordance with the Transaction Documents during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (iii) without duplication with items (i) and (ii) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (iv) the balance of the Cash Reserve Account;
- (v) without duplication with item (iv) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Cash Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (vi) the Set-Off Reserve (if any);
- (vii) without duplication with item (vi) above, any proceeds, other than the Revenue Eligible Investments Amount, deriving from the Eligible Investments (if any) made during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date from the Set-Off Reserve Account, following liquidation thereof on the preceding Liquidation Date;
- (viii) without duplication with items (iii), (v) and (vii) above, all amounts of interest (if any) accrued and paid on the Accounts (other than the Expenses Account) during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date;
- (ix) any payments made to the Issuer by any other party to the Transaction Documents and paid into the Accounts during the Collection Period immediately preceding such Calculation Date, including any payments made by the Seller pursuant to the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement and/or the Master Transfer Agreement in respect of indemnities or damages for breach of representations or warranties;
- (x) any Revenue Eligible Investments Amount realised on the preceding Liquidation Date, if any;
- (xi) any other amount standing to the credit of the Collection Account as at the end of the Collection Period immediately preceding the relevant Calculation Date;
- (xii) the amounts actually credited to and/or retained in, on the immediately preceding Payment Date, the Collection Account under item (viii), letter (B) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments, if any;
- (xiii) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Cancellation Date, the balance standing to the credit of the Expenses Account at such date.

**“Issuer’s Expenses”** means any documented fees, costs, expenses and taxes required to be paid (i) to any third party creditors (other than the Noteholders and the Other Issuer Creditors) arising in connection with the Securitisation, (ii) in order to preserve the existence of the Issuer or

to maintain it in good standing, or to comply with applicable legislation and (iii) in connection with the deposit of the Notes, or any notice to be given to the Noteholders or the other parties to the Transaction Documents, or other sums due to such third party creditors under obligations incurred in the course of the Issuer's business.

**"Issuer's Rights"** means the Issuer's right, title and interest in and to the Claims, any rights that the Issuer has acquired under the Transaction Documents and any other rights that the Issuer has acquired against the Seller, any Other Issuer Creditors (including any applicable guarantors or successors) or third parties for the benefit of the Noteholders in connection with this Securitisation.

**"Italian Bankruptcy Law"** means (i) the Italian Royal Decree No. 267 of 16 March 1942 (*Disciplina del fallimento, del concordato preventivo, dell'amministrazione controllata e della liquidazione coatta amministrativa*) and (ii) starting from the date on which will enter into in force, the Legislative Decree No. 14 of 12 January 2019 (*Nuovo codice della crisi di impresa e dell'insolvenza*), each as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"Italian Factoring Law"** means law 21 February 1991, No. 52 as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"Italy"** means the Republic of Italy.

**"Junior Noteholder"** means the Holder of a Junior Note, and **"Junior Noteholders"** means any of them.

**"Junior Notes Additional Remuneration"** means, in relation to the Junior Notes, on each Payment Date:

- (a) prior to the service of a Trigger Notice, the Issuer Available Funds calculated on the immediately preceding Calculation Date minus all payments to be made on such date under items (i) to (xx) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments;
- (b) following the service of a Trigger Notice, zero.

**"Junior Notes Rate of Interest"** has the meaning given to it in Condition 7.3 (*Interest - Rate of Interest of the Notes*).

**"Law No. 383"** means Law No. 383 of 18 October 2001, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**"LCR Amendment Regulation"** means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/1620 of 13 July 2018 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 to supplement Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to liquidity coverage requirement for credit institutions.

**"Liquidation Date"** means the date falling one Business Day before each Calculation Date.

**"Listing Agent"** means BNYM, Luxembourg Branch or any other person acting as listing agent under the Securitisation from time to time.

**"Loans"** means, with respect to (i) the Initial Portfolio, all the Loans which are listed in the relevant annex of the Master Transfer Agreement and (ii) each Subsequent Portfolio, all the Loans which are listed in the annex of relevant Offer to Sell, and **Loan** means any of them.

**"Loan Agreements"** means the loan agreements executed between Santander Consumer Bank and the Debtors, pursuant to which the Loans are advanced and out of which the Claims arise and **"Loan Agreement"** means all any of them.

**“Local Business Day”** means a day (other than Saturday and Sunday) on which the banks to and/or from which the relevant payment is to be made are open for business.

**“Luxembourg Stock Exchange”** means the stock exchange based in Luxembourg City at 35A boulevard Joseph II.

**“Mandate Agreement”** means the mandate agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Master Definitions Agreement”** means the master definitions agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between all the parties to each of the Transaction Documents, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Master Transfer Agreement”** means the Master Transfer Agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date between the Issuer and the Seller, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Meeting”** means a meeting of Noteholders duly convened (whether originally convened or resumed following an adjournment) and held in accordance with the provisions contained in the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

**“Monte Titoli”** means Monte Titoli S.p.A., with registered office at Piazza degli Affari No. 6, 20123 Milan, Italy.

**“Monte Titoli Account Holders”** means any authorised financial intermediary institution entitled to hold accounts on behalf of its customers with Monte Titoli including any depository banks appointed by Euroclear and Clearstream.

**“Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement”** means the agreement entered into between the Issuer and Monte Titoli, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Moody’s”** means Moody’s Italy S.r.l..

**“Most Senior Class of Noteholders”** means the holders of the Most Senior Class of Notes.

**“Most Senior Class of Notes”** means, on any given date, without prejudice to any applicable Priority of Payments:

- (a) the Class A Notes (for so long as there are Class A Notes outstanding); or
- (b) if the Class A Notes are no longer outstanding, the Class B Notes (for so long as there are Class B Notes outstanding); or
- (c) if the Rated Notes are no longer outstanding, the Junior Notes.

**“Noteholders”** means the Holders of the Rated Notes and the Junior Notes, collectively, and **“Noteholder”** means any of them.

**“Notes”** means the Rated Notes and the Junior Notes, collectively, and **“Note”** means any of them.

**“Obligations”** means all of the obligations of the Issuer created by or arising under the Notes and

the Transaction Documents.

**“Offer Date”** means, during the Programme Period, means the date falling within the eleventh Business Day following each Collection Date, *provided that* the first Offer Date will be 16 June 2022.

**“Offer to Sell”** means each offer to sell a Subsequent Portfolio sent to the Issuer by the Seller in accordance with the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Official Gazette”** means the *Gazzetta Ufficiale della Repubblica Italiana*.

**“Organisation of the Noteholders”** means the association of the Noteholders, organised pursuant to the Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders.

**“Other Issuer Creditors”** means, collectively, the Collection Account Bank, the Reserve Account Bank, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Issuer, the Paying Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller, the Servicer, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, the Sole Arranger, the Subordinated Loan Provider, the Subscriber and any other creditor of the Issuer under the Transaction Documents that becomes party to the Intercreditor Agreement and **“Other Issuer Creditor”** means any of them.

**“Other Welfare Entities”** means the public or private institutions and entities, referred to in article 38 of the Italian Constitution, which manage the welfare assistance and social security pursuant to Royal Decree No. 636 of 14 April 1939, as amended from time to time, or any other supplementary allowance.

**“Outstanding Principal”** means, on any given date: (A) with respect to any Claim, the sum of (i) the aggregate of all the Principal Components owing from the relevant Debtor and scheduled to be paid after such date and (ii) the aggregate of all the relevant Principal Components which are past due and unpaid as of such date; and (B) with respect to any Portfolio or the Aggregate Portfolio, the aggregate of the Outstanding Principal as of such date.

**“Paying Agent Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement by the Paying Agent, (ii) setting out, *inter alia*, the Interest Payment Amounts; and (iii) to be delivered no later than the first day of each relevant Interest Period to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Account Banks, the Computation Agent, the Corporate Services Provider, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and Monte Titoli.

**“Paying Agent”** means BNYM, Milan Branch or any other person acting as paying agent pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

**Payment Date** means the twenty-fifth calendar day of each month (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day), *provided that* the First Payment Date will be 25 July 2022.

**“Payments Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account established in the name of the Issuer with the Paying Agent or any other Eligible Institution into which, *inter alia*, the amounts standing to the credit of the Collection Account, the Cash Reserve Account and the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened) shall be transferred so as to be applied to make the payments due by the Issuer on each Payment Date, in accordance with the applicable Priority of Payments and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Payments Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement before the service of a Trigger Notice, (ii) setting out, *inter alia*, the Issuer Available Funds and all the payments to be made on the following Payment Date under the applicable Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments;

and (iii) to be delivered by each Calculation Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Seller, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Paying Agent, the Account Banks, the Sole Arranger and the Rating Agencies.

**“Pension Entity”** means each of the INPS and the Other Welfare Entities and **“Pension Entities”** means any of them.

**“Pension Fund Tax”** means an annual substitutive tax of 11 per cent. on the increase in value of the managed assets accrued at the end of each tax year (which increase would include interest and other proceeds accrued on the Notes) applied to Italian resident pension funds subject to the regime provided by Article 17 of Legislative Decree No. 252 of 5 December 2005.

**“Permanent Claims”** means, in relation to the Debtors, the occurrence of the death or of other events which result in the interruption of the employment of the Debtors (for causes such as the dismissal, the resignation, or the opening of an insolvency proceeding of the Employer which result in any of such effect).

**“Portfolio”** means the Initial Portfolio or each of the Subsequent Portfolios, as the case may be, assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Post-Trigger Issuer Available Funds”** means, in respect of any Calculation Date after the service of a Trigger Notice, the aggregate of the amounts received or recovered by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Representative of the Noteholders in respect of the Claims and the Issuer’s Rights under the Transaction Documents.

**“Post-Trigger Priority of Payments”** means the order of priority in which the Post-Trigger Issuer Available Funds shall be applied following the service of a Trigger Notice in accordance with Condition 6.2 (*Priority of Payments – Post-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

**“Post Trigger Report”** means the report (i) to be prepared by the Computation Agent in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement after the service of a Trigger Notice; (ii) setting out the Issuer Available Funds and the payments and allocations to be made on the next Payment Date, in accordance with the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments; and (iii) to be delivered on or prior to each Calculation Date or upon request of the Representative of the Noteholders to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer, the Corporate Services Provider, the Rating Agencies, the Sole Arranger, the Paying Agent, the Account Banks, and the Representative of the Noteholders.

**“Poste Italiane S.p.A. Group”** means the group of companies which are consolidated in the accounts (*bilancio*) of Poste Italiane S.p.A., as resulting from time to time from the latest approved accounts (*ultimo bilancio approvato*) of Poste Italiane S.p.A.

**“Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments”** means the order of priority in which the Issuer Available Funds shall be applied prior to the service of a Trigger Notice in accordance with Condition 6.1 (*Priority of Payments – Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments*).

**“Prepayment”** means the prepayment of a Loan made by the relevant Debtor pursuant to the contractual provisions of the relevant Loan Agreement and the Banking Act.

**“Previous Notes”** means the notes issued in the context of any Previous Transaction.

**“Previous Securitisation 2016-1”** means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 2 August 2016: (i) the “€ 1,066,000,000 Class A-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (ii) the “€ 32,500,000 Class B-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (iii) the “€ 45,500,000 Class C-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, (iv) the “€ 65,000,000 Class D-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes

due December 2040”, (v) the “€ 90,870,000 Class E-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”, and (vi) the “€ 130,000 Class F-2016-1 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due December 2040”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2018-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 27 April 2018: (i) the “€ 395,700,000 Class A-2018-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due March 2037”, and (ii) the “€ 82,750,000 Class B-2018-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate and Variable Return Notes due March 2037”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2019-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 25 June 2019: (i) the “€ 525,400,000 Class A-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039”, (ii) the “€ 18,000,000 Class B-2019-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due July 2039”, (iii) the “€ 45,100,000 Class C-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due July 2039”, and (iv) the “€ 12,000,000 Class D-2019-1 Asset-Backed Fixed and Variable Return Notes due July 2039”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2020-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 27 February 2020: (i) the “€ 629,000,000 Class A-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044”, (ii) the “€50,000,000 Class B-2020-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2044”, and (iii) the “€ 67,498,000 Class Z-2020-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2044”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2020-2**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 30 July 2020: (i) the “€ 648,750,000 Class A-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042”, (ii) the “€ 50,625,000 Class B-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding Fixed Rate Notes due July 2042”, and (iii) the “€ 50,625,000 Class Z-2020-2 Asset-Backed Variable Funding and Variable Return Notes due July 2042”.

“**Previous Securitisation 2021-1**” means the securitisation transaction whereby the following notes were issued by the Issuer on 30 September 2021: (i) the “€ 451,500,000 Class A-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (ii) the “€ 15,000,000 Class B-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (iii) the “€ 10,000,000 Class C-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (iv) the “€ 7,500,000 Class D-2021-1 Asset-Backed Floating Rate Notes due September 2041”, (v) the “€ 16,000,000 Class E-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041”, (vi) the “€ 5,000,000 Class F-2021-1 Asset-Backed Fixed Rate Notes due September 2041” and (vii) the “€ 100,000 Class Z-2021-1 Asset-Backed Variable Return Notes due September 2041”.

“**Previous Transactions**” means, collectively, the Previous Securitisation 2016-1, the Previous Securitisation 2018-1, the Previous Securitisation 2019-1, the Previous Securitisation 2020-1, the Previous Securitisation 2020-2 and the Previous Securitisation 2021-1.

“**Previous Transaction Documents**” means collectively the documents, deeds and agreements defined as “Transaction Documents” in the prospectus related to the Previous Transactions.

“**PRIPs Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (PRIPs), as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“**Principal Amount Outstanding**” means, on any given date:

- (a) in relation to a Note, the nominal principal amount of such Note following the Initial Subscription Payment, as increased as a result of any Additional Subscription Payment made up to any such given date, less the aggregate amount of all Principal Payments that have been made in respect of that Note up to any such given date; and

- (b) in relation to a Class, the aggregate of the amount in paragraph (a) in respect of all Notes outstanding in such class; and
- (c) in relation to the Notes outstanding at any time, the aggregate of the amounts set out in paragraph (a) in respect of all Notes outstanding, regardless of Class.

**“Principal Factor”** means, at any time and in respect of a Class of Notes, the fraction expressed as a decimal to the sixth point of which the numerator is the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes at such time and the denominator is the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class of Notes upon issue.

**“Principal Component”** means the principal component of each Instalment.

**“Priority of Payments”** means, collectively, the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments and the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Principal Payments”** has the meaning given in Condition 7.5 (*Redemption, purchase and cancellation - Principal Payment on the Notes, Redemption Amounts and Principal Amount Outstanding*).

**“Privacy Law”** means Italian Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30 June 2003 as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“Privacy Rules”** means, collectively, (a) the Privacy Law, (b) the GDPR, (c) the regulation (*provvedimento*) issued by the “*Autorità Garante per la protezione dei Dati Personali*” dated 18 January 2007, and (d) any other legislative act or provision of an administrative or regulatory nature, adopted by the Privacy Authority and/or other competent Authority, in force from time to time.

**“Programme Period”** means the period commencing on the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of:

- (a) the Payment Date falling in May 2024 (excluded); and
- (b) the date on which a Purchase Termination Notice or a Trigger Notice is served on the Issuer.

**“Programme Limit”** means:

- (a) in respect of the Class A Notes € 720,000,000.00;
- (b) in respect of the Class B Notes € 40,000,000.00; and
- (c) in respect of the Junior Notes € 40,000,000.00.

**“Prospectus”** means the prospectus prepared in connection with the issue of the Notes.

**“Prospectus Regulation”** means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

**“Publication and Registration”** means the publication of the notice of assignment in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Italy in respect of the assigned receivables and the registration of the relevant assignment in the Issuer’s Companies Register.

**“Purchase Price”** the purchase price due by the Issuer to the Seller in respect of each Portfolio assigned and transferred pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement.

**“Purchase Price Amount”** means the portion of the Purchase Price of each Subsequent Portfolios purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement to be funded through the Issuer Available Funds in accordance with the Pre-Enforcement Priority of Payments, such portion being equal to the following amounts:

- (a) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded exclusively through the Issuer Available Funds, the full amount of the relevant Purchase Price;
- (b) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded through both the Issuer Available Funds and an Additional Subscription Payment, the portion of the relevant Purchase Price to be paid through the Issuer Available Funds; and
- (c) in case of a Subsequent Portfolio to be funded exclusively through an Additional Subscription Payment, zero.

**“Purchase Shortfall Amount”** means on each Calculation Date, the higher of (i) zero and (ii) the difference between (a) the Replenishment Available Amount as of such date and (b) the Purchase Price of any Subsequent Portfolio purchased under the Master Transfer Agreement payable on such date.

**“Purchase Termination Event”** means any of the events referred to in Condition 15 (*Purchase Termination Events*).

**“Purchase Termination Notice”** means the notice served by the Representative of the Noteholders upon the occurrence of a Purchase Termination Event, in accordance with Condition 15 (*Purchase Termination Events*).

**“Quota Capital Account”** means the Euro denominated account opened by the Issuer with Santander Consumer Bank for the deposit of the Issuer’s quota capital equal to € 10,000.

**“Quotaholders”** means the quotaholders of the Issuer, being Stichting Po River and Stichting Turin, and **“Quotaholder”** means any of them.

**“Rated Insurance Company”** means an Insurance Company to which Moody’s assigns or has assigned a long term credit rating no lower than Baa3.

**“Rated Noteholder”** means the Holder of a Rated Note and **“Rated Noteholders”** means any of them.

**“Rated Notes”** means the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes collectively.

**“Rateo Amounts”** means (i) in relation to the Initial Portfolio, interest accrued on the relevant Loans up to the Initial Valuation Date, but not yet due; and (ii) in relation to each Subsequent Portfolio, interest accrued on the relevant Loans up to the relevant Valuation Date, but not yet due.

**“Rating Agencies”** means DBRS and Moody’s, collectively, and **“Rating Agency”** means any of them.

**“Recoveries”** means all amounts recovered in respect of the Defaulted Claims, including penalties and insurance proceeds.

**“Regulation 13 August 2018”** means the regulation, regarding post-trading systems, issued by the Bank of Italy and the CONSOB on 13 August 2018, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Regulatory Change Event”** means a change which is announced or published on or after Issue Date and, in the reasonable opinion of Santander Consumer Bank acting in good faith and as certified by Santander Consumer Bank to the Issuer and the Representative of the Noteholders:

- (a) is enforced or directed by any relevant competent supra-national or national authority including, without limitation, the European Central Bank, the Bank of Italy, the European Securities and Markets Authority, the European Banking Authority or the International Accounting Standards Board and/or any successor authority to the aforementioned authorities; or
- (b) has come into force or is expected to come into force within eighteen (18) months after its announcement or publication, in:
  - (i) any guidelines promulgated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, including in relation to Basel II and Basel III and any further such accords (the **“Basel Accords”**);
  - (ii) the international, European, Italian or Spanish regulations, rules and directions (the **“Bank Regulations”**) applicable to Santander Consumer Bank (including any change in the Bank Regulations enacted for purposes of implementing a change to the Basel Accords);
  - (iii) the manner in which the Basel Accords or such Bank Regulations are interpreted or applied by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision or by any relevant competent international, supra-national or national authority (including without limitation, the authorities listed in (a) above);
  - (iv) the standards relating to de-recognition and/or consolidation under IFRS applied by Santander Consumer Bank (the **“Accounting Standards”**);
  - (v) the manner in which the Accounting Standards are interpreted or applied by the International Accounting Standards Board; or
  - (vi) any other provision of the legal or regulatory framework which is applicable to the Securitisation,

and, in any of the cases set out in (a) or (b) above, such change will (1) have a material adverse effect on the regulatory leverage and/or regulatory capital requirements applicable to Santander Consumer Bank or (2) materially increase the cost or materially reduce the benefit to Santander Consumer Bank of the Securitisation and/or the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents).

**“Regulatory Technical Standards”** means:

- (i) the regulatory technical standards adopted by EBA or ESMA, as the case may be, pursuant to the EU Securitisation Regulation; or
- (ii) the transitional regulatory technical standards applicable pursuant to article 43 of the EU Securitisation Regulation prior to the entry into force of the regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraph (i) above.

**“Relevant Default Trigger”** means, during the Programme Period:

- (i) 1.5% from the first Collection Date (included) to the third Collection Date (included);
- (ii) 2.5% from the third Collection Date (excluded) to the sixth Collection Date (included);

- (iii) 3.5% from the sixth Collection Date (excluded) to the ninth Collection Date (included);
- (iv) 4.5% from the ninth Collection Date (excluded) to the twelfth Collection Date (included);
- (v) 5.5% from the twelfth Collection Date (excluded) to the fifteenth Collection Date (included);
- (vi) 6.0% from the fifteenth Collection Date (excluded) to the eighteenth Collection Date (included);
- (vii) 6.5% from the eighteenth Collection Date (excluded) to the twenty-first Collection Date (included);
- (viii) 7.0% from the twenty-first Collection Date (excluded) to the twenty-fourth Collection Period (included).

**“Relevant Payment Date”** means any Payment Date falling within the period included between (i) the First Payment Date and (ii) the Payment Date (included) on which the Rated Notes have been redeemed in full.

**“Relevant Percentage”** means:

- (a) in relation to each Class of Notes, the relevant pro rata share of each Additional Subscription Payment or repayment to be made in respect of such Class of Notes, as the case may be, being equal to the following percentages of the relevant Additional Subscription Payment:
  - (i) 90% in respect of the Class A Notes;
  - (ii) 5% in respect of the Class B Notes; and
  - (iii) 5% in respect of the Junior Notes, or
- (b) in relation to each Note, the relevant pro rata share of each Additional Subscription Payment or repayment to be made in respect of such Note, as the case may be, which shall be calculated with reference to the ratio between (A) the Relevant Percentage applicable to the Class of Notes to which such Note relates and (B) the then Principal Amount Outstanding of such Note.

**“Replenishment Available Amount”** means the amount by which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes exceeds the Aggregate Portfolio Outstanding Amount (excluding the Defaulted Claims) as of the relevant Collection Date immediately preceding the relevant Payment Date.

**“Reporting Entity”** means Santander Consumer Bank or any other person acting as reporting entity pursuant to article 7(2) of the EU Securitisation Regulation or any other person acting as such under the Securitisation from time to time.

**“Representative of the Noteholders”** means Zenith Service S.p.A. or any other person acting as representative of the Noteholders.

**“Reserve Account”** means each of the Set-Off Reserve Account (if opened) and the Cash Reserve Account and **“Reserve Accounts”** means any of them.

**“Reserve Account Bank”** means Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch or any other person, being an Eligible Institution, acting as reserve account bank pursuant to the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement from time to time.

**“Reserve Percentage”** means (i) before the occurrence of a Commingling Reserve Trigger Event, 1.7% and (ii) after the occurrence of a Commingling Reserve Trigger Event, 2.5%.

**“Residual Recurring Costs”** means, with reference to any Loan which is subject to a Prepayment, the aggregate amount - proportionally to the residual life of the underlying agreement - of all interests and of all costs included in the aggregate cost of the financing (*costo totale del credito*).

**“Retention Amount”** means an amount equal to € 30,000.

**“Revenue Eligible Investments Amount”** means, as at each Liquidation Date, any interest or other remuneration on the Eligible Investments bought by or for the account of the Issuer other than repayment of principal or repayment of the initial capital invested, as applicable, in respect of each Eligible Investment.

**“Rules of the Organisation of the Noteholders”** means the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders attached as Exhibit 1 to the Terms and Conditions, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Salary Assignment”** means each of the CQP and the CQS and **“Salary Assignments”** means any of them.

**“Salary Assignment Act”** means the Presidential Decree No. 180 of January 1950 and the implementing regulation set out in the Presidential Decree No. 895 of 28 July 1950, as subsequently amended and supplemented from time to time and subsequent measures, and any other law provision enacted in Italy from time to time in relation to salary and pension assignments as collateral for loans.

**“Salary Assignment Loan”** means a Loan assisted by Salary Assignment and Salary Assignment Loans means any of them.

**“Santander Consumer Bank”** means Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A., a bank incorporated as joint stock company (*società per azioni*) organised under the laws of the Republic of Italy, registered with the companies' register of Turin under no. 05634190010, company belonging to the Santander Consumer Bank VAT Group - VAT Number 12357110019 and registered with the register of banks (*albo delle banche*) held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 13 of the Banking Act under no. 5496, parent company of the *“Gruppo Bancario Santander Consumer Bank”*, registered with the register of banking groups held by the Bank of Italy pursuant to article 64 of the Banking Act under no. 3191.4, having its registered office at Corso Massimo d'Azeglio 33/E, 10126 Turin, Italy.

**“Scheduled Instalment Date”** means any date on which an Instalment is due.

**“Securities Act”** means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Securitisation”** means the securitisation of the Claims made by the Issuer through the issuance of the Notes.

**“Securitisation EU Exit Regulations”** means the the Securitisation (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.

**“Securitisation Law”** means Italian Law No. 130 of 30 April 1999, as amended and supplemented from time to time.

**“Securitisation Repository”** means the website of European DataWarehouse (being, as at the

date of this Prospectus, [www.eurodw.eu](http://www.eurodw.eu)) or any other securitisation repository registered pursuant to article 10 of the EU Securitisation Regulation as notified by the Issuer to the investors in the Notes.

**“Security Interest”** means any mortgage, charge pledge, lien, right of set-off, special privilege (*privilegio speciale*), assignment by way of security, retention of title or any other security interest whatsoever or any other agreement or arrangement having the effect of conferring security.

**“Seller”** means Santander Consumer Bank.

**“Seller’s Claims”** means, collectively, the monetary claims that the Seller may have from time to time against the Issuer under the Master Transfer Agreement (other than in respect of the Purchase Price of the Initial Portfolio) and the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, and including, without limitation, the Rateo Amounts and the Accrued and Unpaid Interests.

**“Servicer”** means Santander Consumer Bank or any other person acting as servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement from time to time.

**“Servicer Report”** means the periodic report (i) to be prepared by the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, (ii) setting out information as to, *inter alia*, the Aggregate Portfolio and the Collections in respect of the preceding Collection Period and (iii) to be delivered by each Servicer Report Date to, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Computation Agent, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Rating Agencies and the Collection Account Bank.

**“Servicer Report Delivery Failure Event”** means the event which will have occurred upon the Servicer’s failure to deliver the Servicer Report within 3 (three) Business Days from the relevant Servicer Report Date, *provided that* such event will cease to be outstanding when the Servicer delivers the Servicer Report.

**“Servicer Report Date”** means the date falling within the tenth Business Day following each Collection Date.

**“Servicer Termination Event”** means any termination event of the Servicer as provided for by the Servicing Agreement.

**“Servicer’s Advance”** means all amounts due and payable to the Servicer for the repayment of any loan extended to the Issuer under the Servicing Agreement.

**“Servicer’s Owner”** means the entity owning the entire share capital of Santander Consumer Bank, such entity being, as at the Initial Execution Date, Santander Consumer Finance, S.A.

**“Servicing Agreement”** means the servicing agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date between the Issuer and the Servicer, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Servicing Fee”** means the fee payable by the Issuer to the Servicer, in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

**“Set-Off Required Ratings”** means, with respect to the Servicer’s Owner, all the following ratings:

- (i) a rating assigned to its short-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “P-2” by Moody’s (or such other rating as acceptable to Moody’s from time to time); and
- (ii) a rating assigned to its long-term unsecured, unsubordinated and unguaranteed debt obligations of at least “BBB” by DBRS and “Baa2” by Moody’s, or such other rating as

acceptable, respectively, to DBRS and Moody's from time to time.

**“Set-Off Reserve”** means the funds standing from time to time to the credit of the Set-Off Reserve Account (including any Eligible Investments made with such funds) which will be available to the Issuer on each Payment Date following the occurrence of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, so as to provide limited protection in respect of the risks connected with the Undue Amounts and the risk of exercise of set-off by the Debtors against the Seller.

**“Set-Off Reserve Account”** means the Euro denominated Eligible Account to be established in the name of the Issuer with the Reserves Account Bank or any other Eligible Institution into which the Set-Off Reserve shall be credited, in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement and the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event”** means, at any given time, the occurrence, concurrently, of both the following events: **(A)** the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount is higher than zero; and **(B)** (i) the Servicer's Owner ceases to have any of the Set-Off Required Ratings or any of such ratings has been withdrawn; or (ii) the Servicer's Owner ceases to own, directly or indirectly, at least 75% of the share capital of the Seller.

**“Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event Notice”** means the notice in respect of a Set-Off Reserve Trigger Event, to be delivered promptly following the occurrence of such event, by the Servicer (or, failing that, by the Representative of the Noteholders), to the Issuer in accordance with the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement.

**“Shareholders Agreement”** means the shareholders agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer, the Representative of the Noteholders, the Seller and the Quotaholders, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Sole Arranger”** means Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank, Milan Branch.

**“Solvency II Amendment Regulation”** means the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/981 of 8 March 2019 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/35 supplementing Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II).

**“Southern Italy”** means the territories of the Italian regions of Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Molise, Puglia, Sardinia and Sicily.

**“Stichting Po River”** means Stichting Po River, a Dutch foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands, having its registered office at Locatellikade 1, 1076 AZ, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

**“Stichting Turin”** means Stichting Turin, a Dutch foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands having its registered office at Locatellikade 1, 1076 AZ, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

**“Stichtingen”** means Stichting Po River and Stichting Turin, collectively, and **Quotaholder** means any of them.

**“Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider”** means Wilmington Trust or any other person acting as stichtingen corporate services provider pursuant to the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement from time to time.

**“Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement”** means the stichtingen corporate services agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer, the Quotaholders and the Stichtingen Corporate Services Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the

provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Subordinated Loan”** means the limited recourse loan granted to the Issuer by the Subordinated Loan Provider pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement.

**“Subordinated Loan Agreement”** means the subordinated loan agreement entered into on or about the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Subordinated Loan Provider, as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Subordinated Loan Provider”** means Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as subordinated loan provider pursuant to the Subordinated Loan Agreement and any of its permitted successors and assignees.

**“Subscriber”** means Santander Consumer Bank, in its capacity as subscriber under the Underwriting Agreement and any of its permitted successors and assignees.

**“Subsequent Criteria”** means the objective criteria for the identification of the Claims comprised in the Subsequent Portfolios provided for by the Master Transfer Agreement, being the Common Criteria, and/or the Specific Criteria and, to be satisfied by such Claims as of the relevant Subsequent Valuation Date or as of such other date set out in the relevant Offer to Sell.

**“Subsequent Portfolio”** means each portfolio of Claims assigned and transferred by the Seller to the Issuer after the sale of the Initial Portfolio, pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, and **“Subsequent Portfolios”** means any of them.

**“Subsequent Transfer Date”** means, during the Programme Period, (i) the date falling in 27 June 2022 and, thereafter, (ii) the Payment Date immediately succeeding the Acceptance Date relating to such Subsequent Portfolio.

**“Subsequent Valuation Date”** means, during the Programme Period, the date which will be set out in the relevant Offer to Sell.

**“Supervisory Regulations”** means the supervisory regulations (*“istruzioni di vigilanza”*) and the circulars (*“circolari”*) issued by the Bank of Italy and applicable to the Securitisation and/or the Issuer.

**“Surveillance Report”** means the report prepared by the Rating Agencies related to the Rated Notes required by the European Central Bank and/or the documentation of the European Central Bank on monetary policy instruments and procedures of the Eurosystem.

**“T.A.N.”** means, in respect of each Loan, the annual nominal rate of return (*tasso nominale annuo*).

**“Target Cash Reserve Amount”** means, in respect of each Payment Date on which the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply, an amount equal to the higher of:

- (a) the Reserve Percentage multiplied by the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Rated Notes as at such Payment Date (including any Additional Subscription Payment Amount or payments under the Rated Notes to be made on such Payment Date); and
- (b) Euro 1,000,000,

*provided that* on the earlier of:

- (A) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which all the Rated

Notes will be redeemed in full;

(B) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply; and

(C) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date,

the Target Cash Reserve Amount will be reduced to zero.

**“Temporary Claims”** means the events under which the Employer of the Debtor is required to suspend or reduce the portion of salary or pension paid (for causes such as: unemployment benefit, leave, suspension, arrest, precautionary injunction, maternity leave and foreclosure).

**“Target Set-Off Reserve Amount”** means, in respect of any given date, an amount equal to the sum of the Aggregate Prepayment Exposure as of such date, *provided that* on the earlier of:

(A) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which all the Rated Notes will be redeemed in full;

(B) on the Calculation Date immediately following the Payment Date on which the Post-Trigger Priority of Payments shall apply; and

(C) on the Calculation Date immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date,

the Target Set-Off Reserve Amount will be reduced to zero.

**“Terms and Conditions”** means the terms and conditions of the Notes.

**“Total Subscription Payment Amount”** means, on any given date, the aggregate of the Initial Subscription Payment and all the Additional Subscription Payments made up to any such given date.

**“Transaction Documents”** means the Master Transfer Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement, the Warranty and Indemnity Agreement, the Servicing Agreement, the Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Corporate Services Agreement, the Stichtingen Corporate Services Agreement, the Cash Allocation, Management and Payment Agreement, the Monte Titoli Mandate Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement, the Mandate Agreement, the Master Definitions Agreement, the Terms and Conditions and the Prospectus.

**“Trigger Event”** means any of the events described in Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*).

**“Trigger Notice”** means the notice served by the Representative of the Noteholders upon the occurrence of a Trigger Event, in accordance with Condition 13 (*Trigger Events*).

**“Uncleared Principal Event”** means the circumstance that there are insufficient Issuer Available Funds to meet in full, on the immediately following Payment Date, the payment under item (x) of the Pre-Trigger Priority of Payments.

**“Undue Amounts”** means the portion of the upfront fees and expenses paid by the Debtor upon execution of the relevant Loan Agreement which, in case of Prepayment, are considered Residual Recurring Costs and that, as such, are to be reimbursed to the relevant Debtor and may therefore be deducted from the final amount otherwise due and payable by the Debtor upon Prepayment.

**“UK Affected Investors”** means the CRR firms (as defined by Article 4(1)(2A) of the CRR, as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA) and their relevant consolidated affiliates, wherever established or located, of such institutional investors.

**“UK CRA Regulation”** means EU CRA Regulation as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Due Diligence Requirements”** means the due diligence requirements set forth in article 5 of the UK Securitisation Regulation.

**“UK PRIIPs Regulation”** means PRIIPs Regulation as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Prospectus Regulation”** means Prospectus Regulation as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

**“UK Securitisation Regulation”** means EU Securitisation Regulation as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom by virtue of the EUWA.

**“Unpaid Instalment”** means, in respect of any given date and the Loans, an Instalment which, as at such date, is past due but not fully paid, and remains such for at least one calendar month following the date on which it should have been paid, under the terms of the relevant Loan.

**“Usury Law”** means, collectively, Italian Law No. 108 of 7 March 1996, as amended and supplemented from time to time, and Italian Law No. 24 of 28 February 2001, which converted into law the Law Decree No. 394 of 29 December 2000.

**“US Internal Revenue Code”** means the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended from time to time.

**“Valuation Date”** means, in respect of the Initial Portfolio, the Initial Valuation Date and, in respect of each Subsequent Portfolio, the Subsequent Valuation Date.

**“Volcker Rule”** means the provision under the Dodd-Frank Act which restricts the ability of banking entities to sponsor or invest in private equity or hedge funds or to engage in certain proprietary trading activities involving securities, derivatives, commodity futures, and options on those instruments for their own account.

**“Warranty and Indemnity Agreement”** means the warranty and indemnity agreement entered into on the Initial Execution Date (as amended and supplemented on or about the Issue Date) between the Seller and the Issuer as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and including any agreement or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto.

**“Wilmington Trust”** means Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) limited, a private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of England, having its registered office at Third Floor, 1 King's Arms Yard London EC2R 7AF, United Kingdom.

**“Written Resolution”** means a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all holders of Notes who for the time being are entitled to participate to a Meeting in accordance with the Rules of the Organisation of Noteholders, whether contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of such holders of Notes.

**THE ISSUER**

**Golden Bar (Securitisation) S.r.l.**  
Via Principe Amedeo No. 11  
10123 Turin  
Italy

**SELLER, SERVICER AND SUBORDINATED LOAN PROVIDER**

**Santander Consumer Bank S.p.A.**  
Corso Massimo D'Azeglio, 33/E  
10126 Turin  
Italy

**REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOTEHOLDERS**

**Zenith Service S.p.A.**  
Via Vittorio Betteloni, 2  
20131 - Milan  
Italy

**COMPUTATION AGENT**

**The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch**  
One Canada Square  
Canary Wharf  
London E14 5AL  
United Kingdom

**BACK-UP SERVICER FACILITATOR**

**Santander Consumer Finance S.A.**  
Boadilla del Monte  
28660 Madrid  
Spain

**COLLECTION ACCOUNT BANK AND RESERVE  
ACCOUNT BANK**

**Banco Santander, S.A. - Milan Branch**  
Via Gaetano De Castilia, 23  
20124 - Milan  
Italy

**PAYING AGENT AND EXPENSES ACCOUNT  
BANK**

**The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Milan  
Branch**  
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Italy

**SOLE ARRANGER**

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**AUDITORS TO THE ISSUER**

**PricewaterhouseCoopers S.p.A.**  
Piazza Tre Torri, 2  
20145 - Milan  
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**LEGAL ADVISERS**

*To the Sole Arranger and the Seller*  
**Jones Day**  
Via Turati, 16/18  
20121 - Milan  
Italy